** 2021-2022学年上学期期中学生学业质量检测**

**九年级英语试卷**

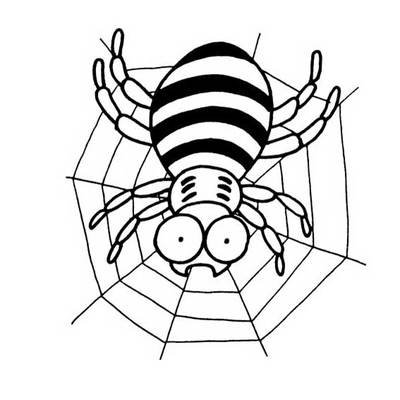
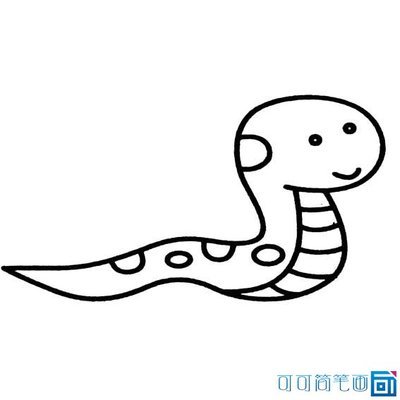
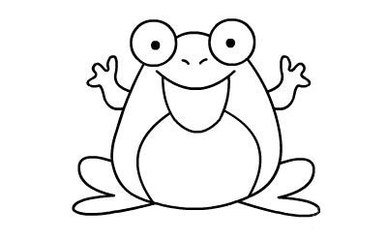
(全卷四个部分，共8页，满分120分，考试用时120分钟)

**第一部分 听力（共四节，满分30分）**

第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

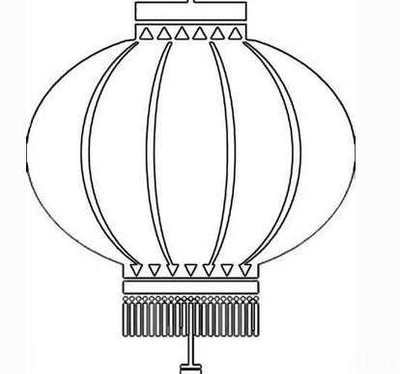
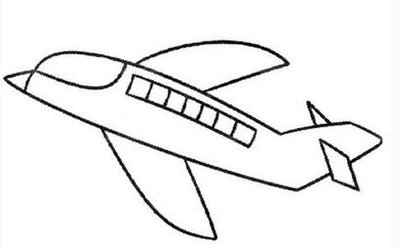
听句子，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出与所听句子内容相关的图画。每个句子听两遍。

（ ） 1

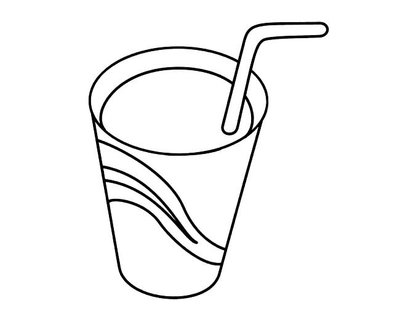
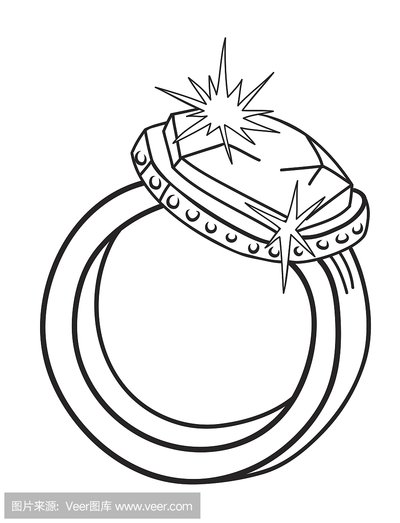


A. B. C.

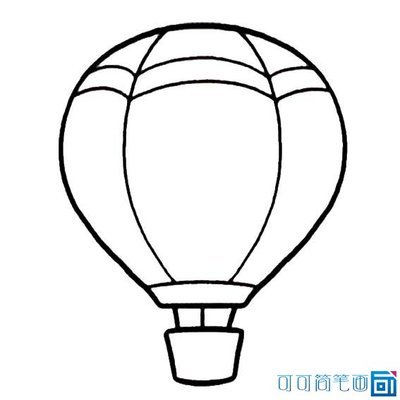
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A. B. C.

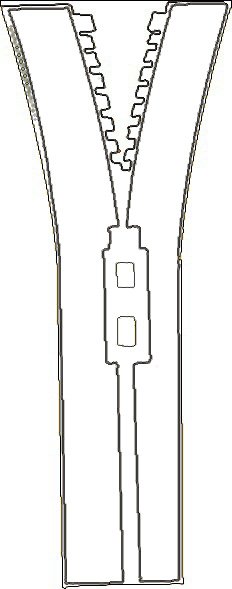
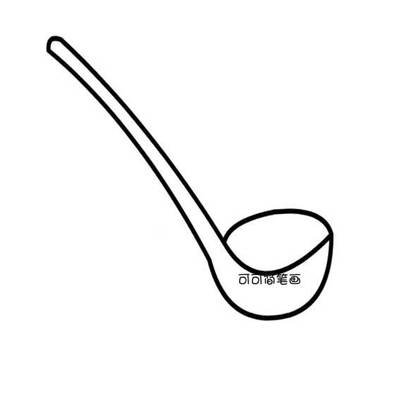


（ ） 3



A. B. C.

（ ） 4



A. B. C.

（ ）5



A. B. C.

第二节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听句子，从题中所给的A.B.C三个选项中选出与所听句子内容相符的正确答案，并将所选答案涂在答题卡相应位置, 每个句子听两遍。

( ) 6.A.Yes,I do.    B. Yes, I will.   C. Yes, I did.

( ) 7. A. It’s made of used wood and glass. B. It’s made in Shanghai.

C. It’s made by my father.  
( ) 8. A. It’s used by many people.  B. It’s used for cutting meat. C. I bought it at a low price.

( ) 9. A. English.   B. German.   C. Two

( ) 10. A. I am interested in English. B. By watching English movies.

C. English is difficult for me.

第三节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分） 听下面五段对话，每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A.B.C三个选项中选出最佳选

项,并将所选答案涂在答题卡相应位置, 每段对话听两遍。

( ) 11. What did Lucy use to be like?

A. She used to be short. B. She used to be tall. C. She used to be thin.

( ) 12. What does Mike often do after class now?

A. He often plays table tennis. B. He often plays basketball. C. He often plays tennis.

( ) 13. Where was Jack’s mobile phone made?

A. It was made in America. B. It was made in Japan. C. It was made in China.

( ) 14. When was the new cell phone invented?

A. In 2008. B. In 2006. C. In 2018.

( ) 15. What don’t Mary’s parents allow her to do?

A. To choose her clothes. B. To get her ears pierced. C. To go out with her friend

第四节 （共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）  
听下面两段对话或独白,每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A.B.C三个选项

中选出最佳选项，并将所选答案涂在答题卡相应位置, 每段对话或独白听两遍。听第1段材

料,回答第16-17小题。

( ) 16. Where does the man go?

A. Post office. B. Bridge. C. Bus stop.

( ) 17. How far is it from there?

A. 13 minutes’ walk. B. 13 minutes’ ride. C. 13 kilometers.

听第2段材料,回答第18-20小题。

( ) 18. What did Tina start learning at the age of 5?

A. To play the violin. B. To play the piano. C. To play the guitar.

( ) 19. How did Tina’s parents feel about her dream at first?

A. Surprised. B. Happy. C. Angry.

( ) 20. What is Tina studying in a college now?

A. Education. B. Computer science. C. Medicine

**第二部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分30分）**

第一节 单项填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）

从题中所给的A、B、C、 D四个选项中选出能填入空白处的正确答案，并将所选答案涂到答题卡的相应位置上。

( ) 21. -I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ stay up late．

-Really? I didn’t．But I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_working in the night now．

A. used to，used to B. was used to，used to

C. used to，am used to D. was used to，use to

( ) 22. Do you think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ should be allowed to drive?

A. sixteen-year-old B. seventeen-year-olds

C. fifteen-year-old D. eighteen-years-olds

( ) 23. The teacher asked us to get up early \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we could catch the early bus.

A**.** so that B**.** because C**.** since D**.** when

( ) 24.-You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ photos here. Look at the sign. It says: “ No photos.”

-Sorry, I won’t.

A. must B. need C. mustn’t D. needn’t

( ) 25. -Which park would you like to visit，People’s Park or West Hill Park?

-\_\_\_\_\_．I would like to visit Seaside Park．

A. Both B. Neither C. Either D. None

(    ) 26.WeChat is very popular. \_\_\_\_\_\_ the young \_\_\_\_\_the old are getting interested in it.

A. Neither; nor B. Either; or C. Not only, but also D. Between; and

( ) 27. We all know that\_\_\_\_ we work, \_\_\_\_ result we’ll get.

A. the harder, the better B. harder, better

C. the more hard, the more better D. the hardest, the best

( ) 28. -Do you think there are\_\_\_\_ new words in this unit?

-Yes, that’s right. I’ll \_\_\_\_\_\_first.

A. too much, look them up B. too many, look up them

C. much too, look them up D. too many, look them up

( ) 29. The handbag is made\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, so it’s very expensive.

A. by hand       B. by mistake   C. by accident         D. by chance

( ) 30. We wonder \_\_\_\_\_to go camping tomorrow. If it \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow, we won’t go camping.

A. whether; will rain B. if; will rain

C. whether; rains D. if; rains

( ) 31. -Who taught \_\_\_\_\_ history last year?

-Nobody! He learned it \_\_\_\_\_.

A. him; by himself B. his; by himself

C. himself; himself D. his; him

( ) 32. We all try to avoid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ useless things in order not to waste money.

A. buy B. buying C. to buy D. bought

( ) 33. - \_\_\_\_\_\_will the summer vacation come？

-In two weeks.

A. How often B. How C. How long D. How soon

( ) 34. \_\_\_\_\_ useful advice you’ve offered me! I am out of trouble now.

A. What B. What a C. What an D. How

( )35. I didn’t understand \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , so I raised my hand to ask him.

A. what my teacher said B. what does my teacher say

C. what my teacher says D. what did my teacher say

第二节 完形填空（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

从题中所给的A、 B、C、 D四个选项中选出能填入空白处的正确答案，并将所选答案涂到答题卡的相应位置上。

Rebecca Stevens was the first British woman to climb Mount Qomolangma. Before she went up the tallest mountain in the world, she was a reporter and lived in a small flat in South London.

In 1993, Rebecca left her job and her mother and traveled to Asia with some other 36 . She found that life on Qomolangma was hard. “You must carry everything on your 37 ,” she said, “so you can only take things that you will 38 . You can’t wash on the mountain, and in the end I didn’t even take a toothbrush. I am usually a clean person but there is no 39 , only snow. Water is very heavy so you only take enough to drink!”

When Rebecca 40 the top of Mount Qomolagma on May 17, 1993, it was the best moment of her life. From then on she became 41 . Now she has 42 a book about the trip and people often ask her to talk about it. She has a new 43 too, on a science program on TV.

Rebecca is well known today 44 she has more money, but she still lives in the small flat in South London among her 45 and books about mountains!

( ) 36. A. climbers B. classmates C. brothers D. sisters

( ) 37. A. hand B. head C. body D. back

( ) 38. A. borrow B. need C. expect D. have

( ) 39. A. cloud B. rain C. wind D. water

( ) 40. A. came B. arrived C. reached D. got

( ) 41. A. famous B. rich C. poor D. old

( ) 42. A. sold B. written C. borrowed D. bought

( ) 43. A. book B. work C. job D. house

( ) 44. A. because B. but C. or D. and

( ) 45. A. trees B. money C. family D. pictures

**第三部分 阅读理解（共三节，满分35分）**

第一节 （共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

根据短文内容，判断正误。正确的填“T”，错误的填 “F”，并将所选答案涂到答题卡的相应位置上。

Once upon a time， there was a tree which wanted to become a treasure box. One day, a farmer cut it down and sold it to a carpenter（木匠）. The tree was happy because he thought the carpenter would make it into a treasure box.

To its surprise，the carpenter made it into a feed box for animals. The tree felt very disappointed because that was not its dream. Several years later，the feed box was thrown away. Someone picked it up and placed it into an old temple. The tree forgot its dream little by little.

One day, a couple came to the temple. The woman gave birth to a baby boy. There wasn't a bed in the temple. So they placed the baby in the feed box. They loved him and regarded him as their treasure. The tree suddenly realized that it became a real "treasure box" at that time.

Sometimes you may think your dream will not come true. Don't forget your dream. It may be realized in another new way.

（ ）46. The tree felt very sad when the farmer sold it to a carpenter.

（ ）47. The carpenter made the tree into a treasure box.

（ ）48. To be a feed box was the tree's dream.

（ ）49. The couple used the feed box as their baby's bed.

（ ）50. Never give up your dream， it may be realized in another new way.

第二节 （共10小题，每小题2分，满分20分）

根据短文内容，从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出正确选项，并将所选答案涂到答题卡的相应位置上。

**A**

When a young man was 16, his father seriously said to him, “I’ll give you whatever you want before you are 18. But after that, I won’t care much about you, and you should give me whatever I want.” When his 18th birthday was coming, the young man began thinking about looking for a job．So he sent his resumes（简历）to many companies he liked on the Internet. “However, most got no replies,” he said. “Maybe they were surprised at my primary school education.”

By chance, one of his friends was looking for someone, who could work as an egg porter（搬运工）in the supermarket, for half a dollar a box. Facing lots of difficulties in getting a job, he said, “I'll take this job. At least I can make some money for my gas.” Then every day, he drove his car, his 18th birthday gift, to work in the supermarket. He did that for three months.

Later, he heard that a newspaper was looking for a network technician（网络技术员）, so he asked for it. But they were also worried about his school education. He practiced his skill right in front of the computer, and showed the managers the web pages he had made. He started to work the next day, and became the leader of the network department in less than a year.

And now, the 23—year--old man is a boss. Last year, he started a magazine for children who love network system, with himself as the editor in chief. And the only writer was his father.

( ) 51. The young man began to look for a job when he was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.16 B.18 C.22 D.23

( ) 52. It was difficult for the young man to get a job, probably because\_\_\_.

A. he had an expensive car B. his father cared much about him

C. he was too young D. he didn’t have much education

( ) 53. How long did the young man do the job as an egg porter?

A. For one day. B. For three months.

C. For about one year. D. For two years.

( ) 54. The young man got the job as a network technician because\_\_\_\_\_.

A. he wanted to be a leader B. he decided to work for the newspaper

C. he was good at computer D. his resumes were sent through the Internet

( ) 55. The magazine that the young man started was perhaps about\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. funny stories B. computer science

C. foreign news D. network system

**B**

Jeans have become one piece of clothing worn by the most people in the world. Everybody wears them, from the farmer to the lawyer and from models to housewives. But why have jeans become so popular? You’ll get many answers. For some people they look cool, for others jeans are just comfortable.   
 Jeans were first stronger trousers made for farm workers in the states of the American west. In the eastern part of the US jeans were hardly worn at all. They were connected with farm people and the workers. So the rich wouldn’t like to wear them.   
  It was James Dean and Marlon Brando that made them popular in movies and everyone started to wear them. They were a symbol of the**rebellion**of young people during the 1950s and 1960s. So these new trousers were not allowed in American schools and sometimes in theaters and cinemas. As time went on，jeans became more acceptable. American people in Europe and Japan often wore them when they were not on duty to show that they were Americans. The trousers showed the world a happier way of life, something that people needed, especially after what they had gone through in World War II.   
  Jeans had other advantages as well. They didn’t need to be washed as often as other trousers and women didn’t need to iron(熨,烫) them. This became more important as more and more women started working and had less time for housework.

 Today jeans are an important part of our lives. They are always washed a few times before they are sold to give them a faded look (褪色的样子).   
( ) 61. Jeans first appeared \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.  
   A. in eastern America   B. in western America

 C. in Middle America   D. all over America  
( ) 62. From the passage, we can know that James Dean and Marlon Brando were              .  
   A. film stars        B. Jeans makers      C. young students     D. farmers or workers  
( ) 63. What is the possible meaning of the underlined “rebellion” in this passage?  
   A. 奢侈         B. 活力        C. 清纯           D. 叛逆

( ) 64. Which of the following was a possible advantage of jeans to women?  
    A. They could easily be bought anywhere in the world.

B. They didn’t need to be washed often or ironed.  
   C. They had many different styles and colors.

D. They were comfortable and easy to wash.  
( ) 65. What is the best title of the passage?  
   A. Jeans --- Symbol of Wealth

B. Jeans --- Working Women’s Best Choice  
   C. Jeans --- Popular Piece of Clothing in Our Daily Life  
   D. Jeans --- Part of the Lives of Farm People and Workers

第三节 （共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。将所选答案涂到答题卡的相应位置上。

In China, more and more middle school students are getting shorter sleeping time than before. 61 , because they have much homework to do. Some homework is given by their teachers and some by their parents, 62 . They are not careful enough while they do their homework. 63 . Some students spend too much time watching TV or playing computer games. They stay up very late. Some students have to get up early every morning on weekdays to get to school on time by bus or by bike. 64 .

Schools and parents should cut down some of the homework so that children can enjoy more than nine hours of sleep every night for their health. For children, they should make best use of their time. 65 , they will find it much better for both their study and health.

A. Some homework is too difficult

B. Most students sleep less than nine hours every night

C. When they have enough time for sleeping

D. It can be a long way from home to school

E. so it takes them a lot of time

F. Also, some students don’t know how to save time.

G. Some students like to stay up late.

61． 62． 63． 64． 65. .

**第四部分 写作 (共三节, 满分25)**

第一节(共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分)

　根据句意,用括号中所给词的适当形式填空,并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置上。

66. You have the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_to learn English well if you study hard.( able).

67. Computers are used for business in the world. (wide)

68. As we all know, historical characters Zheng Chenggong and Zheng He are national \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (hero)

69. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_teacher told us that the moon moves around then earth. (we )

70. The bedroom must\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by my mother every day. (clean)

第二节 (共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分)

将下列句子中汉语部分译成英语，注意使用适当的形式，并将答案写在答题卡相应位置上。

71. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , we can finish this work because of your help. (毫无疑问)

72. I met a friend of mine in the street\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (偶然、意外地)

73. Their parents want to talk with their son \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . (亲自)

74. Anxi and Hangzhou \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_their tea. (以……闻名)

75. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_has been a symbol of Chinese traditional art.（剪纸）

**第三节** 书面表达(满分15分)

提示：在日常生活中，每个人都会遇到各种困难，都需要关爱和帮助，因此，我们会需要他人的帮助；但同时，我们也要学会帮助他人。其实，帮助他人就是帮助自己。请结合身边得的一个事例，以“Helping others is helping ourselves”为题,用英语写一篇短文。

要求：1.文中不得出现真实人名、校名和地点等；

2.语言流畅、书写规范、卷面整洁 词数80左右;

3.请将短文写在答题卡上，写在本试卷上无效。

**Helping others is helping ourselves**

**2021-2022学年上学期期中学生学业质量检测**

**九年级英语参考答案**

1. 听力

1-5 CCBBA 6-10 CBBCB 11-15 AAACB 16-20 AABAC

第二部分 英语基础知识运用

第一节 单项填空

21-25 CBACB 26-30 CADAC 31-35 ABDAA

第二节 完形填空

36-40 ADBDC 41-46 ABCDD

第三节 阅读理解

46-50 FFFTT

51-55 BDBCD 56-60 BADBC

61-65 BAEDC

第四部分 写作

第一节 66 ability 67 widely 68 heroes 69 Our

70 be cleaned

1. 71 Without doubt 72 by accident 73 in person 74 are famous/known for 75 Paper cutting
2. 书面表达

略