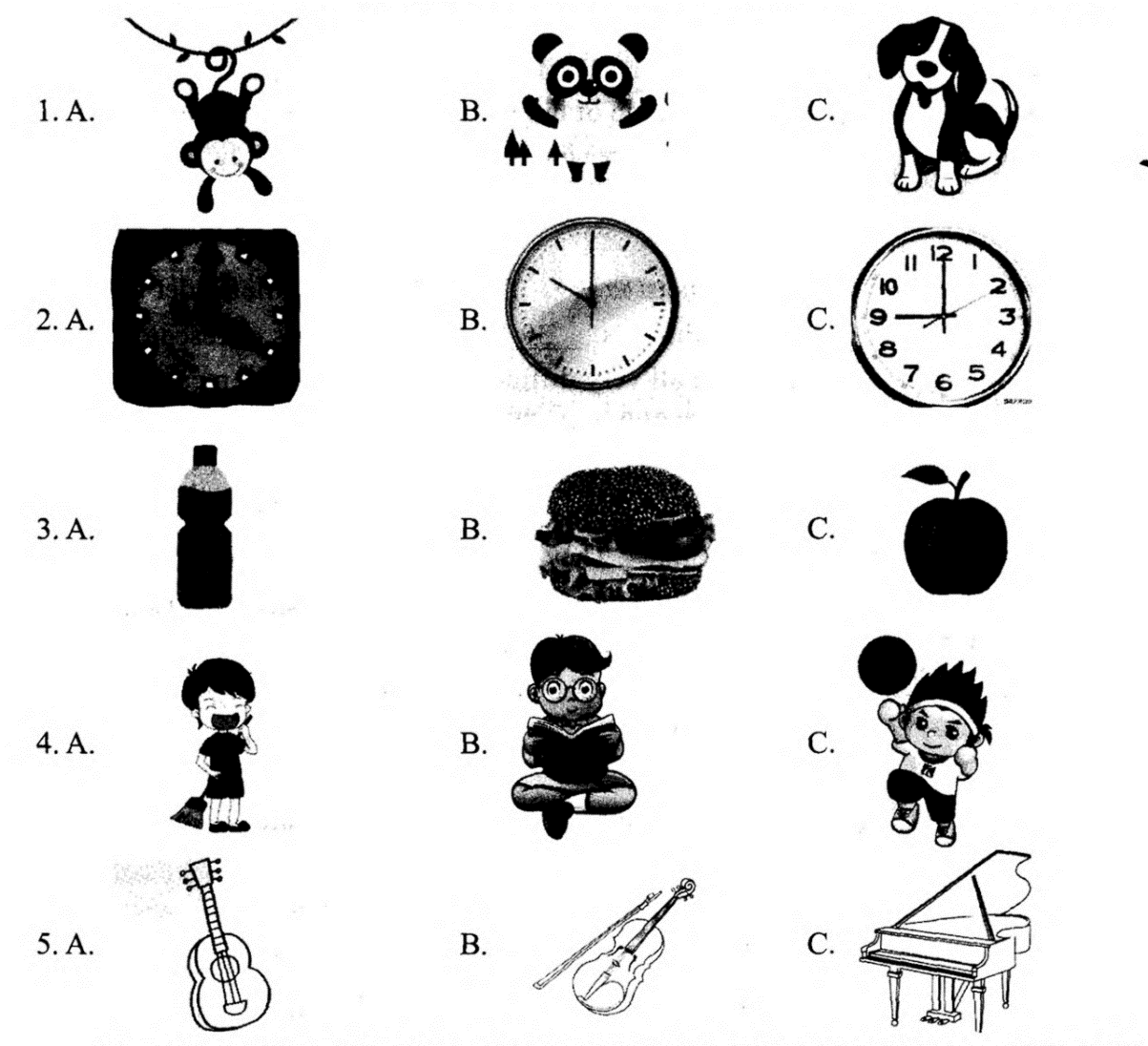
**2021-2022学年第二学期八年级学情调查**

**英语试题**

2022. 6

一、听力测试（20分, 每题1分）

第一节 听句子, 根据你所听到的内容选择正确的答案。每个句子读一遍。



第二节 听下面七段对话, 根据你所听到的内容选择正确的答案。每段对话读两遍。

听第6段材料, 回答第6小题。

6. What's the matter with Judy?

A. She has a fever. B. She has a headache. C. She has a cold.

听第7段材料, , 回答第7小题。

7. What does Linda plan to do this Sunday?

A. To visit her grandpa. B. To visit her uncle. C. To visit the sick children.

听第8段材料, 回答第8小题。

8. Who is the tallest in the class?

A. Peter. B. Bob. C. Mike.

听第9段材料, 回答第9小题。

9. Who has seen the film?

A. Mark. B. Cathy. C. Jim.

听第10段材料, 回答第10小题。

10. How old is Nancy now?

A. Twelve years old. B. Thirteen years old. C. Fourteen years old.

听第11段材料, 回答第11、12小题。

11. What's Tim doing?

A. Watching a movie. B. Listening to music. C. Looking at some photos.

12. What does Tim think of the volunteer work?

A. Unusual. B. Meaningful. C. Tiring.

听第12段材料, 回答第13至15小题。

13. What was Bob doing from 7: 00 to 9: 00 last night?

A. Reading a book. B. Watching TV. C. Cleaning the car.

14. Who was playing the computer games?

A. Bob's parents. B. Bob's sister. C. Bob's brother.

15. What do you think of Bob's family that night?

A. They were busy. B. They were relaxed. C. They were bored.

第三节 听短文, 根据短文内容, 选择正确答案。短文读两遍。

听第13段材料, 回答第16至20小题。

16. Where does Karl Roberts come from?

A. England. B. America. C. Canada.

17. What did Karl Roberts first come to China for?

A. Traveling. B. Teaching. C. Working.

18. What time does the class meet?

A. From 3: 05 p. m. to 4: 15 p. m.

B. From 3: 45 p. m. to 4: 30 p. m.

C. From 3: 30 p. m. to 4: 30 p. m.

19. When is Karl Roberts' office hour?

A. On Thursday. B. On Wednesday. C. On Tuesday.

20. What is Karl Roberts' phone number?

A. 18906335647. B. 18963306547. C. 18963334567.

**笔试部分**

二、单项选择（15分, 每题1分）

21. -I read \_\_\_\_\_\_\_story about Shennong? Do you know who he was, Tony?

-He was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_emperor in ancient China.

A. a; / B. a; an C. an; a

22. -Which country has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_population, China, the USA, or Canada?

-China, of course.

A. the largest B. the smallest C. the most

23. Dick \_\_\_\_\_\_\_to the farm last week, and he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_there twice.

A. went; has gone B. went; has been C. has gone; has been

24. -I have never been to Disneyland. How about you?

- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Me, too B. So do I C. Me neither

25. In our group, David was the first one \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the homework.

A. finish B. to finish C. finishing

26. -Would you like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_to eat?

-No, thanks. I'm full.

A. else something B. anything else C. something else

27. He liked the new toy so much that he didn't want to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. put down it B. throw it down C. put it down

28. -A number of volunteers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_willing to teach in China's rural areas.

-Yes, the number of them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_getting bigger and bigger.

A. is; is B. are; is C. is; are

29. Don't give up! I believe you can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_your dreams one day.

A. risk B. reach C. achieve

30. Just now we succeeded in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the math problem.

A. working out B. work out C. to work out

31. Linda has two sisters. One is 11 and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_is 13.

A. another B. others C. the other

32. Xi'an is one of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_capital \_\_\_\_\_\_\_in China.

A. oldest; cities B. the older; city C. the oldest; cities

33. Linda won't watch TV unless she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_her work in time.

A. finishes B. finish C. finishing

34. Tom's father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_a car to work, but now he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_a bike because he thinks it's good for his health and environment.

A. is used to drive ; is used to ride

B. used to drive ; is used to riding

C. used to driving; is used to riding

35. -Can I use your dictionary?

-- \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. That's right. B. Yes, feel free. C. Never mind.

三、完形填空（10分, 每题1分）

This summer, most students might be enjoying their holidays. But Feng Boyao and Meng Shuqi were \_\_36\_\_ improving the braille reading device （盲文阅读装置） they invented.

Feng and Meng, both 14, study at No. 37 Middle School in Taiyuan, Shanxi. They \_\_37 \_\_nearly a year developing a new kind of braille reader. When connected （连接）to a computer, it can turn words from a computer into raised dots （凸起的点）。Blind people can then read by\_\_38\_\_the dots. Feng and Meng patented （获得专利）their invention this summer.

The raised dots are actually magnets （磁铁）。This is the first braille reader that uses magnets. Feng and Meng came up with this \_\_39\_\_ after doing lots of research. “The braille readers in the marketplace are all very difficult to produce, which means they are also\_\_40\_\_. They sell for at least 10, 000 yuan, ”Feng said. “But we chose magnets to make the reading device. It’s accurate （准确的）and cheap. Each cost less than 2, 000 yuan. ”The device is to help the \_\_41\_\_. After making their first device, Feng and Meng visited a school for the blind to get\_\_42\_\_. They then improved their device according to the students' \_\_43\_. For example, they changed the size of the screen and the space\_\_44\_\_ the dots. “We hope our device can help blind children learn things more \_\_45\_\_so that they can live better lives in the future, ”Feng said.

36. A. afraid B. rich C. Busy

37. A. imagined B. spent C. Lost

38. A. moving B. touching C. guessing

39. A. feeling B. reason C. idea

40. A. different B. common C. expensive

41. A. blind B. poor C. deaf

42. A. examples B. advice C. promises

43. A. sizes B. interests C. needs

44. A. between B. against C. across

45. A. slowly B. bravely C. easily

四、阅读理解（20分, 每题2分）

A

The year 2022 will be a big year for sports in China, for China will hold not only the 24th Winter Olympics in Beijing, but also the 19th Asian Games （亚运会） in Hangzhou.

On August 6th, 2018, the official emblem （徽章）for the Hangzhou Asian Games came out. The city won the hosting right for the 2022 Asian Games in 2015. It will be the third Chinese city to host the Asian Games after Beijing in 1990 and Guangzhou in 2010.

First held in 1951, the Asian Games is the largest multi-sport event in Asia. It also means a lot to China.

The Beijing Asian Games was the first large international sports event hosted by China. To make the Games a great success, Chinese people worked hard to prepare. Beijing built a great number of roads and stadiums （体育馆）, including the famous Beijing Olympic Sports Center and Asian Games Village. The Games helped the world see China and its achievements. Since then, China has improved its global image （全球形象）.

For the upcoming 2022 Asian Games, Hangzhou has already started building 33 sports venues. The idea of the Hangzhou Asian Games is “green, smart, economical （节俭 的）and civilized （文明的）”. All the Games＇ buildings will be environmentally friendly.

46. Which city will host the 2022 Asian Games?

A. Beijing B. Hangzhou. C. Guangzhou.

47. According to the second paragraph, China\_\_\_\_\_in 2015.

A. hosted the Beijing and Guangzhou Asian Games

B. had two cities for the international sports events

C. won the hosting right for the 2022 Asian Games

48. Which of the following is NOT true about the Beijing Asian Games?

A. It was the second Asian Games held in China.

B. Beijing built lots of roads and stadiums for it.

C. It helped the world know China better.

49. What can we infer（推断）from the last paragraph？

A. Hangzhou is the best place to hold the Asian Games.

B. More and more people will live and work in Hangzhou.

C. The 2022 Asian Games will care a lot about the environment.

50. What's the main idea of the passage?

A. How to prepare for the Asian Games

B. The development of the Asian Games in China

C. Why China wants to host the 19th Asian Games

B

If you're hungry, drawing a picture of a hamburger will not make you feel full. However, thanks to a new product （产品） from a Japanese printing company, you can eat the paper that you draw on!

Moeka Hoda and Kanako Murakami worked for this printing company. Not long after the two had joined the company, they took part in a project. They were asked to find. a problem that people always met with and then try to solve it.

Hoda and Murakami searched the Internet for ideas. One complaint （抱怨）caught their eyes. “We're not allowed to eat anything during class, ” one student said. “ Whenever I get hungry, my stomach makes a big noise!”To help people with the same problem, Hoda and Murakami made a special set of notepads （记事本） and pens. The notepads were. made from potato starch （淀粉）, oil and water. The pens＇ ink was made from water, citric acid （柠檬酸） and coloring （色素）。

Then the two young men posted a video of their product on the Internet. To their surprise, many people liked \_\_it\_\_. Soon, the company started selling these notepads and pens. In less than three weeks, more than 500 sets were sold. Hundreds of customers （顾客）are probably eating their notes!

51. What is special about the new product from the Japanese printing company?

A. It can make you feel full.

B. You can draw pictures on it.

C. You can eat it when hungry.

52. Where did Hoda and Murakami get their idea?

A. In a school. B. On the Internet. C. In a restaurant.

53. What does the underlined word “it” in the last paragraph refer to?

A. The picture. B. The product. C. The Internet.

54. According to the passage, most of the customers may be

A. school students B. bus drivers C. doctors and nurses

55. What is the best title for the passage?

A. Do eat your notes! B. Let's draw pictures! C. Be careful with your notes!

五、任务型阅读（10分, 每题2分）

This summer holiday, some of the minors （未成年人）might spend a lot of time playing video games online. However, they aren't able to do this anymore. On Aug. 30, 2021, the government cut online gaming time for minors in order to stop them from becoming addicted （上瘾的）to video games.

According to the notice, the game companies can only offer one-hour service to minors from 8 pm to 9 pm on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays, as well as on holidays. Service cannot be offered at any other time. The companies must also make sure that users register （注册）and log in（登录）with their real names. .

Under earlier rules, minors could play video games for 1. 5 hours on any day and three hours on holidays. But many parents called for stricter limits.

Many people talked about the new rules. Some people liked them, while others were surprised at how strict the rules were. "Minors can hardly control themselves, so they need help and monitoring （监管）, ”one person wrote on Sina Weibo. Others worried that the rules would have shortcomings. "What ifkids use their parents' log? ”another person asked.

The notice also calls on parents and schools to work together to make sure the rules are followed. 根据短文内容, 回答下面的问题。

56. Why did the government cut online gaming time for minors?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

57. According to the new rules, can 12-year-old students play video games on Mondays?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

58. How many hours can minors play video games on holidays under the earlier rules?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

59. What may be a shortcoming of the new rules according to the passage?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

60. What does the notice call on parents and schools to do?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

六、根据短文内容, 用方框内所给单词的适当形式填空, （每词限用一次）（10分, 每题1分）

|  |
| --- |
| long, call, thousand, make, one, fire, tell, famous, both, history |

The Great Wall of China has a （61）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of over two thousand years. It runs from the east to the west in North China. It's about 6, 300 kilometers（62）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It's often（63）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Ten-thousand-li Great Wall.

The Great Wall is wide enough for ten men to walk side by side. Horses can run along it, too. The Great Wall is（64）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of stones and bricks. There are huge stones on（65）\_sides and on the highest part.

There are tall watch-towers （瞭望塔）along the Great Wall. （66）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_upon a time, the soldiers（士兵） kept watching the enemies （敌人）in the watch-towers day and night. They made a（67）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_on the towers to（68）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_each other when the enemies came.

Now we don't use the Great Wall to keep away the enemies any more. It's a（69）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_place of interest to all the people in the world. Every year（70）\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of people come to visit it from all over the world.

七、书面表达（15分）

假如你是李华, 你曾经去过北京, 请你就北京的旅行描述你的旅行经历和感受。

介绍北京的概况: 包括历史、名胜古迹、特色食物等。

写作要求:

1. 80词左右。

2. 文中应包含所有要点, 可适当发挥, 使行文连贯。

3. 文中不得出现真实的人名等信息。

参考词汇:

the Great Wall, the Bird’s Nest, the Tiananmen Square, the Palace Museum

