# 泉州六中 2021-2022 学年上学期初三年英语科期中测试



## （满分：150 分考试时间：120 分钟）

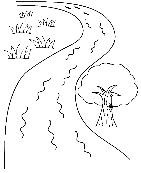
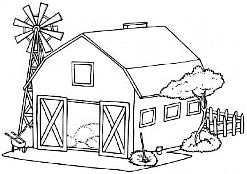
**注意：**请把所有答案填涂或书写到答题卡上！请不要错位、越界答题！ 在本试卷上答题无效。祝你取得好成绩！

## 一、听力部分（30 分）

1. **听力（共三节, 20 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分）**

**第一节 听句子 听下面五个句子, 从每小题所给的三幅图中选出与句子内容相符的选项。每个句子读两遍。**

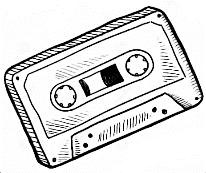
( )1   

A B C

( )2

( )3

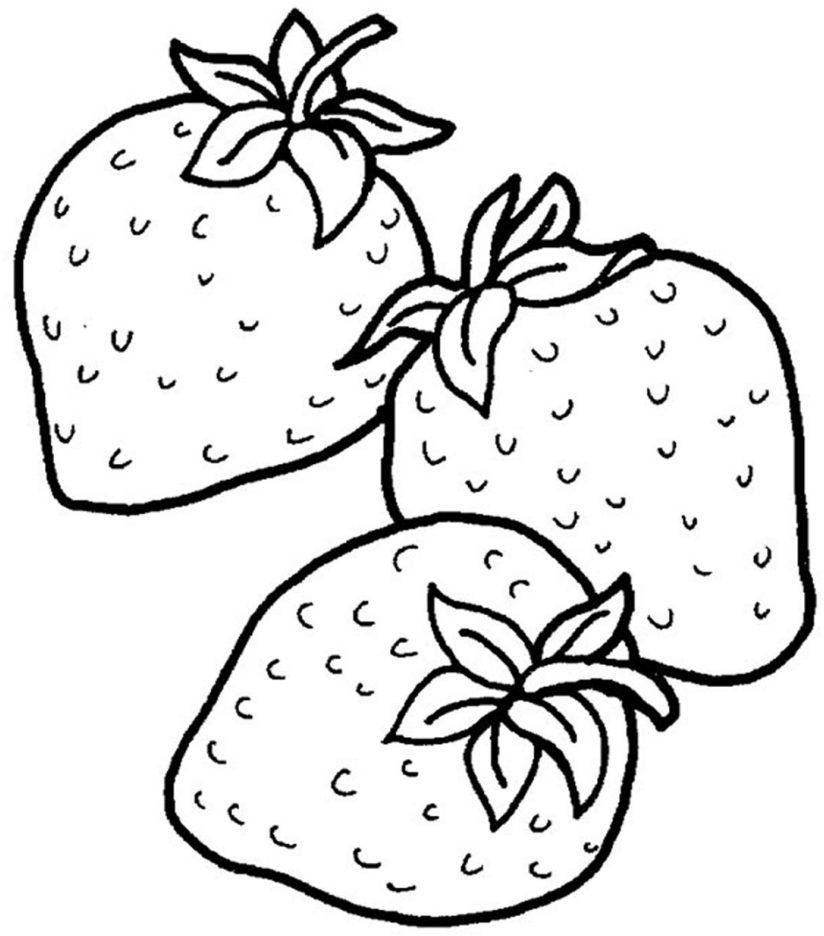
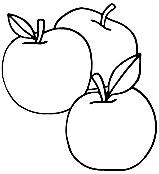
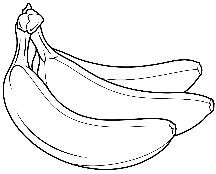
A B C



A B C

( )4

A B C

( )5

A B C

## 第二节 听对话 听下面七段对话, 从每小题所给的 A,B,C 三个选项中选出正确选项。每段对话读两遍。

**第听第 1 段对话，回答第 6 小题。**

( )6. When is Paul’s birthday?

A. On April 20th. B. On April 21st. C. On April 22nd.

## 听第 2 段对话，回答第 7 小题。

( )7. How many people will Jill travel abroad with? A. 2. B. 3. C. 4.

## 听第 3 段对话，回答第 8 小题。

( )8. Who used to work in a hospital?

A. Danny’s father. B. Danny’s mother. C. Danny’s grandmother.

## 听第 4 段对话，回答第 9 小题。

( )9. What happened to Tom last Saturday?

A. He hurt his leg. B. He broke his arm. C. He broke a tooth.

## 听第 5 段对话，回答第 10、11 小题。

( )10. Why does the girl talk to the boy?

A. To ask for help. B. To say goodbye. C. To express her thanks. ( )11. What will the boy do after school?

A. Meet the girl. B. Call his mother. C. Go to the football club.

## 听第 6 段对话，回答第 12、13 小题。

( )12. How does the woman relax?

A. By reading. B. By singing. C. By running. ( )13. What does the woman think of volleyball?

A. It’s fun. B. It’s difficult. C. It’s a team sport.

## 听第 7 段对话，回答第 14、15 小题。

( )14. Where was the noise from?

A. The kitchen. B. The bedroom. C. The living room. ( )15. What was stolen?

A. Some food. B. Some money. C. Some clothes.

## 第三节 听短文 根据你所听到的内容，完成下面表格。每空一词。短文读三遍。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **They Are Living on a Ship!** | |
| **Who** | Tim and his (16) . |
| **What to learn** | Math, history, (17) and English.  Ships and the (18) . |
| **What Tim does** | Sends his parents an e-mail (19) a week.  Watches the sun go down and waits for the (20) to come out. |

**二、笔试部分（120 分）**

1. **选择填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分）**

从每小题所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的正确选项。

( )21 you your homework yet? —Yes, I it ten minutes ago.

A. Did, do, finished B. Have, done, have finished C. Have, done, finished ( )22. Look!The classroom is so tidy! Do you know who it?

A.is cleaning B. has cleaned C. cleans

( )23. Students should be encouraged waste paper and soft drinks.

A collecting B to collect C collect ( )24.In our class of the students girls.

A. third fifths, is B. third fifth, are C. three fifths, are

( )25.-My parents don’t allow me computer games at school.

-That’s right. They are bad for your study.

A.play B. plays C. to play

( )26.Where is Mike? He Shanghai,he has there for 5 days.

A.has gone to,been to B has been to,gone C has gone to ,been

( )27. Mr.Green to take part in such a meetiing twice a year.

A invites B is invited C inviting

( )28. The doctors and nurses showed great in the face of the danger of being infected.

A.courage B. patience C. kindness

( )29. Many people enjoy some time for a walk after supper every day.

A.to spend,to go out .B. spending, going out C. to spend, going out

( )30.The meeting has been on 2 O’clock. It has been on three hours.

A since ,since B since ,for C. for since ( )31.I like swimming. my brother and I.

A. So do B. So does C.So are

( )32.China has a population 1.3 billion.And India is the second largest country

1.1 billion.

A.is,with B.with,of C.of,with

( )33.It is for him to get to school on time, because it is raining .

A hard, hardly B. hardly, hard C. hard, hard

( )34.I the message to him as soon as he back tomorrow. A.will give, will come B. will give, comes C. gives, will come

( )35.--Excuse me, could you tell me ?

--Certainly. At a quarter past two in the afternoon.

A.when will the train leave B.when the train left C.when the train leaves

## 完形填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分）

**从每小题所给的 A, B, C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。**

In English classes, we spend much time studying grammar and new words. We work hard to improve our reading and listening skills. 36 of us, however, pay enough attention to body language. So body language is not important, is it?

The answer is, "\_ 37 " As the old saying goes, "Actions speak louder than words." Sometimes, we can communicate things even without a single word. For example, we're used to shrugging our shoulders instead of saying "I don't know."

Body language can help us not only express our true, inner

feelings, but find out if someone is 38 . Often, people who are telling lies do not make eye contact（ 接 触 ） when speaking. They may turn away because they are uncomfortable with the 39 For example, in job interviews, the interviewers can sometimes judge（判断） the interviewee before he or she speaks.

Body language is important in our personal lives, too. It can show 40 you really care about your friends. Leaning（倾斜）forward into the conversation, for example, means you show 41 in what is being said. Listening without making eye contact

means you are not paying attention 42 are waiting for your turn to speak.

Scientists say over 70 percent of our messages 43 through body language. So it's very important for us to learn body language. 44 using body language, we are less likely to be misunderstood. We will find it 45 to get a job. We will also have lasting friendships.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ( )36. A. Many  ( )37. A. Yes | B. Some  B. No | C. Few  C. OK |
| ( )38. A. smiling | B. lying | C. shouting |
| ( )39. A. conversation | B. composition | C. conclusion |
| ( )40. A. why | B. where | C. whether |
| ( )41. A. fear | B. interest | C. anger |
| ( )42. A. but | B. and | C. or |
| ( )43. A. pass | B. passed | C. are passed |
| ( )44. A. Like | B. By | C. With |
| ( )45. A. easier | B. braver | C. harder |

## 阅读理解（共两节, 25 小题；满分 45 分）

**第一节 阅读下面 A, B, C, D 四篇短文, 根据短文内容, 从题中所给的 A, B,C,D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分）**

A

We can find water in three forms. When water is a liquid, we drink it or use it to take a shower. When water is a solid, we put some of it into a drink to keep it cool. We like to ski or skate on solid water. When water is a gas, we call it water vapor. When water boils , some of it changes into gas.

Water vapor also comes from the ground. This happens when the sun shines after it rains. The water vapor turns into clouds. The wind blows the clouds around. And then the clouds turn back into liquid. Then the

liquid falls to the ground as rain.

What makes water change its form? The water's temperature When it is below 0℃, water is solid, such as ice or snow. When the water is warm, it is liquid. When the temperature reaches 100℃ or higher, water becomes vapor.

( )46How can we use water when it is a liquid?

A.We ski on it. B.We use it to make gases.

C.We drink it. D.We put it into a drink. ( )47.What happens to water when it boils?

A.It changes into gas. B.It changes into ice.

C.It changes into wind. D.It changes into snow.

( )48What happens right after the water vapor turns into clouds? A.It turns back into liquid. B.It falls to the ground.

C.The wind blows the clouds around. D.It becomes snow. ( )49.When does water become vapor?

A.When it is 0℃. B.When it is 80℃. C.When it is 120℃. D.When it is 20℃. ( )50.Where may we read the passage?

1. In a travel guide. B.In a storybook. C.In a cookbook. D.In a magazine.

B

After spending 40 hours playing the online game King of Glory, a middle school student had a stroke( 中 风 ) and nearly died. This happened in Guangdong Province in April last year. It shows how bad things can get if one becomes addicted to( 沉 迷 ) the Internet.

To stop more teenagers from becoming addicted to the Internet, the Ministry of Education(MOE 教育部) sent a letter to all parents in China on April 20, 2018. It calls on them to pay more attention to their children's online activities.

The MOE also sent an urgent( 紧 急 ) notice to primary and middle schools, asking them to monitor( 监 督 ) students' Internet use. From now on, schools will pay more attention to their students' Internet use and their use of mobile phones.

Schools have been told to teach students how to avoid violent( 暴力的) online event. If students show signs of being addicted to the Internet, they can get help from their teachers to give up their addiction.

Among China's 772 million Internet users, nearly one fifth of them are between the ages of 10 and 19, according to the China Internet Network Information Center.

It's important to pay attention to how much time you spend online. To make better use of the Internet, experts advise that students should limit(限制) their screen time to less than 1.5 hours a day. To make better use of their free time, they can develop good hobbies, like reading or playing sports.

( )51.Why did the middle school student have a stroke? A．Because he spent 40 hours on playing computer games.

1. Because his mother limited his screen time.
2. Because he slept for more than 40 hours.
3. Because he studied for a long time.

( )52.What is the urgent notice the MOE send to all parents in China mainly about? A．How to play computer games in proper ways.

B．Paying more attention to their children's online activities. C．Giving up playing the game King of Glory.

D．Spending more time with their children.

( )53.How many Internet users are teenagers in China? A．About 772 million. B．About 151 million.

C．About 161 million. D．About 142 million.

( )54.According to the passage, which isn't a good way to make better use of the Internet?

A.Parents limit their children's time online. B．Teenagers should develop the habit of reading.

C．Teenagers should pay attention to violent online games. D．Teenagers should do more sports in their spare time.

( )55.What does the writer want to tell us?

A．How teenagers can make better use of the Internet. B．Some violent online games. C．Some advice on playing King of Glory. D．The importance of healthy.

C

We all know that recycling rubbish is very important. But sometimes it is not convenient when we can't find a recycling bin anywhere.

But now it is easy for you to find a recycling center with the help of an app. A team of middle school students from the US has solved that problem by designing their

Recycling Bin app.

This app encourages people to recycle. It provides users with a map of local recycling centers. And it allows them to save places as their favourites on it. This app also reminds users to

recycle.

The nine sixth-graders are from STEM Center Middle School. They came up with the idea when they were taking part in a school project for the Verizon Innovative App Challenge .Their school provided professional app training for them. Ten teams were given Samsung tablets as prizes.

The challenge wanted to develop students' interest in science, technology and engineering. In this contest, students should show an app design that could solve a problem in their school or city. The nine students came up with the idea for Recycling Bin when they saw a need for more recycling.

"We hoped that this would really help a lot of people," 12-year-old Jaden Hilkemann, told Time For Kids. They kept their design easy so that anyone could use it. Now the free Recycling Bin app has been put into use. "I was so excited when it appeared in the app store," Seralyn Blake, a member of the group, said. "A lot of my family members have downloaded the app. It was pretty cool."

( )56.Recycling Bin app was designed by some .

A.students B.parents C.teachers D.scientists

( )57.In Paragraph 3, the underlined word "it" refers to (指) . A.the app B.a rubbish bin C.the school D.the rubbish ( )58.The Verizon Innovative App Challenge .

A.provided every student with a tablet B.was organized by some students C.encouraged people to recycle D.was an app contest

( )59Recycling Bin app is not . A.easy to download B.cheap to buy

C.difficult to use D.useful in life

( )60.The best title for this passage is " ". A.Time for Recycling B.A New App for Recycling

C.Google Play App Store D.STEM Center Middle School

D

Autumn is a season that has inspired many poets to write beautiful poems,including this one.Poet Bai Juyi(772-846) was famous for his simple style of writing. Even less-educated people could easily understand his poems.Most of his poems are about social problems,such as inequality and corruption.But this poem is one of the few that are simply about the beauty of nature.

Sunset and Moonrise on the River,

The departing sunbeams pave a way on the river; Half of its waves turn red and the other half shiver. How I love the third night of the ninth moon aglow!

The dewdrops look like pearls;the crescent like a bow.

-------Translated by Xu Yuanchong

The poem describes two peaceful scenes.The first one is the view at sunset.The sun is going down and half of the river is painted red.It is a lovely autumn day and everything is calm and quiet.

Then in the next two lines,the poet describes another scene---an evening view.Looking down at the grass,the poet sees glittering dewdrops(露珠).Then,he looks up at the sky and sees the bow-like moon.From the changing views,we know that the poet stayed outside for quite some time.He enjoyed the beauty of nature so much that he didn’t want to go back inside.

When Bai Juyi wrote the poem,he was on a trip to Hangzhou.He was tired of the political struggle he saw in the capital city and was looking for an escape.This short poem shows how relaxed he felt while he was away from the royal court(宫廷 )

( )61.This poem is about . A.social problems B.an evening view

C.the beauty of nature D.inequality and corruption

( )62.How many objects are mentioned in the two peaceful scenes?

A.4 B.5 C.6 D.7

( )63.The poem mentioned in this passage may be “ ”.

A.<<钱塘湖春行 >> B.<<暮江吟 >> C.<<忆江南 >> D.<<琵琶行 >> ( )64.The last paragraph mainly shows us the of writing this poem.

A.background B.reason C.place D.purpose ( )65.What’s the best title for this passage?

A.Beauty of Nature B.A Beautiful Poem

C.A Great Poet D.A Lovely Autumn Day

## 第二节 阅读下面短文, 从短文后所给的五个选项中选出城入短文空白处的最佳选项, 使短文通顺、连贯, 意尽完整。（共 5 小题。每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分）

E

Have you ever asked your relatives or friends if there is Wi-Fi in their houses? 66 .The answers will probably be “Yes”. Most of us want Wi-Fi everywhere as if we

can't live without it. 67 We still have to spend some money connecting the

Internet at most time. Here comes a piece of good news.

A rich, powerful organization in the USA called the Media Development Investment Fund(MDIF) has decided to change the age of online counting completely by giving free

Wi-Fi to every person on Earth. 68 They have made a survey. 69 And

this is also because many countries are unable to offer people the necessary infrastructure to access the web. 70

1. Only 60% of the world's population have been able to get information on the Internet.
2. They will send up hundreds of satellites into low Earth orbit(轨道)．
3. We can expect to use free Wi-Fi everywhere in the near future.
4. But we can only use free Wi-Fi in some public places.
5. Have you ever searched for Wi-Fi when you are at restaurants or hotels?

## 情景交际（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分）

1. **你想知道中国人口有多少，可以这样问： ?**
2. **你想告诉大家污染已经引起太多问题，可以这样说：**

**\_ . 73 你找不到 Maria,想知道 Maria 去哪里了，可以这样问同桌：**

**\_ ？ 74 你想告诉同学你的家乡已取得很大的变化，可以这样表达：**

**\_ ？ 75 你想感叹 Tom 的房间很乱 可以这样说：**

**\_ !**

1. **看图写话（共 5 小题：每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分）**



76. ought to 77 not throw 78 for 2 hours

79 feed , by Jane ,every day 80 stop from

## 短文填空（共 10 小题：每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分）

**阅读下面短文, 根据语境、音标或所给单词的提示, 在每个空格内填入一个恰当的词, 要求所填的词意义准确、形式正确. 使短文意思完整、行文连贯。**

Since December 2019, China and many other parts of the world have been suffering the COVID-19. The Chinese government has 81 (pay) great attention to the spread of the 82 [dɪˈziːz] and ordered resolute (坚决的) efforts to fight

it.

Xi pointed out that epidemic( 传染病） prevention and control needs not only medical efforts, 83 all-round efforts. Wuhan had built 11 84 [ˈməʊbaɪl] cabin hospitals( 方舱医院) by Feb. 7,

which can offer thousands of beds to treat patients, China Daily reported. As of Feb 11, over 10,000 medical workers from outside the province had been sent to Hubei. As of Feb. 10, a 85 [ˈtəʊtl] of 160,000 tons of medical products and daily commodities ( 货 物 ) had been sent to Hubei.

86 Feb. 5, President Xi Jinping held a meeting in Beijing. Xi stressed the utmost importance of carrying out this work in a law-based, scientific and orderly manner. For example, individuals ( 个 人 ) and organizations should report both confirmed and suspected cases to hospitals 87 control centers. Infected( 感 染 的 ) areas are being locked down. Large public gatherings are being 88 (courage).

Xi also called for punishing those who commit crimes （ 犯 罪 ). These crimes include attacking medical workers, increasing the price of medical 89 (supply) such as masks and disposable gloves, and 70 (spread) rumors(谣言).

China has full confidence and capability to win the battle against the outbreak of NCP, Xi said.

## 书面表达（满分 15 分）

**随着经济发展，我们的生活越来越好，请通过以下表格提示，从信息来源，购**

**物方式和联系方式等方面以 How Life Changes 为题写一篇 80 词左右的短文。注意事项：**

1. **必须包含表格中所有信息，自己再增加 1-2 个方面。**
2. **开头及第一句已给出，请把它们一起抄到答题卡上**
3. **意思清楚，表达通顺，书写规范。**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | In the past | Now |
| 1 | newspaper, television | mobile phone, computer |
| 2 | shop | 0nline shop |
| 3 | letter, postcard | E-mail, Wechat, QQ |
| ...... | 请再列举 1-2 个方面 | 请再列举 1-2 个方面 |

How Life Changes

Great changes have taken place in our life during the years.

Yours,

Helen

# 泉州六中 2021-2022 学年上学期初三年英语科期中测试参考答

**案**

1. 听力（共三节, 20 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分）

1-5 BCACC 6-10 CBCBA 11-15 CCCAA

16. classmates 17. music 18. sea

1. once 20. stars

（评分标准：16-20 小题凡与提供的答案不符均不得分, 大小写错误不扣分。）

1. 选择填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分）

21-25. CBBCC 26-30. CBABB 31-35. ACCBC

1. 完形填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分）

36-40: CABAC 41 一 45: BACBA

1. 阅读理解（共两节, 25 小题；满分 45 分）

第一节（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分）

(A)46-50.CACCD (B)51-55.ABBCA (C)56-60AADCB

(D) 61-65 CABAB

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分）

66-70. EDBAC

1. 情景交际（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分）

71 .What’s the population of China?

* 1. Pollution has caused too many problems.
  2. Where has Maria gone?
  3. Great changes has taken place in my hometown.
  4. What a mess!

（评分标准：每小题能按照要求写出正确内容, 得 2 分； 能写出主要句子结构, 得

1-1.5 分；能传递个别信息, 得 0.5 分。）

1. 看图写话（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分）
   1. You ought to do exercise every day.
   2. Don’t throw litter around.
   3. She has played the piano for 2 hours.
   4. The cat is fed by Jane every day.
   5. Trees can stop the wind from blowing the earth away.

评分标准：每小题能够写出 1 个符合图意的完整、正确的句了，得 2 分；能基本说明图意，

写出主要句子结构，得 1-1.5 分；能传递个别信息，得 0.5 分。

VII 短文填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分）

81 . paid 82. disease 83. but 84. mobile 85. total

86. On 87. or 88. discouraged 89. supplies 90. spreading

（评分标准：81-90 小题凡与提供的答案不符均不得分, 大小写错误不扣分。）

VIII. 书面表达（满分 15 分） 略

【评卷提示】

第五档 13-15 分：包含所有信息, 内容完整, 语句通顺, 意思连贯。没有或基本没有语法, 拼写错误, 书写规范, 词数符合要求。

第四档 10-12 分：包含大部分信息, 内容较完整, 表达基本清楚, 语句较通顺, 有少量语法、拼写错误。书写规范, 词数基本符合要求。

第三档 7 一 9 分：写出基本信息, 语句基本通顺, 但句子较简单, 表达不够清楚, 有部分语法、拼写错误。书写基本规范。

第二档 4 一 6 分：写出部分信息, 表达不清楚, 有较多语法和拼写错误。第一档 1 一 3 分：仅能传递个别信息, 通篇只有个别句子可读。

0 分：只字未写, 或写的内容与所要求的内容无关。

## 听力材料

Ⅰ. 听力（共三节，20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

第一节 听句子 听下面五个句子，从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图中选出与句子内容相符的选项。（每个句子读两遍）

1. My younger sister liked to sit under the tree.
2. I can see a river from my bedroom window in my apartment.
3. You can improve your reading skills by reading English newspapers.
4. It is not allowed to take photos in the museum.
5. Mom, the strawberries that you picked on Green Farm yesterday taste sweet.

第二节 听对话 听下面七段对话，从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案。（每段对话读两遍）

听第 1 段对话，回答第 6 小题。

W: Do you know when our school trip is, Paul?

M: Yeah! It’s on April 21st. That’s one day before my birthday.

听第 2 段对话，回答第 7 小题。

W: Do you know that Jill will travel abroad this summer?

M: Yeah, she’ll travel with her cousin, her sister and her aunt.

听第 3 段对话，回答第 8 小题。

W: Did your parents work as doctors, Danny?

M: No. Neither my mother nor my father was a doctor. But my grandma worked in a hospital. She used to be a nurse, but now she is a writer.

听第 4 段对话，回答第 9 小题。

W: Is Tom going to play today?

M: No, he isn’t. He fell over during our game last Saturday.

W: Did he hurt his leg?

M: No, he broke his arm. And two weeks ago he broke a tooth.

听第 5 段对话，回答第 10、11 小题。

W: Do you mind if I borrow your phone? I want to call my mom. M: Not at all. Where is yours?

W: I’m not allowed to take mine to school.

M: Me, neither. But today I’m going to the football club after school so Mom asked me to bring it.

听第 6 段对话，回答第 12、13 小题。

M: How do you usually relax?

W: I go running almost every day. I enjoy staying by myself. What about you? M: I like playing volleyball.

W: How long have you played it?

M: Ten years on and off. I like it because I can play and communicate with others.

W: Right. Volleyball is a team sport but sometimes I can’t get enough people who also love it and make up a team.

听第 7 段对话，回答第 14、15 小题。

M: Could you tell me everything that happened last night?

W: Yes, of course. I was sleeping and I heard a loud noise in the kitchen. M: And what did you do?

W: I got up and went downstairs very quietly. Then I saw a man going out of the window. M: Can you describe the man?

W: Sure. He had dark hair and was fat and short. I couldn’t see his face clearly, but he was wearing a blue shirt.

M: Did he steal anything?

W: He stole all the food from the fridge!

第三节 听短文 根据你所听到的短文内容，完成下面表格，每空填一词。（短文读三遍）

(M)Would you like to study and travel around the world at the same time? Tim is 11 years old. This term, Tim and his classmates are living on a ship! They study math, history, music and English, but they don’t study P.E. or art. They also learn about ships and the sea. Tim sends his parents an e-mail once a week and tells them what happens and what they eat on the ship. Tim loves living on the ship. There is always something exciting to do. And, after a long day of study, he likes to watch the sun go down and wait for the stars to come out. Studying and doing homework seem much more fun when they are at sea.

