**铜仁市2021-2022学年度第一学期六校联考**

**九年级英语试题**

（**总分：150分 时间：120分钟**）

**注意事项：**

⒈ 答题前务必将姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡规定的位置。

⒉ 答题时，第Ⅰ卷(客观题)部分必须使用2B铅笔填涂答题卡上的答题框；第Ⅱ卷(主观题)部分必须使用0.5毫米的黑色签字笔将答案书写于答题卡上各小题规定的位置。

⒊ 所有题目必须在答题卡上规定的位置作答，否则无效。

⒋ 本试卷共8页，满分150分，考试时间120分钟。

⒌ 考试结束后，将试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

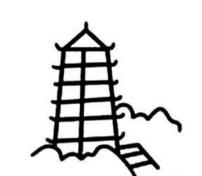
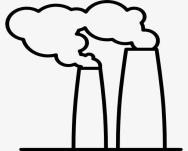
**第Ⅰ卷　客观题 (共90分)**

**第一部分　听力测试 (30分)**

**温馨揭示：**听力Ⅰ共四个部分, 分别听完这四部分的材料后，先将各部分的试题在第Ⅰ卷上选做出来，等包括听力Ⅱ在内的听力材料全部结束后，再将答题卡上与各小题的所选答案对应的答题框涂黑。并将听力Ⅱ的填空部分写在答题卡相应的位置。

**听力Ⅰ（20分）**

Ⅰ. 看图听五个句子，选择与所听句子内容相符的图画，并将其字母标号填入题后横线上。每个句子读两遍。（5分）

AB.  C. D. E. 

1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ⅱ.听五个句子，分别选择其相应的应答语，并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。每个句子读两遍。（5分）

（ ）6.A.Yes, I do. B. An astronaut. C. Twice a week

（ ）7.A.Go ahead. B. Never mind. C. Not at all.

（ ）8.A.Tomorrow. B. Sorry, I won’t. C. She is kind.

（ ）9.A.Yes, I’d love to. B. What a shame！ C. You are welcome.

（ ）10.A.Next Sunday. B. For five days. C. With his friends.

Ⅲ.听下列五段对话，根据对话内容及各题的问题选择正确选项，并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。每段对话读两遍。（5分）

（ ）11.What is Bob’s report about?

1. Inventions. B. Population. C. Pollution.

（ ）l2.When did the country begin to use English as its official language?

1. In the 18th century. B. In the 19th century. C. In the 20th century.

（ ）l3.What kind of pollution are they talking about?

1. Noise pollution. B. Air pollution. C. Water pollution.

（ ）l4.Who does Paul want to make a robot for?

1. His father. B. His mother. C. His sister.

（ ）l5.How long did the young man spend on the invention?

1. Ten years. B. Six years. C. Two years.

Ⅳ. 听下面一篇短文，再根据短文内容和所提问题选择正确答案，并将其字母标号填入题前括号内。短文读两遍。（5分）

（ ）l6.What will new volunteers do in Sunshine Club?

1. Help homeless people. B. Protect the environment. C. Provide visitors with help.

（ ）l7.How often will volunteers work in the city parks?

1. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Once a month.

（ ）l8.What should the volunteers take?

1. Their lunch. B. Some water. C. A pair of gloves.

（ ）19.How many hours will the volunteers work each week?

A. Seven. B. Eight. C. Nine.

（ ）20.How can volunteers get more information?

1. They can send an email. B. They can make a phone call.

C. They can visit the club directly.

**温馨提示：听力Ⅱ(71—75题) (10分) 试题在第Ⅱ卷。**

**第二部分 综合运用(40分)**

**Ⅰ. 单项选择  (15分)**

从下列各题所给的选项A、B、C、D中选择能填入相应空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母序号涂黑。

( )21. —How do you like \_\_\_\_\_\_ cartoon *Peppa Pig*?

—Oh, it’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wonderful cartoon. I think it’s one of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ best cartoons.

A. a; a; the B. the; the; the C. the; a; / D. the; a; the

( ) 22.The teacher is glad to see that Tony is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than before.

A. careful B. more careful C. most careful D. the most careful

( )23. Miss Wang teaches \_\_\_\_\_\_ English. We all like \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. us; her B. we; her C. our; her D. we; she

( )24. There are many kinds of bikes here. She can’t decide \_\_\_\_\_.

A. where to buy B. which to buy C. how to go there D. when to go there

( )25. There \_\_\_\_\_ a lamp, two books, a computer and so on.

A. are B. is C. be D. am

( )26. —Maria likes football. Do you often see her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after school?

—Yes, I do.

A. playing football B. plays football C. play football D. to play football

( )27. She told us a story, and her voice sounded \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. We’re interested in it.

A. sweet B. small C. clearly D. sadly

( )28. The boy is very young, but he knows much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about computers.

A. knowledge B. skills C. inventors D. future

( )29.—\_\_\_\_\_\_ strong country our motherland is! We are so proud of it.

—Yes. It is becoming stronger and stronger.

1. What B. How C. What a D. How a

( )30.—\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ your homework yet?

—Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ it ten minutes ago.

A. Did, do, finished B. Have, done, have finished

C. Have, done, finished D. Will, do, finish

( )31.Don’t give up \_\_\_\_\_ you will never succeed.

1. and B. but C. while D. or

( )32.—Do you know him?

—Yes. I’ve seen him \_\_\_\_\_, but I can’t remember the right place.

1. anywhere B. nowhere C. everywhere D. somewhere

( )33.About \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the earth \_\_\_\_\_\_ covered with water, but we have less and less fresh water available.

A. Three fourth; is B .three fourths; is C. three fourth; are D. three fourths; are

( )34.He \_\_\_\_\_ in the city, but now he\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the countryside.

1. used to live; is used to live B. used to live; get used to living

C. used to living; is used to living D. used to live; gets used to living

( )35.—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—It’s June 1st.

A. What’s the time now? B. What’s the date today?

C. What day is it today? D. When were you born?

**Ⅱ.完形填空(10分)**

阅读下面短文，然后根据短文内容从短文后各题所给的选项中选择能填入相应空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母序号涂黑。

As a young man, Jack was an excellent artist with a wife and two fine sons. One night, his older son had a serious stomachache. Thinking it was just a 36 disease, Jack and his wife didn’t take the boy to the hospital. But the boy 37 suddenly that night.

Jack realized that if he took his son to the hospital in time, the boy’s death could be 38 . So he always felt guilty (内疚的). Even worse, a short time later, his wife left him, leaving him alone with his six-year-old younger son. The hurt and pain of the two situations were more than Jack could stand, and he turned to alcohol(酒精) for help. Soon Jack became an alcoholic(酒鬼).

Slowly, his health and life became 39 and Jack began to lose everything he owned—his land, house, and so on. 40 Jack died alone in a small bar. Hearing of Jack’s death, I thought, “ What a waste of life! What a complete failure!” 41 time went by, I began to change my earlier simple judgement (评价). I knew Jack’s now adult son, Bill. He is one of the kindest, most caring, most 42 men I have ever known. I saw the love between Bill and his children. I thought that Bill’s kindness and caring must come from 43 .

I hadn’t heard Bill talk much about his father. One day, I asked him what on earth his father had done so that he became such a special person. Bill said quietly, “As a child until I left home at 18, my father came into my 44 every night, gave me a kiss and said,‘Love you, son.’”

Tears came to my eyes as I realized I was a fool before. I had ever though Jack was a complete failure. He didn’t leave valuable things behind, 45 he was a kind loving father and left his best love to me.

36. A. terrible B. unusual C. common

37. A. died B. left C. disappeared

38. A. chosen B. refused C. avoided

39. A. better B. weaker C. worse

40. A. Finally B. Slowly C. Firstly

41. A. Since B. As C. Although

42. A. careful B. hard-working C. loving

43. A. anywhere B. everywhere C. somewhere

44. A. classroom B. bedroom C. sitting-room

45. A. and B. but C. or

**Ⅲ. 情景交际 (15分)**

⑴ 从B栏中找出与A栏相对应的答语，并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母序号涂黑。(5分)

A B

46. How often do you go to the English corner ? A. It’s made of metal.

47. What does Jack do? B. I have been to Disneyland.

48. What’s the plane made of ? C. It’s a book.

49. Excuse me, what’s this in English ? D. Once a week.

50. Where have you been, Ann? E. He is a scientist.

1. 从方框内选择能填入对话相应空白处的适当选项，并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母序号涂黑。(10分)

A: Hello! Are you from the USA?

B: 51

A: Oh, I’m sorry. 52

B: It doesn’t matter. Many people don’t clearly know the differences between Australia English and American English.

A: 53

B: No, Australian English is similar to American English. There are some spelling differences. 54

A: Can people from the two countries understand each other easily?

B: Yes, they can.

A: 55

B: You’re welcome.

|  |
| --- |
| A. I thought you come from the USA.  B. No. I’m from Australia.  C. Thank you for telling me so much.  D. Are the differences great?  E. There are also differences in grammar. |

**第三部分 阅读理解(40分）**

**Ⅰ. 阅读理解 (20分)**

阅读I与II两篇短文，从56－65每小题所给的选项中选出最佳答案，并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母序号涂黑。

（一）

One day, a boy went out to play with his friends in a field. As they were playing, the boy found a stone in the field. The stone looked interesting. It wasn’t as dull（暗淡的）as the other ones，but it was quite dirty. The boy picked it up to polish（擦亮）it. The boy’s friends thought it was just an ordinary stone. They laughed at the boy. They said to him, “Why do you want to polish that dirty stone? It isn’t worth anything at all! ” They advised the boy to throw away the dirty stone, but he refused to listen to them. The boy had a special feeling. He thought the stone must be something valuable. After that day, the boy took the stone wherever he went. He polished the stone when he was free. Several weeks later, he was surprised to discover that it was not an ordinary stone—It was a beautiful diamond(钻石). When the boy’s friends knew the truth, they were regretful(后悔的). We should learn from the boy. If we think we are doing a right thing, don’t give up and keep doing it. We should persist in it although someone laughs at us.

56.What did the boy’s friends advise him to do?

A. To polish the stone. B. To wash the stone.

C. To collect more stones. D. To throw away the stone.

57.How did the boy feel after he polished the stone?

A. Disappointed B. Surprised C. Regretful. D. Proud.

58.The Chinese meaning of the underlined words “persist in” is probably\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.关注 B.忽略 C. 坚持 D.放弃

59.Which is TRUE according to the passage?

A. The boy found a stone in a forest.

B. The boy listened to his friends all the time.

C. The boy’s friends didn’t find out the truth.

D. In fact, the stone was not a dirty stone but a diamond.

60.What does the writer want to tell us?

A. It’s not necessary to do the same thing.

B. It’s important to make some true friends.

C. We should have a goal and stick to it.

D. We should learn how to make a good decision.

（二）

Long ago, there was a proud parrot that lived in a large tree. He liked his colorful feathers. One day, he saw a crow and thought, “How ugly this bird is! All his feathers are black. He looked at himself proudly and admired(赞美)his own feathers. Just then, a black crow flew and sat in the same tree as the parrot. The parrot saw the crow’s feathers. He laughed and said,“All your feathers are black.” The crow said, “My feathers aren’t colorful, but I love them. My feathers are useful and they can help me fly. The parrot said nothing. He just spread his wings and flew a little closer to the crow. He wanted to show his beautiful feathers to the crow. The crow saw the parrot’s feathers. He said to the parrot, “Parrot, you are right. Your feathers look more beautiful than mine. But they are only in summer. Your beautiful feathers fall off and cannot keep you warm in the winter. While you are shivering(颤抖)in the cold winter, my feathers are always there. They keep me warm in the cold days.” Don’t be like the parrot. There’s no need to be proud of the useless things .

61.The parrot felt \_\_\_\_\_\_ because of his colorful feathers.

A. bored B. upset C. proud D. angry

62.Why did the parrot laugh at the crow?

A. Because the crow couldn’t fly high. B. Because the crow was not smart enough.

C. Because the crow didn’t have colorful feathers.

D. Because the crow’s feathers were not useful at all.

63.The parrot’s feathers will \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the winter.

A. fall off B. keep him warm C. make him beautiful D. make him strong

64.Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. The parrot met the crow in a field.

B. The crow wanted to have colorful feathers.

C. The parrot had some black feathers.

D. The crow’s feathers could keep him warm in the winter.

65. What does the writer want to tell us?

A. We shouldn’t be proud of useless things.

B. We should judge(评价)someone by his or her look.

C. We should try our best to help others in trouble.

D. We shouldn’t argue with our friends because of little things.

**Ⅱ. 阅读判断 (10分)**

Dad, mom and children all have their special holidays. But, do our grandparents have a special holiday? Yes, they do! The Double Ninth Festival(重阳节)is a special day for older people in China. This holiday is on the ninth day of the ninth month of the lunar calendar. On this holiday, younger people usually show love and respect to older people.

Chinese people express their respect in many ways. When an older person enters a room, everyone stands. People are introduced from the oldest to the youngest. When we present a book to an older person, two hands are used. Young people always offer their seats to older people on a crowded subway or a bus.

Respecting older people is a tradition in China. That’s because the Chinese know that older people have knowledge and experience that young people can learn. Chinese people are proud of

being old.

However, in Western countries, older people seldom think they are old. They are called “seniors” instead of “old people”. They would rather do everything themselves. Even after retirement, they take on hobbies, part-time jobs and new activities to keep their body working well.

Westerners respect their older people, too. Usually, seniors take trains and buses for free. They are given discounts(折扣) in stores and restaurants.

But Western seniors don’t often live with their children——they live alone. For holidays, the family usually gather at the grandparents’ home, and a great smile and a warm hug for their parents are enough for grown children to show their respect.

根据短文内容，判断下列句子的正(A)与误(B)，并在答题卡的相应位置将其字母序号涂黑。

1. （ ）The Double Ninth Festival is a special festival for older people in China.
2. （ ）In China, people should be introduced from the youngest to the oldest.
3. （ ）Chinese people are proud of being old.
4. （ ）In Western countries, older people seldom think they are old because young people don’t respect them.

70. （ ）Old people live with their children both in China and Western countries.

**第Ⅱ卷　主观题 (共60分)**

**听力Ⅱ (10分)**

听下面一篇短文，根据所听到的短文内容填写表格。每空限填一词。答案书写在答题卡卷Ⅱ各小题规定的位置。短文读两遍。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **My best friend in junior high school** | |
| **Name** | Sarah |
| **Memories** | I slept over at her house and had a midnight snack of (71)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. |
| We did some shopping around the local(72)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and saw movies together. |
| She listened to me singing all the(73)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_songs and saw me showing off my (74)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. |
| We went to a school camp and it was so (75)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to spend the night sleeping in a tent. |

**任务型阅读(10分)**

阅读下面的短文，根据短文内容完成76－80小题(每空一词)。答案书写在答题卡卷Ⅱ各小题规定的位置。

Changing your study habits and methods to your classes can make a big difference. The following tips will show you how to do it.

**Use notebooks properly**

Bring a notebook to class and write down key points. Take notes: mark key points that your teachers pointed out. This method will help you to keep information you might forget within days.

**Get enough sleep**

Sleep can be very important. You can forget things easily if you don’t have enough sleep. Try to get enough sleep at nights, and try to keep the same sleeping time every night.

**Know when you work best**

There are plenty of researches showing advantages for both nighttime studying and early morning studying. You can decide when is the best time for you to study.

**Improve your learning style**

Find out the learning methods that fit for you best. If none is a great fit, you can try the method that connects two different styles.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| How to change your study habits and methods to your classes | |
| Use notebooks properly | Write down key points in the 76.\_\_\_\_\_\_. Marking key points that your teacherspointed out can help you 77.\_\_\_\_\_\_the information better. |
| Get enough sleep | Get enough sleep at night so that you won’t forget things 78.\_\_\_\_\_\_. |
| Know when you work best | Try to find out the 79.\_\_\_\_\_\_time for you to study, whether in the morning or at night. |
| Improve your learning style | Find out the learning 80.\_\_\_\_\_\_ that fit for you best. |

**第四部分 书面表达（40分）**

**Ⅰ.单词拼写。(10分)**

(1)根据括号内所给的汉语写出英语单词。答案书写在答题卡卷Ⅱ各小题规定的位置。

81. Our school held a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (成功的) sports meet last week.

82. He enjoys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(阅读) books after dinner.

83.Thousands of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(参观者) come to Tongren during National Day every year.

84.The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (十)day of September is Teachers’ Day.

85. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(没有人) would like to see rubbish lying around.

(2)根据句意和空缺处所给首字母写单词。答案书写在答题卡卷Ⅱ各小题规定的位置。

86. —Could you make yourself u\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the USA?

— Not really. Sometimes I got into trouble.

87.I usually use a notebook to keep a d \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

88.He felt s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in class this morning because he stayed up last night.

89.Don’t tell others what I have told you because it’s a s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

90.W\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the cause of homelessness is, the effects are the same.

**Ⅱ.短文改错 (10分)**

下列短文的划线部分是错误的, 请改正, 并将其正确答案书写在答题卡卷Ⅱ各小题规定的位置。

The summer holiday is coming. I can’t wait to making a good plan for it. 91.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

First, I will take hours on my study every day. Reading more books and 92.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

practicing writing will be good way to improve myself. Second, in order to 93.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

keep fit, I will do any sports with my friends in the afternoon, 94.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

such like playing basketball and football. This summer holiday will be a 95.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

good time for me family. What’s more, to experience 96.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

differently cultures in other places will 97.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

be a most important part of my plan. All of these 98.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

will be helpless for my future life. I am looking forward 99.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

for a meaningful holiday. 100.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Ⅲ.写作(20分)**

困难是每个人成长过程中都会遇到的问题。假如你是李华，你们班就“如何正确面对来自学习和生活中的各种困难，有效缓解压力”展开了讨论”。请你写一篇不少于80词的演讲稿，谈谈自己是如何面对困难的。

要求：1.演讲稿中要重点谈谈如何面对学习和生活中的各种困难；

2.句子通顺，语意连贯，符合逻辑；

3.文章必须包含所有提示内容，展开思路，适当发挥；

4.务必书写正确规范，卷面整洁。

提示：brave, face, share, ask for, lose heart, give up,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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