**2021-2022学年下学期莆田华侨中学八年级英语期中测试卷**

**班级：\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 座号：\_\_\_\_\_\_**

（考试时间：120分钟；满分150分）

**Ⅰ.听力(共三节，20小题；每小题1.5分，满分30分)**

1. 听句子　听下面五个句子，从每小题所给的A、B、C三幅图中选出与句子内容相符的选项。(每个句子读两遍)

( )1.

1. B. C.







( )2.

1. B. C.







1. B. C.







( )3.

( )4.

1. B. C.







( )5.

1. B. C.







第二节　听对话　听下面七段对话，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案。(每段对话读两遍)

听第1段对话，回答第6小题。

( ) 6. What did the girl enjoy there?

A．A talk show. B．Beijing Opera. C．A talent show.

听第2段对话，回答第7小题。

( ) 7. What can make Alex happy?

A．Playing the violin. B．Playing football. C．Playing the guitar.

听第3段对话，回答第8小题。

( ) 8. Who had a phone call with Sophie last night?

A．Lisa and Paul. B．Paul and Robert. C．Robert and Lisa.

听第4段对话，回答第9小题。

( ) 9. When will the two speakers meet?

A．At 5:30 p.m. B．At 5:40 p.m. C．At 5:20 p.m.

听第5段对话，回答第10、11小题。

( ) 10. What do they want to do?

A．See a movie. B．Watch talent shows. C．Buy clothes.

( ) 11. Why do they decide to go to Town Cinema?

A．It’s the closest to home. B．It’s the cheapest. C．It has the biggest screens.

听第6段对话，回答第12、13小题。

( ) 12. Where is Lily going for lesson?

A．Her school. B．A language school. C．An art school.

( ) 13. What is she planning to do in France?

A．To have fun. B．To improve her French. C．To learn painting.

( ) 14. 听第7段对话，回答第14、15小题。

Where did Wang Ming go on vacation?

A．Henan. B．Hunan. C．Hainan.

( ) 15. How long did he stay there?

A．For four days. B．For five days. C．For seven days.

第三节　听短文　根据你所听到的短文内容，完成下面表格，每空填一词。(短文读三遍)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| The Yellow Mountain | |
| Some facts | It’s one of the most 14 mountains in China. |
| It *lies* (坐落) in the \_\_\_\_15\_\_\_\_ of Anhui Province. |
| The best time to visit | From March to \_\_\_16\_\_\_ . |
| *Transportation*(交通) | Two hours by plane or \_\_\_17\_\_\_hours by car. |
| Scenery(风景) | You can enjoy the white clouds and wonderful stones. |
| The 18 looks very beautiful in the early morning. |

**II.选择填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

( )21. This photo makes me think of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ trip to Mount Tai last year.

A．a B．an C．the

( )22．On my way \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ home, I lost a ticket \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ *Titanic*.

A．to; to B．/; to C．/; of

( )23. Lily had to walk home last night \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her bike was broken.

A．because B．before C．if

( )24．—Hi, Mark! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is waiting for you at the school gate.

—Oh, maybe it is my brother.

A．Nobody B．Somebody C．Everybody

( )25．—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is it from here?

—It’s about 10 minutes by bike.

A．How long B．How much C．How far

( )26．—Can you help me, young man?

—OK, I’m glad to be very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．helpful B．useful C．careful

( )27．—Bicycle riding is often safe.

—Yes, but you \_\_\_\_ have an accident if you ride too fast.

A．must B．should C．may

( )28．— What do you think of your hometown?

— It \_\_\_\_\_\_ to be much better than before. There are tall buildings everywhere.

A．smells B．seems C．tastes

( )29．—I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ missing my parents when I got to England for the first time. I felt lonely.

—You can chat with them on the Internet every day.

A．looked forward to B．had fun C．couldn’t help

( )30．—What’s your plan for this Sunday?

—If it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rain, we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fishing.

A．doesn’t ; will go B．won’t ; will go C．isn’t ; will go

( )31．—I can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the maths problem. What should I do?

—You can ask your teacher for help.

A．work out B．put out C．take out

( )32．Jack's mother was so tired. She fell asleep \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she lay down on the bed.

A．until B．as soon as C．unless

( )33．—John isn’t happy today. Let’s go and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

—Good idea.

A．cheer him up B．cheer up him C．to cheer up

( )34．—Do you know “A thousand-mile journey begins with the first \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”?

— Yes. It’s a famous Chinese saying by Laozi.

A．class B．step C．exam

( )35．—I’m afraid I can’t finish the work by this weekend.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ As your best friend, I’ll help you.

A．It’s a pleasure. B．I disagree with you. C．Take it easy.

III**.完形填空（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

The movie *The battle at lake Changjin*（长津湖）is about a \_\_36\_\_\_ how the Chinese People’s Volunteer Army（中国人民志愿军）fought \_\_37\_\_\_\_ the US army at Lake Changjin in Korea. In the war, the weather was 38 cold and Chinese soldiers only had \_\_39\_\_ clothes and little food. What’s more, the US army had much \_\_40\_\_weapons（武器）than us. So the US army thought it was not \_\_41\_\_ to win the war. To their surprise, Chinese soldiers kept on fighting for one month under such bad situation. Finally, Chinese army \_\_42\_\_ with a strong mind.

During the National Day holiday, people of all \_\_43\_\_ wanted to watch it. Young people came to the cinema to enjoy this exciting and moving film. Many people over 70 and even 80 also came to watch this movie. It is not easy for these elderly people to sit in the cinema, \_\_44\_\_ this movie lasts for 3 hours. Still, they said the movie \_\_45\_\_ the memory（记忆）of old days and the mind of Chinese soldiers to them.

( )36．A．history B．story C．book

( )37．A．against B．for C．to

( )38．A．even B．so C．too

( )39．A．nice B．many C．thin

( )40．A．good B．better C．best

( )41．A．easy B．important C．difficult

( )42．A．won B．agreed C．accepted

( )43．A．ages B．colors C．jobs

( )44．A．if B．because C．though

( )45．A．gave back B．thought back C．brought back

IV**.阅读理解 (共两节，25小题；满分45分)**

第一节 阅读下面A、B、C、D四篇短文，根据短文内容，从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳答案。（共20小题；每小题2分，满分40分）

**（A）**

The opening ceremony of Beijing 2022 Olympic Winter Games started at 8 p.m. on February 4. and this event ended on February 20th. Many Chinese athletes(运动员）got good grades in this exciting event. The followings were the greatest of them:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 谷爱凌 | Gu Ailing, also known as Eileen Gu, is an 18-year-old Chinese skier. She won a gold medal on the 8th of February in the 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Games. She was born in San Francisco. Her father is American and her mother is a Chinese. |
| 苏翊鸣 | Chinese snowboarder Su Yiming was born on 18th of February, 2004. He stormed the men's snowboarding big platform final as the best performer in the qualification rounds on Tuesday, won a gold medal on the 15th of February in the 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Games. |
| 任子威 | China's Ren Ziwei who was born on 3th of June, 1997, won the men's 1000m of short track speed skating at the Beijing Winter Olympic Games on Monday. He is an excellent athlete as well as Li Wenlong and Wu Dajing. They are all Chinese pride. |
| 徐梦桃 | Xu Mengtao — whose nickname is called "Tao-Tao" — has spent the last 16 years traveling the globe looking for little victories wrapped up in all those twists and spins. On Monday night, she won the women’s aerials freestyle skiing and she has become China's most successful female jumper of this generation. |

（ ）46. This passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. Olympic B.athletes C.Gu Ailing D. Ren Ziwei

（ ）47. How long will the event last?

1. twenty days. B. fifteen days. C. four days. D. seventeen days.

（ ）48. What do you know about Gu Ailing?

1. a Chinese athlete. B. an American athlete.

C. a foreign athlete. D. a Japanese athlete.

（ ）49. How old is Ren Ziwei?

1. 18 years old. B.20 years old. C. 25 years old. D. 28 years old.

（ ）50. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to this passage?

1. Xu Mengtao won the women’s freestyle snowboarding.
2. Su Yiming got a gold medal in the men's snowboarding big platform.
3. Li Wenlong won the first place of the men's 1000m of short track speed skating .
4. This was the 22th Olympic Winter Games.

**（B）**

**The coldest village in the world**

If you think the place where you live is the coldest, then a visit to Oymyakon may just change your mind.

Oymyakon is a small village in Siberia where the temperature can be as low as -67.78℃. It’s the coldest inhabited (有居民的) place on the Earth. The average (平均的) winter temperature is around -50℃ and only about 500 people live there.

Photographer Amos Chapple, from New Zealand, took a two-day trip to Oymyakon and quickly learned just how terrible the sudden dropping of temperatures could be. “I was wearing thin trousers when I first went there. It was about -47℃. I remember feeling like the strongly gripping (紧抓) my legs,” said Amos Chapple.

He said that the local people lived on meat and fish because the crops were unable to survive in the free temperatures. Because the ground is always frozen, there is little indoor plumbing (管道装置). Cell phones and car engines are often in danger of freezing over. If cars aren’t left running outside, they must be kept in a warm garage.

Often it is dark and lonely outdoors, with only three hours of light in winter. However, in summer

the village will have 21 hours of light and temperatures can rise to an average of 22℃ in July.

（ ）51．What’s the average temperature in Oymyakon in winter?

A．About21℃. B．About22.87℃. C．About-50℃. D．About-67.78℃.

（ ）52．What do people in Oymyakon mainly eat?

A．Meat and fish. B．Milk and eggs. C．Rice and potatoes. D．Vegetable.

（ ）53．How long did Amos Chapple stay in Oymyakon?

A．For three hours. B．Through the summer. C．For two days. D．Through the winter.

（ ）54．What’s Oymyakon like in winter?

A．New and modern. B．Lonely and cold. C．Old but interesting. D．Sunny and windy.

（ ）55．Which of the following is NOT true according to this passage?

A．The temperature can be as low as -67. 78℃in Oymyakon in winter.

B．Car engines are often in danger of freezing over in Oymyakon in winter.

C．Temperatures can rise to an average of 22℃ in Oymyakon in July.

D．Amos Chapple is a photographer from the USA．

**（C）**

Everyone knows to be confident is very important now. Here are some ways for you on how to become confident.

Look Confident. Maybe this is the easiest to do. When you’re wearing comfortable clothes and look good in them, then half of your job is done. Starting your day by looking at yourself in the mirror(镜子) and feeling happy help a lot in becoming confident.

Talk Confidently. If you are always soft-spoken, then people will think of you as some soft person, without power. You need to have a correct speed, so that your speech is clear and full of confidence. Talking too fast may make it seems that you are nervous.

Stand Confidently. A good manner(举止) helps a lot. If you look around, this is really common, as you will see other successful people walking and standing in a confident manner.

Feel Confident. People keep on wondering how to be confident, but they don’t think that it is much about one’s mental state(精神状态). Remember whenever you are going to make an important conversation, always keep in a good mental state and the conversation will be successful.

（ ）56．How can you make yourself look confident?

1. Find a good job. B．Buy a clear mirror.

C．Wear proper clothes. D．Do the easiest things.

（ ）57．The underlined word “soft” in this passage means in Chinese.

A．软弱的 B．仁慈的 C．愚蠢的 D．可怜的

（ ）58．The successful people walk and stand \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．at a correct speed B．in a confident manner

C．in comfortable clothes D．in a good mental state

（ ）59．If you make an important conversation, you should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．wear comfortable clothes B．speak quickly

C．look at yourself in the mirror D．keep in a good mental state

（ ）60．The passage mainly(主要地) tells us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．feeling happy helps become confident. B．it is very important to be confident.

C．how to keep in a good mental state. D．how to become confident.

**（D）**

Wind power is a very clean source of energy. This is how wind power works. Wind makes windmills spin (旋转). When the windmills spin, they make electricity. Then we can use the electricity. A lot of people think that wind power is new, but that’s not true. For thousands of years, people have used wind to sail boats and move water. We still do those things today, but these days we mostly use wind power to make electricity.

Wind power is a very popular source of energy (能源). Most people think that we should use it more and more. First of all, it’s clean. Windmills don’t pollute the environment at all. Second, we can use wind power forever. After all, we will always have wind. Also, wind power is cheap, and it’s getting even cheaper.

A lot of people don’t understand wind power very well. They believe that there are problems with wind power, but many of those problems are not real. For example, some people say that windmills are dangerous for birds. They used to be true, but it isn’t true anymore. Old windmills killed birds because they spun very fast. New windmills spin slowly, and they aren’t dangerous for birds.

However, there are real problems with windmills. One problem is that many people think windmills are very ugly. This is a problem for people, because windmills are often in very pretty areas. Also, wind doesn’t blow all the time, so we can’t use wind power all the time. Finally, windmills are noisy. Wind power is becoming more and more common. Right now, more than 80 countries use wind power. About 2. 5 percent of the world’s power comes from the wind. For some countries, that number is a lot higher. Wind power gives Denmark more than 25 percent of its electricity.

（ ）61．When did people start using wind power?

A．About 25 years ago. B．About 80 years ago.

C．About 500 years ago. D．Over 1,000 years ago.

（ ）62．New windmills don’t kill birds because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．they spin slowly B．birds don’t fly near them

C．they are shorter than old windmills D．new windmills don’t spin

（ ）63．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so we CAN’T use wind power all the time.

A．Wind doesn’t blow all the time B．We can’t use windmills at night

C．Windmills break all the time D．Windmills are too expensive to use all the time

（ ）64．Which statement saying about wind power is true?

A．Most people don’t like it. B．It’s getting cheaper.

C．Denmark doesn’t use it. D．There are no problems about it.

（ ）65．What is the best title for the passage?

A．Expensive Windmills B．Cheap and Clean Energy

C．Popular and Clean Wind Power D．Dangerous Birds

第二节 阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的五个选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项，使短文通顺、连贯、意思完整。(共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分)

A kind of little cars may take the place of today’s cars some day. \_\_\_\_66\_\_\_\_ there will be less pollution in the car. There will also be more space for parking cars in cities, \_\_\_\_67\_\_\_\_ Three such cars can fit in the space now needed for one car of the usual size. \_\_\_\_68\_\_\_\_ Driving will be safer, too, as these little cars can go only 65 kilometers an hour. The cars of the future will be fine for getting around a city, \_\_\_\_69\_\_\_\_ Little cars will go 450 kilometers before needing to stop for more gasoline (汽油). If big cars are still used along with the small ones, \_\_\_\_70\_\_\_\_ Some roads will be used for the big, fast cars and other roads will be needed for the slower (慢的), small ones.

A．The little cars will cost much less to own and to drive.

B．two kinds of roads will be needed in the future.

C．If everyone drives such cars in the future,

D．and the streets will be less crowded (拥挤的).

E．but they will not be useful for long trips.

**V. 情景交际 （共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）**

根据情景提示，完成下列各题**。**

71. 你同意Linda的观点，可以这样说：

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_, Linda.

72. 你想安慰对方不要紧张，可以这么说：

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

73. 你想询问Tom今天心情如何，可以这样问：

, Tom？

74.你想表达时光飞逝，你可以这样说：

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

75.你想知道别人的电话号码，应该这样礼貌地问：

May I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?

VI**. 看图写话 (共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分)**

根据每小题所提供的图画情景和提示词，写出一个与图画情景相符的句子。

**    **

76. 77. 78. 79 80

76. taste \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

77. make \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

78. if, fine \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

79. tall , as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

80. nervous, when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

VII**. 短文填空 (共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分)**

阅读下面短文，根据语境、音标或所给单词的提示，在每个空格内填入一个适当的词，要求所填的词意义准确、形式正确，使短文意思完整、行文连贯。

Traveling often brings us pleasure. But last summer, I had a terrible travel experience. I visited Mount Wuyi 81 my parents. Mount Wuyi lies in the northwest of Fujian. It’s famous for green forests, clear water and nice tea. Every year, thousands of people go \_\_\_82\_\_\_(travel) there on vacation.

I \_\_\_83\_\_\_ (book) three train tickets online. The train should start at 8:00, but it was late. We had to wait. When we finally got on the train, it was 9:00. What’s worse, there was something wrong with the air conditioner. I couldn’t stand the 84 (/hai/) temperature and the terrible smell in the carriage(车厢). As 85 as the train arrived, I ran out 86 (quick).

A \_\_\_\_87\_\_\_\_ /tuə/ bus took us to the foot of the mountain. We rent three \_\_\_\_88\_\_\_\_(bicycle) to ride on. It was too hot. We had to keep drinking along the way. We were tasting delicious Wuyi Tea when it rained suddenly. Riding in the rain became more difficult. I fell down \_\_\_\_89\_\_\_\_ I wasn’t hurt. I felt too \_\_\_\_90\_\_\_\_ /ˈtaɪəd/ to ride on. After overcoming (克服) all kinds of difficulties, we finally reached the top of the mountain.

What a bad trip! Bad weather, bad vehicle and bad luck.

81. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 82. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 83. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 84. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 85. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

86. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 87. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 88. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 89. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 90. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII. 书面表达（满分15分）**

91．关爱老人是我们中华民族的传统美德，更是推进社会文明和谐发展的重要内容。请根据下面的图片和关键词提示展开想象，以Mrs. Green Is Happy Again为题写一篇短文。

****

feel lonely    do some washing    sing                walk a pet dog

**写作要点：**

1. 表述格林先生去世后，格林太太孤单的生活。

2. 说明自己是如何帮助格林太太的：

(1) 周末经常去看望她； (2) 给她洗衣、做饭、唱歌；

(3) 一起听音乐并带了一只宠物狗陪她散步。

3. 格林太太的状况变好了。

**写作要求：**

1.可加入适当的细节，使内容充实，行文连贯；

2.字迹工整，语言精练，表达准确，条理清晰；

3.要求80词左右，开头已给出，不计入总词数。

Mrs. Green Is Happy Again

Mr.Green died last month. He and Mrs. Green have no children, so Mrs. Green has to live alone now.

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**初中英语八年级（下）期中测试卷**

**八年级英语 听力原文**

**第一部分：听力考查（30分 每题1.5分）**

第一节：听句子 听下面五个句子，从每小题所给的三幅图中选出与句子内容相符的选项。

（每个句子读两遍)

1. I hurt my leg while playing football in my P. E. class.

2. The big tree fell down after a strong wind.

3. I saw an accident on my way to school.

4. We went to a science museum and saw a robot that can talk to us.

5. I went to the Great Wall and I think it’s very amazing.

第二节 听对话 听下面七段对话，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案。

（每段对话读两遍）

听第一段对话，回答第6小题：

W: Jack, I went to Lao She Teahouse last night.

M: Great, did you have a good time?

W: Yeah, I really enjoyed Beijing Opera there. I also drank tea and it was pretty good.

M: I like going there, too.

听第二段对话，回答第7小题：

W: What do you like doing in your free time, Alex?

M: Playing the guitar. It can make me happy.

听第三段对话，回答第8小题：

M: Sophie, you were on the phone for hours last night. I tried to phone you five times. Were you talking to Paul?

W: Oh yeah, probably. He rang at about eight o’clock. I got a phone call from Robert, too. And I called Lisa but she wasn’t at home.

听第四段对话，回答第9小题：

M: Hello, this is Martin Brown. You want to see me at half past five, but I’m afraid I’ll have to be ten minutes late.

W: All right. I’ll wait for you then.

听第五段对话，回答第10、11小题：

M：Hi, Anna, What are you doing?

W：Nothing much, Jack?

M：Do you want to go to the movies?

W：Yes, I’d love to. Are there any movie theaters near here?

M：Yes, Blue Moon and Tang cinema are both on center street.

W：Blue Moon is a little closer to home, we can go there.

M：Yeah, but Tang cinema has the biggest screen.

W：Sound good, Let’s go to Tang cinema.

听第六段对话，回答第12，13小题。

M：Hi, Lily. Why are you in a hurry?

W：I’m afraid I will be late for class.

M：But we have no classes this afternoon.

W：I know. But I am going to French classes in a language school.

M：French? Are you learning French for fun?

W：No. I’m planning to go to France to learn painting.

M：Are you? France is the right place.

W：Yeah. So I have to improve my French as quickly as possible.

M：Good luck, Lily!

W：Thank you.

听第七段对话，回答第14，15小题。

W: Hi, Wang Ming. Long time no see.

M: Hi, Lily. Yes, I was on vacation last month.

W: Wow, that’s nice. Where did you go on vacation?

M: I went to Hainan with my parents.

W: Oh, did you do anything interesting?

M: Yes, I did. I went to the beach with my family. It was so amazing.

W: How long did you stay there?

M: For four days.

W: Did you have a good time?

M: Oh, yes. Everything was excellent.

第三节 听一段短文，回答第16-20小题。(短文读三遍)

The Yellow Mountain is one of the most famous mountains in China. It lies in the south of Anhui Province. The best time to visit the mountain is from March to November. Every year thousands of travelers go there. It’s not far from Nanjing. It takes about 2 hours to get there by plane or 6 hours in a car. You can also go there by train or by bus.

While you are climbing the mountain, you can enjoy the white clouds and wonderful stones around you. In the early morning, the sky looks very beautiful. It’s really a nice place to visit.

**初中英语八年级（下）期中测试卷**

**八年级英语 参考答案**

**Ⅰ. 听力部分**

1-5．C A B A B 6-10. B C B B A 11-15. C B C C A

16．famous 17．south 18．November 19．six/6 20．sky

**II. 选择填空**

21．C 22．B 23．A 24．B 25．C 26．A 27．C 28．B 29．C 30．A

31．A 32．B 33．A 34．B 35．C

III**. 完形填空**

36．B 37．A 38．B 39．C 40．B 41．C 42．A 43．A 44．B 45．C

IV**. 阅读理解**

A篇，46．B 47．D 48．A 49．C 50．B

B篇，51．C 52．A 53．C 54．B 55．D

C篇，56．C 57．A 58．B 59．D 60．D

D篇，61．D 62．A 63．A 64．B 65．C

E篇，66．C 67．D 68．A 69．E 70．B

**V. 情景交际**

71．I agree with you.

72．Take it easy./Don’t be nervous.

73．How do you feel today,

74．How time flies!

75．know/have your telephone number?

**VI. 看图写话**

76．The cake tastes delicious.

77．Rainy day makes her sad.

78．If you drive too fast, you will be fined.

79．They are as tall as each other.

80．She feels nervous when she gives a talk/speech.

VII**. 短文填空**

1. with 82．traveling 83．booked 84．high 85．soon

86．quickly 87．tour 88．bicycles 89．but 90．tired

**VIII. 书面表达**

91．例文

Mrs. Green Is Happy Again

Mr. Green died last month. He and Mrs. Green have no children, so Mrs. Green has to live alone now.

She often stays at home and watches TV alone. She always feels lonely. She looked very sad when I met her, so I often visit her on weekends. I help her do some washing and cook for her. We listen to music together. Sometimes I sing songs for her. I bring a lovely pet dog for her. We usually walk the pet dog together after supper.

After a few days, Mrs. Green is happy again.

