**Unit6 单元测试卷**

**一、单项选择**

1．—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ?  — He’s a farmer.

A．What’s your father doing B．What does your father do

C．Where is your father D．What’s your father going to be

2．—How is your sister going to be a writer ? — She’s going to keep on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ stories.

A．writing B．write C．writes D．wrote

3．—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are you going to study drawing ? —I’m going to an art school.

A．When B．why C．Where D．What

4．He is going to write articles and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ them to the newspapers.

A．help B．make C．bring D．send

5．Jack wants to watch \_\_\_\_\_\_ because they can help him to learn what is happening in the world.

A．game shows B．talent shows

C．sports shows D．the news.

6．Here is a new book for you, son. I'm sure you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it interesting.

A．found B．are finding

C．will find D．have founded

7．Next year, I’m going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a new hobby.

A．get up B．make up C．take up D．cut up

8．She is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ poor \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ buy the expensive suit.

A．so; that B．enough; to C．too; to D．to; too

9．（易错题）This is an important phone number. Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．write down them B．write it down

C．write them down D．write down it

10．I want to be a professional basketball player，\_\_\_\_\_\_ I practice basketball every day．

A．because B．so C．or D．but

11．He promised \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his old friend during his stay in Tianjin.

A．see B．seeing

C．saw D．to see

12．Lucy's phone number is 563-2648. Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on a piece of paper.

A．write down them B．write them down

C．write it down D．write down it

13．--Dad, how can I get on well with my classmates?

--Try to be friendly to them.That will make it much\_\_\_\_.

A．easily B．more easily C．easy D．easier

14．The little girl was unable \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her name.

A．to write B．to writing C．write D．writing

15．How time flies! We should show love for our parents and make them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ how much they mean to us.

A．to know B．knowing C．knew D．know

**二、完形填空**

My grandpa's 88th birthday is coming. We are going to have a great birthday party for\_\_16\_\_. All of my family members are going to the party. The party is in Bridge Town. Grandpa was born and\_\_17\_\_there. He always wants to go back to have a look. Now we help him make his\_\_18\_\_. come true. Grandpa must be very\_\_19\_\_.

Uncle Bob is a great\_\_20\_\_in a restaurant. He is going to do all the dishes at the party. I'm sure he will give us a great\_\_21\_\_. Each of the family members will\_\_22\_\_Grandpa a gift. \_\_23\_\_the youngest grandson, I have a gift for Grandpa too. I'm making a model plane. Grandpa was a\_\_24\_\_. He spent all his youth flying planes. He must love the gift. Oh, I tell you too much. You must\_\_\_25\_\_\_you won't tell Grandpa. They are secrets.

16．A．her B．him C．you D．them

17．A．made up B．put up C．took up D．grew up

18．A．problem B．team C．dream D．plan

19．A．rich B．excited C．serious D．simple

20．A．cook B．pianist C．artist D．actor

21．A．program B．show C．movie D．meal

22．A．paint B．improve C．send D．discuss

23．A．As B．With C．For D．To

24．A．teacher B．pilot C．scientist D．doctor

25．A．wonder B．mind C．expect D．promise

**三、阅读单选**

Expert(专家) say that students usually need eight to ten hours’ sleep at night, but most Chinese students do not get enough sleep. Some Chinese parents are usually glad to see their children studying late. They will think their children work very hard, but not all parents are happy about this. Once a mother told us that every morning her 10-year-old boy put up one finger (手指)with his eyes still closed, begging(请求) for one more minute to sleep. like thousands of students “ early birds” in China, he has to get up before six every morning.

A report shows that without a good night’s sleep, students seem to be weaker (虚弱)than they should be. Many students have fallen asleep during class at one time or another. Too much homework is not the only reason why students stay up late. Some watch TV or play the computer games late into the night.

Experts have ever said that the students should develop good study habits. So some clever students never study last, they are able to work well in class.

26．The 10-year-old boy begged for more minute to sleep because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A．he didn’t have enough sleep B．it wasn’t time for him to get up

C．he didn’t want to go to school D．he wanted his mother to wake him up

27．In this passage we know if students don’t get enough sleep, they may\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A．become too weak to sleep B．not work well in class

C．go to bed early D．be weak in English

28．In this passage “early birds” means “persons who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A．get up early B．get up late

C．sleep less D．don’t want to sleep

29．“stay up late” here means “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A．study late B．watch TV late

C．not go to bed until late D．stay outside

30．According to the passage, which of the following is right?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A．If you want to study better, you must work hard at night.

B．Sleeping less means working hard.

C．Some clever students are able to work well in class because they have good study habits.

D．Students don’t have enough sleep because they have lots of homework to do.

Good study habits are important for all students. When you have good study habits, you will learn faster and find you have a good memory (记忆).

Do you usually study in the living room? This is not a good place for study because it is usually too noisy. You need to study in a quiet place, such as your bedroom. A quiet place will help you learn better.

Before you begin to study, do not forget to clean your desk. It helps you study well, too. Light（光线） is important, too You will feel tired easily if there is not enough light.

Of all the good study habits developing asking questions is the key. Just ask. No one knows everything .but we can always learn from each other by asking questions.

One simple but important habit is to tell yourself what you are studying for. Put your dream grades（理想的分数）on the wall next to your bed or computer. It means （意味着）you will see and think about it every day.

When do you work best? Are you an early bird or a night owl（猫头鹰）, or something in between? Find your most productive work time and then plan to study at this time.

31．Why is the living room not a good place for study?

A．Because it is too quiet. B．Because it is too small. C．Because it is too noisy.

32．According to the passage. What should you do before you study?

A．Clean the desk. B．Put your story books away. C．Turn on the 1ight.

33．Why should we put your dream grade on the wall?

A．To make us happy.

B．To develop a good study habit.

C．To remind(提醒) us what we are studying for.

34．What is the Chinese meaning Of the underline word “productive”?

A．有效的 B．有趣的 C．精彩的

35．What is the best title for important?

A．Study in the bedroom B．Good habits are very important C．How to study.

**四、短文综合填空**

My Friend’s Plans for the Future

I’m an outgoing girl and I like making friends. And I have two pen pals from \_\_\_\_\_36\_\_\_\_\_ (外国的) countries.

Alice, a 20-year-old girl, lives in \_\_\_\_\_37\_\_\_\_\_ (伦敦), UK. Both of her parents would like her to be a d\_\_\_\_\_38\_\_\_\_\_ when she grows up. However, Alice thinks it’s boring to work in the hospital. She wants to he a professional w\_\_\_\_\_39\_\_\_\_\_ after she finishes \_\_\_\_\_40\_\_\_\_\_ (大学). She is good at writing and still k\_\_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_\_ on writing even though she has to spend time on her schoolwork now. She writes articles and sends them to magazines and newspapers. She expects to be another Mo Yan. Though she doesn’t make s\_\_\_\_\_42\_\_\_\_\_ if her dream can come true, she has to try her b\_\_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_\_.

Bob is from Pennsylvania, USA, a state which becomes \_\_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_\_ (著名的) because of Kobe, a wonderful NBA star. Kobe is his idol. That’s why he hopes to become a basketball player. Bob is going to eat healthier food so that he can be taller and stronger. Bob also plans to go to basketball camp to \_\_\_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_\_\_ (提高) his skill where he is able to practice basketball every day. He believes his dream can come true as long as he works hard.

**五、用所给单词的正确形式填空**

46．We go and do the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(week) shopping every Thursday.

47．Though it’s difficult to be a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (science), I’d like to have a try.

48．Lin Wei made a wish at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (begin) of 2021.

49．Don’t ask about my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (person) problems, please.

50．His uncle likes playing the piano and he wants to be a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (piano).

**六、材料作文**

51．人人都有梦想，假设你是埃米，请以“My Dream Job”为题写一篇短文，畅想一下你的未来。内容包括：

①你想做什么样的工作？

②你喜欢这项工作的原因是什么？

③为这个工作你准备了什么或应该怎样做好准备？

作文要求：①不得在作文中出现学校的真实名称和学生的真实姓名；

②语句连贯，词数80左右。

**My Dream Job**

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**参考答案：**

1．B

【详解】句意：——你父亲是做什么的？ —— 他是农民。

考查特殊疑问句。A. What’s your father doing你父亲在干什么； B. What does your father do你父亲是做什么的；C. Where is your father你父亲在哪里； D. What’s your father going to be

你父亲会成为什么样的人；根据答语“He’s a farmer.”推断空格是问职业；故选B。

2．A

【详解】句意：——你妹妹打算怎样当作家？——-她将坚持写作。

考查动名词。A. writing动名词、现在分词；B. write原形；C. writes一般现在时、单三形式；D. wrote一般过去式；keep on doing sth意为“坚持做某事”，空格在介词后面，判断填动名词； 故选A。

3．C

【详解】句意：——你打算去哪里学习绘画？——我要去一所艺术学校。

考查疑问词。A. When    “什么时候”，问时间；B. why“为什么”，问原因； C. Where“在哪里”，问地点； D. What“什么”，问事或物；根据答语“I’m going to an art school.”表达要“去哪里”，判断疑问词用where；故选C。

4．D

【详解】句意：他打算写文章并把它们寄给报纸。

考查动词辨析。A. help帮助；B. make制造；C. bring带来；D. send发送；从文字的表层意思推断句子的表达是“写文章寄给报纸”，空格意为“寄给，发送”；故选D。

5．D

【详解】句意：杰克想看新闻因为它们可以帮助他了解世界上正在发生的事情。

考查名词辨析。A. game shows游戏节目；B. talent shows才艺表演；    C. sports shows体育节目；D. the news新闻；根据下文“because they can help him to learn what is happening in the world.”，根据常识可知只有新闻才能了解世界正在发生的事情；故选D。

6．C

【详解】句意：儿子，给你一本新书。我确信你会发现它是有趣的。

考查一般将来时。根据“Here is a new book for you, son.”可知，儿子还没有看这本新书，因此发现这本书是有趣的也是未来会发生的事情，故句子时态使用一般将来时，本题中用到的结构是“主语+will+动词原形”。故选C。

7．C

【详解】句意：明年，我将开始从事一个新的爱好。

考查动词短语。get up起床；make up编造；take up开始从事；cut up切碎。根据句意可知，句子说的是打算开始从事一个新的爱好。

8．C

【详解】句意：她太穷买不起昂贵的套装。

本题可用“句式分析法”解答。so…that…意为“如此……以至于……”，that后接从句，可首先排除；enough…to…意为“足够……去做……”，too…to. . 意为“太……而不能……”，两个to后都跟动词原形；没有to…too结构。由句意“她太穷买不起昂贵的套装”，故选C。

9．B

【详解】句意：这是一个重要的电话号码，请写下它。

write down是“动词+副词”型短语，当宾语是人称代词时，只能放在write和down的中间，排除A、D两项；上句中的an important phone number表示单数，要用it代替，故选B。

10．B

【详解】句意：我想成为一名职业篮球队员，因此我每天练习篮球。A. because因为，表原因；B. so所以，表因果关系；C. or或者，表选择关系；D. but但是，表转折关系。因为想成为一名职业篮球队员，所以每天练习篮球。可知B项正确。

点睛：because从属连词，引导原因状语从句，其结构是“主句+ because从句”或者“because 从句+主句”。so 是表示因果关系的并列连词。如果because和so同时出现在一个句子中，势必成了“because 引导的从属句+ so连接的并列句”，结果出现了从属句而没有主句，出现的第二分句却没有第一分句，这是一种矛盾现象。因此because与so不能同时出现。

11．D

【详解】句意：他答应在天津停留期间去看望他的老朋友。

A.see看望，看见；动词原形；    B.seeing看望，看见；动名词或现在分词形式；C.saw看见，看望；过去式；    D.to see看见，看望；动词不定式形式。promise to do sth：许诺做某事；答应做某事。故选D

12．C

【详解】句意：露西的电话号码是563-2648。请把它写在一张纸上。

本题考查代词的用法。write down意为“写下"，是动副型短语，代词作宾语时应放在write和down之间；phone number是单数形式，应用代词it代指。故选C

13．D

【详解】句意：——爸爸，我怎么能和我的朋友相处得好呢？——试着对他们友好一点。那样会容易得多。

动词make的用法以及比较级。解题思路：make后跟形容词充当宾语补足语，much后跟形容词的比较级。故选D。

14．A

【详解】句意：这个小女孩不会写她的名字。to write动词不定式，写；to writing介词to后跟动名词形式；write 写，动词原形；writing动名词形式。句中使用的句型是be unable to do sth.不能去做某事，故应填动词不定式，选A。

15．D

【详解】句意：时光飞逝！我们应对我们的父母表示我们的爱，让他们知道他们对我们来说意义有多大。to know动词不定式，知道；knowing知道，动名词形式；knew是know 的过去式形式；know知道，动词原形。这句话中使用的句型是make sb. do sth.让某人做某事，应用动词原形做宾语补足语。故选D。

16．B    17．D    18．C    19．B    20．A    21．D    22．C    23．A    24．B    25．D

【分析】本文主要介绍了准备给爷爷过88岁的生日的情况。

16．句意：我们打算给他举办一个盛大的生日聚会

A. her她的；B. him    他；C. you你，你们；D. them他们。由上句“My grandpa's 88th birthday is coming. （我爷爷的88岁生日就要到来）”可知，此处指我们打算给他举办一个盛大的生日聚会，故选B。

17．句意：爷爷在那里出生并且长大。

make up“编造；组成”；put up“举起；张贴”；take up“学着做；开始做”；grow up“成长；长大”。由上半句句意“爷爷出生并且\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_在那里”可知，此处选D最合题意。

18．句意：现在我们帮助他使他的梦想实现。

problem“问题”；team“队；组”；dream“梦；梦想”；plan“计划”。由上句He always wants to go back to have a look “他总是想回去看一看”可知，此处表示帮助他实现梦想，故选C。

19．句意：祖父肯定会很激动。

rich“富有的”；excited“激动的；兴奋的”；serious“严肃的；严厉的”；simple“简易的；简单的”。上文提到，作者的爷爷一直想回去看一看，如果这个梦想能够实现的话，他一定很激动。故选B。

20．句意：鲍勃叔叔在餐馆里是个很好的厨师。

cook“厨师”；pianist“钢琴家”；artist“艺术家”；actor“演员”。由空格后的“in a restaurant（在餐馆里）”及“do all the dishes（做所有的佳肴）”可知，UncleBob是一名厨师。故选A。

21．句意：我确信他会给我们做一顿大餐。

program“程序；节目”；show“展览；节目”；movie“电影”；meal“餐”。由上句He is going to do all the dishes at the party.可知，我确信他会给我们做一顿大餐，故选D。

22．句意：每个家庭成员都会给祖父一个礼物。

paint“绘画”；improve“提高；改善”；send“邮寄；发送”；discuss“讨论”。根据后文 　　8　　the youngest grandson, I have a gift for Grandpa too可知，此处指给爷爷送礼物，故选C。

23．句意：作为最小的孙子，我也给爷爷准备了礼物。

A. As作为；B. With和……，带有……；C. For为了；D. To朝。根据后文I have a gift for Grandpa too可知此处为“作为最小的孙子”，故选A。

24．句意：祖父是个飞行员。

teacher“教师”；pilot“飞行员”；scientist“科学家”；doctor“医生”。由下句He spent all his youth flying planes. “他把整个的青年时光都用在了驾驶飞机上”可知他是飞行员，故选B。

25．句意：你们必须承诺你们不会告诉祖父。

A. wonder想知道；B. mind介意；C. expect期望；D. promise承诺。由下句They are secrets. “它们是秘密”可知，此处指要承诺不告诉祖父，故选D。

26．A    27．B    28．A    29．C    30．C

【分析】专家说学生应该每天有8小时的睡眠，但多数的中国的学生睡眠不足，有的是因为作业太多，有的是因为看电视玩电脑；睡眠不足导致学生身体虚弱、上课睡觉。专家指出学生要养成良好的学习习惯。

26．推理判断题。根据第一段“but most Chinese students do not get enough sleep.”可知孩子是因为睡眠不足；故选A。

27．细节理解题。根据第二段“Many students have fallen asleep during class at one time or another.”—— 睡眠不足很多学生会在课堂上睡过去，影响学习效率；故选B。

28．词义猜测题。根据第一段“like thousands of students “ early birds” in China, he has to get up before six every morning.”—— 孩子得在早上6:00前起床，推断“ early birds”指早起的人；故选A。

29．词义猜测题。根据第二段“Some watch TV or play the computer games late into the night.”——看电视打电脑到深夜，根据文句表达的逻辑关系，推断上文意为“作业太多不是学生晚睡的唯一的原因”，推断“stay up late”意为“熬夜”，故选C。

30．推理判断题。根据最后一段可知一些聪明的学生能在课堂上很好地学习，因为他们有好的学习习惯，不是学习到很晚，所以，A表述错误，C表述正确；根据第二段“Too much homework is not the only reason why students stay up late. Some watch TV or play the computer games late into the night.”—— 作业多不是晚睡的唯一原因，有的看电视玩电脑到很晚，可知少睡不等于在努力学习，所以B、D表述错误；故选C。

31．C    32．A    33．C    34．A    35．B

【分析】文章主要是给我们介绍了一些好的学习习惯，因为作者觉得好的学习习惯是很重要的。

31．细节理解题。根据文中Do you usually study in the living room? This is not a good place for study because it is usually too noisy. 你通常在起居室学习吗？这不是一个学习的好地方，因为它通常太吵了。可知客厅不是学习的好地方，因为太吵了，故选C。

32．细节理解题。根据文中Before you begin to study, do not forget to clean your desk. 在你开始学习之前，别忘了打扫你的桌子。可知学习前要整理桌子，故选A。

33．细节理解题。根据文中Put your dream grades（理想的分数）on the wall next to your bed or computer. It means （意味着）you will see and think about it every day. 把你梦寐以求的成绩贴在床边或电脑旁的墙上。这意味着你每天都会看到并思考它。可知这样是为了每天能够提醒自己，故选C。

34．词义猜测题。根据文中最后一段When do you work best? Are you an early bird or a night owl（猫头鹰）, or something in between? Find your most productive work time. and then plan to study at this time. 你什么时候工作最好？你是早起的鸟儿，夜猫子还是介于两者之间的？找到你最……工作时间。然后计划在这个时候学习。可知这一段是给出的建议是什么时候工作的效率最高，因此productive在这里的意思应该是“有效的”，故选A。

35．最佳标题题。根据整个文章的理解及文章的开头Good study habits are important for all students. When you have good study habits, you will learn faster and find you have a good memory (记忆). 良好的学习习惯对所有学生都很重要。当你有好的学习习惯时，你会学得更快，并且发现你有一个好的记忆力。可知文章讲述的是好的学习习惯的重要性，所以这里应该B选项比较合适，故选B。

36．foreign    37．London    38．(d)octor    39．(w)riter    40．college##university    41．(k)eeps    42．(s)ure    43．(b)est    44．famous    45．improve

【导语】本文作者介绍自己的二个国外笔友的梦想。住在英国伦敦的爱丽丝想当一名作家；来自美国宾夕法尼亚州的鲍勃想当一名篮球运动员。

36．句意：我有两个外国笔友。此处填形容词作定语；foreign“外国的”。故填foreign。

37．句意：爱丽丝，一个20岁的女孩，住在英国伦敦。London“伦敦”，专有名词，首字母要大写。故填London。

38．句意：她的父母都希望她长大后成为一名医生。空格前有不定冠词，填单数可数名词；根据“Alice thinks it’s boring to work in the hospital”不喜欢在医院工作；可知此处指“一名医生”；doctor“医生”。故填(d)octor。

39．句意：她想在大学毕业后成为一名专业作家。空格在“不定冠词+形容词”后，填单数可数名词；根据“She is good at writing”擅于写作；可知此处指“想一名专业作家”；writer“作家”。故填(w)riter。

40．句意：她想在大学毕业后成为一名专业作家。此处填名词作宾语；college“学院”/university“大学”；finish college/ university“大学毕业”。故填college/university。

41．句意：她擅长写作，尽管现在不得不花时间在功课上，但她仍然坚持写作。根据下文“She writes articles and sends them to magazines and newspapers”她写文章，向杂志和报纸投稿；可知，她坚持写作；keep on doing sth“坚持做某事”；根据and并列成分的时态要一致的原则可知此处填一般现在时、单三形式。故填(k)eeps。

42．句意：虽然她不确定自己的梦想能否实现，但她得尽最大努力。此处是宾语从句，根据“if her dream can come true”表疑惑，可知此处指“不确定自己的梦想能否实现”；make sure“确信”。故填(s)ure。

43．句意：虽然她不确定自己的梦想能否实现，但她得尽最大努力。根据“Though she doesn’t make sure if her dream can come true”可知此处指“虽然她不确定自己的梦想能否实现，但她必须尽最大努力”；try one’s best“尽某人最大的努力”。故填(b)est。

44．句意：鲍勃来自美国宾夕法尼亚州，该州因NBA球星科比而闻名。此处填形容词做表语；famous“著名的”。故填famous。

45．句意：鲍勃还计划参加篮球夏令营，以提高自己的技能，在那里他可以每天练习篮球。此处填动词原形与to构成不定式作目的状语；improve“提高”。故填improve。

46．weekly

【详解】句意：我们每周四都去进行一周一次的购物 。 根据句中的名词“shopping”可知，修饰名词需用形容词作定语，week的形容词是weekly“每周的，一周一次的”。故填 weekly。

47．scientist

【详解】句意：虽然当科学家很难，但我想试一试。根据“to be a ...”可推出要填表示职业的名词，a后用单数；science的变形scientist意为“科学家”，符合语境。故填scientist。

48．beginning

【详解】句意：林伟在2021年初许了一个愿。根据固定搭配“在……开始：at the beginning of...”和结合英文提示可知，beginning符合句意。故填beginning。

49．personal

【详解】句意：请不要问我私人问题。“problems”前缺少定语，用person的形容词personal表示“私人的”。故填personal。

50．pianist

【详解】句意：他的叔叔喜欢弹钢琴，他想成为一名钢琴家。根据“he wants to be a ...”可知要填表示职业的名词，piano的辨析pianist意为“钢琴家”，符合语境；a后用其单数形式。故填pianist。

51．One possible version:

**My dream Job**

I’d like to be a teacher when I grow up. Teachers help young people get knowledge and make them not only become cleverer and cleverer, but also be a good person, so teachers should be kind, friendly and helpful. In order to be a knowledgeable and skillful teacher, now I must study hard at all my subjects. I must learn a lot. Of course I should be kind to my friends and be polite to my teachers and parents to build up my good personality.

I believe I can make my dream come true by working hard.