**2022年秋季金城区九年级第一次教学质量监测**

**英 语 试 卷**

（满分150分，考试时间120分钟）

第一部分：听力（共两节；满分30分）

**第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）**

听下面五段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

( )1.Where does the woman want to go?

A. The seating area. B. The study area. C.The staff room.

( )2.What does the woman do?

A. An actress. B. A musician. C. A dancer.

( )3.What does the woman think of the film?

A.It is boring . B. It makes her upset. C. It has a happy ending.

( )4.What food does the man want to cook tonight?

A. Indian food. B. English food. C. Chinese food .

( )5.Where is the boy’s student card?

A.In the car. B. In his wallet. C. Under the table in the kitchen.

**第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）**

听下面五段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6段材料，回答第 6至第 7两个小题。现在你有 10秒钟的时间阅读下面两个小题。

( )6. Why does the woman seldom go to the shopping mall in the city square?

A.It’s inexpensive. B. It’s opposite the train station. C. It is really crowded.

( )7. From the conversation,what are they going to do together?

A. They’ll call each other. B. They plan to go to the Sunny Mall together.

C.They will go to the train station.

听第 7段材料，回答第 8至第 10三个小题。现在你有 15秒钟的时间阅读下面三个小题。

( )8.What does Ann Adams want to talk about this evening ?

A. Her new book about her house in Italy. B.Her children’s books.

C.The weather in the north of England.

( )9.What does Ann Adams like best for Italy?

A.The people and the food. B.The weather. C. The language.

( )10.What kind of house did Ann Adams buy?

A.An expensive and quiet house. B. A modern house. C. An old farmhouse.

听第 8段材料，回答第 11至第 13三个小题。现在你有 15秒钟的时间阅读下面三个小题。

( )11.Why did the man went to the foreign festival?

A. Because his uncle works in Bangkok. B. Because his brother studied in Chiang Mai.

C.Because it’s a festival to celebrate the traditional Thai New Year.

( )12.What is true about Songkran?

A.People often fight each other. B.It takes place around the end of April.

C.When you walk along the street and suddenly people pour water over you.

( )13.What wasn’t the result of Barry’s trip to Thailand?

A. He got a cold. B. He stayed in hospital for two weeks.

C. His cold changed into a fever.

听第 9段材料，回答第 14至第 16三个小题。现在你有 15秒钟的时间阅读下面三个小题。

( )14.What volunteer activities didn’t the boy do there?

A. He worked at the center for endangered animals.

B. He went to the rain forest with an expert guide .

C. He stayed at the day center for the old.

( )15.What kind of things did some volunteers do at the day center ?

A. They cleaned the place and cooked . B. They taught the children English.

C. They talked with the old people.

( )16.What might the boy do next summer vacation?

A.He hopes to volunteer in Thailand again. B.He plans to be an English teacher.

C. He will return home.

听第 10段材料，回答第 17至第 20四个小题。现在你有 20秒钟的时间阅读下面四个小题。

( )17.How often does the radio program have?

A.Twice a week. B. Twice a month . C. Monthly.

( )18.What is false for Alice ?

A.She used to act in soap operas. B.She made a Hollywood movie in 2004.

C. She is a poor farmer now.

( )19.What animals do they feed on the farm?

A.They keep some cows. B. They grow many apple and pear trees .

C. They feed some ducks.

( )20.What time is it now?

A. 8:30am B. 8:30 pm C. 8:13pm

第二部分：读（共三节；满分70分）

**第一节 完形填空（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）**

先通读下列短文，弄懂大意，然后从各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

**A**

One day, a group of swans flew down to a beach where a crow was jumping around. The crow watched them.

“You have no\_21\_skills at all!"he said to the swans.“Can you turn over in the air? No, you can’t. Let’s have a competition. I’ll show you what real flying is!”

One of the swans, strong and young, 22 the challenge. The crow flew up and began to show his skills. A few minutes later, he came down and looked at the swan near him.

Now it was the swan’s turn. He flew up, and began flying over the sea.The crow flew after him, making all kinds of comments about his flying. They flew on and on\_23 they could see nothing but water on all sides. The crow was making fewer and fewer comments.He was now so tired that he flew lower and lower, and was in danger of falling into the water.

The swan asked, Why do you keep touching the water, brother? Is that 24 skill?”

“No," said the crow. He\_25 he had lost the competition.“I’m in trouble.Please help me or I will die ...”

The swan smiled. He took the crow on his back and flew back to the beach.

( )21.A.running B.flying C. singing D. shooting

( )22.A.accepted B.remembered C.explained D. caused

( )23. A. until B. unless C. because D. although

( )24. A. other B. the other C. others D. another

( )25. A. forgot B. imagined C.knew D. expected

**B**

Jenny, from Germany, spent some time traveling in India. While she was there, she stayed with her Indian friend, Leela. However. there were language problems. It was very\_26\_for her to communicate in the new environment, which was very different 27 that of her own country.

One day, together with Leela, Jenny went to 28 an orphanage(孤儿院).All the children there were very young.At first, Jenny was not sure if she could have a way to communicate with them. She went over to the children 29 and sat beside them.After some time, one of the children 30 her.She felt a little relaxed and smiled back. Then she went close to the child.She slowly put her arm around the child and started 31 a song in German. The child kept smiling and started repeating the words after her. The words that came from the little mouth were different from those that Jenny sang, but the rhythm(节奏 ) was the same.Jenny sang a little more and the child followed her again. Wanting to join in the 32 another child went up to Jenny and started singing the song.Then more children joined. They 33 many smiles together.

From the other side of the hall, Leela was smiling and watching them. Noticing Leela’s eyes on her Jenny had an exciting feeling from her heart: “See, I don’t have any language problems. We 34 communicate!” At that moment,she understood: We’re all simple humans, and we have the 35 to connect with each other.

( )26.A.nice B.dangerous C. difficult D.easy

( )27.A.from B.for C. of D.away

( )28.A.show B.visit C.build D.improve

( )29.A.slowly B.early C. hardly D. easily

( )30.A. looked at B. laughed at C. shouted at D. smiled at

( )31.A. singing B.writing C.saying D. playing

( )32.A.club B. talk C.fun D.dance

( )33.A.forgot B.remembered C. shared D. missed

( )34.A.can B.must C.need D. should

( )35.A. pressure B. mistake C.custom D.ability

**第二节** **阅读理解** **（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）**

阅读下面短文，从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

**A**

|  |
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| **Explore and Discover: A City Tour**  Discover some of Winnipeg’s rich historical past on a guided tour!  When: Every Monday and Thursday  Departs: Entrance Union Station; 8:30 am (about 2 hours)  Cost: S 30 per person  Contact: O Tours; 204-254-3170; www.otours.net  Call to book ahead, space is limited, walk-ups welcome! |

|  |
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| **Winnipeg Railway Museum & Gift Shop**  Where the past meets the present  ADMISSION  Adults…… ……................... ........................................................................$5.00  Students(6-15 years)….….…......….… ….......................................................$300  5 &Under (with a parent).….….….............................................................. FREE  For group tours  Call 942-4632 or email wpgrail@mts.net  www.wpgrailwaymuseum.com |

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| --- |
| **Welcome to The Forks**  Six thousand years ago this was a great place to meet.Centuries later, it still is. The Forks is a place where you can visit and find plenty to do, see taste and experience.  Hours: The Forks is open 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.  The Forks Market Hours:  July 1-August 31  Open daily 9:30 am to 9:00 pm; Sundays 9:30 am to 6:30 pm  September 1-June 30  Open daily 9:30 am to 6:30 pm; Fridays 9:30  am to 9:00 pm  Info Hotline: 204-957-7618  Toll Free:1-888-942-6302  www. theforks.com |

（ ）36. You can call if you want to go on A City Tour.

A.942-4632 B.204-254-3170

C.204-957-7618 D.1-888-942-6302

（ ）37.Martin will visit Winnipeg Railway Museum with his 4-year-old daughter. How much should he pay?

A.$3.00. B.S5.00. C.S 8.00. D.$ 30.00.

（ ）38.Which is the proper time to visit The Forks Market?

A.8:30 am on Sundays in July. B.8:30 am on Saturdays in June.

C.7:30pm on Fridays in August D.7:30 pm on Mondays in October.

（ ）39. What is mentioned in each part of the text?

A. Open hours. B. Group tours C.Limited space. D.Historical past.

（ ）40. Where is the text probably taken from?

A.A guidebook. B. A movie poster.

C.A sports magazine. D. A science report.

**B**

Here are the most unusual events and festivals in the world. They might make you scratch your head.

**Swamp(沼泽)Soccer**

Soccer has never been all that common in Finland-unless it is played in a swamp.Finns have made the game much more exciting by playing it in the swampy ground and running through thick mud to get to the ball. If you ever thought soccer was difficult, imagine playing it while up to your knees in mud.

**Wife Carrying**

Wife Carrying started as a sport in1992. In this sport, men race while carrying a female partner, usually their wife, over some obstacles(障碍物).It may sound dangerous. However, the modern sport is all about the fun.People who are taking part in the activity are allowed to carry their wife in different ways.

**The Baby Jumping Festival**

In northern Spain, this festival happens 60 days after Easter (复活节).The custom dates back to the early 1600s. Men are dressed in yellow and red suits before running down the street and jumping over the babies. They have been carefully laid out on pillows.No injuries(伤害)have been reported.

**Cheese Rolling(滚奶酪节)**

In England, every year on a cool day at the end of May, grown adults gather in the village of Brockworth to run after a rolling nine pound wheel of cheese down a steep hill.Before the race, the site is swept through for stones and other dangerous objects. Over the years, many have been seriously hurt. But the locals are hugely proud of their traditional event, and it carries on today.

( )41. Where do Finns play swamp soccer?

A.On the sand ground.

B. In thick mud.

C. In the street.

D.On a steep hill.

( )42.Which is NOT true about Wife Carrying?

A.The sport has been around in Finland since in Finland in 1992.

B. Men usually carrying their wife run over some obstacles.

C.The modern sport is played for fun in Finland.

D. The wife must put her legs around the husband's shoulders.

( )43.If a man wants to take part in the Baby Jumping Festival, he should\_\_ .

A.be good at playing soccer in mud

B. go with a female partner, usually his wife

C.wear a yellow and red suit

D. make a wheel of cheese by himself

( )44.How many unusual festivals are mentioned in this passage?

1. One. B.Two. C.Three D.Four

( )45.Which one is the fact about Cheese Rolling**?**

A.It’s at the beginning of May B.It’s not dangerous.

C.The locals are hugely proud of their traditional event.

D. Small kids can take part in the event.

**C**

China has worked hard to stop food waste so as to realize what is written in UN 2030 Agenda:Zero Hunger, as a recent UN report said that the world is going through the worst food **crisis(危机)** in 50 years and almost 690 million people in the world were **undernourished(营养不良的)** in 2019.

Though the food crisis faces many countries in Africa, the Middle East and Asia, the **amount(数量)** of food waste in some rich countries is surprising.

There is no national report that can give information on the food waste across China, but research did by the Chinese Academy of Sciences in 2015 did tell us something.The field research which collected information from four cities: Beijing, Shanghai, Chengdu and Lhasa, found that urban cities in China wasted 17 to 18 billion kilograms of food every year.That was the amount of food 30 to 50 million people eat every year.Tourist groups,primary and secondary school students, and **banquets (宴会)**were the top three reasons for food waste, the report said.

Looking at other countries with enough food,the amount of food waste is also high.In the US food waste is reported to be between 30-40 percent of the food that people can get. In the EU around 88 billion kilograms of food is wasted every year,and the costs are about 143 billion euros(169 billion US dollars).

Food wasting has increasingly become a big problem in the whole world especially when lots of populations are still hungry because of wars,bad weather, and COVID-19.

Though China doesn’t face a food crisis and has **abundant** food in these years, the Chinese people are advised to save food.

( )46.What did the recent UN report say?

A. The world needs food. B. The world needs farmland.

C.The world is having a growing population.

D. The world is working hard to fight against food waste

( )47.What can be learned about people in rich countries?

A.They are sorry for food waste. B. They are surprised at food waste.

C.They are getting more food than they need. D.They don’t know other countries food crisis.

( )48.What did the field research about four Chinese cities find?

A.Tourist groups were good eaters. B. School students were big wasters.

C.Banquets were not held very often that year.

D.30 to 50 million people there were hungry that year.

( )49. Why is the US talked about?

A.To compare it with the EU B.To show it’s a rich country

C.To ask it to help other countries. D.To bring out its food waste problem.

( )50. What does the underlined word“abundant mean?

A.Enough. B.Cheap. C. Healthy. D. Simple.

**第三节** 阅读填空（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

阅读短文，根据短文内容，从短文后的六个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑，选项有一项为多余选项。

You’ve been learning words since you were a tiny baby. At first，you learned them only by hearing other people talk. Now that you’re a reader, you have another way to learn words. What should you do when you come to a word and you think you don’t know what it means? 51

**Say it**

First, sound it out. Then say it to yourself. 52 .Sometimes you know a word in your head but you don’t know what it looks like in print. So if you **match up** what you know and what you read - you have the word!

**Use context**

If this doesn’t work, take the next step: look at the context - the other words and sentences around it. Read this sentence: When it rained, the dog looked for shelter in the doorway. 53 . Rain and in the doorway might give you helpful information.

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If the context doesn’t help, look at the parts of the word.Does it have any parts you know? These can help you understand what it means. If you don’t know the meaning of miner，try looking at parts of the word.You might know that a mine is a place underground where people get coal and other valuable things. A lot of times,-er at the end of a word means “a person who does something”. So a miner might be someone who works in a mine.

**Look it up**

If the three steps above don’t work, you can look it up. 55 ---either a book or online.

Nobody knows the meaning of every word, but good readers know how to understand words they don’t know.

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| --- |
| A. Use word parts B. Look at the words  C. It might sound like a word you know  D. You can find the word in a dictionary  E. Following some easy steps can help you  F. If the word shelter doesn’t look familiar, look at the words around it |

51 52 53 54 55

第三部分：写（共三节；满分50分）

1. **阅读填空。**

根据短文内容，完成下列表格信息，每空一词。（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

Here are some English learning tips to help you improve your English.

●Ask yourself weekly: What do I want to learn this week?

Asking yourself this question every week will help you think about what is most important to you. if you make a plan for each week, you will be surprised to notice how much you have improved your English by the end of the week! This feeling of success will encourage you to lean even more English.

●Quickly review before going to bed.

Research has shown that our brains process information that is fresh in our brains while we sleep. By going over important knowledge before you go to sleep, your brain will work on this information while you sleep!

●Speak English aloud.

Understanding grammar rules does not mean you can speak English well.You need to practice speaking aloud Speaking by yourself at home and reading the exercises that you are doing will help connect the muscles of your face with the information in your head and improve your pronunciation.

●Do five to ten minutes of listening at least four times a week.

If you decide that you are going to work hard and listen for two hours, maybe you will not do extra listening exercises soon. But if you listen five to ten minutes at least four times a week, you will find it’s easy to develop the habit of listening to English.

●Look for situations to practice your English.

Learning English in a classroom is important,but using English in real situations will improve your English skills greatly. You can create new situations by using the Internet to listen to news, exchange emails in English with email friends, etc.

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| 56 to learn English? | |
| Making a 57 plan | ●in this way, you will be surprised to notice how much you have improved your English by the end of the week.  ● It will encourage you to lean even more English. |
| Reviewing before going to bed | ●Review before going to bed and you still process 58 in your brain while sleeping. |
| Speaking aloud | ●Speaking English aloud can connect the muscles of your face with what you have learned and improve your pronunciation. |
| 59 more often | ●It is easy for you to develop the habit of listening to English if you listen often rather than once two hours a week. |
| Practicing English in real situations | ●By 60 situations and using English, you will improve your English skills greatly. |

56 57 58 59 60

**第二节 语法填空**（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式，并将答案写在答题卡相应的横线上。

Seventeen days after a 6.8-magnit earthquake struck Luding County in southwest China's Sichuan province, Gan Yu , a hero 61 stayed at a hydroelectric power station with his colleague, 62 (prevent) downstream villages from submerging, was saved on 63 （星期三）.

His vital signs were stable and in good mental condition when he 64 (find) by a local villager,CNR reported.

On September 65 (five), when the earthquake struck Luding, Lu Yong , 66 employee of the Wandong Hydroelectric Station,chose 67 ( not escape) and climbed the dam 68 open two gates to release the surging water, saving the 69 (life)of 70 (hundred) of villagers.

Luo was rescued by helicopter on September 8th , but his teammate, Gan, remained on the mountain waiting to be rescued due to a lack of physical strength.

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66 67 68 69 70

**第三节 书面表达**（满分25分）

假设你是李华，你们学校正在对本校学生英语学习的情况进行调查，并征求同学们对英语教学的建议。请按下表提示，用英语写一篇短文，谈谈你的英语学习情况以及你对老师教学的建议。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 项 目 | 内容 |
| 你对英语的认识 | 1.英语是世界上使用最广泛的语言;  2.英语有助于我们了解世界上不同的文化;  .……… |
| 你目前的英语水平 | 1.能用英语与同学进行简单的交流;  2.喜欢演讲，去年在演讲比赛中获奖;  .……… |
| 你在英语学习中存在的问题 | 1.不能正确地运用语法规则;  2.写作中有时不能清楚地表达自己;  .…... |
| 你对英语教学的建议 | ……(考生自己发挥，至少一点) |

要求:

1.词数 100 左右。开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数;

2.所写内容必须包括表格中所提供的信息，并可作适当的发挥;

3.不得出现真实的人名、校名、地名等相关信息。

I am Li Hua.

...

I hope our school will consider my advice.

**2022年秋季金城片区九年级第一次联考英语试题参考答案**

1-5CCBAB 6-10 CBABC 11-15 ACBCA 16-20 ABCAB

21-25BAADC

26-30 CABAD 31-35ACCAD

36-40 BBCAA 41-45BDCDC

46-50 ACBDA 51-55ECFAD

56.How 57.weekly 58.information/knowledge 59.Listening 60.creating

61.who 62.preventing 63.Wednesday 64.was found 65.fifth

66.an 67.not to escape 68.to 69.lives 70.hundreds

One possible version:

Lam Li Hua. I think English is the most widely used language in the world. English helps us understand different cultures in the world. English can also help us improve our communication skills.And speaking English can improve our confidence.

At present I can communicate with my classmates in simple English words.! I also like making speeches. I won first prize in the speech contest last year. And I believe that I should be able to talk with others clearly when I go to a western country.

However, I have some problems in learning English. I can’t use grammar rules correctly. Sometimes I can’t express myself clearly in writing. I often find it hard to remember difficult words.

At last. I have some suggestions for English teaching as well. I think teachers should communicate with us in English when they are in class.

I hope our school will consider my advice.

**听力材料**

**第一节**

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

1. W: Excuse me, could you please tell me how to get to the staff room?

M: Sure. You just need to leave the seating area, turn right and cross the study area. As you come out of the study area, the staff room is in front of you.

2. M: Have you always been an actress?

W: No, I started that quite recently. At school I wanted to be a musician. But that didn’t happen so I became a dancer. These days I only have time for acting.

3. M: The film is a bit long but I like it. What do you think of it?

W: Well, it isn’t boring though it runs two and a half hours. But the story makes me feel upset. You know, I was expecting it would have a happy ending.

4. W: I’ve got an idea. Let’s cook together tonight.

M: OK, but not an English meal or a Chinese one. Let’s try something different. How about Indian food?

5. M: Mom, I can’t find my student card. I thought I left it in the car.

W: No, I put it in your wallet. It’s on the table in the kitchen.

**第二节**

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

M: The shopping mall in the city square is really crowded.

W: I seldom go there because it’s far from my home. I always go to the Sunny Mall opposite the train station. It’s inexpensive.

M: Who do you usually go there with? Your friends or family?

W: My sister. There is a good coffee shop in the mall. There’s a children’s play area on the first floor, so I sometimes take my son. He has much fun there!

M: Oh, good. I haven’t been there before. I mean …

W: Well, call me, if you are free.

听第7段材料，回答第8至10题。

M: We’re very pleased to have Ann Adams, the popular children’s story writer, tonight. Good evening, Ann.

W: Hello, James. Thanks for inviting me.

M: It’s great to have you. But you’re not here to talk about any of your children’s books, are you?

W: No. You know, I’ve just written a book about my house in the mountains in Italy.

M: I see. Why did you buy a house in Italy?

W: Well, I’ve always liked Italy — the people, the language and the food. I like the weather most. It’s much better than the weather in the north of England.

M: Did you buy a modern house?

W: Certainly not, no. I bought an old farmhouse. When I bought it, it was quiet and wasn’t expensive at all.

听第8段材料，回答第11至13题。

W: Have you been to any foreign festivals, Barry?

M: Yes, I have. Actually, with my brother, about five years ago, in Thailand. My uncle works in Bangkok.

W: And what’s the festival called?

M: Songkran — that’s S-O-N-G-K-R-A-N. It’s a festival to celebrate the traditional Thai New Year. It takes place around the middle of April and lasts three to five days.

W: What happens during Songkran?

M: The festival seems to be a big water fight in the streets. You’ll be walking along and suddenly people pour water over you. You know, at the time, we were in Chiang Mai, not Chiang Rai. It is far from Bangkok.

W: Well, did you enjoy Songkran then?

M: Yes and no. I mean, I loved the festival itself but the day after it finished, I got a cold and the next day the cold changed into a fever. I had to stay in hospital for a week.

听第9段材料，回答第14至16题。

W: You spent three months in Thailand, didn’t you?

M: Yes. I took part in three volunteer activities there.

W: Sounds interesting. What did you do?

M: First, I spent two weeks working at the center for endangered animals. I helped to feed and care for the animals with other volunteers.

W: Did you go to the rain forest?

M: Yes. In the second activity, I went to the rain forest with an expert guide and looked for some of the traditional plants. You know, villagers use the plants as medicine. So I lived in the village for about two weeks and helped with that.

W: What did you do after that?

M: Then one of the volunteers on the trip invited me to stay on for two months working at the day center for kids. I accepted.

W: What kind of things did you do there?

M: Some volunteers cleaned the place and cooked. I just taught the children English.

W: You must be a good English teacher!

M: I hope that I can return next year and spend my summer vacation there.

W: Good luck with that.

听第10段材料，回答第17至20题。

(M) It’s eight thirty and it’s time for our twice monthly radio program. Good evening. I’m Michael King and this is *Country File*, our program about life in villages and towns in the country. In the first half of the show I’ll introduce Alice Stewart to you. In the second half we’ll have a report on the lives of rice farmers.

Alice used to be a famous actress. She had parts in soap operas. She even made a Hollywood movie in 2004. While she was making that film, she met a farmer called Mark. Two years later, in 2006, they got married and Alice gave up acting. Several years later, they bought a farm. Today, they run the farm well with their son, Lee. They keep some cows and they grow many apple and pear trees on the farm.

Well, next, let’s learn about …