


英 语


同学你好！答题前请认真阅读以下内容：


- 1. 本试卷共8页，共8个大题，满分150分，答题时间120分钟，考试形式为闭卷。
- 2. 一律在答题卡相应位置作答，在试卷上答题视为无效。
- 3. 选择题均为单项选择，多选不得分。


第 I 卷（选择题，共100分）


第一大题 听力（共五节，30小题；每小题1分，满分30分）
第一节 根据对话内容选择相应的图片。（读一遍）


1. A. 

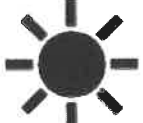
B. 


C. 


2. A. 


B. 


C. 


3. A. 


B. 


C. 


4. A. 


B. 


C. 


5. A. 

B. 

C. 

6. A. 

B. 

C. 

第二节 根据所听句子，选择最佳应答。（读一遍）

7. A. No problem.

B. I don't know.

C. The same to you.
8. A. Thank you.

B. It's boring.

C. I'm fine.
9. A. Don't go.

B. I agree with you.

C. Take it easy.
10. A. See you.

B. It's cute.

C. Good idea.
11. A. Of course not.

B. Good luck.

C. Good evening.
12. A. My pleasure.

B. You're welcome.

C. Have a good time.

第三节 根据对话内容，选择最佳选项完成句子。（读两遍）

13. Mike wants to join the ____ club.

A. chess

B. art

C. sports
14. Jack likes ____ music.

A. pop

B. country

C. classical
15. The party will start at ____.

A. 6 p.m.

B. 7 p.m.

C. 8 p.m.
16. Making Zongzi is ____ for Lisa.

A. useful

B. helpful

C. meaningful
17. Tina wants to be a (n) ____.

A. teacher

B. violinist

C. engineer
18. Amy has ____ hair now.

A. long

B. curly

C. straight

第四节 根据对话内容及问题，选择最佳选项。（读两遍）

19. A. Three countries.

B. Four countries.

C. Five countries.
20. A. In the post office.

B. In the supermarket.

C. In the library.
21. A. By keeping diaries.

B. By listening to English songs.

C. By watching English movies.
22. A. Journey to the West.

B. Treasure Island.

C. Robinson Crusoe.
23. A. Teacher and student.

B. Doctor and patient.

C. Customer and waitress.
24. A. Taking a shower.

B. Reading a newspaper.

C. Doing homework.

第五节 根据短文内容及问题，选择最佳选项。（读三遍）

25. A. Skills.

B. Ideas.

C. Knowledge.
26. A. Painting.

B. Reading.

C. Writing.
27. A. Four weeks.

B. Five weeks.

C. Six weeks.
28. A. In 2005.

B. In 2019.

C. In 2021.
29. A. Because his parents like his book.

B. Because his teacher encourages him.

C. Because his hobby brings him pleasure.
30. A. At school.

B. At sports club.

C. At a park.

第二大题 情景交际（共两节，10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

第一节 从右栏选项中选出左栏各句的最佳应答。选项有一项为多余选项。

31. How's it going?

A. By bike.
32. I'm sorry to lose your ruler.

B. Not bad.
33. Don't be late for school, Cindy.

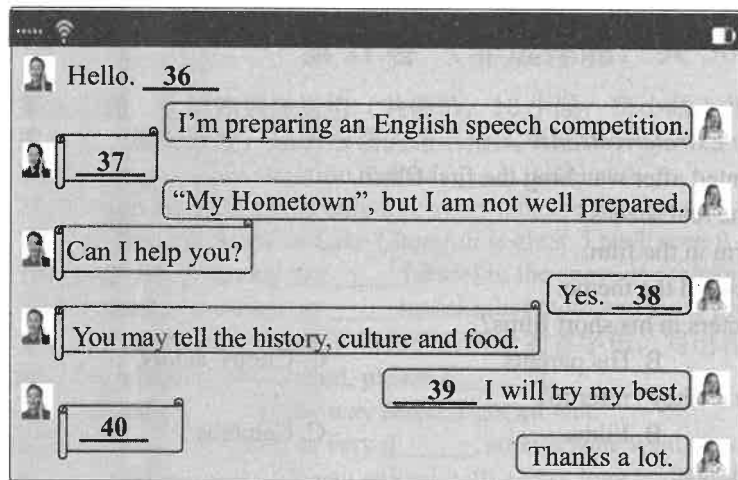
C. Yes, sure.
34. I got the first prize in the competition.

D. Never mind.
35. Could you please take out the rubbish?

E. Congratulations.
- F. OK. I must be on time.

第二节 选择方框内最佳选项完成对话

请根据以下聊天内容，从右边方框内所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。



- A. Good luck!
B. I don't think so.
C. What's it about?
D. That sounds great.
E. What are you doing now?
F. I'm not sure what I will talk about.

第三大题 完形填空 (共两节, 16 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 24 分)

第一节 阅读下列短文, 从短文前的方框中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 选项中有一项为多余选项。(共 6 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 9 分)

A. take B. space C. enough D. put E. somewhere F. cultures G. move

Body language is an important form of communication that is used everywhere. It is used differently in different 41.

How close do you stand when you talk to a friend? You can stand close to people in the Middle East but don't stand too close to North Americans! Give them more personal 42.

How about touching people? Chinese girls often walk arm in arm with their friends. South Americans sometimes hold your arm when they talk to you, so you can't 43 away! But in Britain many people don't like other people to touch them at all.

Do you look at people when you talk? In some places, it isn't polite to look at people when you talk, but in other countries it isn't polite to look 44 else. In Britain and US, people usually look at each other when they talk.

Sometimes, people think they know well about the body language customs of certain cultures, but in fact, they don't know 45. Take kissing as an example. In many European cultures, women and children are kissed on each cheek by family members or friends when they meet in the street. New friends are often greeted with a kiss on the cheek by Europeans at parties. Two men usually shake hands and 46 their free hands on each other's shoulders.

As we can see, body language is just as important as the spoken language when we communicate with people from other cultures.

第二节 阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。(共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

One day in ancient Greece, king Hiero asked a crown(王冠) maker to make him a golden crown. At first, he was very 47 with it.

"It's a nice crown, isn't it?" he asked his men. Later, however, he began to doubt that it was a real golden crown. "Is it made of 100% gold?" he wondered. He sent it to Archimedes and asked him to find out the 48.

"This problem seems 49 to solve. What should I do?" thought Archimedes.

Archimedes was still thinking about this problem as he filled his bath with water. When he got into the bath, some water ran over.

"That's it!" Archimedes said 50. "I know how to solve king's problem."

Archimedes left his house fast and went straight to the 51 to see the king. First, he 52 the crown and asked the king for some gold of the same weight.

Next, he put two pots into two big bowls and filled 53 pots with water. He put the gold into one pot, and some water ran into the bowl. Then he put the crown into the other pot. This time, even more water ran into the bowl.

"Look at this," said Archimedes to king Hiero. A crown made of 100% gold displaces(溢出) 54 water than a crown made of gold and another metal. This crown displaced more water than gold of same weight, so I am certain that it's not 55 made of gold.

"The crown maker 56 me, didn't he? What a bad man he is!" shouted the king Hiero. He then sent the crown maker to prison.

- | | | |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|
| 47. A. angry | B. happy | C. surprised |
| 48. A. date | B. place | C. truth |
| 49. A. difficult | B. easy | C. direct |
| 50. A. quietly | B. slowly | C. excitedly |
| 51. A. house | B. palace | C. prison |
| 52. A. shook | B. held | C. weighed |
| 53. A. both | B. all | C. other |
| 54. A. less | B. warmer | C. more |
| 55. A. nearly | B. completely | C. simply |
| 56. A. tricked | B. changed | C. educated |

第四大题 阅读理解 (共两节, 18 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 36 分)

第一节 阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出最佳选项。(共 13 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 26 分)

Fishbourne Gardens	
Visitor Information 2022	
Opening Times	
January open Saturday & Sunday only: 10 a.m. — 4 p.m.	
March to October: 10 a.m. — 5 p.m.	
November to December: 10 a.m. — 3 p.m.	
Admission Prices	
Adult	£ 8.90
Senior	£ 8.20
Child 5-16 (Under 5s Free)	£ 4.70
Carer for disabled (if required)	Free
Under 16s must be accompanied (陪伴) by an adult at all times	
Groups of 15 or more qualify for reduced	
Admission charge	
Adult/Senior	£ 7.40
Child 5-16 (Under 5s Free)	£ 3.60
Book tickets at:	
Tel: 01243 789829 Website: www.fishbourne.co.uk	
Address:	
Fishbourne, West Sussex PO 19 3QR	
Email: fishbourne@sussexpast.co.uk	

57. When can visitors visit Fishbourne Gardens in May?
A. At 8 a.m. B. At 9 a.m. C. At 11 a.m.
58. What should you follow if you are 15?
A. You must visit it by yourself.
B. You must visit it with an adult.
C. You must care for the disabled.
59. How much will they pay if a young couple visits it with their 4-year-old child?
A. £14.8. B. £17.8. C. £22.5.
60. How many ways can visitors use to book the tickets?
A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

B

The Amazon rainforest in South America, at seven million km², is the largest rainforest in the world. The forest is important for people all over the world, because it produces a lot of oxygen, and also helps to cool the weather. But large areas of the rainforest are being cut down for wood — 55% of the forest could be gone by 2030! The World Wildlife Federation is helping to stop some areas of the rainforest from being cut down.

At 68,000 km², the Aral Sea was one of the largest lakes in the world before the 1960s. Then rivers were diverted(改道) and it has been getting smaller ever since. By 2007, it was only 10% of its original size and had split into three separate lakes. There are constant dust storms and the villages sit on the edge of a vast desert with large ships stranded(搁浅) in its sand. A dam(水坝) had been built to try to restore higher water levels in the North.

In China, about 3,600 km² of grassland near the Gobi turns into desert every year. There are often storms that blow dust all the way to Beijing. The storms are getting worse each year and have a deep impact on farmers. The goal of the Green Wall Project, started in 1978, is to increase forests in northern China from 5% to 15% in order to stop the desert from growing. The project faces many challenges. However, people must never give up on it.

61. What's the size of the Amazon rainforest?
A. 3,600 km². B. 68,000 km². C. 7,000,000 km².
62. Why did Aral Sea get smaller?
A. The rivers were diverted.
B. The large ships were stranded in its sand.
C. Large areas of the rainforest were cut down.
63. What did the government do to stop the desert from growing in China?
A. Building a dam.
B. Setting up the Green Wall Project.
C. Asking World Wildlife Federation for help.
64. What does the passage mainly talk about?
A. Weather. B. Forest. C. Environment.

C

Steven Spielberg is the world's most famous director. Hundreds of millions of people around the world have seen his films like *Firelight*, *Amblin'* and *The Color Purple*. His films include two of the most popular films: *Jurassic Park* and *E.T: The Extraterrestrial*.

Each of Steven's parents had a deep influence on the young boy's growing and character. His mother had given up her job when she married. When Steven was six, his father took him to Philadelphia to see his first film, *The Greatest Show on Earth*. Steven enjoyed this exciting circus(马戏团) story, however he could not understand how a circus could perform on a screen. Part of him felt disappointed that he couldn't smell the sawdust(锯木) and gunpowder.

When Steven was twelve, his parents bought an 8mm Kodak movie camera. Steven's father handed Steven the camera and asked him to try. The first efforts were terrible, but Steven was interested in camera. He used his toys as characters and began making short films. By his teens Steven had made his first short film, called *The Great Train Crash*. Before long the Spielberg house began to look like a film set, with furniture and lights being moved around to prepare for a new film.

He is skilled in making a film excite, sadden or amuse people as they watch it. Spielberg understands the life in the countryside, television and fast cars, all of which became more common in his childhood in 1950s America. Films such as *Jaws* and *Close Encounters of the Third Kind* succeed because they are about ordinary people.

After all the years Steven Spielberg had spent dreaming about getting into Hollywood. Steven Spielberg's films were finally received the highest praise around the world.

65. What are Steven's two of the most popular films?
A. *Firelight* and *Amblin'*.
B. *Jaws* and *The Color Purple*.
C. *Jurassic Park* and *E.T: The Extraterrestrial*.
66. Why did Steven feel disappointed after watching the first film?
A. Because he couldn't feel the real scenes.
B. Because he couldn't perform in the film.
C. Because he couldn't understand the theme.
67. What did Steven use as characters in his short films?
A. His toys. B. His parents. C. Circus' actors.
68. What does the underlined word "they" refer to?
A. Cars. B. Films. C. Cameras.
69. What's the best title for the passage?
A. The Life of a Family
B. The Introduction of Films
C. The Experience of a Director

第二节 句子还原 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的方框中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

Here are some tips on using transport safely.

If you are travelling by bus, try not to wait at bus stops alone. When you are on the bus, you should sit downstairs if you are on a double-decker. 70

71 When you are in, you can chat with the driver, but you shouldn't give away any personal information to the driver. Don't open the doors until it has completely stopped. You may ask the driver for waiting until you have entered your house safely, before he or she drives away.

If you travel by train or the underground, try to sit near groups of people in a well-lit area. When you are on the train, store your luggage(行李) as close to your seat as possible or where you can easily see it. 72

You always have cash on you and a back-up plan if you are separated from the people you are travelling with. If you are lost or in need of help when travelling by train, you should take it easy. 73

Check the time of the last train and bus to avoid being in trouble at night. Think about texting a message about your travel plans to a friend. Try to avoid walking alone after getting off a train or bus, if you can walk close to a group of people. Never walk across or touch railway lines, it is very dangerous. 74 To remain safe and alert(警觉), don't use your headphones, smartphone satellite navigation systems or have long conversations on mobile phones while you are walking, especially late at night.

- A. You could be badly injured or even killed.
B. You may find a member of staff or telephone the police.
C. You mustn't give your tickets to other persons for travel.
D. You should make sure you are seen by the driver and other passengers.
E. You should take a taxi if you're travelling late and have a long way to walk.
F. You should look at your luggage carefully, especially when a train stops at a station.

第 II 卷（非选择题，共 50 分）

第五大题 基础知识与运用（共两节，10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

第一节 根据语境，用所给词的适当形式填空。

75. People pay more attention to food ____ (safe) now.
76. Though the little girl is only five years old, she can dress ____ (she).
77. The film *The Battle at Lake Changjin* is great. I have seen it ____ (two) so far.
78. Look! Jim is having fun ____ (skate) in the snow. He thinks it's good exercise.
79. Liupanshui develops so ____ (quick) that more and more people choose to live here.

第二节 单词拼写。根据下列句子及所给的首字母，写出各单词的正确、完全形式。

80. I can't hear what you said, please r ____ it.
81. It rained h ____ on my way home, I got all wet.
82. The cake at the party is very d ____, so everyone wants to eat more.
83. A giraffe is a large African animal with a very long n ____, long legs.
84. A true friend is someone who can share happiness and s ____ with you.

第六大题 阅读短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词或根据括号内所给单词的正确形式填空。（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

To work towards a peaceful life, you should always try to develop good relationships with the people around you. Be kind and help those in need. Do this not only for family and friends, but also for the people who 85 (live) in your neighborhood.

People in your community might have different ways of living and 86 (think). This doesn't mean that they're wrong and you're right. If everyone had the same ideas, the world would be 87 boring place.

Today, in many 88 (city), people usually lock their doors after work and don't see their neighbors much. Social interactions(相互影响) are often 89 (limit) to a "Hi!" on the street. However, there may be times when someone does something that upsets you. If this happens, discuss the matter in a 90 (friend) way. This allows you to express your ideas without 91 (make) your relationship damaged. Avoid arguments, especially ones that judge the nature of the person rather than the actions. For example, your neighbors are playing loud music while you try to fall asleep. Should you politely 92 (suggest) they turn it down? 93 should you angrily shout at them? The first choice is wise. By calmly examining any problems, you create the relationship of mutual respect and understanding. After all, good neighbors are 94 (good) than distant relatives.

第七大题 任务型阅读（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

阅读短文，在短文后的表格中填入一个最恰当的单词。

The Great Wall of China is one of the greatest wonders of the world. It runs across North China like a huge dragon. It winds its way from west to east, across deserts, over mountains, through valleys, till finally it reaches the sea.

It has a history of more than 2,000 years. The major renovations(修复) of the Great Wall took place in the Qin, Han and Ming dynasties. Most of the Great Wall we see today was rebuilt in the Ming Dynasty. It is more than 6,000 kilometers long, about 6-7 meters high and 4-5 meters wide. In most places it has enough room for five horses or ten men to walk side by side along the top. It has great gateways which connect the main roads of North China.

The hardships involved in building the Great Wall are beyond imagination. Lots of people had to leave their homes and families, they worked hard. Many died on the worksites. Of the many legends about the Great Wall, the story of Lady Mengjiang is the most moving. After her husband went to build the Great Wall, she expected to see him so much that she traveled many miles to see him. A man told her that her husband had died and was buried under the wall. After hearing that, Mengjiang cried for three days and nights. At last, the Great Wall fell down.

Over the centuries, the Great Wall has become a symbol of consolidation(团结) and

strength for the Chinese people. It symbolizes that great achievement can be made by people. For example, the national anthem(国歌) called on the people to "build our new Great Wall with our flesh and blood." We all know that nothing is impossible, if we put our whole heart into it.

Title: The Great Wall	
Main Parts	Detailed Information
Introduction	It runs across North China like a dragon.
	The Great Wall was mainly renovated by <u>95</u> dynasties.
	The Great Wall is so <u>96</u> that five horses or ten men can walk side by side.
Hardships	Lots of people lost their <u>97</u> to build the Great Wall.
	Lady Mengjiang's story showed the <u>98</u> to her husband.
Spirit	Consolidation and strength are the key to <u>99</u> .

第八大题 写作（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节 根据中文意思，补全英语翻译，每空一词。（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

100. 你看上去很疲惫，为什么不休息一下？
You look so tired. ____ have a rest?
101. 父母不应该把他们的孩子和其他的孩子作比较。
Parents shouldn't ____ their kids ____ other children.
102. 初中生每天有 9 小时的睡眠时间是必要的。
It's ____ for junior students ____ sleep for 9 hours.
103. 志愿者们去医院看望生病的孩子是为了让他们振作起来。
Volunteers could visit the sick kids in the hospital to ____ them ____.
104. 清洁日仅剩两周，我们不能再推迟制定计划了。
Clean-up Day is only two weeks from now. We can't ____ making a plan.

第二节 书面表达（共一题，满分 15 分）

丰富多彩的“课后服务”活动让我们的校园生活更加充实，促进我们成长。请以“Colorful Activities at School”为题，写一篇不少于 80 词的短文。

要求如下：

- 短文应包含思维导图的所有信息，可适当发挥；
- 主要写“课后服务”期间参加的活动，如作业辅导、社团活动等；
- 摘抄试卷内容不得分，文中不得出现考生真实姓名、学校校名。

