

九年级英语

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分为第一部分(听力)和第二部分(笔试)。全卷共 8 页,总分 120 分。考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 领到试卷和答题卡后,请用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔,分别在试卷和答题卡上填写姓名、班级和准考证号,同时用 2B 铅笔在答题卡上填涂对应的试卷类型信息点(A 或 B)。
3. 请在答题卡上各题的指定区域内作答,否则作答无效。
4. 考试结束,本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分(听力 共 30 分)

I. 听对话,选答案(共 15 小题,计 20 分)

第一节:听下面 10 段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

- | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. His teachers. | B. His friends. | C. His parents. |
| 2. A. Pop music. | B. Classical music. | C. Country music. |
| 3. A. It'll be sunny. | B. It'll be cloudy. | C. It'll be rainy. |
| 4. A. A supermarket. | B. A hospital. | C. A theater. |
| 5. A. Buy some books. | B. Give a speech. | C. Borrow some books. |
| 6. A. Some toy dogs. | B. Family members. | C. A birthday gift. |
| 7. A. 600 yuan. | B. 400 yuan. | C. 300 yuan. |
| 8. A. Eat food. | B. Be quiet. | C. Read loudly. |
| 9. A. At 9:00. | B. At 11:00. | C. At 8:00. |
| 10. A. Three. | B. Two. | C. One. |

第二节:听下面两段对话,每段对话后有几道小题,请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项,每段对话读两遍。(共 5 小题,计 10 分)

听第 11 段对话,回答第 11、12 小题。

11. Who are the two speakers?
- | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| A. Old schoolmates. | B. Brother and sister. | C. Doctor and patient. |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|

12. What does Steve look like now?
- | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| A. Short and thin. | B. Tall and thin. | C. Tall and heavy. |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|

听第 12 段对话,回答第 13 至 15 小题。

13. How long has Jim learnt English?
- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| A. For 10 years. | B. For 11 years. | C. For 13 years. |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|
14. Why does Jim like learning English?
- | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. Because it's relaxing. | B. Because it's interesting. | C. Because it's important. |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
15. How does Jim study English?
- | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| A. By singing English songs. | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|

B. By reading English books.

C. By listening to tapes.

II. 听独白,填信息(共5小题,计10分)

本题你将听到一段独白,读两遍,请根据独白内容,用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题(每空限填一个单词)。

16. Tom is _____ years old.

17. Tom is not very happy,because there are so many _____ for him to follow.

18. Tom has to help his mother _____ and wash the dishes.

19. On Saturday morning,Tom has to clean his room and wash his _____ till eleven o'clock.

20. On Saturday afternoon,Tom has to _____ the piano.

第二部分(笔试 共90分)

III. 完形填空(共20小题,计20分)

第一节:阅读下面一篇短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。(共10小题,计10分)

Li Siying, a 28-year-old woman from Changchun, supported a family by collecting and selling rubbish. She used to live in 21 rich family. Unluckily, when she 22 15 years old, something bad happened to her and changed everything. Her father suffered 23 a business failure. Their house, car and savings were all gone. It was a huge disaster(灾难) to her father, and he even 24 a decision to leave them. Since then, Li and her family lived a very hard life. Li and her brother had to give up their study and tried 25 some jobs to help the family.

Li once came to a restaurant to find jobs. The owner was 26 at her coming. He told her that it was against the laws to let a 15-year-old girl 27. She was very sad and felt hopeless.

One day when she walked along the street, Li kicked a bottle. Looking at the bottle, she thought that 28 and sell rubbish to get money for her family. In summer, the dustbin had a strong and unpleasant smell. In winter, the cold weather hurt 29 hands.

Besides, she 30 by others when she did that. In the face of all these difficulties, Li was never afraid. "Life is hard for me but tears(泪水) cannot help either, so why not live with smiles?" she said.

21. A. a

B. an

C. the

D. /

22. A. is

B. are

C. was

D. were

23. A. of

B. from

C. with

D. for

24. A. make

B. makes

C. will make

D. made

25. A. find

B. to find

C. take

D. to take

26. A. worried

B. worrying

C. surprised

D. surprising

27. A. work

B. to work

C. working

D. worked

28. A. can she collect

B. she can collect

C. could she collect

D. she could collect

29. A. her

B. she

C. he

D. his

30. A. laughs at

B. laughed at

C. was laughed at

D. were laughed at

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,然后从各小题的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。(共10小题,计10分)

I'm Jessica Cox. I was born without arms but I am able to dress 31, eat by myself, drive a car on my own, play sports and run my own business. In all, I am able to do all the daily things and even type out

blogs with my 32 .

I can do all things that a two-handed person can, and I guess this makes me quite 33 in the eyes of many people. However, it was not until 2008 that people got to know the story of my life. As a child, I would ask my mother 34 God created me in this way. She said God had a great plan for me. At the age of 10, I began learning taekwondo (跆拳道), 35 got a black belt four years later. In the early 2000, I got the driving license. In 2005, I became interested in flying and started taking 36 lessons. In 2008, after three years of 37, I learned how to fly and I received a pilot's license. That year, I set the Guinness World Record for being the 38 woman to fly an airplane with feet. Over the years, I also became a diver and I could also play the piano.

I like the challenge of doing something 39. Thinking back, one of the most important decisions in my life was to stop using prosthetic arms (假肢) at the age of 14. At that time, I knew I should 40 myself and be confident about my difference. Sometimes, people stare at me and make me feel uncomfortable. But it has been my goal to show people that I live a very happy life.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 31. A. ourselves | B. themselves | C. myself | D. yourself |
| 32. A. hands | B. ears | C. noses | D. feet |
| 33. A. beautiful | B. special | C. careful | D. helpful |
| 34. A. how | B. when | C. where | D. why |
| 35. A. and | B. but | C. or | D. so |
| 36. A. flying | B. swimming | C. driving | D. singing |
| 37. A. discussion | B. training | C. decision | D. experience |
| 38. A. third | B. second | C. last | D. first |
| 39. A. new | B. old | C. important | D. easy |
| 40. A. make | B. hate | C. accept | D. receive |

IV. 阅读理解(共 15 小题, 计 20 分)

第一节: 阅读 A、B、C 三篇短文, 从各小题所给的选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。(共 10 小题, 计 15 分)

(A)

Here are many different festivals around the world. Usually we know about some traditional ones. But here are some special festivals in the world. Have you heard of them?

The Cologne Carnival(狂欢节)

It is one of biggest street festivals in America. It starts at 11:11 am on November 11 and lasts till February 14 next year. Local people call the time the “crazy” season. During the festival, people put on colourful clothes and play music to celebrate it in the street. Each year, about 1.5 million people take part in it.

Red Wednesday in Iran

Red Wednesday is a fire jumping festival in Iran. Fire are lit in public places on the eve of the last Wednesday of the year. People jump over the fire. They hope that it will take all the bad things away.

Day of the Dead

It is celebrated in Mexico. It's not a scary day like its name. Instead, it's a colourful holiday. People believe the spirits of their ancestors (祖先) will return to the world of the living on that day. They share food and drinks to keep the spirits alive, and the spirits can be with them in this way.

The Straw (稻草) Bear Festival

It is a traditional celebration in one small UK town. It runs for three days every year in January. The festival celebrates the beginning of the agricultural (耕种的) year. People there enjoy watching bears dance. A few men wear straw bear costumes and dance for others.

41. Which festival is celebrated in Mexico?

A. The Cologne Carnival.

B. Red Wednesday in Iran.

C. Day of the Dead.

D. The Straw Bear Festival.

42. We can know _____ from the passage.

A. the time of all the festivals

B. the countries of all the festivals

C. the cost of all the festivals

D. the leaders of all the festivals

43. This passage is probably taken from the part of _____ in a magazine.

A. Sports and Games

B. Human and Nature

C. Science and Technology

D. Culture and Custom

(B)

Li Haoqin is an 8th-grader in Mianyang, Sichuan. The 14-year-old girl studies hard in her English class. Every day, she listens carefully in class and does many exercises after class. However, she can't get good grades, so she is very sad. "Why doesn't my hard work pay off (回报)?" Li Haoqin asks.

Lots of middle school students are now facing this problem: They try their best at something but can't **make it**. "They don't have effective (有效的) learning methods. This is the main reason of their difficulties," says Bi Qin. She is a well-known English teacher in Beijing No. 4 High School.

Bi Qin thinks that hard work is not enough for middle school students. She says, "Students have more subjects now. They should learn in many different ways. The more you use new words, the better you can remember them. For example, making sentences with new words is an effective way to learn."

Chen Xiping, 13, of Shandong, has his own ways of learning English. "I study hard in school, and I also like watching CCTV-9. On this TV channel, I always see the English words from my textbook," says Chen Xiping. "It's really useful."

Lin Pingyi, 13, of Shanghai, has a habit of reading. "I like English novels like *The Old Man and the Sea*. And I write notes in my diary," says Lin Pingyi. "In this way, I can remember more words, and make my reading and writing better."

44. The underlined phrase "make it" means "_____" in Chinese.

A. 按时到达

B. 获得成功

C. 能够出席

D. 事倍功半

45. Li Haoqin studies hard at English but she can't get good grades because she doesn't _____.

A. do many exercises

B. listen carefully in class

C. play sports after class

D. have effective learning methods

46. From the passage, we know that _____.

- A. Li Haoqin is a student in Grade 9
- B. Chen Xiping doesn't like watching CCTV-9
- C. Lin Pingyi has a habit of reading English novels
- D. Bi Qin asks students to learn different subjects in the same way

(C)

Today, roller skating (滑旱冰) is easy and fun. But many years ago, it wasn't easy at all. Before 1750, people never tried skating on wheels. That changed because of a man named Hoseph Merlin. Merlin's work was making instruments. In his free time he liked to play the violin. Merlin was a man with many ideas and many dreams. People called him a dreamer.

One day Merlin received an invitation to go to an important party. He was very pleased and a little excited. As the day of the party came near, Merlin began to think. He wanted to find a way to make a wonderful entrance at the party. Merlin had an idea. He thought that he would attract a lot of attention if he could skate into the room.

Merlin tried different ways to make himself roll. Finally, he decided to put two wheels under each shoe. These were the first roller skate shoes. Merlin was very proud of them. He dreamed of arriving at the party and skating into the room while playing the violin. He was sure that everyone would be very surprised.

On the night of the party Merlin rolled into the room, playing his violin. Everyone was really surprised to see him. There was just one problem. Merlin had no way to stop his roller skating. He rolled on, playing the violin. Then, with all eyes on him, Merlin hit into a huge mirror on the wall. The mirror broke into many pieces with a very loud noise. But nobody forgot Merlin's wonderful entrance after that.

47. What's Merlin's job?

- A. Making instruments.
- B. Playing the violin.
- C. Roller skating.
- D. Making roller skate shoes.

48. Why did Merlin think of skating on wheels?

- A. Because he loved his work.
- B. Because he wanted to make a wonderful entrance at a party.
- C. Because he wanted to play the violin better.
- D. Because there was a huge mirror.

49. What was Merlin's problem after he rolled into the room?

- A. He couldn't stop his roller-skating.
- B. He couldn't attract a lot of attention.
- C. Everyone was surprised at him.
- D. He couldn't play the violin while rolling.

50. What does the passage talk about?

- A. How to use the roller skate shoes.
- B. How people enjoyed themselves in the 18th century.
- C. How the roller skating was invented.
- D. How people made instruments.

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。(共5小题,计5分)

How to Build Self-confidence(自信)

These tips could help anyone who is trying to build self-confidence. Remember to always love

yourself and love others as you love yourself. Try not to be so hard on yourself or others.

Choose to deal with those who can lift you up. Talk to and hang out with friends and family. Make new friends with those who love you and really care about you. 51. _____ Choose your friends carefully. Be careful of people who may make you feel bad or unhappy about yourself.

Get to know yourself. What are your values, your beliefs, your morals (道德观), your wants, your needs and your tastes? 52. _____

53. _____ You can not be perfect, you can only be the best you can be. No one in this world is perfect, so don't blame (指责) yourself for making a mistake or not being perfect. Also, stop comparing yourself to others. 54. _____

Be kind to others and do nice things for them. This will help to build your self-confidence. 55. _____ You will realize that by making other people happy, you yourself will also become happy with your life and yourself.

A. Tell others "I love you".

B. Stop trying to be perfect.

C. The better you know yourself, the easier it will be to love yourself.

D. You will never be them and they will never be you.

E. This is what you can truly do to make people happy.

F. They can accept you for who you are and only want the best for you.

G. Accept yourself and love yourself for who you are.

V. 完成句子 (共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

根据所给汉语意思, 用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。

56. 因为大雨, 我们不得不取消野餐。

We have to _____ the picnic because of the heavy rain.

57. 刚刚老师把所有学生分成了四组。

The teacher _____ all the students _____ four groups just now.

58. 他似乎每天都充满了能量。

He seems to be full of _____ every day.

59. 你最好不要熬夜, 熬夜有害健康。

You'd better not stay up late. It's _____ your health.

60. 听音乐使我感到放松。

Listening to music makes me feel _____.

VI. 短文填空 (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空, 使短文意思完整连贯。(每个单词限用一次。每空只填一个单词)

afford change lucky mother understand good he interested watch afraid

Peter is a thirteen-year-old boy. He used to be a "problem child", but a recent conversation with his mother changed 61. _____ life. After his father's death a few years ago, Peter's life became much more difficult. His mother couldn't 62. _____ to pay for her child's education. To do this she had

to work and so she was often not at home.

His mother looked after him as well as she could. Unfortunately, Peter still caused problems. He was not 63. _____ in study and he often got into trouble. 64. _____, his mother was very patient and tried to do anything she could to help him. In the end, she made a difficult decision to send him to a boy's boarding school.

One day, he told his teacher he wanted to leave the school. The teacher said it was necessary for Peter to talk with his mother. But to his surprise, this phone call changed his life. "I got exactly what I needed," he said. "My mother helped me to 65. _____ how much she had given me. She also told me that even though my father was no longer with us, she was 66. _____ me and would always take pride in everything good I do. At that moment, I knew I had to change the situation. And I realize that since father died, I have been 67. _____ of being alone, and have tried to make my mother pay more attention to me."

Now Peter has really 68. _____. He has been working hard and is now one of the 69. _____ students in his class. How was he able to change? His 70. _____ love helped him to feel good about himself.

VII. 任务型阅读(共5小题,计10分)

阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。

On December 26th, 2020, China passed a new law to protect the Yangtze River, the "mother river" of China. It is Yangtze River Protection Law. It took effect (生效) on March 1st, 2021. It's the first law to protect a waterway in China.

The 6,397-kilometer Yangtze River is the longest river in Asia. It covers an area of about 1.8 million square kilometers, about one fifth of the national total. The Yangtze River provides one third of the country's freshwater resources (淡水资源), but it has met lots of environmental problems in recent years, such as heavy pollution and overfishing. Especially, the river's Chinese paddlefish (白鲟) has died out. So the "mother river" is in great need of protection. To solve these problems, China put a 10-year fishing ban (禁令) at the beginning of this year to protect fish resources.

According to a report of the government, the fishermen said they would give up fishing along the Yangtze River to protect the "mother river". Chinese officer Han Zheng said that more support should be given to the fishermen to help them find new jobs and places to live.

Yangtze River Protection Law includes resource protection and green development. The government says the purpose of the new law is to strengthen (加强) environmental protection, use resources well and make the development sustainable (可持续的).

71. When did the new law pass?

The new law passed _____.

72. How long is the Yangtze River?

It is _____ long.

73. What does the underlined word "it" refer to in the second paragraph?

It refers to _____.

74. What does the new law include according to the passage?

The new law includes _____.

75. What is the passage mainly about?

It's mainly about _____.

VIII. 补全对话(共 5 小题,计 5 分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空中填入一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: Hey, Bruce! 76. _____?

B: I'm still doing my weekly report.

A: You look so tired. Just relax for a while. 77. _____?

B: I usually hang out and watch a movie to relax.

A: Great. 78. _____.

B: This afternoon? Sounds good!

A: 79. _____?

B: I like action movies. They're exciting. 80. _____?

A: I like movies that give me something to think about.

B: Anyway, let's go then. I think we can watch a movie that we both like.

A: OK. Let's go.

IX. 书面表达(共 1 题,计 15 分)

假如你是李明,你的笔友 Lisa 想了解在毕业之际,你将为母校做些什么有意义的事。请你根据下表提示内容,用英语给 Lisa 写一封电子邮件。

Do something for my school
write to younger schoolmates (how to use time, ...)
give suggestions (organize more activities, ...)
make the school more beautiful (plant trees, ...)

要求:1. 参考提示内容,可适当发挥;

2. 语句通顺,意思连贯,书写工整;

3. 文中不得出现任何真实信息;

4. 词数:不少于 70 词。(开头已给出,但不计入总词数)

Dear Lisa,

How is it going? It's time for me to leave school. You ask me what I can do for my school. _____

Yours,

清华大学附属中学延安学校 2021—2022 学年第一学期期末学情诊断

九年级英语参考答案及评分标准

第一部分(听力 共 30 分)

I. 听对话,选答案(共 15 小题,计 20 分)

第一节(共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,计 10 分)

1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. A 10. B

第二节(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,计 10 分)

11. A 12. C 13. C 14. B 15. A

II. 听独白,填信息(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,计 10 分)

16. 12/twelve 17. rules 18. make dinner 19. clothes 20. learn

第二部分(笔试 共 90 分)

III. 完形填空(共 20 小题,每小题 1 分,计 20 分)

21. A 22. C 23. B 24. D 25. B 26. C 27. A 28. D 29. A 30. C
31. C 32. D 33. B 34. D 35. A 36. A 37. B 38. D 39. A 40. C

IV. 阅读理解(共 15 小题,计 20 分)

第一节(共 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分,计 15 分)

A) 41. C 42. B 43. D

B) 44. B 45. D 46. C

C) 47. A 48. B 49. A 50. C

第二节(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,计 5 分)

51. F 52. C 53. B 54. D 55. E

V. 完成句子(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,计 10 分)

56. cancel 57. divided;into 58. energy 59. harmful to/bad for 60. relaxed

VI. 短文填空(共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,计 10 分)

61. his 62. afford 63. interested 64. Luckily 65. understand
66. watching 67. afraid 68. changed 69. best 70. mother's

VII. 任务型阅读(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,计 10 分)

71. on December 26th,2020

72. 6,397 kilometers

73. the Yangtze River

74. resource protection and green development

75. Yangtze River Protection Law

VIII. 补全对话(共5小题,每小题1分,计5分)

76. What are you doing

77. What do you usually do to relax

78. Let's watch a movie/go to the movies this afternoon

79. What kind of movies do you like

80. What/How about you

(答案不唯一,符合题意即可)

IX. 书面表达(共1题,计15分)

参考范文:

Dear Lisa,

How is it going? It's time for me to leave school. You ask me what I can do for my school. Here are my plans that I would like to share with you. First of all, I will write to younger schoolmates to tell them how to use time. I'll also give some suggestions on organizing more activities. Besides, to make the school more beautiful, we will ask our schoolmates to plant more trees and not to litter at school. I will give away my favorite books to the school library so that our younger schoolmates can read more good books. And I will call on more schoolmates to do so.

It's really hard for me to say goodbye. I wish my school to have a better future.

Yours,

Li Ming

评分标准:

第一档(13~15分):符合题意要求,表达完整,条理清楚,语句通顺,语言正确无误。词汇运用准确,句型运用恰当。全文结构严密,完整,语言流畅。无任何标点或语法错误。

第二档(10~12分):符合题意要求,表达基本完整,条理较清楚,语句较通顺,语言基本无误。有语法或标点错误,但句子较为顺畅,文章思路清晰,逻辑推理正确,结构完整。

第三档(7~9分):基本符合题意要求,表达基本完整,条理较清楚,语句较通顺,语言有部分错误。语法或标点错误较多。句子不够顺畅,文章结构不严密,但表达意义清晰。

第四档(4~6分):不符合题意要求,表达不清楚,逻辑关系混乱,语法或标点错误过多。字数不够,语意表达不清晰,文章逻辑关系混乱。

第五档(0~3分):未能传达给读者任何信息;内容太少,无法评判;写的内容均与所要求内容无关或所写内容无法看清。

评分说明:

1. 此题为开放性试题,要求学生根据所给信息,写出一篇语言连贯、符合逻辑、书写规范、卷面整洁的短文。
2. 标点符号、大小写、单词拼写错误每两个扣 0.5 分,少于两个的不扣分;语法错误每个扣 0.5 分。
3. 词数少于 70 的,每 10 个单词扣 1 分;词数多于 100 的,每 20 个单词扣 1 分。

听力材料

I. 听对话,选答案

第一节:听下面 10 段对话,每段对话后有一个问题,读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题,从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。

1. M: Do you know where Jim is ?

W: He went to Beijing with his parents for a holiday.

Q: Whom did Jim go to Beijing with?

2. M: Lucy, are you a pop music fan?

W: No. I like classical music best. It can make me relaxed.

Q: What kind of music does Lucy like?

3. W: Look at the heavy rain. We can't have a picnic tomorrow.

M: Don't worry. The radio says it will be sunny tomorrow.

Q: What will the weather be like tomorrow?

4. W: Could you please tell me the way to the nearest hospital, Sir?

M: Sure. Go along this road. It's behind the theater.

Q: Where does the woman want to go?

5. W: Sam, I need to get some information about body language. Can you help me?

M: Well, you can borrow some books from the school library.

Q: What does Sam advise the girl to do?

6. M: What a lovely dog! Is it a gift from your parents?

W: No. My uncle gave it to me for my birthday.

Q: What are they talking about?

7. W: I want two blue dresses, how much are they?

M: Three hundred *yuan* for each.

Q: How much should the woman pay for two blue dresses?

8. W: Don't always talk loudly or eat food in the library, Jack. You should be quiet.

M: Sorry, Mrs. Brown.

Q: What should Jack do?

9. W: Bob, have you finished your homework?

M: Yes, I started at 8:00. And it took me 1 hour to finish it.

Q: When did Bob finish his homework?

10. W: How many Nobel Prizes did Madame Curie win during her life?

M: She won the Nobel Prize for physics in 1903 and for chemistry in 1911.

Q: How many Nobel Prizes did Madame Curie win during her life?

第二节: 听下面两段对话, 每段对话后有几道小题, 请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题, 从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项, 每段对话读两遍。

听第 11 段对话, 回答第 11、12 小题。

W: Hey, Steve, is that you?

M: Yes, Mary. Glad to see you again.

W: We haven't met since we left school six years ago. You've changed a lot.

M: Really? How?

W: You used to be short and thin. But now...

M: Now I'm so tall and heavy, right? You really remember my past clearly.

W: Sure. And you used to wear glasses.

听第 12 段对话, 回答第 13 至 15 小题。

W: Hi, Jim! How long have you been learning English?

M: I've been learning it for 13 years.

W: Why do you like learning English?

M: Because it's very interesting for me.

W: Really? But I think it's too difficult. How do you study English?

M: By singing English songs.

W: Maybe I'll try that.

M: Sure. I think it's very useful.

II. 听独白, 填信息

本题你将听到一段独白, 读两遍, 请根据独白内容, 用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。

My name is Tom. I'm twelve years old. I'm a middle school student from a small city in China. I'm not very happy, because there are so many rules for me to follow. I have to get up at five o'clock every morning. In the evening, I can't watch TV, because I have to help my mother make dinner and wash the dishes. I have to go to bed before ten o'clock at night. On Saturday morning, I have to clean my room and wash my clothes till eleven o'clock. On Saturday afternoon, I have to learn the piano.