**2021/2022学年度第二学期期中质量检测试卷**

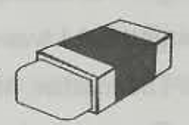
**九年级英语**

**试卷分值：120分 考试时间：120分**

**第I卷（选择题）(共85分）**

**一、听力部分（**本题共计20小题，每题1分，共20分**）**

第一节：听下面5个句子，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出与所听句子内容相关的图画。听完每个句子后，你将有5秒钟的作答时间。每个句子听两遍。

1. A.  B.  C. 

2. A.  B.  C. 

3. A.  B.  C. ****

4. A.  B.  C. 

5. A.  B.  C. 

第二节：听下面5个句子，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出与所听句子内容相符的正确答语。听完每个句子后，你将有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每个句子听两遍。

6. A. He’s hard-working. B. He’s from Germany. C. He’s 14 years old.

7. A. No, I don’t. B. Yes. Here it is. C. That sounds great.

8. A. Thanks a lot. B. I’lI try my best. C. Oh, what a shame！

9. A. At about 7:00 a. m. B. For three years. C. Twice a month.

10. A. OK. I will. B. Don’t mention it. C. How careless you are!

第三节：听下面5段对话，每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你将有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话听两遍。

11. When does Mark usually get up?

A. At 6:20 B. At 6:30. C. At 6:40.

12. What will the girl do this Saturday?

A. Do her schoolwork B. Go camping in the forest. C. Visit a history museum.

13. Where did Jeff’s new classmates use to live?

A. In a small village. B In a small town. C. In a big city.

14. How can the boy study Chinese?

A. By reading Chinese poems. B. By listening to Chinese folk stories. C. By watching Chinese talk shows.

15. What’s the possible relationship between the two speakers?

A. Mother and son. B. Teacher and student. C. Customer and waiter.

第四节：听下面2段对话或独白，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。

听第1段材料，回答第16、17小题。

16. How long has Mary been in the school music club?

A. Two years. B. Two months. C. Four years.

17. What can the boy do in the club?

A. Sing some songs. B. Play the drums. C. Play the *erhu.*

听第2段材料，回答第18~20小题。

18. Why couldn’t the emperor sleep?

A. Because he got hurt in a war. B.Because he was afraid of lions. C. Because he used to have bad dreams.

19. What did the emperor show the guards?

A. How to celebrate New Year. B. How to dance like the lion. C. How to catch the lion.

20. What is the passage mainly about?

A. The lion dance. B. Chinese New Year. C. The emperor’s dreams.

**二、单选题**（本题共计20小题， 每小题1分，共20分）

21．Mr. Brown is used to playing \_\_\_\_\_\_ chess with \_\_\_\_\_\_ old every morning.

A．/, the B．the, / C．/, / D．the, a

22．— I saw Mr. Li in his office just now.

— No, it \_\_\_\_\_\_ be him. He has \_\_\_\_\_\_ Guangzhou and will be back in two days.

A．mustn’t；gone to B．mustn’t；been to C．can’t；been to D．can’t；gone to

23．A true friend is a person \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reaches for your hand and touches your heart.

A．whom B．whose C．who D．which

24．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you practice every day, you won’t make any progress.

A．Although B．Unless C．If D．Since

25．Mary is flying to France soon. She will arrive \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Paris \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the morning of July 2nd.

A．to; on B．at; on C．in; in D．in; on

26．She used to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ very late, but now she is used to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ early.

A．get up, getting up B．get up, get up C．getting up, get up D．getting up, getting up

27．—Excuse me. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? —Sorry. I don’t know the way.

A．when shall we meet at the Kongtong Mountain B．where the Kongtong Mountain is

C．why the Kongtong Mountain is so popular D．whom will you go to the Kongtong Mountain

28．The old man lives \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but he doesn’t feel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．lonely; alone B．alone; alone C．alone; lonely D．lonely; lonely

29．It’s not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to talk with your mouth full.

A．boring B．polite C．terrible D．sleepy

30．It is not always necessary to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ new words in the dictionary while reading.

A．look up B．look at C．look for D．look around

31．There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a football match the day after tomorrow.

A. is going to have B. will have C. is going to be D. will is

32．— China’s women’s soccer team won a ticket to the Tokyo Olympics.

— Wow! \_\_\_\_\_\_ great they are! We are proud \_\_\_\_\_\_ them.

A．How; of B．How; in C．What; of D．What; in

33．The glass bridge in Shijiazhuang is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_than any other one in China.

A．long B．the longest C．longest D．longer

34．—I want to buy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for my grandpa to make him happy. —That’s a good idea.

A．something special B．special something C．anything special D．special anything

35．—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_   have you kept this book? —For two months.

A．How soon B．How old C．How long D．How often

36．The little girl enjoys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_English every morning.

A. practicing speaking B. to practice speaking

C. practicing to speak D. to practice to speak

37．Can you do the work well with \_\_\_\_\_\_ time and \_\_\_\_\_\_ people?

A．less; few B．few; little C．less; fewer D．fewer; less

38． of the students in our class going to the summer camp in Beijing next week.

A．Two fifths; is B．Second fifths; are C．Second fifths; is D．Two fifths; are

39．—Mum, I’ve got the first prize in the speech competition. —\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, my boy!

A．Congratulations B．My pleasure C．Good luck D．It’s hard to say

40．The sentence pattern of " I enjoy living in Gansu." is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．S+V+O B．S+V+P C．S+V +IO+ DO D．S+V +DO+ OC

**三、完形填空**（本题共计10小题， 每小题1分，共10分）

When I was in primary school, I fell in love with reading. The books \_\_\_41\_\_\_ me to a wonderful world. The more I read, the more I wanted to know. However, my parents \_\_\_42\_\_\_ afford so many books. I had to solve the problem myself.

There was a book shop near my home. One day I walked into \_\_\_43\_\_ shop and picked up a book. I didn’t know whether \_\_\_44\_\_\_there without buying any books. \_\_\_45\_\_ I wasn’t noticed, I just read a few pages and then put it back. Luckily, no one noticed me. After that, I went there to read every day. Several days later, while I was reading, the owner came up and asked, “You like reading?” I looked down and replied \_\_\_46\_\_\_, “Yes” “Don’t worry,” he said with a smile. “You may read books here \_\_\_47\_\_\_ you help me clean the shop.” I felt surprised. “Really? It’s so kind of you! I was very happy that I\_\_\_48\_\_ to read there. From then on, I spent a little time cleaning the shop. After that, I quietly read there. That way, I read los of books. I became one of\_\_\_49\_\_\_ in our school. I even won some prizes in writing.

Now studying in high school, I can borrow books\_\_\_50\_\_\_ the library. My hobby of reading is kept. It will make a big difference to my life.

41．A．brought B．are bringing C．bring D．have brought

42．A．couldn’t B．mustn’t C．needn’t D．shouldn’t

43．A．a B．an C．the D．/

44．A．can I read B．I can read C．could I read D．I could read

45．A．Make sure B．To make sure C．Believe in D．To believe in

46．A．nervous B．nervously C．angry D．angrily

47．A．if B．although C．before D．unless

48．A．will allow B．will be allowed C．allowed D．was allowed

49．A．good B．the best C．poor D．the poorest

50．A．to B．for C．with D．From

**四、阅读理解**（本题共计15小题， 每小题2分，共30分）

**A**

**Poster 1**

|  |
| --- |
| **FINAL EXAM INSTRUCTIONS**  •Doors close 5 minutes before the exam begins.  •Show your student ID card to examiner when you enter the room.  •No phones, no books. |

**Poster 2**

|  |
| --- |
| **BEFORE THE EXAM**  •Have your ID card ready.  •Listen to the instructions.  • Arrive 10 minutes before exam.  **IN THE EXAM**  •Mobile phones switched off and put away.  •ID card visible on the desk.  •No talking.  •No food or drinks in exam room. |

**Poster 3**

|  |
| --- |
| • Follow the examiner’s instructions.  •If you have a question, raise your hand.  •No mobile phones, books or bags in the exam.  •Please use a blue or black pen. |

阅读以上三则考试须知, 根据其内容判断下列各小题的正误。正确的填（涂）A, 错误（涂）B。

51．The first poster shows the instructions for a mid-term exam.

52．In Poster 2, one who is taking part in the exam should arrive 10 minutes before the exam.

53．In Poster 3, you can only use a black pen when having the exam.

54．Not all the posters say something about ID card.

55．“Mobile phones switched off and put away” means you can’t have your mobile phone on the table.

**B**

**10-year-old Bill is being interviewed on TV about his cooking.**

**Bill, when did you start cooking?**

When I was four, I became interested in cooking. I started helping my mum in the kitchen when I was five. At the age of six. I could make vegetable salad. One year later, I could make a fruit pie all by myself.

**What’s the most effective (有效的) way to get good at cooking?**

I don’t go to cooking classes. Sometimes I watch videos on the phone. I often read books about cooking. Actually, I think the most effective way to improve my cooking is trying it again and again. If it is no good, I’ll do it differently next time.

**What do your parents think of your cooking?**

They’re glad that they don’t have to make dinner every day, and they enjoy my cooking usually! But you can’t make everyone happy all the time.

**Finally, what’s it like being on TV?**

It’s interesting. In fact, I really enjoy myself making the shows. They’re watched by millions, but I still find it strange when people I don’t know say hello to me in the street.

56．Bill is talking about his cooking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．on the phone B．in a TV interview

C．in a video D. on the book

57．Bill could make a fruit pie all by himself at the age of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．five B．six C．seven D. four

58．What does Bill think is the most effective way to improve his cooking?

A．To keep practicing. B．To read books about cooking.

C．To go to cooking classes. D. To watch videos about cooking.

59．Bill says “you can’t make everyone happy all the time” because his parents \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．don’t want him to make shows B．make him cook meals for everyone

C．don’t always like his cooking D. always like his cooking

60．Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the information above?

A．Bill learns to cook by himself. B．Quite a few people have watched Bill’s shows.

C．Bill feels comfortable when strangers greet him in the street.

D. go to cooking classes to improve my cooking

C

Beijing Opera is one of the Chinese traditional drama art forms and the largest Chinese opera form. Having a history of about 200 years, it is developed from many other drama forms, mostly from the local drama “Huiban”. It was especially popular in south China during the 18th century.

Theatrical (戏剧的) art forms in many other countries do not have singing, dancing and spoken parts together in one single drama. An opera singer, for example, neither dances nor speaks on stage; there are no singing or dancing parts in a modern play; in a dance drama, the dancer doesn’t speak or sing. Traditional Chinese drama, including Beijing Opera, is a kind of entertainment. It includes spoken parts, singing and dancing.

Beijing Opera has spread to many other places. Mei Lanfang, one of the most famous performers of all, was the first to introduce Beijing Opera to foreigners and made highly successful tours to foreign countries.

“You will doubt and sometimes be a little bored, but you will be interested gradually. You will be strongly attracted to Beijing Opera, even if you know nothing about the drama background.” This is how one traveler described his first experience in watching Beijing Opera.

Beijing Opera is China’s national opera and it is full of Chinese cultural traditions. Welcome to China and enjoy Beijing Opera!

61．Beijing Opera is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．unpopular in north China B．only developed from the local drama “Huiban”

C．a much larger Chinese opera form D．a Chinese traditional drama art form

62．After watching Beijing Opera for the first time, the traveler felt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．busy B．nervous C．interested D．uneasy

63．The underlined word “it” in the last paragraph means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．Beijing Opera B．local dramas C．an opera singer D．a modern play

64．According to the passage, which of the following statements is NOT true?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A．Beijing Opera is a kind of entertainment. B．An opera singer neither dances nor speaks on stage usually.

C．Only old people are interested in Beijing Opera.

D．Mei Lanfang was the first one to introduce Beijing Opera to foreigners.

65．The main purpose of writing the passage is to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．ask young people to learn Beijing Opera B．tell us something about Beijing Opera

C．show why Beijing Opera is popular in Europe D．introduce everything about foreign Opera

**五、补全对话**（本题共计5小题， 每小题1分，共5分）

从文后选项中选择正确选项，其中有一个选项与对话内容无关。

A: How’s your day, Peter?

B: Not good. You know, it’s Tuesday today and I have two math lessons.

A: \_\_66\_\_\_ B: Because it’s too difficult for me.

A: \_\_\_67\_\_\_ B: Music. I think it’s very interesting. What about you? Do you like music?

A: Yes, I like it, too. \_\_\_68\_\_\_ I think it’s very useful and the English teacher is my favorite.

B: \_\_\_69\_\_\_

A: Mr. Smith. He’s a good teacher and he’s great fun. B: \_\_\_70\_\_\_

A: I have it every day.

|  |
| --- |
| A．But I like English best. B．When do you have English?  C．Who’s your English teacher? D．Why don’t you like math?  E．Thanks a lot. F．What’s your favorite subject? |

**第II卷（非选择题）（共35分）**

**六、短文选词填空**（本题共计10小题， 每小题1分，共10分）

用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空，使短文完整、正确。(每个单词限用一次，每空限填一个单词)

|  |
| --- |
| grade ,want , smart ,you ,agree, study, usual , do , student, come |

  Louise is a college student and she studies mechanical engineering(机械工程). She is the only girl in her class. It is time that most engineering students are boys, but this \_\_\_71\_\_\_ mean that girls cannot study engineering. Louise knows that people don’t expect her \_\_\_72\_\_\_ to be as high as those of her men classmates.

 The final exam was \_\_\_73\_\_ up. Louise, Roy, and Benjamin formed a study group. Roy asked Michael if he \_\_\_74\_\_\_ to join their group. They knew that Michael was the \_\_\_75\_\_\_ student in the class. He always got good grades. “Why would I be a member of \_\_\_76\_\_\_ group? Don’t you guys have grades like Cs?” Michael said. “I \_\_\_77\_\_ have a B+,” Roy said. “If it isn’t an A, it’s not good. What’s more, I don’t want to study with Louise. She is a girl.” said Michael.

       “I may not be smarter than others in the class, but I’m doing well,” Louise said when she heard this. “I don’t believe it,” Michael said. His words made Louise \_\_\_78\_\_ harder. For the next two weeks, she did nothing but study. She even studied while eating. When it came to the final exam day, Louise was ready. She thought the test was very easy! A few days later, the teacher showed \_\_\_79\_\_\_ grades on the whiteboard. Louise got the highest grades in the class!

       In your life, your ability can not always be \_\_\_80\_\_\_ by all the people. Never give up and believe you can!

**七、用所给单词的正确形式填空**（本题共计5小题， 每小题1分，共5分）

81．Tony made his great efforts to become a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (success) businessman.

82．When I went home, my father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（watch）TV.

83．It's raining \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (heavy) outside, you'd better not go out.

84．To tell you the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (true), that film *Hi, Mom* is worth seeing.

85．Many trees and flowers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(plant) around our city next month.

**八、句型转换**（本题共计5小题， 每小题1分，共10分）

86．Robert has worked in this factory since 2000. （对划线部分提问）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has Robert worked in this factory?

87．The little boy is too young to go to school. （改为同义句）

The little boy isn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to go to school.

88．I know the boy. His mother is a doctor.(合并为一句)

I know the boy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a doctor.

89．We've already seen the film. (改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you seen the film \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

90．Must I hand in my schoolwork，sir?(做出否定回答)

No.\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**九、书面表达**（共10分）

91．良好的学习习惯成就美好的未来。作为青少年，如何培养良好的习惯呢？请根据以下提示以“How to Develop Good Habits”为题写一篇英语短文。

提示：1. 认真听课和做笔记；2. 每天按时完成作业；3. 业余时间多读课外书；4. 每周锻炼三至四次。

要求：1. 内容必须包含提供的信息，但不要逐字翻译，可以适当发挥和补充；

2. 文中不得出现真实姓名和学校名称； 3. 词数：80-100词。开头已给出，不计入总词数。

How to Develop Good Habits

It’s very important for us to develop good habits. As teenagers, What should we do?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**九年级英语（参考答案）**

**第I卷  ( 选择题 共85分 )**

**一、听力部分（共20小题，每题1分，共20分）**

**第一节 1~5 BCABC 第二节 6~10 BCACA**

**第三节 11~15 ABACC 第四节 16~20 ABCBA**

**二. 单项选择（共20小题；每小题1分，共20分）**

**21——25：ADCBD 26——30：ABCBA**

**31——35：CADAC 36——40：ACDAA**

**三. 完形填空（共10小题；每小题1分，共10分）**

**41——45：AACDB 46——50：BADBD**

**四. 阅读理解（共15小题，每小题2分，共30分）**

**A篇：51——55：BABAA B篇56——60：BCACC C篇：61——65：DCACB**

**五、补全对话（共5小题， 每小题1分，共5分）**

**66——70：DFACB**

**第II卷 （非选择题 共35分）**

**六、短文选词填空（本题共计10小题， 每小题1分，共10分）**

1. **doesn’t 72. grades 73. coming 74. wanted 75. smartest**
2. **your 77. usually 78. study 79. students’ 80. agreed**

**七、用所给单词的正确形式填空**（本题共计5小题， 每小题1分，共5分）

81．successful 82．was watching 83．heavily 84．truth 85．will be planted

**八、句型转换**（本题共计5小题， 每小题1分，共10分）

86．     How     long 87．     old     enough 88．     whose     is

89．     Have     yet 90．     you     needn’t

**九、书面表达**（共10分）

91．良好的学习习惯成就美好的未来。作为青少年，如何培养良好的习惯呢？请根据以下提示以“How to Develop Good Habits”为题写一篇英语短文。

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要求：1. 内容必须包含提供的信息，但不要逐字翻译，可以适当发挥和补充；

1. 文中不得出现真实姓名和学校名称； 3. 词数：80-100词。

例文 How to Develop Good Habits

It’s very important for us to develop good habits. As teenagers, what should we do? In my opinion, we should listen to the teacher carefully and take notes in class. It is a good habit to finish homework on time every day. In our spare time, we had better read books to get more knowledge. Also, we should eat more fruits and vegetables. It is necessary for us to take exercise three or four times a week. What’s more, to get enough sleep, go to bed early and don’t stay up late. Always remember to wash our hands before meals to keep clean. All in all, we should develop good habits, because good habits can help us not only get good grades but also live happily.