**2022年大境初级中学八年级第一学期9月份月考**

**Part 2 Vocabulary and Grammar (第二部分 词汇和语法)**

1. **Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案) ： (共16分)**
2. Which of the underline parts has the different pronunciation from the others?

A. business B. luckily C. assistant D. simple

1. I am going to visit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ European country with my parents this summer.

A. a B.an C. the D. /

1. There are various kinds of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in this river and I have caught three \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so far.

A. fish, fish B. fishes, fishes C. fish, fishes D. fishes, fish

1. ---You are always full of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Can you tell me the secret? ---Taking plenty of exercise every day.

A. energy B. strength C. force D. power

1. The teacher who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a class is a class teacher.

A. is in charge of B. is in the charge of C. is responsibility for D. in charge of

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ like Toshiba, Lenovo used to do \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with foreigners.

A. Business; business B. Businesses; businesses C. Businesses; business D. Business; businesses

1. In the past few years, Dr. Sun \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ great success in the field of science.

A. has achieved B. achieved C. had achieved D. achieves

1. I remember \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him 200 Yuan last week, but he forgets \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the money to me.

A. lending, to return B. to lend, to return C. lending, returning D. to lend, returning

1. You are sure to learn the subject well \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you find the right away.

A. until B. through C. as long as D. unless

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, you need to give all you have and try your best.

A. Being a winner B. To be a winner C. Be a winner D. Having been a winner

1. He likes pop music, so he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ go to the corner tomorrow night, but I’m not sure.

A. can B. may C. must D. should

1. We’ll give you the best service. I hope you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ comfortable in your hotel.

A. to feel B. will feel C. feels D. feeling

1. Parents often expect their children \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all the things that they couldn’t do in the past.

A. did B. doing C. to do D. do

1. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an engineer since he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the university.

A. is; leaves B. will be; leaves C. has been; has left D. has been; left

1. Air pollution is one of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in our country.

A. more serious problem B. the most serious problems

C. the most seriously problems D. more serious problems

1. ---Sharon, would you do me a favour to move the bags?

---\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Ok. I would B. Yes, please C. It’s a pleasure D. With pleasure

1. **Complete the following passage with the words or expression in the box. Each can only be used once. (将下列单词或短语前的字母填入空格。每个单词或短语只能填一次。) ： (共5分)**

|  |
| --- |
| A. similar to B. places C. keen on D. level E. break F. low |

Girls in my primary school were \_\_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_\_ rubber band skipping (跳皮筋) . We played at school during the \_\_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_\_ or in my neighbourhood in the afternoons. We never got tired of it because we had such a good time.

Rubber band skipping was a \_\_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_\_ cost game. We only needed some rubber bands. When we got three people together, we could start our game. Two players, one in each corner, held a rubber band and the rest played. If one of the players lost, she had to change \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_\_ with one of the girls who was holding the rubber band. As the game went on, the \_\_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_\_ of jumping got higher and higher. A player started by jumping the rubber band at ankle (脚踝) .Then it was raised to the middle of the leg, then to the knees, the hips, the waist, the chest, the shoulders, the neck, and the head.

1. **Complete the sentences with the given verbs in their proper forms (用所给单词的适当形式填空) ： (共8分)**
2. Jonathan Chen, a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ teacher, has written a book on foreign history and culture. (Germany)
3. The result of the competition is beyond our \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (expect)
4. A large number of students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in passing the final exam and had a pleasant holiday. (success)
5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the boy was saved by doctors after the accident. (luck)
6. She got interested in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because of a film about science. (physical)
7. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the magazines surprised us a lot. (popular)
8. How \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they are to attend the lecture! (bore)
9. He made great \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in his study and won a lot of prizes. (achieve)
10. **Rewrite the sentences as required (按要求改写下列句子) ： (共12分)**
11. The old man realized that too much salt was harmful to health. (改为否定句)

The old man \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that too much salt was harmful to health.

1. They seldom play computer games. (改为反意疑问句)

They seldom play computer games, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

1. I am a basketball fan and I am interested in everything about basketball. (保持句意基本不变)

I am a basketball fan and I am \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ everything about basketball.

1. Ann got up so late that she didn’t catch the bus. (保持句意基本不变)

Ann didn't get up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to catch the bus.

1. Alice always goes to school in her father’s car. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ does Alice always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to school?

1. to, you, return, the library, should, on time, the magazine (连词成句)

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**Part 3 Reading and Writing (阅读和写话)**

1. **Reading comprehension. (阅读理解)**
2. **Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案) ： (共5分)**

When we think of food farming, we usually think of green fields in the country outside the city. Sam Chee works on a very different type of farm, in the center of the Canadian city of Toronto. “We grow fruits, vegetables and herbs," says Sam. “But not many people know the farm is here. You can't see it from the street. We're on top of an office building, 50 meters above the ground.”

Rooftop farming is becoming popular in cities like Toronto, New York and London. The roofs of buildings are often just wasted space, but **this space** can be used for growing good fresh food right in the middle of the city. Sam explains how it works. “We grow everything in big pots and boxes-there are hundreds of them. We catch rainwater to water the plants when the weather is dry.”

The rooftop farm where Sam works belongs to a restaurant called Green Garden, on the ground floor of the building. The farm produces about half the restaurant's fruits and vegetables. Sam believes that the rooftop farm is what makes Green Garden special. “We help to keep food production local. We don't need to transport this food from anywhere, and that saves energy. It's better for the environment.”

The food from the rooftop is fresher too. “When the fruit and vegetables are ripe (成熟), we can pick them and use them right away. They taste better when they’re really fresh," says Sam

“I hope that there will be more rooflop farms in the city soon. It could be the farming of the future.”

1. Green Garden's rooftop farm is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. in the countryside B. in the middle of a small town

C. in the city center of Toronto D. near the city of New York

1. The fruit and vegetables Sam grows are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. used in a restaurant in the same building B. sold to other restaurants nearby

C. taken home by the people working there D. offered to people working in the building

1. The underlined word "**this space**" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the roof of the building where Sam works C. the roofs of city buildings

B. different types of open space in cities D. green fields in the countryside

1. According to Sam, the food from the rooftop is better than the food bought from other places because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it's cheaper and tastes better B. it is fresher and better for the environment

C.it uses wasted space in the city D. it can't be bought in the local supermarket

1. The best title of the passage should be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. The City of Toronto B. Fresh Fruits, Vegetables and Herbs

C. Better Environment D. Rooftop Farming

1. **Choose the words or expressions to complete the passage (选择最适当的单词或词语完成短文) ： (共6分)** The earliest maps were probably drawn in the Middle East. Some of these maps have \_\_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_\_ and they show us the people at that time thought the earth flat (平的). As time went by, the pictures became more detailed and maps were more correctly made. Later on, ancient Greeks used their \_\_\_\_\_42\_\_\_\_\_ of math and science to make maps. Greek maps tell us the Greeks knew the world was round.

From simple pictures, mapmaking has tuned into a science. Maps are made by surveying land. In the 1900s, people around the world started to share information to make better maps. With the help of the photographs taken from the sky and space, maps are now more \_\_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_\_made than ever. Since the world is always changing, we will always need new maps.

There are many types of maps, but almost all use \_\_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_\_ and pictures to \_\_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_\_ what a place is like when the map is made. A map usually tells what the pictures \_\_\_\_\_46\_\_\_\_\_. Some maps may show the whole world. A road map will help you know the distance from one place to another. Other maps may use pictures to show the temperature and population in different places.

1. A. explained B. apologized C. survived D. complained
2. A. knowledge B. energy C. challenge D. technology
3. A. quickly B. carelessly C. simply D. exactly
4. A. sounds B. methods C. words D. ideas
5. A. process B. describe C. pretend D. translate
6. A. stand for B. after all C. used to D. search for
7. **Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words (根据短文内容, 写出最恰当的单词, 使语句通顺, 首字母已给。) (共6分)**

We think of chocolate as something sweet. However, long time ago, people thought of chocolate as something very bitter. For us, chocolate is a candy, but o\_\_\_\_47\_\_\_\_ it was a medicine. Today, chocolate can be a hot drink, a frozen, dessert, or just a snack. Sometimes it's an ingredient in the main course of a meal. Mexicans make a hot chocolate sauce c\_\_\_\_48\_\_\_\_ mole and pour it over chicken. The Mexicans also eat chocolate with spices like chili peppers.

Chocolate is a p\_\_\_\_49\_\_\_\_ of the tropical cacao tree. Cacao beans taste so bitter that even monkeys say “ugh!” and run away. The word chocolate comes from a Mayan: word. The Mayas were an a\_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ people who once lived in Mexico. They valued the cacao tree. Some of the Mayas used cacao beans f\_\_\_\_51\_\_\_\_ money, while others ground them to make a bitter drink.

When the Spaniards came to Mexico in the 16th century, they started drinking cacao, too. Because the drink was strong and bitter, they thought it was a medicine. When the Spaniards took the drink back to Europe, people discovered that sugar removed the bitter t\_\_\_\_52\_\_\_\_ of cacao. Wealthy Spaniards heated the sweet drink and thought that it was good for their health. In the 19th century, an English company made the first solid block of sweetened chocolate. Now people could both drink and eat chocolate. Later, a Swiss company mixed milk and chocolate together. People liked the taste of milk chocolate even better.

1. **Read the passage below and answer the following questions (根据文章内容回答下列问题) (共7分)**

Your smartphone may seem like the center of your entertainment, but a Kent State University study shows that too much phone use is taking the fun right out of our spare time. Researchers watched a group of nearly 600 students and recorded their daily smartphone use.

Half were considered in the “high-use" group experienced more stress during their spare time than the other group. So what can we do in order to really take advantage of our spare time? We have collected the following activities that also take a few hours to complete, but best part of all, you'll improve your health in the process. Whether you're at home or on holiday, it's important to disconnect from the Wi-Fi. Walking in nature can do good to your health. As a professional (职业的) traveler, Samantha Brown put it in a recent passage, "I put my map in my back pocket, putdown my phones and take a good, long walk. Just walk around." Go to bed earlier. What can help improve your mood (心情)? Extra sleep, naturally. Getting the right amount of sleep is very important to our health and studies show that we don't get enough of it. How many students experienced more stress during their spare time than the other group?

Read a book. And let yourself get lost in a good story. Research shows that reading can reduce stress, keep your brain sharp and can even help you sleep better. Everyone should spend at least 30 minutes reading every day.

Putting pen to paper is good exercise. Try writing down your thoughts. Writing has a lot of health advantages. Besides, writing down your thoughts may even help clear your mind.

Do sports as often as possible. Keep at least 20 minutes for outdoor activities. This makes you active all the time.

1. How many students experienced more stress during their spare time than the other group?

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1. Why did the Kent State University do the study?

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1. Walking in nature doesn't harm to our health, does it?

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1. What is one advantage of reading?

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1. How much time should we spend reading every day according to the passage?

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1. As students, besides entertainments, what else can we do on the smartphones in our free time? (At least 2 points)

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Besides, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. **Writing.（写作）**

A. Write at least 70 words about the topic “My best friend's daily life”

Suggested questions:

1.Who is your best friend?

2. What does he/she do at school and after school every day?

3. What do you think of his/her daily life and what can you learn from him/her?

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参考答案

1-5 AADAA 6-10 CAACB 11-16 BBCDBD 17-21 CEFBD

22. German 23. expectation 24. succeeded 25. Luckily 26. physics 27. popularity 28. bored 29. achievements

30. didn’t realize 31. do they 32. fond of/keen on 33. early enough 34. How go

35. You should return the magazine to library on time.

36-40 CAABD 41-46. CADCBA 47. once 48. called 49. product 50. ancient 51. for 52. taste

53. About 300.

54. To show that too much phone use is taking the fun right out of our spare time.

55. No, it doesn’t

56. Reading can reduce stress, keep your brain sharp and can even help you sleep better

57. At least 30 minutes.

58. Connecting with our teachers./ learning languages.

Besides, searching for useful information