

2022 年襄阳市初中毕业生学业水平考试 英语试题

(本试题卷共 8 页, 满分 105 分, 考试时间 110 分钟)

★ 祝 考 试 顺 利 ★

注意事项:

1. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在试题卷和答题卡上, 并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上指定位置。
2. 选择题每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔将答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑, 如需改动用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其它答案标号, 答在试题卷上无效。
3. 非选择题(主观题)用 0.5 毫米的黑色签字笔直接答在答题卡上每题对应的答题区域内, 超出答题区域或答在试题卷上的答案无效。
4. 考试结束后, 请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

选择题(共 70 分)

一、听力测试(本大题共 25 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 25 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后再将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节

下面你将听到 5 段短对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话只读一遍。

1. Who is the girl?
A. Mary's friend. B. Mary's sister. C. Mary's cousin.
2. Where did Bob plant trees?
A. Along the Xiangshui River. B. In the Xiangyang Park.
C. Near the Xianshan Square.
3. What's Frank doing now?
A. Doing the dishes. B. Reading a book. C. Having an online class.
4. Why does Mike become stronger?
A. He runs. B. He dances. C. He swims.
5. How often does Cindy practice singing?
A. Hardly ever. B. Once a week. C. Every day.

第二节

下面你将听到 6 段长对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出一个与你所听到的对话或独白内容相符的问题的答案。听每段对话或独白前, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间阅读有关小题; 听完后, 每小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第一段材料, 回答第 6 至 8 小题。

6. What kind of noodles would the man like?
A. Pork noodles. B. Beef noodles. C. Mutton noodles.
7. How much does the man pay in total?
A. 16 yuan. B. 17 yuan. C. 18 yuan.

8. How soon will the food be ready?
A. In 1 minute. B. In 2 minutes. C. In 3 minutes.
听第二段材料, 回答第 9 至 11 小题。
9. What time is He Wei going to the library?
A. At 2:00. B. At 3:00. C. At 4:00.
10. What can they do while reading?
A. Drink coffee. B. Eat dinner. C. Play cards.
11. How are they going to the library?
A. On foot. B. By bus. C. By bike.
听第三段材料, 回答第 12 至 14 小题。
12. How is the weather today?
A. Rainy. B. Snowy. C. Sunny.
13. Why do many people drink tea?
A. It's delicious. B. It's easy to buy.
C. It's good for our health.
14. Whom will they ask to join them?
A. Their teachers. B. Their classmates. C. Their parents.
听第四段材料, 回答第 15 至 17 小题。
15. When is the party?
A. In the morning. B. In the afternoon. C. In the evening.
16. How long has Dave learned Chinese?
A. About 5 years. B. About 4 years. C. About 3 years.
17. What does Dave like best?
A. Ancient Chinese novels. B. Ancient Chinese paintings.
C. Ancient Chinese poems.
听第五段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 小题。
18. Why does Zhang Wei like Wang Yaping's class?
A. She explains things clearly. B. She shows many experiments(实验).
C. She works really hard.
19. What's the purpose of Tiangong classes?
A. To teach difficult subjects in space.
B. To show students how to live in space.
C. To spread knowledge for space and love for science.
20. How does Zhang Wei feel?
A. Proud. B. Glad. C. Surprised.
听第六段材料, 回答第 21 至 25 小题。
21. Why would people like to visit beautiful villages?
A. They haven't been there. B. They don't like living in the city.
C. They want to experience the country life.
22. Where is Yao'an Village?
A. In the east of Xiangyang City. B. In the west of Xiangyang City.
C. In the south of Xiangyang City.
23. Which season is the best time to visit Yinghe Village?
A. Spring. B. Summer. C. Autumn.
24. What's on the walls of the villagers' houses in Yinghe Village?
A. Some flowers. B. Some pictures. C. Some stones.
25. What is Qianwan Village famous for?
A. The old buildings. B. The clean river. C. The fresh air.

二、选择填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

从每小题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

26. ---Primary school students will have the cooking course.
---That _____ great. Cooking is a necessary life skill.
A. looks B. tastes C. smells D. sounds
27. ---Let's _____ these two leaves! Can you tell the differences?
---Their shapes look the same, but their sizes are a little different.
A. compare B. compete C. cancel D. control
28. ---I saw your hands shaking when you spoke on the 100th birthday of CYL(共青团).
---As a new member, I felt very _____.
A. surprised B. relaxed C. excited D. interested
29. ---Have you ever watched Xiangyang Flower-Drum Opera?
---No, never. Perhaps it should be introduced _____ to young people.
A. heavily B. cheaply C. widely D. nearly
30. ---Do you enjoy the dance show *Tang Gong Ye Yan* of Henan TV?
---Sure. Many young people _____ understanding traditional Chinese culture.
A. are hard on B. are thirsty for C. are thankful to D. are known as
31. ---River dolphins(豚) that we haven't seen for years appear in the Yangtze River.
---I think it's the _____ of 10-year fishing ban(禁令). It really works.
A. result B. relief C. regret D. resolution
32. ---It's reported that Chinese researchers climbed to the top of Qomolangma on May 4th.
---Yes. And they also _____ the world's highest weather station.
A. took up B. gave up C. set up D. used up
33. ---We need some volunteers to help the old people in our neighborhood.
---Can I have a try? I have rich experience in _____ the old.
A. looking for B. waiting for C. asking for D. caring for
34. ---Which do you like better, math or physics?
---Both of them are my favorite subjects. I think math is as _____ as physics.
A. interesting B. more interesting C. less interesting D. most interesting
35. ---Excuse me, I wonder _____.
---It should be classified(分类) first and then thrown into different bins.
A. where can I throw the rubbish B. how I deal with the rubbish
C. if I needed to throw the rubbish here D. what should I do with the rubbish

三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面的短文, 根据短文内容从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 使短文意思完整、句子通顺, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Ouyang Honghong, a fireman in Nanjing, walks his 15-year-old dog named Bingjie at the hill. Bingjie, a black-and-white dog, is 36 as a hero as it once helped save 13 lives in the earthquake that hit Wenchuan County of Sichuan Province in 2008. 37 Bingjie can no longer take part in rescue(救援) with Ouyang, it still waits for his orders. Its eyes are always on him while the trainer trains 38 young search and rescue dogs.

Bingjie's training and work from the early years have left many 39 on its body. "It has poor hearing ability and even has difficulty eating food." said Ouyang. Bingjie and Ouyang became partners in 2007 during a dog training course. They finished difficult tasks together 40 earthquakes and snowstorms.

"No matter how 41 the task was, Bingjie never thought about itself." said Ouyang. "When we 42 a local kindergarten(幼儿园), Bingjie 43 rushed to the building that had fallen down and started barking(吠) at a corner." said Ouyang. "Then we 44 Bingjie to the corner and heard a child's cry for help."

“It is 15 years old. I have spent more time with Bingjie than with my family. For me, it is both my friend and my family,” Ouyang said, “Sometimes, it acts like a cute child 45 me to play a ball, but keeps the ball in its mouth on purpose. Then we play happily.”


















“I just want to spend time with it every day, while it is alive,” said Ouyang.

36. A. regarded B. repeated C. repaired D. reviewed
37. A. So B. Though C. Unless D. Before
38. A. other B. others C. another D. any other
39. A. marks B. letters C. answers D. wounds
40. A. as for B. after all C. such as D. for example
41. A. popular B. dangerous C. enjoyable D. comfortable
42. A. got B. arrived C. reached D. returned
43. A. loudly B. quietly C. politely D. bravely
44. A. forced B. treated C. followed D. prevented
45. A. sending B. inviting C. collecting D. developing

四、阅读理解（本大题共两节，满分 25 分）
第一节（共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 20 分）

阅读下面三篇材料，根据材料内容从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Willow Branches(柳枝) at the Olympics Closing Ceremony	Comments(评论) Chosen from Weibo
<div></div> <p>In ancient China, when relatives or friends said goodbye, people often broke willow branches down and gave them to those who would leave, and hoped they would come back. In Chinese, “willow” has the similar pronunciation to a Chinese word “留”, which means asking a person to stay. It’s not “goodbye” but “see you again soon”.</p> <p>At Beijing Winter Olympics Closing Ceremony, the whole world enjoyed an amazing performance. The performers perfectly acted with the LED floor to show the picture of willow branches. It showed the strong feelings of a sad but sweet goodbye. 365 people holding willow branches were in the center of the Bird’s Nest, showing the missing of 365 days. It fully showed the theme of “One World, One World”.</p>	<div><div>Little Little Star reply @ Olympics3 hours</div><p>The story of the willow is moving. I don’t want to say goodbye. See you again!</p><div> 119 227 520</div></div> <div><div>Johnney Dean reply @ Olympics2 hours</div><p>So moving! I cried at least 10 times watching the closing ceremony</p><div> 44 58 238</div></div> <div><div>Run Forever reply @ Olympics2 hours</div><p>We watched the closing ceremony live. Amazing and moving tradition. The best one!</p><div> 53 220 322</div></div> <div><div>Windy Boy reply @ Olympics1 hour</div><p>I want to give you a hug. A moving tradition about willow branches.</p><div> 92 128 133</div></div>

46. From the passage, the travelling people in ancient China would get _____ as a gift.
A. hugs B. willow branches C. flowers D. red lanterns
47. According to the comments, lots of people think the performance is _____.
A. common B. moving C. convenient D. lively
48. Which of the following **isn't mentioned** in the passage?
A. When the performers were trained.
B. Where the closing ceremony was held.
C. What the performance wanted to show us.
D. How Chinese showed their feelings at the closing ceremony.

B

A famous person once said, “We live much happier lives when we are generous(慷慨的) in as many ways as possible.”

I love persimmons(柿子). A few years ago, ready to fly from San Francisco to Boston, I packed two persimmons, one of which I ate in the waiting room. A lady asked me from which store in the airport the fruit was bought. She looked a bit disappointed hearing that it couldn't be bought from any store in this airport. I thought to myself, “I can give the second persimmon away.” When I offered her the fruit, at first she refused, but when I insisted(坚持), she became glad and accepted. I felt happy to make someone else happy, and I thought it was the end of the story.

Sometime during the flight, the lady met me in the aisle(过道) and thanked me again. She shared that she had grown up in Russia, where there was a persimmon tree in the yard of her childhood home. She now lived in Boston, where she hadn't been able to find the fruit. The taste of the persimmon was valuable to her, reconnecting her with memories of her family.

Only then did the tiny act make a difference to me. As a famous saying goes, “**▲**” The taste of the persimmon that I offered to the lady gives me more joy than all the ones I have eaten.

49. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the passage?
A. The persimmons are very expensive.
B. The persimmons can be bought everywhere.
C. The lady can hardly find persimmons in Boston.
D. The lady knew where to buy persimmons at the airport.
50. The lady thanked the writer twice because _____.
A. the persimmon was very delicious
B. she could eat a persimmon for free
C. the persimmon reminded her of her childhood memories
D. she wanted to have a talk with the writer about her family
51. Which of the following sayings can be the best choice for “**▲**” ?
A. Giving is receiving. B. Use it or lose it.
C. One tree can't make a forest. D. It's a piece of cake.

C

When Yang Fan was taking a walk around the Yuliang Island, she saw a black swan(天鹅) in the grass. Yang Fan knew that swans could be fierce(凶猛的). But as she got close to this one, it didn't move.

She was sure that the swan needed help. So Yang covered the bird's head with her jacket to keep it cool, picked it up carefully, and held it in her arms. She decided to send it to the Animal Care Center, but the center was across the Han River, far from the park. She didn't know how to carry the swan there. Luckily, some strangers driving by gave her and the swan a lift to a nearby bus stop.

On the bus, no one seemed surprised by "the unusual passenger". Instead they were worried. Someone helped Yang Fan call the center on the way. And Li Tao, an animal-care manager, picked her up at the bus stop and drove them to the center. There, the animal doctors found that the swan **was poisoned**, caused by eating something used to kill mice. The swan was well looked after at the center. She even made a friend—a little dog. Thanks to people's love and care, luckily, she was cured(治愈) two months later.

"It's a moving story. Yang Fan travelled about two hours and it was really a long way." says Li Tao. "And all the strangers wanted to give her and the swan a hand." He adds, "I am happy to see that more and more people have realized the importance of protecting the wild life since Xiangyang began to build the civilized(文明) city."

52. Which is the correct order of the things that happened to the swan?

- ① She was found by Yang Fan. ② She ate something wrong. ③ She was cured.
④ She made friends with a dog. ⑤ She was sent to the Animal Care Center.
A. ①②⑤③④ B. ①⑤②④③ C. ②①⑤④③ D. ⑤②①③④

53. What does the underlined phrase "**was poisoned**" mean in Paragraph 3?

- A. 困住 B. 中毒 C. 射伤 D. 掉队

54. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Yang Fan didn't try her best to save the swan.
B. The swan could be helped in a much better way.
C. Li Tao cared more about the swan than Yang Fan.
D. People went out of their way to protect the wild life.

55. What's the best title for this passage?

- A. Ways to Protect the Animals B. More Animal Care Centers Are Needed
C. A Swan Meets a City Full of Love D. Efforts the Animal Doctors Have Made

第二节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。(选项中有一项为多余选项)

Do you want to celebrate your birthday in space? It would be very different from what you might do on earth. For example, your birthday cake would be flying. The candles could not be lit because astronauts cannot start a fire in the spaceship. 56. ▲ Voices are almost the only things that are not changed by being weightless, which means that everything has almost no weight in space.

Some astronauts feel sick for the first few days in space. Some feel as if they have a cold all the time. That's because without gravity(引力), the fluids(液体) in their bodies move towards their heads. Their faces look a little fatter. 57. ▲

And because gravity is not pressing on the spine(脊椎). The spine relaxes and stretches(舒展). 58. ▲ But when they come back on earth, they shrink(收缩) to their regular height.

Since nothing has weight, astronauts can lift heavy objects easily. 59. _____▲
However, it is harder to stay still in space than to move around, so the astronauts always hold onto something or tie themselves to something. 60. _____▲

非选择题（主观题）（共 35 分）

五、语法填空（本大题共 10 个空，每空 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面的短文，在短文空白处填入一个适当的单词或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式，使短文的意思完整。并将所填答案填写在答题卡相应题号的横线上。

We can find Chinese people growing vegetables tirelessly in every corner of the world. When the Chinese move into a house in ____61____ foreign country, they always grow vegetables in the garden. Even at the frozen South Pole(南极), there's a "vegetable greenhouse" built up by the members of Zhongshan Scientific Research Station, which ____62____(true) provides enough vegetables. Such a difficult situation cannot stop those ____63____(science) love for vegetable growing.

Although more cheap and fresh vegetables ____64____(place) on the shelves of supermarkets, the Chinese people's love for growing vegetables themselves never goes away. Besides, some people even build virtual(虚拟的) farms in smart phones to get the ____65____(please) of growing vegetables.

Why do many Chinese grow vegetables in both daily lives and the virtual world?

Such love comes from the Chinese history. ____66____(fill) their stomachs, Chinese people have formed a tradition of hard work. In China's culture, working hard solves the stomach problem ____67____ studying satisfies the hunger for knowledge.

And now, smarter technologies are used for growing vegetables. Even in the outer space, Chinese astronaut Jing Haipeng showed how he grew vegetables in ____68____(special) laboratory of all, Tiangong-2 sp

六、完成句子（本大题共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

第一节（共 2 小题，每小题 2 分，每空 0.5 分，满分 4 分）

根据汉语提示完成句子，一空限填一词，并将所填答案填写在答题卡相应题号的横线上。

71. 如果你尝试冰雪运动，你会玩得很开心。

If you try ice and snow sports, you will _____.

72. 昨晚当你给我打电话时我正在听音乐。

I _____ when you called me last night.

第二节（共 3 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 6 分）

根据句中汉语提示，用句末括号内的英语单词完成句子，并将所填答案填写在答题卡相应题号的横线上。

73. ---The government _____ (已经告诫人们不要轻易相信) what they hear when they meet the Telecom fraud(电信诈骗) already. (warn)

---And we can also download National Anti-Fraud(反诈) Center APP.

74. ---The three astronauts of Shenzhou XIV have been sent into space successfully.

---What an inspiration to us all! And it's reported that _____ (这座空间站将由中国独立完成). (complete)

75. ---Our homework has changed this term, and we _____ (更喜欢做老师们准备的有创意的作业来提升自己). (prefer)

---Yes, it's also a challenge for the teachers.

七、书面表达（本大题满分 15 分）

“双减”政策实施以来，同学们有了更多的课余时间参与自己感兴趣的活动，你一定也和同学们共同参与、合作完成过一些活动吧。尤其在冬奥会成功举办之后，“一起向未来”（Together for a shared future!）的理念更是深入人心。请结合你的特长或爱好，根据以下要点提示，用英语写一篇短文，谈谈你与同伴共同参与、合作完成的一次活动。

1. 要点提示：

- (1) 简要介绍你的特长或爱好；
- (2) 详述你发挥特长或展示爱好，与同伴共同完成本次活动的过程；
- (3) 简述你参加活动的感受。

2. 注意事项：

- (1) 词数 90 左右；
- (2) 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；
- (3) 作文中不能出现真实姓名和学校名称。
