

## 2022 年秋期九年级英语月考测试卷

(考试时间 100 分钟, 满分 120 分)

### 一、听力理解 (20 小题, 每题 1 分, 共 20 分)

第一节 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

( ) 1. What time did Mike go home yesterday?

A. At 6:30.      B. At 7:00.      C. At 7:30.

( ) 2. What is the man doing now?

A. Using the computer.      B. Repairing the computer.      C. Buying a computer.

( ) 3. Where did Becky stay yesterday afternoon?

A. In her office.      B. At her friend's home.      C. At her own home.

( ) 4. Why do they have to stay at home?

A. Because the weather is too bad.      B. Because they want to watch TV  
C. Because they like to stay at home.

( ) 5. How is Jim?

A. He's OK.      B. He's ill.      C. He's strong.

第二节 听下面段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话, 回答第 6 至第 7 两个小题。

( ) 6. What instrument can the boy play?

A. The guitar.      B. The violin.      C. The piano.

( ) 7. When will the boy take the English test?

A. On Saturday morning.      B. On Saturday afternoon.      C. On Sunday morning.

听下面一段对话, 回答第 8 至第 9 两个小题。

( ) 8. What are the speakers talking about?

A. Future families.      B. Future jobs.      C. Future paintings.

( ) 9. How old is Sandy?

A. 8.      B. 10.      C. 15

听下面一段对话, 回答第 10 至第 12 三个小题。

( ) 10. What did the boy want to be?

A. worker.      B. driver.      C. writer.

( ) 11. Why couldn't the boy go to school?

A. Because he had no money.      B. Because he had no arms.

C. Because he was too young.

( ) 12. Where did the boy drive the train?

A. First to the town, then back to a small station.

B. First to a small station, then to another town.

C. First to a small station, then back to the town.

听下面一段对话，回答第 13 至第 15 三个小题。

( ) 13. When was the old town built?

A. In the Tang Dynasty.

B. In the Song Dynasty.

C. In the Ming Dynasty.

( ) 14. What is the old town famous for?

A. Green tea.

B. Paper cutting.

C. Chinese clay

( ) 15. How many visitors does the town receive every year?

A. About 20,000.

B. About 60,000.

C. About 80,000.

第三节段短文。按照你所听内容的先后顺序将下列图片排序。短文读两遍。



A



B



C



D



E

16. \_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_ 18. \_\_\_\_\_ 19. \_\_\_\_\_ 20. \_\_\_\_\_

## 二、阅读理解 (20 小题，每题 2 分，共 40 分)

### A

When I was very young, people in our village lived by planting fruit trees. My grandmother always took me to the orchard(果园) on the hill. At that time, they had to carry water from the river at the foot of the hill to halfway up the hill. Even though we worked so hard, the production level of fruit was still low because it was short of water there.

One day, two young men led a group of workers to our village. They learned about the difficulties we faced, and later, canals and other projects began to be built in my village. "Who are they?" I asked. "They are good men from our government," my grandma replied.

Shortly afterwards, I moved to another city for my junior high school. The only reason I ever came back to my hometown was my grandmother.

One day, my family and I made time to return. We were surprised because everything had changed. The canal ran past every orchard so villagers didn't have to go up and down the hill anymore. The river was now so clean that fish swam happily

in it. When we arrived home, my grandma took out some fresh pears and apples. She told us that after the water conservation project(水利工程)was completed, a policy(政策) was made to encourage more people to increase the fruit production with clean water in the river.

Thank those good men who have devoted themselves to the development of our countryside.

Nowadays, people work hard to live in a big city. However, we should not forget our hometowns where we are from.

- ( ) 21. What troubled the villagers most was that \_\_\_\_\_
- A. they had too much work.
  - B. it was not convenient to go up the hill.
  - C. they could only grow fruit trees.
  - D. there wasn't enough water in the orchard
- ( ) 22. The good men came and offered help probably because of \_\_\_\_\_
- A. the villagers' suggestions
  - B. the government's support
  - C. a school's practical activity
  - D. a company's engineering plan
- ( ) 23. We can infer from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_
- A. the grandmother doesn't like to live in the city
  - B. the village is a place of interest for tourists now
  - C. there will be more fruit production in the village
  - D. more people like to work in the countryside nowadays
- ( ) 24. The underlined phrase "devoted themselves to" is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_
- A. prepared much for
  - B. donated money to
  - C. drawn public attention to
  - D. put much effort into
- ( ) 25. What can be the best title for the passage?
- A. How is a village improved?
  - B. Who are the good men?
  - C. Why do people come back?
  - D. What does a hometown mean?

**B**

In China, people's living conditions in the cities have changed a lot in the ways of transportation in the past fifty years.

A survey shows that the number of people riding a bike or walking is always decreasing. In 1974, more than 50% of people traveled to work on their own bikes, while by 2019, less than 20% of travelers preferred cycling or walking to work. Although the development of shared bikes changed this situation, now the number still becomes much smaller.

At the same time, there was a large increase in the use of cars. In 1974, very few people had a car. By 1994, about a quarter of travelers drove to work. This increased again, until 2020, about one third of travelers drove to work.

What has caused these changes? The main reason is that people's living conditions have changed greatly. With the increasing number of people going by bus or car, fewer and fewer people would like to be cyclists or walkers.

As people enjoyed the convenience (便利) and speed of buses and cars, they are less likely to have patience and interest in cycling and walking. In the future, with the development of science and technology, more changes will happen in people's everyday lives.

- ( ) 26. How many people went to work by bike in 1974?
- A. More than a quarter.  
B. More than a half.  
C. More than one fifth.  
D. More than three quarters.
- ( ) 27. The number of people driving to work in 2019 is \_\_\_\_\_ larger than that in 1994
- A. about 20%.                      B. about 75%.  
C. about 8%.                        D. about 50%.
- ( ) 28. What's the meaning of the underlined word in Chinese?
- A. 降低    B. 增加    C. 变化    D. 成长
- ( ) 29. What caused the changes in the ways of transportation in the past fifty years?
- A. People's living conditions have become better.  
B. Buses and cars are more convenient, so people have less patience and interest in cycling and walking.  
C. Because of the development of technology.  
D. Both A and B.
- ( ) 30. What's the best title for this passage?
- A. People Prefer Cycling or Walking to Work.  
B. A Large Increase in the Use of Cars.  
C. Changes in Ways of Transportation.  
D. Riding is Good for Environment.



Over the last few centuries, there have been many changes in our lives.

To start with, people were not able to travel such a long distance in such a short time in the past. Planes were not very popular at that time because they used to be a very expensive way to travel. Nowadays, more and more people can travel by plane and we can take many other fast and comfortable vehicles, such as cars and high-speed trains.

Secondly, in the past, people had to work much harder because they did not have the tools we have today. Today, most of the difficult and dangerous work is done by computers and machines.

Thirdly, in the past, the living conditions were not as good as they are now. There were no bathrooms or running water in many houses, and many people could not buy things like refrigerators, TV sets or washing machines. Now, every family has all of these things.

Lastly, communications have become much easier than before. In the past, we kept in touch with others through writing letters or sending faxes, but now we have many other ways to choose from, such as making a phone call, sending e-mails or messages and chatting online. Besides, we can even see the people whom we are making a phone call with through mobile phones, and we can see each other while chatting online. The most surprising thing is that we can make a phone call with the astronauts and see them when they are in space. What a magical thing!

Thanks to the technology, especially the Internet, our lives have become much easier and happier than before. I'm sure they will become more wonderful in the future. Don't you think so?

( ) 31. Why were planes not so popular many years ago?

- A. Because they were not big enough.
- B. Because they were not able to fly long.
- C. Because they were very expensive.
- D. Because they were not fast enough.

( ) 32. Which of the following is true about peoples work in the past?

- A. In the past, people worked for fewer hours.
- B. In the past, people worked much harder.
- C. In the past, people worked more easily.
- D. In the past, people worked more quickly.

( ) 33. What does the fourth paragraph mainly tell us?

- A. Many families have TV sets and washing machines nowadays.
- B. There were no bathrooms or running water before.
- C. Living conditions have been improved.
- D. Many people can take baths at home now.

( ) 34. What is the writer's last example of great changes in people's lives about?

- A. Traveling.
- B. Living conditions.

C. Working tools.

D. Communication.

( ) 35. What's the best title for this passage?

A. Great changes in our lives.

B. Good education will change our lives.

C. Fast development of science.

D. We live a happy life now.

D

Ladies and gentlemen, thanks a lot for joining us. I hope you have enjoyed the music. 36.

Every day, hundreds of children in Africa lose their young lives, because they have terrible diseases or don't have enough food to eat. Most African countries are poor. 37. \_\_\_\_\_ And many parents have no jobs, so they have little money to buy food or medicine. We hold the concert to raise money for the children in Africa.

38. \_\_\_\_\_ For example, the Feed Africa Fund(援非基金) spends millions of dollars every year on food for them in Africa. All the money comes from kind and generous people, just like all of you.

39. \_\_\_\_\_ Just one dollar can buy enough rice or corn to feed a family of four for three days.

40. \_\_\_\_\_ Ten dollars? Twenty dollars? I am sure you can spend a little less on your own food so that you have a few dollars for the Feed Africa Fund.

Ladies and gentlemen, we now make a collection for the children in Africa. Please be generous.

Thank you!

根据材料内容, 从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项, 使短文意思通顺, 内容完整。

A. Many organizations are trying to help the poor in Africa

B. How much do you spend on food every day?

C. The governments have no money to take good care of the poor.

D. Every dollar you give this evening will go to the Feed Africa Fund

E. Now, please allow me to tell you why we hold this concert.

三、完形填空(15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

"Thanks for our government. Thanks for 41 us with such a good training program. The training program will help us live well. I will study hard and learn different skills. After that I can 42 my family difficulties and do good to others." a learner on the job training program said, feeling 43

The learner's father is disabled, and his mother is 44 in bed. The family is very poor. So he has to find a job to 45 moneys. The learner graduated from high school and didn't have the

46 to go to the college. The job training program can help him to learn the skills 47 he'll need in the work place.

The story makes me think of another 48. It 49 like this: Long long ago, there was a man who liked fishing a lot, and he was 50 to catch a lot of fish every day. He was kind-hearted man. He always 51 his fish with his neighbors because they didn't know how to fish. One day, he thought that it would be great if he taught them how to fish. So he called them together to show them how to fish. Everyone was happy as they could 52 the fish they caught by themselves.

Now, there are still many poor people in the world. But it's not good if we give only 53 to them. 54, we should give them a chance to learn new skills. Therefore, technical training is very important to people in 55 and they will learn the skills to make money. People can learn lots of useful things in the training program and what they learn can help them find jobs.

( ) 41. A. providing B. giving C. sending D. bringing

( ) 42. A. solve B. chance C. study D. find

( ) 43. A. surprise B. excited C. relaxed D. interested

( ) 44. A. alone B. ill C. silent D. well

( ) 45. A. make B. gain C. get D. pay

( ) 46. A. chance B. reform C. machine D. report

( ) 47. A. that B. when C. what D. how

( ) 48. A. learner B. family C. story D. program

( ) 49. A. goes B. sees C. sounds D. hears

( ) 50. A. able B. spare C. sorry D. afraid

( ) 51. A. shared B. hid C. gave D. cooked

( ) 52. A. save B. touch C. eat D. feed

( ) 53. A. time B. fish C. clothing D. food

( ) 54. A. Instead B. yet C. rather D. however

( ) 55. A. shelter B. wound C. need D. block

#### 四、语篇填空(15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

##### 第一节

阅读短文, 从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空, 使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词, 每词限用一次。

Year	old	increase	so	in
three	mean	number	even	serious

The number of young people in Africa is growing. So is the number of older people in Asia. The number of people over sixty-five is 56 across Asia.

Japan has the world's oldest population. 30% of Japanese are older adults(成年人). In Recent 57, Japanese leaders have been asked how they planned to care for the older

adults. By 2030, the 58 of older adults in Singapore will rise 200% from current(当前的)levels. The government in Singapore 59 recorded a song to encourage young people to give birth to more children. The song is fun, but the problem is 60. The government is offering to pay 3,250 dollars for each of the first two children. It will pay 5,000 dollars for the 61 and fourth children. In Thailand, the population 62 than 65 rose to over 7% in 2010. 63 the 1960s, mothers had an average of 5 to 6 children. Now, that number has fallen to 1.5.

Population aging 64 more money for caring the old and fewer people that can work. 65 it is a problem that everyone should take seriously.

56. \_\_\_\_\_ 57. \_\_\_\_\_ 58. \_\_\_\_\_ 59. \_\_\_\_\_ 60. \_\_\_\_\_

61. \_\_\_\_\_ 62. \_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_ 64. \_\_\_\_\_ 65. \_\_\_\_\_

## 第二节

阅读短文, 根据语篇要求填空, 使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

With more and more people in the world, the major problem will be feeding the newcomers. Finding housing and medical care for everyone will also 66 difficult.

For now, the Chinese mainland has a population 67 1.4 billion. It's still the largest in the world. In 68 past ten years, it has added about 46.01 million and it's even more than the population of some countries.

However, its growth has slowed. 69 is said that the population will stop increasing in 2027. By 2050, some experts believe that its population will be smaller 70 it is today.

66. \_\_\_\_\_ 67. \_\_\_\_\_ 68. \_\_\_\_\_ 69. \_\_\_\_\_ 70. \_\_\_\_\_

## 五、补全对话(10 分)

根据下面的对话情景, 在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子, 使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hello! Long time no see. 71 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: Oh, I have just come back from Sichuan.

A: Sichuan? 72 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: I visited my grandpa. He is ill in hospital.

A: 73 \_\_\_\_\_ . Does he feel better now?

B: Yes. He does.

A: Great. By the way, 74 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: It has a population of more than 80 million. Sichuan Province has the second largest population in China

A: 75 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: Henan has nearly 100 million people.

## 六、作文(20 分)

假如你叫李明, 请给你的美国笔友 Tom 写一封 100 词左右的英语电子邮件, 主题是“Great changes in my hometown”, 告知他你的家乡这些年的变化。

提示: 从环境、交通、交流、学校几个方面来写。

要求: 文中不得出现真实姓名和学校名称。参考词汇: high-speed railway 高铁