

# 2022 年中考模拟试题 (二)

## 英 语

本试卷共七大题。考试时间 120 分钟, 满分 120 分

### 注意事项:

1. 本考卷分试题卷和答题卡。请将答案填写在答题卡上, 在试题卷上作答无效。考试结束后, 将本试题卷和答题卡一并交回。
2. 选择题: 每小题选出答案后, 请用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的选项标号涂黑。
3. 非选择题: 请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答。

### 一、听力理解 (共 30 分)

#### (一) 听句子, 选图画。(每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

你将听到 5 个句子。请根据所听到的内容, 选出与句子内容相符的图画选项。每个句子读一遍。



A



B



C



D



E



F

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_

#### (二) 对话理解。(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

第一节: 听下面 5 段对话, 每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 每段对话仅读一遍。

6. What would Tom like to do this weekend?  
A. Go to the zoo. B. Go to the Water Park. C. Go to see a movie.
7. Where will the woman probably go next?  
A. To a supermarket. B. To a restaurant. C. To a school.
8. Who bought the dress?  
A. Kate herself. B. Kate's aunt. C. Dick's aunt.
9. What does the girl usually do to protect the environment?  
A. Go to school by bike. B. Collect litter in the park.  
C. Go shopping with a cloth bag.
10. When is it now?  
A. 2:30 p.m. B. 4:00 p.m. C. 4:30 p.m.

第二节: 听下面两段长对话或独白, 每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第一段长对话, 回答第 11 和第 12 小题。

11. What are Jason's hobbies?  
A. Playing tennis and playing football. B. Playing football and playing table tennis.  
C. Playing volleyball and swimming.
12. What can Kate do in the new after-school club?  
A. Watch cartoons. B. Make cartoons. C. Draw cartoons.

听第二段长对话, 回答第 13、第 14 和第 15 小题。

13. Why does Jack look upset?  
A. He had a cold. B. He failed a science test. C. He fought with his friend.

14. What's the relationship between the two speakers probably?  
 A. Doctor and patient. B. Wife and husband. C. Teacher and student.
15. What does Miss Smith suggest?  
 A. Don't give up. B. Don't stay up late. C. Don't copy homework.
- (三) 短文理解。(每小题2分, 共10分)  
 你将听到一篇短文。请根据所听到的短文内容, 选择正确的答案。短文读两遍
16. Where does Mr. Green work?  
 A. In a hospital. B. In a factory. C. In a school.
17. When did Mr. Green go back home on Bill's birthday?  
 A. 5:20. B. 5:40. C. 6:20.
18. What is Bill's hobby?  
 A. He likes playing basketball. B. He likes helping others.  
 C. He likes reading books.
19. Did Bill go to the bookstore?  
 A. Yes, he did. B. No, he didn't. C. We don't know.
20. What do you think of Bill from the story?  
 A. He is kind and helpful. B. He is kind and thankful. C. He is kind and funny.

(四) 听短文, 填信息。(每小题1分, 共5分)

你将听到一篇短文。请根据所听到的内容, 填入信息(每空一词)。短文读两遍。

How to Be a Good Student	
Take notes	▲ Put up your hand and ask questions if you can't _____ 26 _____ your teacher. ▲ Don't pass notes or talk to friends in class.
Do your homework _____ 27 _____	▲ Homework helps you _____ 28 _____ your lessons. ▲ Homework can help you have good habits.
Make good plans	▲ It's _____ 29 _____ to bring everything you need with you to class. ▲ Have a bag for each _____ 30 _____.
Read more	Reading makes you learn more words.

21. \_\_\_\_\_ 22. \_\_\_\_\_ 23. \_\_\_\_\_ 24. \_\_\_\_\_ 25. \_\_\_\_\_

## 二、语言知识运用(共20分)

(一) 单项选择(每小题1分, 共10分)

26. —Yuan Longping is called \_\_\_\_\_ father of hybrid rice and his \_\_\_\_\_ newest hybrid rice could feed millions of people.  
 —I think We won't forget grandpa Yuan forever.  
 A. a; the B. the; the C. a; / D. the; /
27. —Yuzuru Hanyu (羽生结弦) is always praised as a prince on ice.  
 —In fact, \_\_\_\_\_ was born good at all things excellent without enough practice.  
 A. everybody B. somebody C. nobody D. anybody
28. —Did you see the football match yesterday?  
 —Yes! I think it is \_\_\_\_\_ game that I have ever seen.  
 A. exciting B. more exciting C. most exciting D. the most exciting
29. —Amy, I called you yesterday evening, but nobody answered the phone.  
 —Oh, I \_\_\_\_\_ with my mother at that time.

- A. went shopping B. was taking a walk  
C. has been to a concert D. am talking a phone.
30. —Now live streaming (直播) is a fresh and cheap way to buy things online.  
—Yes, but \_\_\_\_\_ the sale is real.  
A. think of B. turn down C. look for D. make sure
31. —The 19th Asian Games \_\_\_\_\_ in Hangzhou on September 10th this year. I'm looking forward to it very much.  
—So am I.  
A. holds B. was held C. will be held D. will hold
32. —We are proud of the great changes \_\_\_\_\_ our country has had these years.  
—Yes, so many villages have taken on a new look.  
A. that B. what C. who D. where
33. —We seemed to meet our English teacher on the playground.  
—It \_\_\_\_\_ be her. Because I saw her enter the library just now.  
A. needn't B. mustn't C. can't D. shouldn't
34. —Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful football match and two basketball matches on July 15<sup>th</sup>?  
—Yeath. I am going to watch them on that day.  
A. there will be B. there will have C. there are D. there have
35. —Because of the double reduction policy (双减政策), it seems that we will have more free time. What's your plan for the May Day Holiday, Jim?  
—I haven't decided \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. where I could travel with my parents  
B. whether I should take a course online to improve my maths  
C. when will I volunteer at the home for the elderly  
D. that I will stay at home and read some books for fun

(二)完形填空(每小题1分,共10分)

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,从各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。



Classmates' laughter, parents' nagging (唠叨), beautiful music — we can hear all kinds of \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ every day. However, that wasn't the case with Jiang Mengnan.

At just 6 months old, Jiang lost her \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ after relatives gave her the wrong medicine. To understand others, Jiang learned to read lips and feel vocalization (发声) by putting her hands on her parents' throats and feeling the vibration (振动) of their vocal cords (声带) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ she was a kid.

It was a slow, hard process, but Jiang never \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_.

As she got older, Jiang entered a standard primary school to study. She said it was \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_ at first. During lessons, teachers would often turn their backs to students and walk around, so Jiang \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ to catch much of what they said. What she could do was to \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_ everything on the blackboard and study after class.

Her perseverance made her a very \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_ student. In 2011, she was admitted to Jilin University in Changchun, Jilin province. After graduating in 2018 with a master's degree, Jiang furthered \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_ studies in Tsinghua University.

Now, the 30-year-old is going to receive her doctorate at the end of this year. Feeling grateful for the respect and help that she received \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_ others, Jiang wants to continue scientific research in pharmacology (药理学) and contribute to solving problems relating to life and health.

36. A. music B. noise C. voice D. sounds  
37. A. hearing B. taste C. smell D. sight

- |                    |              |                   |               |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|
| 38. A. if          | B. because   | C. since          | D. when       |
| 39. A. gave in     | B. gave away | C. gave up        | D. gave off   |
| 40. A. interesting | B. difficult | C. important      | D. boring     |
| 41. A. decided     | B. depended  | C. failed         | D. succeeded  |
| 42. A. clean up    | B. copy down | C. remember about | D. talk about |
| 43. A. common      | B. wonderful | C. excellent      | D. normal     |
| 44. A. its         | B. their     | C. his            | D. her        |
| 45. A. from        | B. for       | C. of             | D. with       |

### 三、阅读理解 (共 30 分)

阅读下面 A、B、C、D 四篇短文, 根据短文内容, 从下列各小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳答案。(每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

#### A

During the two sessions (两会), Generation Z (people born 1995-2009) share their thoughts about China. Let's take a look.

People need to pay attention to the mental (心理) health of teenagers, especially during the "double reduction" policy. Some of my friends felt more and more stress from their parents' high expectations, as well as being compared with others. We really need help with stress.

—Zhang Kexin, 14, from Beijing

My school sets up many clubs in our after-school classes to help students understand the importance of traditional culture. I join a paper-cutting workshop and a hanfu club. Take paper-cutting as an example. It has not only helped me practice my handcraft skills but also let me know the beauty of art.

—Zhao Yan, Junior 2, from Liaoning

It's important for China to build "national fitness". I love jumping and playing ping-pong. Doing exercise gives me energy and makes me feel happy. However, some students are too busy with studies to do any exercise. We should do more exercise to build our body. Only strong people can build a strong nation.

—Yin Peixin, 11, from Wuhan

46. Zhang Kexin set her eyes on \_\_\_\_\_ during the two sessions.
- A. after-school classes      B. national fitness  
C. mental health of teenagers      D. traditional culture
47. According to the text, which of the following is Yin Peixin's opinion?
- A. Students should do more sports to build their body.  
B. It's important to know more about "double reduction".  
C. Generation Z should study hard to build a strong nation.  
D. We should ask students being busy with studies to join clubs.
48. The text most probably comes from the \_\_\_\_\_ column (栏目) of a magazine.
- A. Language World      B. Your Voice  
C. Story Garden      D. Technology Square

#### B

The year 2022 will be a big year for sports in China, for it will hold not only the 24th Winter Olympics in Beijing, but also the 19th Asian Games (亚运会) in Hangzhou.

On August 6th, 2018, the official emblem (会徽) for the Hangzhou Asian Games came out. The city won the hosting rights for the 2022 Asian Games in 2015. It will be the third Chinese city to host the Asian Games after Beijing and Guangzhou in 1990 and 2010.

First held in 1951, the Asian Games is the largest multi-sport event in Asia. It also means a lot to China.



The Beijing Asian Games was the first large international sports event hosted by China. To make the Games a great success, Chinese people worked hard to prepare. Beijing built a great number of roads and stadiums (体育馆), including the famous Beijing Olympic Sports Centre and Asian Games Village. The Games helped the world see China and its achievements. Since then, China has improved its global image.

For the upcoming 2022 Asian Games, Hangzhou has already started building 33 sports venues(场所). The themes for the Hangzhou Asian Games are“ green, smart, economical (节俭) and civilized (文明)”. All the Games' buildings will be environmentally friendly.

49. According to the second paragraph, China \_\_\_\_\_ in 2015.
- A. hosted the Beijing and Guangzhou Asian Games
  - B. had two cities for the international sports events
  - C. won the hosting rights for the 2022 Asian Games
  - D. told people the emblem for the 2022 Asian Games
50. Which of the following is NOT true about the Beijing Asian Games?
- A. China held it in 1990 for the first time.
  - B. Beijing built lots of roads and stadiums for it.
  - C. It helped the world know China better.
  - D. It was China's first large international sports event.
51. What can we infer (推断) from the last paragraph?
- A. Hangzhou is the best place to hold the Asian Games.
  - B. A large number of tourists will visit Hangzhou in 2022.
  - C. More and more people will live and work in Hangzhou.
  - D. The 2022 Asian Games will care a lot about the environment.
52. What is the main idea of the passage?
- A. How to prepare for the 2022 Asian Games.
  - B. The history of the Asian Games in China.
  - C. Why China wants to host the Asian Games.
  - D. How to design the Asian Games emblem.

C



“I don't think about winning or losing during the competition. I just do my best, and the rewards (奖励) come naturally,” Gu Ailing, freeskier from Chinese Winter Olympic team, said in an interview.

When I had this interview with Gu in 2021, the young skier had just achieved record-breaking wins for two gold medals at the world championships in Aspen, US. But what impressed me most was how she treated her great achievements. While many people consider Gu talented, she believes she is just one of the many sports lovers, who, with such pure passion (纯净的热情), could overcome any obstacles or setbacks and enjoy doing what they love.

Her words struck a chord (引起共鸣) with me. As a young journalist covering the youth of today, I have written thousands of reports, digging up inspirational stories of Gen Zers who are born between 1995 and 2010. I also look for different ways to make their stories known by more people. For example, I have made videos on hot topics while also writing articles.

My efforts have reaped (收获) fruits. On April 15, I was awarded as a national outstanding member of the Communist Youth League of China (中国共青团).

I am so honored, but what makes me more thrilled is that some of my interviewees are also on the list. We are all exploring different career paths, but we share the same attitude toward our passions like Gu. This award, I believe, is for the spirit of Chinese young people.

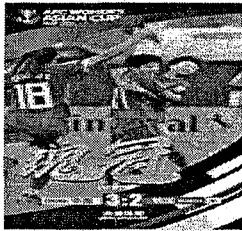
For example, the awardees from the Sanxingdui Museum have a passion to bring the 3,000-year-old Sanxingdui relics back to life and reveal a magnificent civilization in history. In October 2021, I went to the museum and interviewed two young restorers (修复师) there.

Through working with them I got to know that restoration is a long process, and they might repeat one single action carefully every day for several months. “We are doing ordinary things and we just do our best,” said one of the restorers.

I believe similar situations can be found in the story of every awardee. Just as the lyrics of the popular song Lonely Warrior (《孤勇者》) go, “who said heroes can’t be ordinary souls?” We are all ordinary people doing our best for our passions, and together we can make extraordinary achievements.

53. From the article we know the writer is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. a worker                      B. a reporter                      C. a teacher                      D. a player
54. Why does the writer mention Gu Ailing at the beginning of the article?  
 A. Because we can see the common spirit of the youth of today from her. It leads in the topic.  
 B. Because Gu Ailing is a national outstanding member of CYLC.  
 C. Because Gu Ailing is an outstanding player.  
 D. Because the writer interviewed Gu Ailing many times.
55. The writer mentioned two young restorers in order to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. praise them                      B. respect them  
 C. further introduce the spirit of the Chinese youth  
 D. introduce more good people and things
56. What are their common spirits of the Chinese youth of today from the text?  
 A. Loving writing and making extraordinary achievements.  
 B. Being ordinary souls but loving being famous.  
 C. Being talented and making great achievements  
 D. Loving their work and working hard.

D



People do not often think about the women’s national team when it comes to Chinese football. That was until the ladies completed an amazing second-half comeback in the final of the 2022 AFC Women’s Asian Cup on February 6.

The ladies were playing against South Korea. The halftime score (2-0) came as a big disappointment. However, the Chinese ladies on the field didn’t lose heart. Instead, they fought back. In the second half of the match, Tang Jiali, Zhang Linyan and Xiao Yuyi each scored a goal

and beat South Korea 3-2.

Their final win sent the team to the headlines of almost every newspaper in China. But it’s hard to say how long this spotlight (聚光灯) will last. Will people continue to care about these female (女) players and the successors who come after in the years to come? There has long been a belief that football is only for boys. Pu Wei, now retired (退休), is one of the best female footballers in Chinese history. When she was a little girl, her father wanted her to become a dancer or a pianist. He could hardly imagine his little girl chasing after a ball. Pu had to fool her father into believing that she was just going jogging (慢跑) when, in fact, she was going to play football. Many female footballers had similar experiences when they were young.

Apart from the absence of support and attention, female footballers face many other challenges. They are, for example, often paid much less than male footballers. In terms of income (收入), none of the top ten international footballers is a female.

When we congratulate the female footballers on their historic win, we shouldn’t forget all of the difficulties they have bravely overcome to get where they are today. The next time you talk about Chinese national football, be sure to mention the team that has won the Asian Cup. The girls deserve (值得) more of our attention and support.

57. According to the passage, to complete the second-half comeback was \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. surprising                      B. lucky                      C. impossible                      D. uneasy

58. What do we know about the final from the passage?  
 A. Chinese ladies lost two scores on purpose.  
 B. The coach was very disappointed at first.  
 C. Chinese female footballers never backed away.  
 D. The final win made the ladies appear on every newspaper.
59. The underlined word "successors" in Paragraph Three probably refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. 教练 B. 继承者 C. 支持者 D. 足球迷
60. We can infer that the writer's writing purpose is to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. make football more popular B. voice for women's rights  
 C. collect more football followers D. draw attention to women's football

四、情景交际 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

从方框选择恰当的句子补全下面对话。(其中有两项是多余的选项)

W: Hi, David! \_\_\_\_\_ 61 \_\_\_\_\_

M: My April Fool's Day was terrible. One of my friends invited me to a mask party.

W: \_\_\_\_\_ 62 \_\_\_\_\_ Why did you say it was terrible?

M: Well, after I received the invitation, I went to the party on time. \_\_\_\_\_ 63 \_\_\_\_\_

W: Oh, I see. That was really terrible. I was so tired on April Fool's Day.

M: \_\_\_\_\_ 64 \_\_\_\_\_

W: My friend told me that we would have a math test the next day. \_\_\_\_\_ 65 \_\_\_\_\_

M: What happened next?

W: Then the next day I found she fooled me. We didn't have a test.

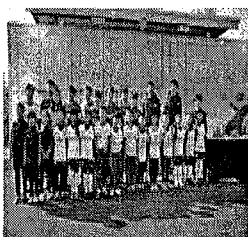
M: Haha! We both had a real April Fool's Day.

- A. That sounds good.  
 B. How was your April Fool's Day?  
 C. But by the time I got there, I realized I had been fooled because I was the only one who was wearing a mask.  
 D. Oh, that'll be very helpful.  
 E. I studied the whole night and was tired out.  
 F. That's really terrible.  
 G. What's wrong with you?

61. \_\_\_\_\_ 62. \_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_ 64. \_\_\_\_\_ 65. \_\_\_\_\_

五、语法填空 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。



A group of boys from a primary school soccer team in Anshun, Guizhou Province, are doing daily training on the playground.

The team \_\_\_\_\_ 66 \_\_\_\_\_ (make) by their P. E. teacher Mr. Zeng. And their headmaster Mr. Xiong also supported a lot. \_\_\_\_\_ 67 \_\_\_\_\_ the members practice 2 hours every day, playing soccer does not influence their studies or farm work.

Most of these boys' parents work in big cities far \_\_\_\_\_ 68 \_\_\_\_\_ the village. In the past, they were afraid of showing \_\_\_\_\_ 69 \_\_\_\_\_ (they) in public, but now through soccer, they have become outgoing, active and brave. And their skills in soccer \_\_\_\_\_ 70 \_\_\_\_\_ (improve) rapidly by working hard. In a short time, they have beaten the other teams from nearby schools in the city.

To open their minds, Mr. Xiong encouraged them to join in a "Who's the King" \_\_\_\_\_ 71 \_\_\_\_\_ (nation) soccer game. They did not play well at the \_\_\_\_\_ 72 \_\_\_\_\_ (begin). However, with their physical advantages they controlled the game. Unluckily, they were short of experience in such competitions, so they finally lost 1-0.

Later, after Mr. Zeng moved to another school, Miss Yu took his place. The young teacher

73. \_\_\_\_\_ was born in 1985 volunteered to teach there. She is their soccer coach and also teaches them English, math and other subjects. To her surprise, these village boys are not like what she thought. She says that every time the team travels to another city 74. \_\_\_\_\_ (take) part in a soccer game, the kids are just very confident in themselves.

Soccer gives these kids a chance to see the wonderful things of the outside world. And it makes them 75. (strong) believe that they would go beyond (在另一边) the mountains one day. They will achieve their dreams.

66. \_\_\_\_\_ 67. \_\_\_\_\_ 68. \_\_\_\_\_ 69. \_\_\_\_\_ 70. \_\_\_\_\_  
71. \_\_\_\_\_ 72. \_\_\_\_\_ 73. \_\_\_\_\_ 74. \_\_\_\_\_ 75. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 六、短文改错 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

此题要求改正所给短文中的错误。对标有题号的每一行做出判断: 如无错误, 在该行右边横线上画一个勾 (✓); 如有错误 (每行只有一个错误), 则按下列情况改正:

此行多一个词: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉, 在该行右边横线上写出该词, 并用斜线划掉。

此行缺一个词: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (∧), 在该行右边横线上写出该加的词。

此行错一个词: 在错的词下划一横线, 在该行右边横线上写出改正后的词。

注意: 原行没有错的不要改。

On Feb. 24, 18-year-old Su Yiming received very special letter from President Xi Jinping. He 76. \_\_\_\_\_ couldn't believe it at first. What excited he was! In the letter, President Xi congratulated Su and other 77. \_\_\_\_\_ player on their wonderful achievements at the Beijing Winter Olympics. Su still remembered Xi's 78. \_\_\_\_\_ visit to the National Winter Sports Training Center in Beijing in 2019. President Xi Jinping hoped 79. \_\_\_\_\_ that young Chinese people should always keep the motherland in their hearts but stay grounded (脚踏 80. \_\_\_\_\_ 实地的). Su Yiming was moved by Xi's encouragement. He decided to believe in him. He knew 81. \_\_\_\_\_ he must give his all to realize his dream. After Su Yiming won the gold medal, he couldn't stop write 82. \_\_\_\_\_ a letter to President Xi. He real wanted to thank President Xi Jinping from the bottom of his heart. 83. \_\_\_\_\_ In his letter to Xi, Su said he would work even hard and serve the nation better in the future. Let's 84. \_\_\_\_\_ learn from to Su Yiming who is Olympic snowboarding (单板滑雪) gold medalist (奖牌得主). 85. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 七、书面表达 (共 15 分)

国家已经将劳动教育 (Labor Education) 纳入了中小学国家课程。为此, 你的学校对全校学生进行了一次调查, 内容是关于即将到来的暑假期间学生开展的社会实践活动 (以劳动为主题)。请根据以下内容提要中的调查结果和要求, 完成这篇调查报告。

内容提要:

1. 60% 的学生对参加社会实践活动 (social practice activities) 很感兴趣。他们打算打扫街道和公园, 让我们的城市变得更美。
2. 40% 的学生计划帮他们的父母做家务。例如, 帮忙倒垃圾、浇花或者打扫房间等。
3. 至于你, 想学一些基本的生活技能, 如学会做早餐、煮饭或者做一道菜等。
4. 开展劳动教育让校园生活更加多彩和有意义; 我们越早学会独立, 我们的未来会更好。
5. 你对开展劳动教育的感受。

参考词汇: (仅供参考) 1. be interested in 2. do housework 3. life skills 4. cook a dish  
5. independent

要求: 1. 条理清楚, 语言通畅。

2. 短文应包括以上要点, 可适当发挥。

3. 词数不少于 80 词。文章开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

4. 文中不得出现考生真实的姓名、地点和所在的学校名称。

Our school did a survey among the students about our plans for social practice activities during summer vacation. Here are the results.

Now, I'm looking forward to the coming vacation.