

2021 学年第二学期八(下) Module 8-Module 10

Name _____ Class _____ No. _____

亲爱的同学:

请认真审题, 积极思考, 细心答题, 本卷中带*的生词已附在小词典。

听力部分 (20 分)

一、听力 (本题有 15 小题, 第一、二节每小题 1 分, 第三节每小题 2 分, 共 20 分。)

第一节、听对话, 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择符合对话内容的图片。

1. Which club does Jack join this term?



A.



B.



C.

2. Where is Tina going on summer holiday?



A.



B.



C.

3. What did Kate do in the park yesterday?



A.



B.



C.

4. Who is the woman talking to?



A.



B.

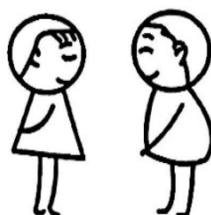


C.

5. What does the boy advise the girl to do?



A.



B.



C.

第二节、听较长对话, 请从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。

听第一段对话, 回答 6 至 7 小题。

6. How soon will Mary leave the company?

- A. In about two weeks. B. In about three weeks. C. In about four weeks.

7. Who won't go with Mary?

- A. Her husband B. Her daughter. C. Her son.

听第二段对话, 回答 8 至 10 小题。

8. What does Timmy do?

- A. A reporter. B. A teacher. C. A presenter

9. How did he become interested in his job?

- A. The stories were popular among the students.
B. Students in his middle school liked his voice.
C. He had rich experience in telling stories.

10. What does Timmy think is the most important for success?

- A. Experience and interest.
B. Experience and hard work.
C. Interest and hard work.

第三节、听独白, 请从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项, 完成信息记录表。

Report form	
Place	The report will be in __ 11 __.
Time	At 3:00 pm __ 12 __
Activities	Students can __ 13 __.
Present	Students will get __ 14 __.
The report will mainly talk about __ 15 __.	

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 11. A. the police station | B. the school gym | C. the sports club |
| 12. A. on Tuesday afternoon | B. on Wednesday afternoon | C. on Thursday afternoon |
| 13. A. play sports | B. ask questions | C. watch matches |
| 14. A. post cards | B. movie tickets | C. cartoon books |
| 15. A. learning problems | B. living skills | C. safety education |

一、完形填空 (本题有 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)



Ruby and Frank were good friends. They spent many happy days walking to the faraway mountains together. The other animals were always 1 at how such a little rabbit like Ruby and a huge fox like Frank could be friends. However, they never cared about their sizes, for them their 2 is important.

One day, they 3 early in the morning and walked to the mountains as usual. On the way, they played a game called hide-and-seek. As Frank knew Ruby very well, he could find Ruby 4. Then it was Ruby's turn, but he couldn't find 5 Frank hid. At that time he heard a low voice not far. He ran fast to the place and saw that Frank was trapped* under a huge 6. "How can I save Frank?" Ruby was worried. It was 7 for Ruby to run back home for help, because it was too far. Ruby didn't know what to do.

After a few minutes, Ruby 8 to save Frank by himself. He went to the 9 of the huge rock and tried to push it hard with all his strength, but he could not move it at all. While seeing Frank crying 10, Ruby became worried, "What shall I do? Maybe I need to ask others for help."

Just then, he saw a tiger walking about nearby. The tiger seemed 11 to look for food. Without thinking twice, he ran towards him, 12 he knew he might lose his life. While getting close to the tiger, he said, "Mr Tiger, could you help me save my friend trapped under the huge rock?" "OK," the tiger said. "But after that, you should be 13 lunch." "OK," Ruby said without any thought. Listening to Ruby's answer, the tiger felt sorry and began to 14, "What a good friend! I should help him 15 no pay." Immediately, the tiger moved the huge rock and saved Frank. It's true that a good friendship can save each other.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. worried | B. excited | C. relaxed | D. surprised |
| 2. A. dream | B. background | C. friendship | D. condition |
| 3. A. took up | B. woke up | C. looked up | D. put up |
| 4. A. easily | B. clearly | C. slowly | D. quietly |
| 5. A. how | B. why | C. when | D. where |
| 6. A. tree | B. hole | C. rock | D. hill |
| 7. A. important | B. impossible | C. pleasant | D. necessary |
| 8. A. refused | B. decided | C. promised | D. learned |
| 9. A. top | B. middle | C. bottom | D. centre |
| 10. A. in patience | B. in person | C. in pain | D. in peace |
| 11. A. thirsty | B. hungry | C. angry | D. lonely |
| 12. A. although | B. but | C. because | D. so |
| 13. A. my | B. your | C. his | D. their |
| 14. A. exercise | B. count | C. fight | D. regret |
| 15. A. without | B. at | C. with | D. by |

二、阅读理解（本题有 10 小题，第 16-17 题每小题 1 分，第 25 题 4 分，其余每小题 2 分，共 20 分）

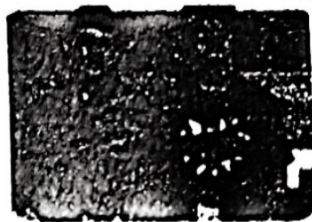
A

SHARE YOUR TECH PROJECT WITH THE WORLD!

Create something with technology* and share it online

Do you love technology? Are you always making new things and thinking up creative inventions?

Now you can bring your latest tech idea to life and share it with Coolest Projects online, the world's most popular technology showcase for young people. It's a great chance to get creative, have fun, and celebrate what you have made. You can send any project you've created using technology and share it online with the Coolest Projects, for people all over the world to see.



How to take part?

Coolest Projects online is free. Anyone from 7 to 18 years old all over the world is welcomed. You can send any new tech creation —perhaps a project code in a website, a game, an app or even a robot. It can be something simple or difficult, and your project doesn't even need to be completed for you to take part. Please send your project before 3rd May. There will be a live celebration on 8th June.

Get started and register your project at *coolestprojects.org*.

16. The passage tells us that Coolest Projects online _____.
A. sells creative inventions
B. shares tech ideas and projects
C. tells funny stories of creations
D. makes technology products
17. To take part in Coolest Projects online, you _____.
A. have to be over eighteen years old
B. should pay a lot of money online
C. do not have to finish your project
D. can hand in your project after 3rd May
18. Young people who _____ would most probably like to read this text.
A. are ready to share their inventions
B. play computer games well
C. are learning foreign languages
D. plan to make friends online

B

Tourism is one of the world's largest industries*. Many countries depend heavily on tourism as an important part of their economy*, while other countries are almost completely dependent on tourism.

Although tourism brings benefits, it has disadvantages, too. While countries spend millions attracting* tourists, they are also under the pressure* that tourism brings.



_____. The building of roads and hotels can quickly destroy those very beautiful places. Forests disappear as they are cleared to make way for buildings. In addition, the tourist industry also puts a huge pressure on water. In dry Mediterranean areas, tourists use almost twice as much water as local people when swimming in the pool.

Tourism is also responsible for producing plenty of waste. Cruise ships in the Caribbean produce a lot of rubbish—more than 70, 000 tons each year. It even has an influence* on places far way like the Himalayas, the world's highest mountain, which has more than 100 tons of rubbish sitting on it.

In spite of these problems, tourism can be good for communities and the environment. The park-entrance fees are paid for the protection of places of interest or the animals. What's more, tourism brings people closer to nature, and can give them a better understanding of the environment and the result of destroying it. This leads to pressure on local governments to protect these beautiful areas, which results in the protection of endangered plants and animals. Also, it can provide people with more opportunities* to find jobs in the tourist industry.

Although tourism has many advantages, it clearly has a bad influence as well. The challenge for the governments at all levels is to think about what they can benefit from tourism, and yet at the same time, make sure that the tourist areas are kept for all to enjoy.

19. Which sentence can be filled in _____ in paragraph 3?

- A. Tourism allows people to get closer to nature.
- B. Tourism has led to some environmental problems.
- C. The development of tourism brings lots of opportunities.
- D. Environmental protection is an important plan for the government.

20. The writer shows the waste problem is serious by _____.

- A. telling stories
- B. giving reasons
- C. asking questions
- D. listing facts

21. Which is the writing purpose of this passage?

- A. To offer local people ways of attracting more tourists.
- B. To call for more spending on developing the tourism.
- C. To advise the government to manage tourism better.
- D. To ask people to pay attention to the problems of tourism.

C



When I was growing up, I had an old neighbor, Dr. Gibbs. He didn't look like any doctor I'd ever known. He never invited us to play in his yard, but he was a very kind person.

Dr. Gibbs owned a large field and wanted to make it a forest. He had some interesting ideas about planting trees. He never watered his new trees. Once I asked why. He said that watering plants spoiled* them, and that if you watered them, each baby tree would grow weaker and weaker, so you had to make things difficult for them and **pick out the weaker trees early on**.

He talked about how watering trees made for shallow* roots*, and how trees that weren't watered had to grow deep roots in search of water under the earth by themselves. Deep roots were very important.

So he never watered his trees. He'd planted an oak and, instead of watering it every morning, he'd beat it with a rolled-up newspaper. I asked him why he did that, and he said it was to get the tree's attention.

Dr. Gibbs died several years after I left home. Every now and then, I walked by his house and looked at the trees that I watched him plant about twenty-five years ago. They're very big and strong now.

I planted some trees a few years back and carried water to them for a whole summer. After two years of caring too much, whenever a cold wind blows in, they shake a lot.

Every night before I go to bed, I check on my two sons. Mostly I pray* that their lives will be easy. But lately I've been thinking that it's time to change my mind. I know my children are going to face difficulties. There's always a cold wind blowing somewhere, so what we need to do is to pray for roots that reach deep into the brave heart, so when the rain falls and the wind blows, we could face it strongly and won't be beaten down.

22. From the passage, we know that the doctor _____.

- A. didn't know how to plant trees at all
- B. wasn't good at his own medical job
- C. had nothing to do but plant trees
- D. had his own ways of planting trees

23. When Dr. Gibbs said "...**pick out the weaker trees early on**", he meant that _____.

- A. weak trees would be easily found out at the beginning
- B. he would choose the weak trees and water them earlier
- C. the weak trees would be sent to his patients later
- D. he would not plant weak trees so early any more

24. Which can be the best title of the passage?

- A. Watering Trees
- B. Growing Roots
- C. Picking Out Weak Trees
- D. The Brave Heart

25. Why does the writer say "it's time to change my mind" at the end of the passage?

三、语法填空 (本题有 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

Yesterday my son and I went to a supermarket. A little girl with her mother was standing in line in front of us. The little girl _____ (ask) her mother for a box of Smarties, a kind of famous and expensive chocolate. The polite way she was asking almost broke the _____ (mother) heart. "Sorry, honey. But we haven't got enough money to get it." What the mother said made the girl unhappy.

My son was watching them carefully. He had made some money to buy a bike for _____ (he) by cleaning our garden once a week. As he watched the mother and daughter leave _____ shop, he rushed to the candy counter and bought a box of Smarties with his own money. Then he ran _____ (quick) and caught up with the little girl and her mother, and _____ (give) them the box. He came back and told me what he said to them, "Every kid should have a pack of Smarties _____ they can make you smart."

I was so excited that I bought a pack of Smarties for my son. I told him that I _____ 33 _____ (be) proud of him because of his good action just now. He replied, "When we do nice things for others, we shouldn't wish to be returned." I explained, "When you do something nice for someone, you shouldn't expect _____ 3 _____ (get) anything. However, when you get something _____ others, you should be very thankful."

四、词汇运用 (本题有 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

A) 选择方框中所给单词的适当形式填空, 每词限用一次。

purpose	separate	patient	whether	about
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36. The teacher asked the students _____ he had explained the math problem clearly.
37. The _____ of the activity is to help the children develop their learning skills.
38. Jason is _____ student in our class as he is always waiting to the end.
39. The children were running _____ in the garden, with smiles on their faces.
40 The government has to _____ the sick from the public to help avoid the illness.

B) 根据短文内容和所给中文提示, 在空白处写出单词的正确形式。

Amy was a shy girl and she _____ 41 _____ (几乎不) talk aloud in public before. But a trip changed her. Last _____ 42 _____ (国家的) Day, she went on an outdoor trip with some young people. There are lots of beautiful _____ 43 _____ (风景) along the path to the top of mountain. They camped there. At night they sat in a _____ 44 _____ (圆圈) to tell stories. It was Amy's turn, but she was too afraid to open her mouth. At that time, a girl stood up to _____ 45 _____ (鼓励) her to have a try. As a result, Amy did it.

After that, Amy and the girl became friends. She _____ 46 _____ (对待) Amy very well. She offered _____ 47 _____ (介绍) Amy to her other friends and gave her many _____ 48 _____ (建议) on speaking. Day by day, Amy learns a lot to improve her speaking. Now Amy works as a presenter at a radio station. So far she _____ 49 _____ (采访) many famous persons and lots of listeners like her programs on air. As a successful presenter, people believe Amy will have a much _____ 50 _____ (明亮的) future.

小词典

attract v. 吸引	economy n. 经济	industry n. 行业, 产业	influence v. 影响
opportunity n. 机会	pray v. 祈祷	pressure v. 压力	root n. 根
shallow adj. 浅的	spoil v. 宠坏, 溺爱	technology n. 技术	trap v. 困住, 绊住

六、书面表达 (本题有 1 小题，共 20 分)

Betty 成功地实现了成为电台主持人的梦想，她主持的“友谊热线”节目深受青少年的喜爱。假设你是校英语报小记者，最近对 Betty 进行了采访。她讲述了自己成为电台主持人的成长经历，并给我们提出了交友方面的建议。请你根据下面提示信息,为校报编辑部写一篇关于 Mary 的报道。

要求： 1. 内容必须包含所给信息,可适当拓展。 2. 词数 110 词左右。

Experience	In the primary school	shy, listen to the story on the radio...
	In the middle school	outgoing, learn to...
	In the college	confident, part-time job in a studio...
Advice	On friendships

Last week we interviewed Betty, who is a successful radio presenter in our city. _____

挑战题

请根据文本内容和首字母提示, 在横线处写出恰当的单词。(本题有 10 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

Switzerland is famous for its watches. However, this country didn't i_____ the watch. It was the B_____ who did it. Here is a story of how the watch was brought to Switzerland.

Many years ago, an Englishman was travelling to Italy. On his way he stopped in a small town in South Switzerland. This Englishman travelled in a carriage(马车) inside which there was a carriage watch. This was the e_____ kind of watch. A native shop assistant happened to see the watch. He wondered w_____ 4 _____ it was and asked the Englishman about it. "It is a carriage watch," said the man, "This machine tells the time but now it isn't w_____."

At once the shop assistant o_____ to repair it and the Englishman handed him the watch. The assistant was a very wise man, so it was not s_____ that he managed to repair it. He e_____ & _____ remembered how it was made. As soon as the traveler had gone on his way, he made a w_____ exactly the same kind.

Thus the watch-making was started in Switzerland. Today Swiss watches are sold in s_____ all over the world.

完形填空

1-5 DCBAD 6-10 CBBCC 11-15 BAADC

阅读理解

16-20 BCABD 21-24 CDAA

语法填空

26.asked 27.mother' s 28.himself 29.the 30.quickly 31 gave 32.because
33.was 34.to get 35 from

词汇运用

36.whether 37.purpose 38.the most patient 39.about 40.separate 41.
hardly 42.National

43.sights 44.circle 45.encourage 46.treated 47.to introduce 48.
suggestions 50.brighter

附加：

1.invent 2.British 3.earliest 4.what 5.working 6.offered 7.surprising 8.
even 9.watch 10.stores/shops