**厦门六中2021-2022学年第二二学期九年级第二次模拟考**

**英语试卷**

满分：150分 考试时间：120分钟 命题人：命题时间：2022.6

班级： 姓名： 座号：

**第一部分（选择题）**

**Ⅰ. 听音理解（共三节，20小题，每小题1.5分，满分30分）**

**第一节 听句子 听下面五个句子，从每小题所给的A、B、C三幅图中选出与句子内容相符的选项。（每个句子读两遍）**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A |  | B. |  | C. |  |
| 2. A |  | B. |  | C. |  |
| 3. A |  | B. |  | C. |  |
| 4. A |  | B. |  | C. |  |
| 5. A |  | B. |  | C. |  |

**第二节 听下面七段对话，从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案。（每段对话读两遍）**

听第1段对话，回答第6小题。

6. Which coat does the man like best?

A. The yellow one. B. The blue one. C. The black one.

听第2段对话，回答第7小题。

7. When will the man leave for Shanghai?

A. On March 17th. B. On March 1 8th. C. On March 19th.

听第3段对话，回答第8小题。

8. Who answers the phone?

A. Steven. B. Jenny. C. Linda.

听第4段对话，回答第9小题。

9. Why can’t the woman take the plane to Beijing this evening?

A. The flight has already taken off. B. There is not any ticket. C. She got up late.

听第5段对话，回答第10、11小题。

10. Where is Bob going this weekend?

A. To the park. B. To the beach. C. To a clothes store.

11. What will Bob buy?

A. A jacket and a cap. B. A T-shirt and a cap. C. A pair of shorts and a cap.

听第6段对话，回答第12、13小题。

12. What are the speakers talking about?

A. How to protect the environment. B. How to ride a bike. C. How to save money.

13. How many suggestions does the girl give?

A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

听第7段对话，回答第14、15小题。

14. How old is Alice?

A. Five years old. B. Eight years old. C. Eighteen years old.

15. What musical instrument can Alice play?

A. The violin. B. The guitar. C. The piano.

**第三节 听短文，根据你所听到的短文内容，完成下面表格，每空填一词。（短文读三遍）**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **A Report on Safety Education** | |
| **Who** | Mark Brown, an officer from the 16.\_\_\_\_\_\_ police station. |
| **When** | At 17.\_\_\_\_\_\_ o’clock on Wednesday afternoon. |
| **Where** | In the school hall. |
| **What** | ①Guide how we teenagers 18.\_\_\_\_\_\_ ourselves.  ②Hold two activities—safety 19.\_\_\_\_\_\_ questions and answers.  ③Those taking part in the activities will get postcards as 20.\_\_\_\_\_\_ |

**Ⅱ. 单项选择 从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的正确答案（每小题1分，满分15分）**

21. —Congratulations, Mike! You’ve got the first place in the photo competition.

—Thank you! It is \_\_\_\_\_\_ unusual day for me.

A. a B. an C. the

22. —You haven’t said a \_\_\_\_\_\_ word since last Friday. What’s wrong?

—Nothing. Just leave me alone.

A. single B. similar C. silent

23. —Do you know the 19th Asian Games will be held in Hangzhou this September?

—Yes, of course. Though it is full of \_\_\_\_\_\_, we believe it will be a great success.

A. chances B. challenges C. choices

24. The government plans to \_\_\_\_\_\_ more jobs for young people after COVID-19.

A. stop B. borrow C. create

25. Shui Qingxia, coach of China’s Women Football Team, \_\_\_\_\_\_ with the 2022 National Labor Medal for her achievement.

A. is presented B. presented C. was presented

26. Every summer, our teachers warn us \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the river because it is dangerous.

A. swim B. not swim C. not to swim

27. —Now China has more than 270,000 charging piles (充电桩) \_\_\_\_\_\_.

—Oh, it must be convenient for electric cars.

A. in total B. in common C. in need

28. —Peter, can you repeat what Tina said just now? —Sorry, I didn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_ what she said.

A. pay attention to B. get on well with C. fall in love with

29. —Is that man Dr. Li? —It \_\_\_\_\_\_ be him. He has gone to Shanghai to be a volunteer.

A. can B. can’t C. must

30. —I can tell \_\_\_\_\_\_ the look on his face that something good is happening to him. —Exactly.

A. in B. by C. at

31. —I’d like to learn how to cook Chinese food.

—Great. I have a few cookbooks. You can borrow \_\_\_\_\_\_ if you want.

A. it B. many C. one

32. —What did she write in her composition?

—She described the people and places \_\_\_\_\_\_ left her the sweetest memory.

A. which B. who C. that

33. It is not easy to change habits, \_\_\_\_\_\_ with hard work and self-control, you can make it.

A. or B. but C. and

34. —China has set the world record of the speed of 6G. It’s 50 times faster than 5G.

—\_\_\_\_\_\_ great our country is!

A. How B. What C. What a

35. —Mum, don’t forget to upload our health codes to my teacher Mr. Chen. —\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Never mind B. No problem C. Hold on

**Ⅲ. 完形填空 从每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案（每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

Do you like the stories of *Chang’e flies to the moon or Monkey King makes trouble in heaven*? These stories 36 a little girl’s space dream. She dreamt of flying to the moon when she was young. This girl is Wang Yaping, the most beautiful 37 .

To achieve her dream, Wang took different kinds of 38 training which many people can’t imagine. Once wearing a 100-kilogram training suit, she stayed underwater for 6 hours. After the training, Wang’s hands kept 39 so terribly that she was unable to hold chopsticks. But even so, she never thought of giving up. She proved to people that women can 40 the same hard training as men and do a job as well as men, even in the space.

After Wang’s first space trip in 2013, she went to space again last year. That was her 41 trip. She spent 195 days in space in total, and this is a new 42 for the Chinese astronauts.

On March 8, Wang sent a video message to 43 around the world. In the video, she said, “Ladies, 44 our nationalities and jobs are different, women all over the world have the same dream to make a peaceful world.” She hopes all girls who have space dreams like her can always 45 their dreams. “If you do so, one day, when you look up, you will see that your dream of going to the sea of stars is already within reach,” Wang said.

Wang Yaping has set a good example for all of us.

36. A. lit B. told C. knew

37. A. pilot B. teacher C. astronaut

38. A. easy B. hard C. interesting

39. A. moving B. writing C. shaking

40. A. complete B. touch C. watch

41. A. first B. second C. third

12. A. change B. record C. invention

43. A. men B. people C. women

44. A. since B. because C. although

45. A. fight for B. look for C. wait for

**Ⅳ. 阅读理解（共两节，满分45分）**

**第一节 阅读以下A、B、C、D四篇短文，根据短文内容，从题中所给A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳答案（每小题2分，满分40分）**

**A**

My dad bought me a new Jeep when I was 17, but the real gift was what he taught me about life through this car. Every month, on the first day, he asked me to pay him $150 if I wanted to continue driving my Jeep. If I didn’t pay, I couldn’t drive my car (or “his car”, as he often reminded me, since he owned the title (所有权). My dad was (and still is) a successful businessman, who makes a very good living. To a 17-year-old student who only had a part-time weekend job, $150 was more than I usually made every month. I had to work harder. Although I was unhappy about my father’s request, I always made sure to give him $150 on the first day of each month, and did so for two years.

The day I graduated from high school, my dad pulled me into his office at our house for a talk. “Kevin,” he gave me a white box and said, “here is your graduation present. To be honest, this is actually a present you gave yourself.” I opened the box carefully, and almost started crying when I found he just gave me $3,600! It was 24 car payments that he had saved for the last two years. Every payment I gave him went straight into this box. By asking me to pay him every month, he was teaching me how to save, how to use my money and how to be responsible. My dad is and will forever be the best man I have ever known.

Four years later he gave me the title to the Jeep, as my college graduation gift.

46. When Kevin was 17, he \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. got a second-hand Jeep as a birthday gift B. worked part-time every day after school

C had to give his father $150 every month D. began to learn to drive a Jeep

47. As for his father’s request, Kevin \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. accepted it though he was unhappily B. thought it was very easy to do

C. refused it after some careful thought D. knew it was helpful to him from the beginning

48. Kevin’s high school graduation present from his father was \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a new car B. a business book C. some money D. the title to the jeep

49. Kevin got the title to the Jeep when he \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A turned 19 years old B. found a good job C. gave his father $3,600 D. graduated from college

50. Which is the best title for the passage?

A. My Strict Father B. The Best Gift C. An Expensive Jeep D. My Lucky Money

**B**

**Should Museum Entry Be Free?**

With International Museum Day coming up, today we are asking readers: Should museums be free or should people have to pay for a ticket? Share your views on our website: www.teenopinion.com.

**E:\QQ\QQ聊天记录\MobileFile\Image\PNB{POO(FE8MLGQMYFA8H_K.png Comments:**

|  |
| --- |
| Museums are not only there for enjoyment; they are education. This is why they must be free. While museums need a huge amount of money to operate, let the wealthy pay for it. The idea of a person or child interested in art not being able to view it because of cost is wrong.  Krista Chen (US)—Age 15 |
| Free entry does not attract people or encourage them to admire art. Generally people respect things that are difficult or costly to get. Museums should require regular visitors to pay a fee, but provide free tickets as prizes for high-achieving students who can admire them more.  Fred Smith (New Zealand)—Age 14 |
| Museums teach people about their past. This is part of our shared culture that should be available to everyone, rich or poor. People should never be asked to pay an entrance fee.  Rob SancheZ (Australia)—Age 17 |
| There are no simple answers. Low ticket prices could help museums stay open. But companies and businessmen should also provide museums with more money and other support. They have a social responsibility too.  Amber White (UK)—Age 16 |
| I think museums and art galleries should all be free to the public. I do, however, think twice a year the museums should organize money-raising events to help pay for the cost of staying open.  Li Mishao (China)—Age 15 |

51. How many readers support the idea of free museums?

A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D.5

52. Who suggests museums should regularly hold special events to collect money?

A. Krista Chen. B. Fred Smith. C. Rob Sanchez. D. Li Mishao.

53. Why does Fred Smith believe that fee tickets should be given to high-achieving students?

A. Students will then study harder. B. Museums will attract more visitors.

C. Museums can make themselves more famous. D. These students can better admire museums.

54. Which of the following does Amber White agree with?

A. Businesses should offer museums more help. B. People should only pay what they can afford.

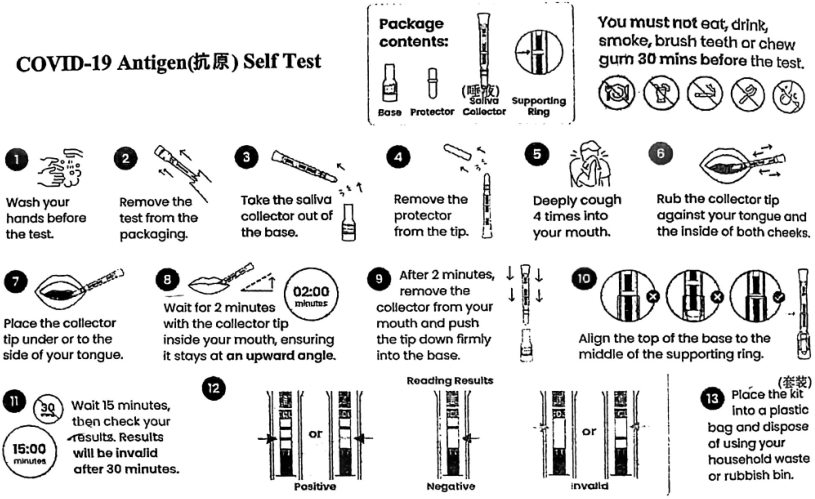
C. Free entry doesn’t encourage visitors to museums. D. Everybody should have a chance to visit museums.

55. What can we know about the website?

A. It’s quite a new website. B. It was started in Australia.

C. It’s mainly for young readers. D. It mainly discusses scientific topics.

**C**



56. What kind of text is this?

A. An advertisement. B. An instruction. C. A notice. D. A tourist guide.

57. Thirty minutes before taking the test, what can a person do?

A. Wash hands. B. Drink water. C. Brush teeth. D. Eat food.

58. How long should the collector stay in the mouth?

A. 2 minutes. B. 4 minutes. C. 15 minutes. D. 30 minutes.

59. How many kinds of results are there?

A. 2. B. 3. C. 4. D.5.

60. After taking the test, what should a person do with the kit?

A. Give it to a doctor. B. Send it to a hospital. C. Throw it anywhere. D. Put it a plastic bag.

**D**

Honolulu is the capital and largest city of the U.S state of Hawaii, which is located in the Pacific Ocean. It is along the southeast coast of the island of Oahu, and is the westernmost and southernmost major U.S. city. It is a center of international business, hospitality, and military defense in both the state and Oceania. The city has a mix of various Asian Western, and Pacific cultures.

Temperatures change little throughout the months, with average high temperatures of 27-32 ℃ and average lows of 18-24 ℃ throughout the year. Honolulu has an average of 278 sunny days and 89.4 rainy days per year. The annual average (年均) rainfall is 17.10 inches, which mainly take place during the winter months of October through early April, with very little rainfall during the summer. However, both seasons experience a similar number of rainy days. Light showers occur in summer, while heavier rain falls during winter.

As the largest city and airport in the Hawaiian Islands, Honolulu acts as a natural gateway to the islands’ large tourism industry, which brings $10 billion annually and contributes (贡献) most to the local economy (经济). Honolulu’s location in the Pacific also makes it a large business and trading center. Other important aspects (方面) of the city’s income include military defense, research and development, and manufacturing.

Sunny beaches and a sky-blue sea coast make Honolulu a holiday paradise (天堂). Honolulu is not only a place of wonderful sights; it is also a shopping paradise. The world’s largest open-air shopping center, Ala Moana Shopping Center is located here, and many international brands and merchandise is represented here. However, it might take tourists lots of time to get there because of the traffic jam and the lack of subway system in Honolulu. Except from that, it is still worth visiting.

61. Honolulu is a city \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. for ski-lovers B. with mixed cultures C. of low temperatures D. in the center of Hawaii

62. Which picture probably shows the annual rainfall of Honolulu?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. |  | B. |  |
| C. |  | D. |  |

63. Which of the following is **NOT TRUE** about Honolulu according to Paragraph 3?

A. It has the largest airport in the United States. B. Its main income is from tourism industry.

C. Its location makes it a trading center. D. Its important income includes research.

64. Paragraph 4 mainly talks about the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of Honolulu.

A. economy B. tourism C. malls D. traffic

65. You might find the passage in which of the following magazines?

A. Business Week B. National Geographic C. Science News D. Music World

**第二节 阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的五个选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项，使短文通顺、连贯，意思完整。（每小题1分，满分5分）**

If you have planned a trip during summer holiday, certainly you will want to share some photos on WeChat. 66 Don’t worry! Here are some tips you can follow to take wonderful photos.

**Turn back and smile:**

While on the road, the moment you turn back with a smile is the most impressive. Just walk away from the camera and do a turn-back for the most natural effect. You can also pretend to hear your name called, tum back, and run your fingers through long hair. 67

**Look away from the camera.**

There are many ways for you to avoid looking at the camera. 68 Let the camera catch your side face. Looking down into the distance or looking out of the window is also a good choice. If there is nothing to see, you can also choose to close your eyes and enjoy this moment of quietness.

**69**

Are you a little shy when facing the camera? Taking a back view photo is a good choice, which can leave room for imagination and bring a different feeling as well.

**Take a seat.**

70 If there are good places to sit down, please do it! You can pose in a variety of positions with your arms and legs.

Taking the perfect photo takes time and practice. If you follow these simple tricks above, your photos will start coming out beautifully! Do not hesitate to go out with your friends and take more photos.

|  |
| --- |
| A. Take a back view photo.  B. Not every photo needs to have you stand.  C. But what if the photos are not as pretty as you expected?  D. This is a fantastic way to increase your beauty.  E. For example, you can look into the sky. |

**第二部分（非选择题）**

**Ⅴ. 情景交际根据情景提示，完成下列各题。（每小题2分，共10分）**

\* 得知因为疫情取消运动会，你会这样表示遗憾：

71. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

\* 你想告诉Linda上课不要睡觉，可以这样说：

72. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Linda.

\* 你想了解Jim多久去一次图书馆，你可以这么句：

73. Jim, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

\* 当朋友对你说“Thank you!”时，你可以这样回答：

74. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

\* 你想问附近有银行吗，可以这样问：

75. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**Ⅵ. 看图写话根据每小题所提供的图画情景和提示词，写出一个与图画情景相符的句子。（每小题2分，满分10分）**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |
| 76. (wait, now) | 77. (English, by) | 78. (school, everyday) |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |
| 79. (full) | 80. (good, health) |

**Ⅶ. 短文填词（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）**

**阅读下面短文，根据语境、音标或单词的提示，在每个空格内填入一个适当的单词，使短文意思完整、行文连贯.**

Can you imagine turning your school into a 81.\_\_\_\_\_\_? This is what students did at Zhengzhou Foreign Language School.

Under the “double reduction” policy (双减政策), students have many new clubs and after-school 82.\_\_\_\_\_\_ (activity). The Happy Farming Club is one of 83.\_\_\_\_\_\_ most popular clubs. “At first I thought I could just grow some vegetable here,” said Zhang Xin, a club member. “But it turned out that I also 84.\_\_\_\_\_\_ (learn) a lot about agriculture (农业) and biology.”

After studying crops (庄稼) like wheat and garlic, students got the chance to grow them. “My group tried 85.\_\_\_\_\_\_ (grow) leeks,” said Zhang. “We first put the roots (根) underground. Then we covered them with a thin layer of soil (土) 86.\_\_\_\_\_\_ watered them. After doing all these, we had a great sense of achievement. We hope the leeks can grow much 87.\_\_\_\_\_\_ (strong)!” Other groups grew 88.\_\_\_\_\_\_ /dɪfrənt/ things, such as wheat and spinach. To tell them apart, students set up boards 89.\_\_\_\_\_\_ the vegetables’ names on them. The school looks like a small pretty farm now.

“In the 38 years of our school’s history, we are the first to grow vegetables,” said Zhang. “This is really a 90.\_\_\_\_\_\_ /'speʃl/ experience!”

**Ⅷ. 书面表达（满分15分）**

2022年北京冬奥会的主题口号是“一起向未来”，它告诉我们全世界人民应该携手共创美好未来。假如你是九年级的学生代表，将要在初中毕业典礼上进行以“Let’s Work Together for a Better Future”为题的主题演讲。请你根据以下要点提示写一篇演讲稿，号召同学们提升综合素养，共创美好未来。

要点：1. 学习知识，掌握技能； 2. 健康饮食，加强锻炼；

3. 志愿服务，关心他人； 4.......

要求：1. 80词以上，开头已给出，不计入总词数内；

2. 文中不得出现真实姓名和校名；

3. 可适当增加细节，以使条理清楚、行文连贯。

**Let’s Work Together for a Better Future**

Dear fellow students,

The official motto of the 2022 Beijing Winter Olympics is “Together for a Shared Future”. It tells us the whole world should join hands and create a better future. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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