**东华学校2021－2022学年第一学期期中教学质量检测**



启用前 保密

**九年级 英语试卷**

**试卷类型：A卷**

（时间90分钟，满分120分）

**说明：1. 全卷共9页，答卷前，考生务必用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔将自己的班级、姓名、试室号、考号和座位号填写在答题卡相应位置上；**

**2. 选择题每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑，如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其它答案。作答在试卷上的答案无效；**

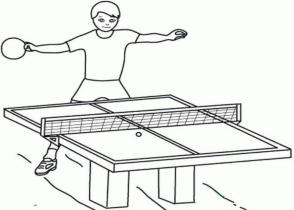
**3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上。如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案。不允许使用铅笔或涂改液、涂改带等，否则答案无效。**

**一、听力理解。（本大题共分ABCD四个部分，共30小题，每小题1分，共30分）**

**A. 听单句话。（本题有5小题，每小题1分，共5分）**

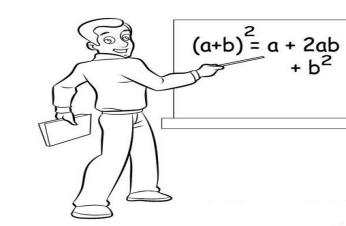
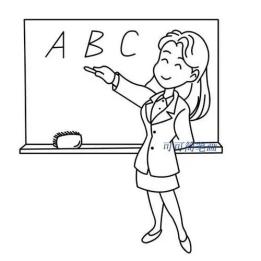
根据所听句子的内容和问题，选择符合题意的图画回答问题，并将其字母编号填涂在答题卡相应的位置，每小题听一遍。

( )1. What’s Bob good at ?

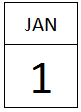
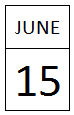
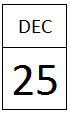
A B C

( )2．Who is Mrs Gao?

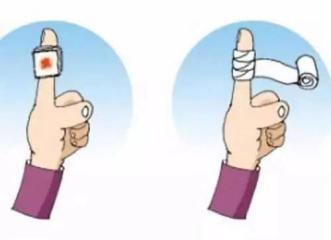
A B C

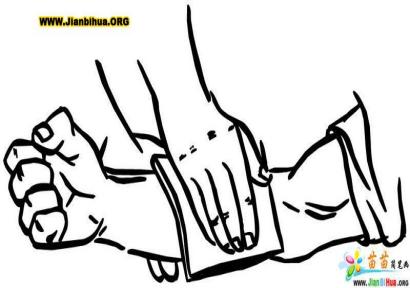
( )3．When will Tom’s father go to Shanghai for a meeting ?

A B C

( )4．What happened to Jack just now ?



A B C

( )5．How may the speaker go to the place ?

A B C

1. **听对话。（本题有10小题，每小题1分，共10分）**

根据所听对话的内容回答每段对话后的问题，在每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最

佳答案。每段对话听两遍。

听第一段对话，回答第6小题。

( )6．Why did the girl join the club?

1. To learn art. B. To find a job. C. To make friends .

听第二段对话，回答第7小题。

( )7. What do the farmers come here for?

A. Helping grow rice. B. Asking for advice. C. Buying some rice.

听第三段对话，回答第 8小题。

( )8．What happened when Kate was twenty-eight?

1. She started swimming . B. She learned to swim C. She hurt her foot

听第四段对话，回答第9小题。

( )9．What are the speakers talking about ?

1. Hobbies. B. Sports. C. Heroes.

听第五段对话，回答第10小题。

( )10. Who has a stronger will?

A. Jim. B. Jill. C. Bill.

听第六段对话，回答第11--12小题。

( )11. What is Alice doing?

A. Reading a report. B. Writing a report. C. Listening to a report.

( )12. When is Midori’s birthday?

A. On 26th May. B. On 27th May. C. On 28th May.

听第七段对话，回答第13--15小题。

( )13．What does Mr Hunt do ?

A . A doctor . B. A musician. C. A coach.

( )14. When did Ted learn to play the piano from his father ?

A . At four. B. At six. C. At ten

( ) 15. What sport did Mr Hunt teach Ted to play?

1. Table tennis. B. Basketball. C. Football.

**C.听独白。**

请根据所听内容，在每小题所给的三个选项中，选出一个能完成句子的最佳答案。独白听两遍。

听第一段独白，回答第16--20小题。

( )16. Ben thought studying languages at college was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. interesting B. easy C. tiring

( ) 17. Ben can speak \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. German and French B .French and Japanese C. German and Japanese

( ) 18. Ben is teaching in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Russia B. England C. China

( ) 19.Ben works for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hours every day .

A. six B. five C. two

( ) 20.Ben’s favourite sport is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. basketball B. tennis C. football

听第二段独白，回答第21--25小题。

( )21. There is a café(小餐馆)on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. ground floor B. first floor C. second floor

( ) 22.People can borrow DVDs from the library and keep them for\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_days .

A. seven B. five C. two

( ) 23. People should pay\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_pounds(英镑) to borrow a DVD.

A. 2 B. 3 C. 4

( ) 24. People should\_\_\_\_\_\_\_before using a computer in the computer room.

A. book B. talk to Susan C. write an e-mail

( )25. The club organizes (组织) trips \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. twice a month B. once a week C. twice a week

**D.听填信息。（本题有5小题，每小题1分，共5分）**

根据所听内容，完成表格的相关内容，并将答案填写答题卡相应位置，短文听两遍。

|  |
| --- |
| Margaret Island  Opening time:  From 8:00 to (26) every day.  Activities:  Sightseeing by bike –It saves (27) .  Caching an open-air show – The Margaret Island Open-Air Stage has theatre performances(表演) each year.  Visiting the pet (28) to see animals and birds  Transportation (交通方式)  From Margaret Bridge in the (29)  From Arpad Bridge in the north-taking the NO.(30) bus. |

**二、语法选择（本大题共有10小题；每小题1分，共10分）**

During the Tang Dynasty（朝代） more than 1,000 years ago, people had to send gifts 31 the emperor（皇帝）. Once, a man called Mian 32 to take some swans(天鹅) in cages（笼子） to the emperor. While he was walking past a lake, he found that the swans were hot and dirty. He wanted 33 the swans out so that they 34 have a bath in the lake. But the swans flew away 35 they were let out. Only a few feathers(羽毛) were left. 36 scared the man was when he saw that! Suddenly, he got an idea. He picked up 37 feather from the ground and left for the capital.

Before Mian arrived, the emperor had received many valuable gifts from officials. Everyone was 38 when Mian presented his feather. Mian then began to sing, “I have come a thousand li to bring you my gift. But I lost my swans at a lake. Maybe my gift is not as 39 as others,but love and respect for you are true.” The emperor was pleased with Mian’s wit(智慧). Instead of 40 him, he gave him a big reward.

People then started using the idiom(典故)“ a swan feather sent from a thousand li away.”

( )31．A．from B．to C．out D．for

( )32．A．asks B．is asked C．asked D．was asked

( )33．A．to let B．let C．letting D．lets

( )34．A．will B．may C．could D．need

( )35．A．as soon as B．before C．until D．unless

( )36．A．What B．How C．What a D．How a

( )37．A．a B．an C．the D．/

( )38．A．surprise B．surprises C．surprised D．surprising

( )39．A．heavy B．heavier C．heaviest D．the heaviest

( )40．A．punish B．to punish C．punished D．punishing

**三、完形填空（本大题有10小题，每小题1分，共10分）**

People from different fields are devoting(奉献) themselves to fighting the novel coronavirus(新型冠状病毒). They try their best to do 41 they can in their own way.

On January 23rd, Wuhan was locked down. A music teacher at Wuhan's Ganghua Elementary School, Hua Yuchen saw a notice on WeChat 42 volunteers to fight the virus. She decided to be a volunteer at once.“At first, I had no 43 what kind of work I was going to do,”she said.“But as a Wuhan native, I knew I must do 44 for my home town. Hua Yuchen had been a volunteer in Wuhan for more than 30 days. She was also afraid of the novel coronavirus, but she was still 45 to help people when they needed her. She took the temperatures of 46 at the stations. They had to drive people to do lots of things. She also helped to carry goods and worked as a broadcaster(广播员) at a hospital. She 47 very happy when she was working with other volunteers.

Hua Yuchen didn't tell her parents that she would do volunteer work at first 48 she didn't want them to worry about her. However, when she 49 told them, they supported(支持) her. Now she wants to 50 her volunteer experience with her students. She will talk to them about what they should do when the epidemic(疫情) is over.

( )41．A．what B．that C．when D．how

( )42．A．worrying about B．depending on C．looking for D．paying for

( )43．A．reason B．mistake C．secret D．idea

( )44．A．anything B．nothing C．something D．everything

( )45．A．confident B．brave C．honest D．silly

( )46．A．drivers B．doctors C．patients D．volunteers

( )47．A．seemed B．felt C．kept D．became

( )48．A．although B．before C．because D．unless

( )49．A．recently B．finally C．luckily D．firstly

( )50．A．cover B．serve C．connect D．share

**四、阅读理解（本大题有15小题，每小题2分，共30分）**

**A**

Mobile apps have been part of our lives. The following apps are part of the most popular ones.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| figure | Ctrip can be the best helper when you feel it hard to buy the train or plane tickets. You can buy tickets anywhere at any time on it. Next time when you want to go to another city or country, you may use it to get tickets. |
| figure | Ximalaya FM has lots of books including poems, short stories and even fairy tales for children. What’s special about it is that you can listen to all these books on it. It’s so wonderful, isn’t it? |
| figure | BabyBus is a very good friend for children. Kids can learn to speak, know numbers and draw pictures with the help of this app. Do you have a little brother or sister? If so, use it to help him or her. |
| figure | BaiCiZhan can help you learn more English words through pictures. So, if you have problems remembering the new words when you learn English, use it! I’m sure you will make great progress in learning English. |

(　　)51.If you are going to see your friend in another city, you may use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to buy a train ticket.

A．BaiCiZhan B．Ximalaya FM C．BabyBus D．Ctrip

(　　)52.You can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on Ximalaya FM.

1. find short stories B．find fairy tales

C．download films to watch D．listen to many books

(　　)53.If your little sister wants to learn to \_\_\_\_\_, you may download(下载) BabyBus for her.

A．swim B．play football C．draw pictures D．play the guitar

(　　)54.BaiCiZhan can help you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．buy tickets B．remember English words

C．draw pictures D．read lots of books

(　　)55.What is the purpose(目的) of the text?

1. To introduce four English learning apps.

B．To introduce four useful mobile apps.

C．To introduce four types of mobile phones.

D. To introduce four computer games for children.

**B**

The year 2022 will be a big year for sports in China. That’s because it will hold not only the 24th Winter Olympics in Beijing, but also the 19th Asian Games in Hangzhou.

On Aug, 6th, 2018, the official emblem (会徽) for the Hangzhou Asian Games was released. The city won the hosting rights for the 2022 Asian Games in 2015. It will be the third Chinese city to host the Asian Games after Beijing and Guangzhou in 1990 and 2010.

First held in 1951, the Asian Games is the largest multi-sport event in Asia. It also means a lot to China. The Beijing Asian Games was the first large international sports event to be hosted by China, China News Service reported. To make the Games a great success, Chinese people worked hard to prepare. Beijing built a great number of roads and gyms, including the famous Beijing Olympic Sports Center and Asian Games Village.

The Games helped the world see China and its achievements(成就). Since then, China has improved its global image, China Youth Daily reported.

For the upcoming 2022 Asian Games, Hangzhou has already started building 33 sports venues (场馆), according to The Paper. The themes of the Hangzhou Asian Games are “green, smart, economical and civilized”. All the Games’s buildings will be environmentally friendly.

(　　)56. Which city will host the 2022 Asian Games?

A．Beijing. B．Guangzhou. C．Shanghai. D．Hangzhou.

(　　)57. When was the first Asian Games held?

A．In 1951. B．In 1985. C．In 1990. D．In 2010

(　　)58. To make the Games a great success, which of the following is **NOT TRUE**?

1. Chinese people worked hard to prepare.
2. Beijing built the famous Beijing Olympic Sports Center.
3. Beijing built a great number of the National Stadiums-the Bird’s Nests.
4. Beijing built the Asian Games Village.

(　　)59. According to the writer, how did the Beijing Asian Games influence China?

A．Beijing built a lot of roads and stadiums.

B．It helped the world see China and its achievements.

C．It improved China’s economy.

D．It helped China attract more tourists.

(　　)60. What is the main idea of the passage?

1. The development of the Asian Games in China.

B．Why China wants to host the Asian Games.

C．How China prepares the 19th Asian Games.

D．How the Asian Games emblem was designed.

**C**

**配对阅读（阅读左栏中的五段信息，从右栏中找出与其内容相匹配的最佳选项。）**

左栏是五位学生在生活中遇到的问题，右栏是相应的建议，请为左栏的每位学生选择一个合适的建议。并将其字母编号填写在答题卷指定位置上。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| （ ）61. Ma Jing likes animals very much. She wants to go to the zoo to see some animals with her parents.  （ ）62. Lanlan’s favorite food is fish. She asks her mother to buy it for her.  （ ）63. Alice’s skirt is old. She needs to buy a skirt. Her mother wants to buy one for her.  （ ）64. Chen Qiang is from Shantou. He likes Guangdong food. He often eats out. Fish is his favorite. He doesn’t like bread, cola or hamburgers.  （ ）65. David comes from Canada. He wants to know about China. He wants to visit Beijing. | A．The Dongdong Food Shop is Li Dong’s. He has bread, fish, hamburgers and meat...You can buy the food you want there.  B．Please go to Guangdong Restaurant. All foods are very delicious(美味的). They are fish, meat and rice... Please come to eat often.  C．Jeff’s Chinese is not very good. I often help him with it. He is very happy. He helps me with my English.  D．A lot of clothes are in the Shishang Clothes Shop. They are white T-shirts, green skirts and black coats...Please ask your mother to buy them.  E．Many animals are in the Rongtai Zoo. They are all very cute and strong. They are monkeys, pandas, lions, elephants and tigers...Some are from China. Some come from America. Please go there.  F．Beijing is the capital(首都)of China. People are all kind here. Many people are very glad to visit it. Welcome to Beijing.  G．Sally is my new classmate. She comes from England. Her English is good. We help each other. |

**五、短文填空（本大题有10小题，每小题1.5分，共15分）**

用适当的词完成下面的短文，每个空只能填写一个形式正确、意义相符的单词。

Jane is a warm-hearted girl. She is only ten years old, \_\_\_66.\_\_\_\_she has big ideas of helping other kids.

Jane took part in a winter camp \_\_\_67.\_\_\_\_ the age of eight. During her stay in the camp, she went to visit some kids in poor areas. She felt sad that the kids there didn’t have new clothes to \_\_\_68.\_\_\_\_and toys to play with. After she returned home, she kept thinking about \_\_\_69.\_\_\_\_ to do to help those kids.

One morning Jane saw some elder kids selling lemon juice by the street. They wanted to raise \_\_\_70.\_\_\_\_to help their friends. Then she came up with \_\_\_71.\_\_\_ idea. With the help of her mother, Jane set up her first lemonade stand (摊档). In a week, it made $52. Although it was only a \_\_\_72.\_\_\_\_\_money, she helped 12 kids with it! She felt very excited when she saws smiles on \_\_\_73.\_\_\_\_\_faces. After that, her mother helped her start a program called Jane’s Lemonade for Love. Up till now, she has already raised\_\_\_74.\_\_\_\_\_than $17,000! She is going to spend the money \_\_\_75.\_\_\_\_ clothes, toys and books for the poor kids.

**六、读写综合（本大题分为A、B两部分，共25分）**

**回答问题（共5小题，每小题2分，共10分）**

请阅读下面一篇有关《中国诗词大会》第三季总决赛中冠军得主雷海为的新闻报道。请根据所提供的信息，回答问题。

|  |
| --- |
| Takeout Deliverer Wins Poetry Competition  Lei Haiwei, a takeout deliverer(外卖送货员）, won the Chinese Poetry Conference(中国诗词大会) after beating a university student from Beijing University in the final. Many people said the result was a surprise, because they had not expected a takeout deliverer to win a national poetry competition.  Lei has become a big fan of Chinese poetry since childhood. This 37-year-old man has spent most of his free time reading and studying poems. He went to bookstores every weekend to read poems. He wrote down the poems from memory after returning home, and checked if he had remembered them correctly on his next visit to the bookstore. The Chinese poem-lover also liked reciting poems when he was waiting for food at restaurants. He said this made his job less boring.  Lei has learned many classic Chinese poems in this way. By the time he took part in the poetry competition, he had remembered 800 poems. And now he can remember more than 1000 poems. He also writes poems himself for a deep understanding of the Chinese language and history.  Many people may find it too hard to understand Chinese poetry. Some even think poetry is only for those who are highly educated. Lei’s story has shown that everyone can learn Chinese poetry well. Whether you are a student from a top university or a takeout deliverer who graduate from a technical school, you can read Chinese poetry and enjoy the beauty of its language. |

1. Who did Lei Haiwei beat in the final competition?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. How old is Lei Haiwei?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. How has Lei Haiwei spent most of his free time?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Where did Lei Haiwei go every weekend?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. How many poems can Lei Haiwei remember now?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**B. 书面表达（本题15分）**

根据要求完成短文写作，请将作文写在答题卡指定的位置上。

《中国诗词大会》主持人董卿对雷海为的评论：“你在读书上花的任何时间，都会在某一个时刻给你回报。” 学习是一个厚积薄发的过程，充分利用课外空闲时间阅读是知识积累一种重要手段。

学校在阅读月开展了以“我爱读书”为主题的分享。请你写一篇英语短文，**向同学们汇报你们四人小组的阅读内容、理由心得，并说明阅读的重要性，号召大家阅读。**写作主要包括以下要点：

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 组员 | Amy | Emma | Mike | You |
| 读物 | u=726051922,3357506467&fm=26&fmt=auto.webp  ***Harry Potter***  novels | figure  ***Nature Encyclopaedia***  reference book参考书 | u=857958877,328562934&fm=224&app=112&f=JPEG  ***A brief history of China***  history book | 请补充 |
| 理由 | 感兴趣，提高阅读能力 | 更多地了解世界 | 学习、了解历史 | 请补充 |

注意：

1、必须包括表中所提及的和题干要求的内容，并作适当发挥；

2、文中不得出现真实的姓名和学校名称；

3、词数不少于80字。文章开头已给出，不计入总词数。

作文要求：

1．不能照抄原文；不得在作文中出现学校的真实名称和学生的真实姓名。

2．语句连贯，词数80个左右。作文的开头和结尾已经给出，不计入总词数，也不必抄写在答题卡上。

Hello, my fellows. We had a sharing on “We love reading” during our School Reading Month. Here is what we shared in our group.

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