**2021年秋五峰阶段性学业水平检测**

**九年级英语试题**

**（本试卷共46小题，计80分。考试时间90分钟）**

**注意事项：**

**本试卷分试题卷和答题卡两部分，请将答案写在答题卡上每题对应的答题区域内，写在试题卷上无效。**

**考试结束，请将答题卡上交。**

**第一部分 语言知识运用（共两节，满分25分）**

**第一节 (共15小题，每小题1分，计15分)**

**完形填空：先通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。**

**An old man was telling his own story to a group of boys, who were going to throw stones at a noisy bird.**

**“Fifty years ago, I liked throwing stones because I had no other boys to play 1 and I became very skillful. One day I went to work for an old couple who were very 2 to everybody, even to the birds. And the birds seemed to 3 the old couple, too. For seven years a bird had come and built her nest (鸟巢)in the 4 place. She and her mate had just returned on the day when I went to work, and the old couple 5 them happily. During the day, I thought I would try my 6 upon her. Suddenly the bird flew to a tree near me. I found a nice stone, and I threw it with my 7 skill. It hit the bird on the head and she 8 dead！**

**“I was sorry the moment I saw her 9 off the tree. But it was too late. All day long her mate flew about, and cried so 10 that he made my heart ache... I said nothing to the old couple, but one of their grandchildren told them about it. 11 the old couple never said a word to me, I knew that they were very sad. I could 12 look at them in the eye and tell them how 13 I was. They have been dead for many years, and so has the poor bird. But don’t you see 14 that stone rebounded(反弹), and hit me? For fifty years I have still remembered it, though I have never spoken of it before. But if my story will 15 you, I will be happy.”**

**The boys at once dropped the stones in their hands and the bird had no more trouble from them.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. **A. for** | 1. **with** | **C. on** | **D. in** |
| 1. **A. friendly** | 1. **lively** | 1. **rudely** | 1. **widely** |
| 1. **A. admire** | 1. **support** | **C. love** | **D. require** |
| 1. **A. tiny** | 1. **empty** | 1. **spare** | **D. same** |
| 1. **A. welcomed** | 1. **praised** | 1. **prevented** | 1. **avoided** |
| 1. **A. plan** | 1. **stone** | 1. **skill** | 1. **form** |
| 1. **A. most** | 1. **least** | 1. **best** | 1. **worst** |
| 1. **A. rushed** | 1. **left** | 1. **failed** | 1. **dropped** |
| 1. **A. remain** | 1. **fall** | 1. **lift** | 1. **take** |
| 1. **A. sadly** | 1. **badly** | 1. **angrily** | **D. exactly** |
| 1. **A. Though** | 1. **So** | 1. **Until** | 1. **Because** |
| 1. **A. ever** | 1. **never** | 1. **always** | 1. **seldom** |
| 1. **A. mad** | 1. **worried** | 1. **sorry** | 1. **nervous** |
| 1. **A. when** | 1. **why** | 1. **what** | **D. how** |
| 1. **A. land** | 1. **stop** | 1. **manage** | 1. **please** |

**第二节 (共10小题，每小题1分，计10分)**

**综合填空：根据所给首字母、汉语提示或上下文完成空格中所缺单词，使短文完整通顺，语法正确，每个空只能填一个词。**

**Poverty (贫困) is a big problem around the world. But China has done a good job of dealing 16 it and it has found its own way to fight poverty. Instead of just giving money to poor people, it has tried to 17 (教育) people and give them the tools that they need to lift themselves out of poverty. Common people p 18 a big role in the fight. Here are two of them.**

**After graduating from Beijing Normal University in 2016, Huang Wenxiu g 19 up the chance to work in big cities and returned to her hometown of Baise in Guangxi and served as the village’s Party chief. A 20 (总数)of 418 villagers were lifted out of poverty thanks to her efforts. Unluckily, she died in a flash flood at the 21 of 30 while driving back to her village in Baise. She was given the title “Role Model of the Times” by the central government.**

**When Mao Xianglin started to work as the Party secretary of his village, 22 was only one pathway out of the village for many years. He led more than 100 villagers to build a road with their hands. It t 23 them seven years to build an eight - kilometer road. Mao then encouraged the villagers to grow oranges. Last year, their orange yield (产量) was 24 （几乎）40 tons. Young people have returned to 25 village to sell oranges online. By the end of 2019, 269 villagers had been lifted out of poverty. The personal income (收人) reached 12,670 yuan, 40 times more than in the 1990s.**

**第二部分 阅读与写作（共四节，满分 55分）**

**第一节（共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，计 20 分）**

**阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容选择最佳答案。**

**A**

**Ice sports of Winter Olympics 2022 will be held in Beijing City. Beijing is an ancient city with a history of more than 3,000 years, during which time it served as a capital for more than 800 years. It is a world-famous historical and cultural city that reflects the continuity of Chinese civilization(文明)and an international metropolis(大都市)engaged in making itself a World City with Chinese characteristics. Zhangjiakou is co-hosting the Games with Beijing. Snow sports will be held in Chongli County, Zhangjiakou City. Zhangjiakou’s climate(气候)and landscape(地貌) are good for winter sports.**

**Now the Beijing 2022 Winter Olympic is around the corner(opening on February 4th). Chinese hospitality(好客)will be fully enjoyed by athletes, who are from all over the world and wish to do well in the games, as the Games are providing 678 dishes to athletes from different cultural backgrounds, with elements of the Chinese Lunar New Year and environmental protection. The menu, which has 678 dishes from 12 world areas, was shown on November 11th, 2021 by the China Central Television in a program together with the Beijing Organizing Committee.**

**Because China will host the Winter Olympics soon, people are really encouraged to try ice and snow sports in the new snow season. Among them is 11-month-old Wang Yuji, who can hardly walk. A video of the girl standing on a snowboard and sliding down a hill in Zhangjiakou, went hot on the internet recently.**

**26. Where will the snow sports be held？**

**A. In Beijing City. B. In Zhangjiakou City.**

**C. In Shijiazhuang City. D. In Fengtai District.**

**27. What does the underlined word “athletes” mean？**

**A. 运动员 B. 裁判员 C. 教练员 D. 工作人员**

**28. The dishes for the 2022 Winter Olympics will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. be 687 from 12 world areas B. have many kinds of tastes**

**C. be just for western people D. have nothing with Chinese culture**

**29. Which of the following is NOT true？**

**A. Beijing is a very old big city with a pretty long history.**

**B. On November 11th, 2021, the menu was known by public.**

**C. Chinese are not encouraged to play ice and snow sports.**

**D. Wang Yuji became really popular in the recent time.**

**30. What can we learn from the passage？**

**A. Chongli County is in Beijing City, and will co-host the Games.**

**B. Beijing has been the capital city of China for less than 800 years.**

**C. The Beijing Winter Olympics cares about the environmental protection.**

**D. The visitors to Beijing during the Games can enjoy the Mid-Autumn Festival.**

**B**

**Wang Yaping, 41, became China’s first woman spacewalker when she took part in the Shenzhou XIII mission’s first extravehicular (舱外的)activity with Zhai Zhigang.**

**The extravehicular activity began at 6:51 pm on November 7, 2021 when Zhai opened a hatch(舱口). By 8:28 pm, Zhai and Wang had left the Tiangong space station. Ye Guangfu had remained inside the station to monitor and support the spacewalk, which was scheduled to last six hours. It’s said the Shenzhou XIII crew will carry out one to two more spacewalks in the coming months.**

**A native (当地人) of Shandong province and mother of a 5-year-old girl, Wang joined the army in August 1997 and joined the second group of astronauts in May 2010. In March 2012, she was part of the backup (备用) crew for the Shenzhou IX mission. In June 2013, she took part in the Shenzhou X mission, which lasted 15 days. She is the second Chinese woman to have flown in space. During the Shenzhou X flight, Wang gave China’s first space-based lesson inside the Tiangong I to more than 60 million Chinese students at about 80,000 schools across the country.**

**On November 10, three days after the spacewalk, Wang Yaping, Zhai Zhigang and Ye Guangfu sent the TV show *The Reciter*《朗读者》a video from the space. They read the general introduction of *The Torrent Trilogy* written by Ba Jin. On December 9, 2021, Wang and the other two Shenzhou XIII mission crew gave a science lesson 400 kilometers above the earth to millions of students. They showed us how they live and work inside the space station and they also did some experiments.**

**31. When did the extravehicular activity begin?**

**A. At 8:28 am on November 7. B. At 8:28 pm on November 7.**

**C. At 6:51 am on November 7. D. At 6:51 pm on November 7.**

**32. How many times has Wang Yaping flown to space?**

**A. Once. B. Twice. C. Three. D. Four.**

**33.What did Wang Yaping do in space?**

**A. She had a spacewalk with Ye Guangfu.**

**B. She gave lessons to the other astronauts.**

**C. She read a passage outside the space station.**

**D. She did some experiments inside the space station.**

**34. According to Paragraph 3, Wang Yaping \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. has a daughter who is five B. joined the army in May 2010**

**C. took part in the Shenzhou IX mission D. did a spacewalk in 2013**

**35. The best title for the passage can be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A. China’s first extravehicular activity B. China’s first space-based lesson**

**C. China’s first woman spacewalker D. China’s first video from the space**

**第二节(共5小题，每小题2分，计10分)**

**阅读短文，将方框里的五个句子还原到短文当中。**

|  |
| --- |
| 1. **giving the audience(观众) a chance to examine tea’s influence** 2. **and its influence on people’s lives around the world** 3. **but tea was finally picked as the theme** 4. **and tea culture developed in China and spread across the world** 5. **so it is a good subject on which to work together** |

**Migu Video is now showing the BBC documentary, *One Cup, A Thousand Stories*. It was filmed for three years in 13 countries across six continents(大洲), 36 on daily life in different places, as well as showing the plantations and picking skills.**

**The creators from Britain and China had first listed a lot of themes, such as traditional Chinese medicine, new technologies and so on, 37 , as both sides felt the audience from different countries would interested in it.**

**“Tea is China’s great gift to human. We wanted to look at how tea 38 , changing culture wherever it took root.” “Tea is an unsung hero. It provides calm, refreshment and enjoyment for billions of people across the world. It has an influence on history and the development of cultures. For many people it is part of their daily life. We wanted to explore this rich world of tea culture 39 . Tea is a subject close to both Chinese and British people’s hearts, since we are all tea drinkers with a long history of social tea drinking, 40 .” says the documentary’s executive producer.**

**The documentary has already won praise from audiences in China. It will run on the BBC Earth channel for Asia during the 2022 Lunar New Year holiday, as a try to promote(推广) tea and its culture to overseas audiences.**

**第三节 (共5小题，每小题2分，计10分)**

**根据所给汉语和提示词完成下列句子。**

1. **听有趣的东西是学习语言的秘诀。（secret）**

**Listening to something interesting is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ language learning.**

**42.《长津湖》是我最喜欢的电影之一。（best）**

***The Battle At Lake Changjin* is one of the movies that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**43.那个女士不可能是我妹妹，她去宜昌了。(be)**

**That lady\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my sister. She has gone to Yichang.**

1. **既然那样，你们就必须搬到最近的安全地带。（case）**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, you must move to the nearest safe place.**

1. **在中国，人们初次见面要握手。(suppose)**

**In China, people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ shake hands when they meet for the first time.**

**第四节 (共1题，计15分)**

**46. 书面表达。**

**发明改变世界，不少中学生都梦想成为发明家。某英语报社正组织题为“My invention : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”的征文活动，请你根据下面的要点提示，写一篇80词左右的英语短文参赛。**

**要点提示：**

**1. 你梦想的发明是什么？**

**2. 这项发明能帮你或他人解决什么问题？**

**3. 你为什么想发明这个东西？**

**要求：**

**1.文中不得出现自己的真实姓名。**

**2.开头已为你写出，不计入总词数。**

**I hope to invent a (an) .**