

银川六中 2021—2022 学年第二学期期中考试初三英语试卷

闭卷 考试时间 100 分钟 总分 100 分 出卷人 曹志华 审核人 李倩

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一、完型填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

A boy was at a market with his younger sister. The sister was 1 in front of a toy shop. She was looking at something inside the shop's window.

The boy asked, "what are you looking at"? The sister 2 the doll. The boy told her that he would buy the 3 for her. The sister was very happy.

Then the boy asked the shopkeeper, "How much does this doll cost?"

The shopkeeper looked at the boy and said, "Well, what can you pay?"

The boy took out all the seashells that he had collected 4 the beach and gave them to the shopkeeper. The shopkeeper took the shells and started counting as if he were counting coins. Then he turned to the boy. The boy asked him, "Is it 5?"

The shopkeeper said, "No, it's plenty. In fact, it is more than enough." He kept four of the seashells and 6 the rest back to the boy.

The boy 7 put the shells back in his pocket and left with his sister and her new doll. The shopkeeper's assistant was 8. He asked the shopkeeper, "Why did you do that? The doll costs a lot of money. And it certainly costs more than four seashells."

The shopkeeper replied, "To us, these are just seashells. 9 to that boy, they are very precious. When he grows up, he'll remember that he once 10 a doll for his sister with seashells. It might remind him that the world has generous(慷慨的) and kind people in it. And perhaps, he will be generous and kind to others, too."

- ( ) 1. A. waiting B. thinking C. standing D. learning  
( ) 2. A. pointed at B. put away C. picked up D. talked about  
( ) 3. A. pen B. candy C. ball D. doll  
( ) 4. A. with B. from C. of D. for  
( ) 5. A. little B. many C. enough D. few  
( ) 6. A. hid B. gave C. got D. kept  
( ) 7. A. happily B. luckily C. easily D. silently  
( ) 8. A. sad B. excited C. embarrassed D. surprised  
( ) 9. A. So B. But C. Because D. Or  
( ) 10. A. borrowed B. rent C. made D. bought

二、阅读理解 (共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

You cannot go without a pencil when writing or drawing something. You have probably noticed letters H and B printed on your pencils. What, for example, do HB, 3H or 2B mean? Those are letters showing the hardness of the lead (铅) or graphite (石墨) in a pencil. H refers to hard lead. The bigger the Arabic(阿拉伯) number before the letter H, the harder the lead, and the lighter will be the colour. The hardest pencil has 6H on it. Such pencils are often used in making engineering drawings. People seldom write with them. B stands for soft lead. The bigger the number before the letter B, the softer the lead, and the darker will be the colour. The softest is the 6B pencil. Such pencils are liked by artists. The HB pencil has a lead core (芯) that is neither too soft nor too hard. Its colour is medium in its blackness. It is most suitable for ordinary writing and drawing.

11. 6H pencils are often used by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. students B. engineers C. artists D. writers

12. The number that goes before the letter H shows \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the model of the pencil B. the factory where the pencil is made  
C. how hard the pencil is D. how long the pencil lasts

13. Which pencil is the softest?

- A. 2B B. HB C. 3H D. 6B

14. The best title for the passage would be "\_\_\_\_\_".

- A. Pencils B. Hard Pencils and Soft Pencils C. Letters H and B D. Symbols on Your Pencils

B

You are probably familiar with the saying "An apple a day keeps the doctor away". A piece of recent search by the Chinese University of Hong Kong may change the saying into "An apple a day may keep aging away".

The research chose fruit flies (果蝇), as they share many genes (基因) with humans. The researchers either fed the fruit flies as usual or added apple extract(浓缩物) to their food.

It turned out that the fruit flies which fed on food with apple extract lived an average of 55 days---five days longer than the flies that were normally fed. The research group also found it easier for these flies to walk, climb and move about as they aged.

The scientists said that some dangerous chemicals in the flies' bodies would cause illnesses and aging. But the antioxidants(抗氧化剂) in the apple extract helped clean them up.

The scientists also studied diets of thousands of women. They found that those who ate apples often were 20 percent less likely to have heart disease and strokes(中风).

Some scientists studied the apple's genes . They are trying to grow special apples full of antioxidants . They believe the antioxidants would keep people from heart disease and even cancer .

( )15. Why did the scientists use fruit flies in the research ?

- A . Because they love to eat apples .
- B . Because they are easy to catch .
- C . Because they have similar genes to those of humans .
- D . Because they can live longer than other insects .

( )16. What does the third paragraph mainly talk about ?

- A . How many groups the fruit flies are divided into .
- B . What the results of the research are .
- C . How long the fruit flies can live .
- D . Why the apple can keep aging away .

( )17. What does the underlined word "them" refer to in the fourth paragraph ?

- A . The apple extract .                      B . Dangerous chemicals .
- C . The antioxidants .                      D . The fruit flies .

( )18. Where can you probably find this passage ?

- A . From a magazine of medicine .                      B . From a newspaper of sports
- C . From a website of animals .                      D . From a book of stories .

C

How much do you know about the Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region(自治区)? You may know that it is in the northwestern China. You may also know that it has deserts. But what else? October 25, 2018 was the 60th anniversary of the founding(成立) of the region. Now it is a good time for us to learn more about this beautiful place.

If you go to Ningxia, you should visit Shapotou. It's a desert in the city of Zhongwei. It became a popular place because of the TV show "Where Are We Going, Dad?"

Besides deserts, Ningxia also has a lot of lakes and wetlands. Yinchuan is the capital city of Ningxia. The city has almost 200 natural lakes and 400 wetlands.

About one-third of Ningxia's population is the Hui ethnic group. The Hui people sing a kind of folk music called "wild flower". It is so popular that many Han people can also sing it.

The Yellow River runs through Ningxia. It makes the soil rich. People grow a lot of rice there. Many of them eat rice daily. People in Ningxia also make a living by keeping sheep and cattle. They make full use of these animals' skins. They blow air into sheep skin and make it into rafts(筏子). They can use the rafts to cross the Yellow River.

Ningxia is also building new high-speed railways. By 2022, three high-speed railways will connect

Ningxia with Qinghai, Inner Mongolia and Gansu. They will save travelers a lot of time. This is Ningxia. Do you want to enjoy its beauty?

( )19. When was the Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region founded?

- A. In 1938.                      B. In 1948                      C. In 1958,                      D. In 1968.

( )20. According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?

- A. About one-third of Ningxia's population is the Hui ethnic group.
- B. Ningxia also has a lot of rivers, and wetlands besides deserts.
- C. Shapotou is a desert in the city of Zhongwei.
- D. Ningxia lies in the northwestern China.

( )21. How do people in Ningxia make a living?

- A. By growing rice, keeping sheep and cattle.
- B. By keeping sheep and making rafts.
- C. By selling animals' skins.
- D. By taking tourists across the Yellow River on rafts,

( )22. What may be the best title for the passage?

- A. The Hui people in Ningxia
- B. The folk music in Ningxia
- C. The animals in Ningxia
- D. The beauty of Ningxia

D

A student stuck a note on his classmate's back while they were taking breaks one day. The note said "I'm stupid". He asked the rest of his classmates not to tell the boy. The other students started laughing at the boy, but wouldn't say why.

Soon, it was time for their afternoon math class. Their teacher wrote a difficult problem on the blackboard. No one was able to solve it except the boy with the note on his back.

Ignoring(忽视) the laughter, he walked toward the blackboard and solved the problem. The teacher asked the class to clap for him and took the note off his back. She told him, "It seems that you didn't know about the note your classmate put on your back, but you didn't seem to care anyway."

Then the teacher looked at the rest of the class and said, "Before I punish you all, let me tell you two things. First, all of you will be marked at one point or another by other people who don't want you to succeed. All you have to do is to ignore these marks. You should take any chance to improve yourself."

"And it seems that none of you are friends with this boy since none of you were kind enough to tell him about the note. If that's true, then you'd better hope that you have some good friends yourself. Otherwise, you might be the one with a note stuck on your back someday with no one to tell you."

( )23. Why did the teacher ask the boy to go to the blackboard?

- A. Because the boy couldn't answer the question.
- B. Because the boy laughed at his classmates in class.

C. Because the teacher wanted to take off the note.

D. Because only the boy could solve the problem.

( )24. How did the boy treat other's laughter?

A. Ignored it. B. Cried secretly. C. Felt sad. D. Quarreled with them.

( )25. The underlined sentence "All you have to do is to ignore these marks." means \_\_\_\_\_.

A. punishment is not the only way to help you learn.

B. don't care too much about others' opinions on you

C. being labelled (贴上标签) can stop you from succeeding

D. take every chance to show yourself to others

( )26. According to the teacher's second point, we can learn that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. friends can't always help you

B. friendship comes first in life

C. friends may help you in a difficult time

D. there's no need to make friends

E

One day, a fox was walking through the woods when he saw some tasty grapes hanging from a branch high above him. He was quite hungry, as he'd been walking all day and hadn't had anything to eat. So he decided to get some grapes to eat.

First, the fox tried to jump in the air and grab (抓住) the grapes. But with each jump, he was just inches (英寸) away from getting the grapes. As he jumped and jumped he was getting further and further away from the grapes. After a short rest, he tried taking a few steps back and doing a running jump at the grapes but again, he could not reach them.

He even tried to climb the tree to reach the grapes, but his paws (爪子) weren't strong enough for him to pull himself up the tree. How he wished he had the same paws as a monkey. He sat and stared at (盯着看) the grapes with an angry expression on his face.

Just then, a bear happened to walk by the fox. He saw the fox looking at the grapes. The fox turned to him and said, "Never mind. Those grapes probably don't taste good anyway." And with that, he turned once more and left.

The bear reached up, grabbed the grapes and ate them. They were, of course, quite delicious. "Why not ask me for help?" The bear thought.

( )27. What happened as the fox kept jumping?

A. He got closer to the grapes each time.

B. He got closer to the tree each time.

C. He got further and further away from the grapes.

D. The grapes were starting to fall to the ground.

( )28. After the fox tried to climb the tree, how did he feel?

A. Angry. B. Excited. C. Happy. D. Sad.

( )29. The fox said "Those grapes probably don't taste good anyway." because \_\_\_\_\_.

A. most of the grapes were green

B. he could not have the grapes

C. he wanted to help the bear

D. he had never eaten grapes before

( )30. What might the bear learn from the fox?

A. Not all things in life are free.

B. It's easy to be angry about something you can't have.

C. When you think you've failed, try one last time

D. Learn to ask for help when you need it.

三、语法填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下列短文, 在空白处填入适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式 (每空一词)。

One of the world's most dangerous sports is mountain climbing, and one of the most popular 31. \_\_\_\_\_ (place) for this is the Himalayas. The Himalayas run 32. \_\_\_\_\_ the southwestern part of China. Of all the mountains, Qomolangma 33. \_\_\_\_\_ (rise) the highest and is the most famous. It is 8,844.43 meters high and so is very 34. \_\_\_\_\_ (danger) to climb. Thick clouds cover the top and snow can fall very hard. Even more serious difficulties include freezing weather conditions and heavy storms. It is also very hard to take in air as you get near the top.

The first people to reach the top were Tenzing Norgay and Edmund Hillary 35. \_\_\_\_\_ May 29, 1953. The first Chinese team did so in 1960, while the first woman to 36. \_\_\_\_\_ (success) was Junko Tabei from Japan in 1975.

Why do so many 37. \_\_\_\_\_ (climb) risk their lives? One of the main reasons is that people want to challenge 38. \_\_\_\_\_ (they) in the face of difficulties. The spirit of these climbers shows us that we should never give up 39. \_\_\_\_\_ (try) to achieve our dreams. It also shows 40. \_\_\_\_\_ humans can sometimes be stronger than the forces of nature.

二、单词拼写 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

阅读下列短文, 写出与各小题所给汉语相对应的英语单词 (每空一词)。

The weekend is usually a time of rest. But today's Chinese teenagers can hardly rest during the weekends. Many of them are learning exam skills and others are practicing sports so that they can 41. \_\_\_\_\_ (竞争) and win.

Ji Ping, a 42. \_\_\_\_\_ (典型的) junior student in Guangzhou, has to get up at 6:30 a.m. on Saturday. Then she has a whole day of classes. On Sunday morning she gets to extra classes for math and English. Then she attends to football 43. \_\_\_\_\_ (训练). But she doesn't complain. She says that all her classmates work

hard on Sunday.

Liu Yang is from Dalian who knows all about 44. \_\_\_\_\_ (如此的) stress. As a Junior 2 student, his weekends are less busy. But he also spends Saturday in school. On Sunday, after finishing homework, he plays basketball. He feels it's 45. \_\_\_\_\_ (公平的) because he still has time to do the things he likes.

三、综合填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

从下面方框中选择恰当的词或短语并用其正确形式填入短文中, 使短文通顺正确 (每个词或短语只用一次)

student, into, in this way, hide, show, clean up, and, they, beautiful, forest

Who do you think are the heroes in our lives? Maybe doctors, policemen, firemen and so on. Besides them, I think the people who 46. \_\_\_\_\_ our rubbish are also great heroes. Thanks to 47. \_\_\_\_\_, our planet is not completely covered in trash (垃圾).

My name is Thomas Dambo. I'm a "trash artist" 48. \_\_\_\_\_ work with these heroes. My job is to create beauty out of trash. By doing this, I want to 49. \_\_\_\_\_ people that trash is not all ugly and smelly. We can recycle and use it to create something 50. \_\_\_\_\_ and valuable.

About two months ago, I started a project called "The Future Forest." More than 700 51. \_\_\_\_\_, 100 volunteers and many landfill (垃圾填埋场) workers joined the project. Together we collected three tons of plastic waste. Then, we turned it 52. \_\_\_\_\_ a colorful plastic forest in Mexico City.

This 50-square-meter 53. \_\_\_\_\_ is filled with thousands of plastic flowers, trees and animals. Children can come to my workshop to build new plants and animals for the forest. 54. \_\_\_\_\_, the forest will keep growing. "The Future Forest" is now on display. People can visit it for the next few months.

There are many possibilities 55. \_\_\_\_\_ in the rubbish. Let's learn to recycle it better and build a brighter future for the world!

四、任务型阅读 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 在每小题句子空白处填入适当词语, 使其意思与短文内容一致 (每空词数不限)。

Long long ago, an elephant and a monkey lived in the game forest. They were good friends, but both of them were very proud. The elephant thought of himself strong, and the monkey felt himself quick.

One day they went to ask the old bird, "Can you tell us which one of us is more important?" The old bird didn't give them the answer at once. However, he asked them to get some bananas on the other side of the river and bring them to him.

So the elephant and the monkey went to the river, but the water ran so fast that the monkey was afraid. "Get on my back, Monkey," said the elephant. "I shall take you there. I am big and strong, and I can swim across the river."

Soon they got to the other side. The elephant tried to reach the bananas, but they were too high. "Wait a

minute, please. I can climb," said the monkey. He quickly ran up the tree and gave the bananas to the elephant. Then they came back happily to the old bird and showed him the bananas. "Now, you see, the elephant is strong," said the old bird with a smile, "but he couldn't get the bananas; the monkey is quick, but he couldn't, either. Only you two could do the work well when you helped each other."

56. The elephant felt proud about himself because he thought he was \_\_\_\_\_.

57. When the elephant and the monkey asked which one of them was \_\_\_\_\_, the old bird didn't give an answer right away.

58. The monkey couldn't \_\_\_\_\_ the river because the water ran so fast.

59. It was \_\_\_\_\_ that picked up the bananas by hand in the end.

60. We can learn from the passage that we should \_\_\_\_\_ in order to achieve something.

五、书面表达 (共 1 题, 满分 15 分)

中国女足 (Chinese women's soccer team), 铿锵玫瑰。女足姑娘们在走向成功的路上, 从来没有放弃过。在 2022 年 2 月 6 日晚上, 中国女足赢得亚洲杯冠军 (the Women's Asian Cup) 冠军。生活中我们也会遇到一些磨难, 如果能向女足姑娘那样, 永不放弃, 努力奋斗, 终会获得成功。请以 "Never give up" 为题, 写一篇 80 字左右的英语作文。

要点提示:

1. 在 2022 年 2 月 6 日, 中国女足赢得亚洲杯冠军。她们一直在刻苦训练, 从不放弃。
2. 当我自己还是一个小孩子时, 我生了一场严重的疾病, 后来听力下降。所以, 每次上课, 我都要特别专心地听讲, 以便取得好成绩。
3. 我的父母经常对我说, 只要不放弃, 就会有希望。
4. 我们应该向女足姑娘学习, 只要努力不放弃, 我们的梦想终会实现。