**2021年下学期期末教学质量检测试卷**

**九年级英语**

注意：请把答案写在答题卡上，交卷时只交答题卡

**I. 阅读技能 （共六个部分，35小题，计60分）**

**（A）**

完形填空。通读短文，掌握大意，然后从A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳选项填空（共10小题，计10分）

Blueberries(蓝莓) are nice. But do you know 1 blueberries grow? They grow on bushes. Each blueberry is small and round. Many blueberries can grow on one bush. At 2 , blueberries are green. The green berries are not ready to eat. They 3 a lot of sun and rain. The sun and rain can help them 4 fat and sweet. When the berries turn blue, they are ripe. Now people are ready to pick them.

Some farmers grow blueberries in big fields. The people near the fields often help pick the blueberries. They can make money. 5 of them takes a pail (桶) out to the field and fills it with blueberries. They work very fast, so they can fill many pails. They want to make much 6 . When they are working, their fingers(手指) are 7 from the juice of the berries.

After people pick the blueberries, they put the berries in the boxes and send them to 8 . People buy the blueberries and take them home 9 . Some people like to wash the berries and eat them one by one. Other people like to 10 with blueberries. They make blueberry muffins(松饼)and cakes. Blueberries taste great!

1 A．how B．what C．which

2．A．first B．second C．once

3 A．can B．need C．must

4．A．get B．gets C．got

5．A．Few B．Many C.Each

6．A．drinks B．food C．money

7．A．blue B．green C．yellow

8．A．parks B．shops C．offices

9．A．eat B．eating C．to eat

10．A．cook B．draw C．sell

**（B）**

阅读下面的短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。（共5小题，计10分）

Baggy has become the first dog in the UK and might be the world to join the fight against air pollution by recording the pollution levels (水平) near the ground.

Baggy wears a pollution monitor (监视器) around her neck. It is different from the normal pollution monitors fixed on lampposts (路灯柱) at about 3 meters high, so she can record pollution levels close to the ground.

This idea comes from Baggy’s 13-year-old owner Tom Hunt and his dad Matt. Since Baggy stands at about the same height as a child in a pushchair (婴儿车), her monitor shows a different result. The pollution levels are much higher than those recorded by the Environment Agency at higher places in the air. Tom has reported the shocking findings to the government in order to warn that babies are at higher risk of having asthma (哮喘).

Matt Hunt said he was very proud of his son because when the boy gets an idea, he keeps his head down and gets on with it until he finally makes it. And he really wants to do some good and stop young kids from getting asthma.

“Tom were interested in environmental protection at a very early age as well as gadgets (小装置) making.” Matt added.“About one year ago, he got this new place of technology. One Sunday afternoon, we went out to do some monitoring, and he said, ‘why don’t we put it around Baggy’s neck and let her monitor the pollution?’ So we did it.”

Tom said “Most of the time, Baggy is just like any other dog. But for the rest of the time, she is a super dog, and we all really take pride in her.”

11．With a monitor around her neck, Baggy can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．lower air pollution

B．record pollution levels

C．process pollution information

12．What can we learn from the Baggy’s recording?

A．High places hardly have air pollution.

B．The air near the ground is more polluted.

C．The normal monitors are more dependable.

13．The underlined phrase gets on with in Paragraph 4 means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．continues working on B．comes up with C．is good with

14．Which of the following can best describe Tom Hunt?

A．Smart and outgoing B．Helpful and creative C．Talented and brave

15．What can be the best title of the text?

A．Air pollution worries many parents.

B．A boy and his dog make a difference.

C．High-tech products spread in the UK

**(C)**

阅读下面的短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。（共5小题，计10分）

Each nation has many good people who help to take care of others. For example, some high school and college students in the United States often spend many hours as volunteers in hospitals, orphanages (孤儿院) or homes for the old. They read books to the people in these places, or they just visit them and play games with them or listen to their problems.

Other young volunteers go and work in the homes of people who are sick or old. They paint, clean up, or repair their houses, do their shopping or mow their lawns. For boys who no longer have fathers there is an organization called Big Brothers. College students and other men take these boys to baseball games or on fishing trips and help them to get to know things that boys usually learn from their fathers.

Each city has a number of clubs where boys and girls can go to play games or learn crafts. Some of these clubs show movies or organize short trips to the mountains, the beaches,museums or other places of interest. Most of these clubs use a lot of high school and college students as volunteers because they are young enough to remember the problems of younger boys and girls.

Volunteers believe that some of the happiest people in the world are those who help to bring happiness to others.

16．Where can you often find volunteers in the United States?

A．At a bus stop B．In a park C．In a hospital

17．How do volunteers usually help those who are sick or old?

A．They cook, sew or wash their clothes.

B．They tell them stories and sing and dance for them

C．They mow their lawns, do their shopping and clean up their houses.

18．What is Big Brothers?

A．It’s the name of a club.

B．It’s an organization for boys who no longer have fathers.

C．It’s the name of a film.

19．Why do most of the boys’ and girls’ clubs use many high school and college students as volunteers?

A．Because they can still remember what they felt when they were younger.

B．Because they know how to do the work.

C．Because they like younger boys and girls.

20．What do volunteers believe?

A．When they are happy, the others will be happy.

B．The happiest people in the world are those who help to bring happiness to others.

C．The happiest people in the world are those who make themselves happy.

D)

阅读下面的短文,从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳选项回答问题或完成句子。（共5小题，计10分）

People begin to worry about the support capacity(能力) of the earth. There may be only standing room for each person in the future.

Lima’s population was 5.7 million in 1985 but it grew to 9.1 million in 2000. Tianjin’s was 7.9 million in 1985. In 2000, it boosted to 9.7 million. Such cities as London, Osaka, Moscow, Beijing, and Teheran are having a similar population growth. Shanghai, New York and St Paulo see a faster population explosion(爆炸). Tokyo had 18.8 million in 1985. In 2000 it changed into 20.2 million. Mexico city had 17.3 million people in 1985. But in 2000, its population reached 25.8 million.

What does the population growth mean? It means greater pressure for the earth. If the government doesn’t take any action to control the population, we would have only standing room by the end of the 21st century.

21．The underlined word “boosted” in the second paragraph means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．增加 B．改善 C．进步

22．The city which had the largest population in 2000 is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A．Lima B．Tianjin C．Mexico

23．If the population goes on growing fast, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．There will be greater pressure for the earth

B．We will have more standing room in the future

C．The support capacity of the earth is stronger than before

24．From the passage, we know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．It is easy for us to control the population

B．We should take some action to control the population

C．We needn’t worry about the population problems

25．We can read this passage in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．a history book B．a science book C．a TV guide

**E）**

阅读下面短文,根据短文内容从下面六个选项中选出五项补全短文。（共5小题，计10分）

How do you feel when you are fooled by others? No doubt, feel bad. There is nothing worse than falling for a joke and being a fool except one day. Yes, that’s Fools’ Day. Nobody will be angry to be an “April Fool”. 26 . The headmaster at my school decided to play an April Fools’ joke on the students when I was in high school. On March 31, she announced that our school would hold a “Dress to Impress day”.

27 . Girls were told to wear formal dresses and smart jackets, while a suit jacket and tie for each boy would be the best. The teachers, we were told, would do the same.

On April Fools’ Day, many of us students came to school dressed in our best clothes. 28\_\_\_\_. In the morning, all of us got together on the playground, waiting for the headteacher. She would speak to the students.. 29\_\_\_\_. Instead, she wore jeans, running shoes and a T-shirt. The other teachers also got dressed casually like her.

“April Fools!” she said with a big smile on her face. “We just want to remind you that teachers have a sense of humor, too!”

Surely, all the teachers weren’t April Fools. 30\_\_\_.

A．Our hair was tidy and all our shoes were well cleaned.

B．People say something nice to others on that day.

C．All we students spent the rest of the day feeling very foolish indeed.

D．This meant that the better you dressed at school, the higher you marks would be.

E.But everyone knows to be careful on the first day of April.

F.To our surprise, she wasn’t dressed up at all.

F）

阅读下列短文，根据短文内容回答所提问题。(共5小题，计10分）

Many cities around the world today are heavily polluted. Products are not produced in a “green” way. It leads to the new pollution problem. One result is that millions of tons of wastes like glass, paper and plastics are produced. The waste problem is difficult to deal with.

However, today, people have realized the importance of buying and using environmentally- friendly products. More and more people are choosing “green” and expecting that the products they buy should be safe for the environment. Before they buy a product, they ask questions like these, “Will this soap be bad for the environment?” “Can this metal container be reused or can it only be used once?”

Over 20,000 people took part in a web survey on buying environmentally-friendly products. Among them, 8,129 people say that they now consider the environmental safety of a product before they buy it. That is to say, companies must change the way they make and sell their products to make sure that they are “green”.

A few years ago, it was impossible to find green products in supermarkets, but now there are hundreds of them. Some supermarket products carry labels to show that they are green. Some companies have made the clean and safe products. The growing need for a safer and cleaner environment is making companies rethink how they do business of them. The public will no longer accept the old idea of “buy it, use it, throw it away, and forget it.” As a result, the companies have to take action.

31．According to the passage, what leads to the new pollution problem?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

32．In the web survey, what do many people think about before they buy a product?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

33．How many people took part in the web survey on buying environmentally-friendly products?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

34．Is it possible to find green products in supermarkets now?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

35．Why do the companies need to rethink how they do business of them?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**II 写作技能（共四个部分，计35分）**

1. **词汇运用。根据所给汉语或首字母写出短文中所缺英语单词。(共5小题，计5分)**

English has become 36 w\_\_\_ used around the world.Why has this happened? We may find the answer from the history.

In the nineteenth century, Great Britain became a 37 p\_\_\_\_ country，so English became an international language. Then, since 1950s, the USA has become more and more powerful. The American computer and Internet industry have taken the leading 38\_\_\_(位置）in the world. As a 39 r\_\_\_\_ , the Internet has helped English to become much more 40\_\_\_\_\_(流行的）

1. **综合填空。**阅读下面的短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词或填入所给词的正确形式。 (共10小题，计10分)

China has developed 41 (rapid)since the reform and opening-up..More 42 more ring roads and subways have 43 (appear)and buildings in Beijing are becoming 44 (tall) and brighter. People’s 45 (live) conditions have improved a lot. And there are more and more kinds of food and clothes to 46 (satisfy) people’s needs. Children can study not 47 in modern schools but also 48 the Internet. People can enjoy good medical care. What’s more, communications are becoming easier and quicker---People can use telephones, cellphones, fax machines and the Internet.

Beijing has made rapid progress and it has already succeeded in 49 （host）the 2008 Olympic Games.I think it is important to remember the past, live in the present and dream 50 the future.

1. **补全对话。**根据下面的对话情景，在每个空白处填上适当的句子，使对话的意义连贯完整(共5小题，计10分)

A: 51\_\_\_\_\_\_ the History Museum?

B: Yes, I have.

A: 52\_\_\_\_\_.

B: I went there last year.

A: 53\_\_\_\_\_.

B: It’s really beautiful and there are lots of old things in it. I want to visit it again.

A: Really? I have never been there. Would you like to go with me tomorrow?

B: 54\_\_\_\_\_. When are we going to meet?

A: Let’s meet at 7:30 in the morning. 55\_\_\_\_.

B: What about the school gate?

A: OK. 7:30 at the school gate. See you then.

B: See you.

**D）书面表达。(共10分)**

4月22日是“世界地球日”，善待地球，保护环境，就是保护我们自己。请你写一篇文章，说说环境保护的重要性并谈谈在日常生活中我们该如何保护环境。

要求：1. 词数不少于80 词；

2. 首句已给出，不计入总词数。

We have only one earth and it’s our home, so it’s our duty to take care of it.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**九年级上期英语**参考答案

1-5 AABAC 6-10 CABCA 11---15 .BBABB

16--20 CCBAB 21--25 ACABB 26---30 EDAFC

1. Products are not produced in a “green” way.

32．The environmental safety of a product.

33．Over 20,000.

34．Yes, it is.

35．Because of the growing need for a safer and cleaner environment.

36 Widely 37 powerful 38 position 39 result 40 popular.

41 rapidly 42 and 43 appeared 44 taller 45 living

46 satisfy 47 only 48 on 49 hosting 50 about

51．Have you (ever) been to / visited

52．When did you go there?

53．How is it? / Is it nice?

54．Yes,I’d love to.

55．Where are we going to meet?/ Where shall we meet?

书面表达

We have only one earth and it’s our home, so it’s our duty to take care of it. If we harm it, we will have a terrible end. As teenagers, we should play an active role in improving the environment. If we know what to do in our daily life, we can make a difference.

First, we can turn off the lights to save electricity when we leave the room. Second, we should remember to stop using plastic bags and use cloth bags. Next, we should advise our parents to take the bus to work instead of driving. Then, we can reduce air pollution by planting more trees. Lastly, it’s our responsibility to call on more people to take action.

As teenagers, we can do some small things to protect our environment. I’m sure everybody is able to do something meaningful to make the world better.