**西吉县2022年九年级第一次模拟考试英语试题**

**第一卷：选择题(50分)**

**一、完形填空(每小题1分，满分10分)**

Three young men got bored with their jobs in the factory. They felt \_\_\_1\_\_\_, so they got together to visit their old master worker (师傅) for \_\_\_2\_\_\_.

When they saw their master worker, they began to \_\_\_3\_\_\_ about their factory and their jobs. The old master worker listened to them without \_\_\_4\_\_\_ a word. About twenty minutes later, he gave the three guests green tea, black and milk tea in \_\_\_5\_\_\_ cups. Some cups are old, some are new, some are expensive and some are cheap. The old man told them to \_\_\_6\_\_\_ what they like.

When all the three young men had a cup of \_\_\_7\_\_\_ in hand, the old man said: “Look at the cups in your hands! You \_\_\_8\_\_\_ chose the good-looking, expensive cups. What would you like to choose, tea or \_\_\_9\_\_\_? You should choose what you need. Stop complaining about anybody or anything. And use your head and choose what you really need for yourself. Fall in love \_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_ your job and this is what you really need now.”

Life is serious. Jobs and life are just like cups and tea. Jobs are just ways of making a living. If we understand this, we won’t complain about our jobs. Try to choose what you need, and you’ll enjoy yourself and your life.

1. A. relaxed B. quiet C. unpleasant D. comfortable

2. A. advice B. jobs C. work D. tea

3. A. hate B. discuss C. worry D. complain

4. A. telling B. saying C. talking D. speaking

5. A. the same B. different C. nice D. ugly

6. A. choose B. understand C. make D. stop

7 A. water B. milk C. drink D. juice

8. A. both B. all C. the others D. others

9. A. jobs B. ways C. life D. cups

10. A. with B. of C. at D. for

**二、阅读理解(共20小题，每小题2分，满分40分)**

**阅读A、B、C、D、E四篇短文，从每小题所给的四个选项中，选出一个最佳选项，并将答案写在题前的括号内。**

**A**

How do you make friends? Some students are sharing their ideas with us:

Tom: Although we are quite different, Adam and I have been close friends for 5 years. We have a lot to talk. We play basketball together after school. We go for a picnic at weekends. It’s always a pleasure to be with him.

Yumi: I spend my spare time mostly with people from other countries. When I’m with them, I really get to know what they’re like and how easy they are to get along with. They help me to improve my English.

Anna: I’ve made some good friends at the gym I go to. People there are very friendly. Talking to them. I think exercise is a good way for us to get to know each other.

Peter: I can make more friends on the Internet because it keeps me in touch with the whole world. I can get worldwide stories from my friends all over the world.

11. Adam is \_\_\_\_\_\_ friend.

A. Tom’s B. Yumi’s C. Anna’s D. Peter’s

12. What does Tom often do after school?

A. He goes for a picnic. B. He plays basketball with Adam.

C. He improves his English. D. He makes more friends.

13. With the help of her friends Yumi \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. takes more exercise B. learns English better

C. feels happier at picnics D. knows more about the world

14. Anna thinks \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a good way for us to get to know each other.

A. playing basketball B. reading C. exercise D. fight

**B**

Yuan Longping, a great scientist, is the first person to develop a kind of hybrid rice(杂交水稻) which helps fight hunger in China.

Food was a big problem in China in the past. This was because China had 22 percent of the world’s population, but only 7 percent of its farmland. In the 1960s, China suffered(遭受) serious hunger. Millions of people died because they had no food. As an agronomy(农学) teacher, Yuan was very sad to see this. “How can I help them have enough food?” he thought. He decided to work on a kind of hybrid rice. It has a high output(产量).

At that time, other scientists didn’t think hybrid rice was worth studying. But Yuan and his team worked on it every day. They took very good care of their rice seeds. At last, in 1973, they grew a new kind of hybrid rice. This rice is strong. Farmers can grow it in many different kinds of farmland and also in bad weather. It can also fight disease. Its output was much greater than common kinds of rice. With the new kind, about 70, 000, 000 people could have food every year!

Yuan solved the food problem in China. But he is still working on rice. Before he retires, he hopes to grow rice in the sea!

15. Food was a big problem in China in the past because \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. farmers didn’t grow rice

B. farmers didn’t have rice seeds

C. China had no money to buy plenty of food

D. China had a large population but a little farmland

16. Yuan Longping \_\_\_\_\_\_ to help people have enough food.

A. discovered another kind of food

B. borrowed enough food from other countries

C. developed a kind of hybrid rice with his team

D. started being an agronomy teacher to study rice

17. Yuan Longping wishes to\_\_\_\_\_\_ before he retires.

A. grow rice in the sea B. have a good rest

C. keep several pet cats D. help people in Africa

18. This passage mainly talks about \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the new kind of hybrid rice is worth studying

B. the new kind of hybrid rice was invented in China

C. Yuan Longping grew the new kind of hybrid rice for many years

D. Yuan Longping has played an important role in solving China’s food problem

**C**

Fights at school sometimes happen. But how can you keep away from a fight? Here’s something you can do.

Be calm(冷静). Sometimes, you feel so angry that you really want to teach somebody a lesson. But being angry can't solve problems. Neither can a fight. Instead, it may bring you more problems. In the school, everyone involved(卷入) in a fight will be punished, no matter who started it. There are winners in a fight.

Shout loudly. If you know someone is coming up behind you to **attack**, turn toward the person with your hands up in front of your body and loudly say “stop” before walking away. Loud voice can usually make the attacker calm down. If the person doesn’t stop, cry for help by calling out the name of a teacher whose office is nearby.

\_\_\_\_ Your friend may ask you to join in a fight. Learn to say no. Helping him fight is not really helpful to him. If you really want to give him a hand, try to ask him to give it up. Also, you can tell him if he gets involved in a fight, he may get hurt and be punished. Then, try to learn why he wants a fight and help him find a right way to deal with the problem.

19. The underlined word “**attack**” in Paragraph 3 means “\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.

A. 拥抱 B. 攻击 C. 阻止 D. 吸引

20. Which of the following sentences can be put in the \_\_\_\_?

A. Face bravely. B. Join in a fight.

C. Learn to refuse. D. Talk to someone.

21. The passage is written to \_\_\_\_.

A. help students keep away from fights B. warn students not to fight

C. advise students to help each other D. encourage students to work hard

22. The passage is written in a/an \_\_\_\_ tone(语气).

A. sad B. angry C. serious D. crazy

**D**

The well-known “new great inventions” of modern China have made our daily lives more convenient.

**High-speed trains**

China created its first high-speed railway line in 2008. Since then, the number of passenger trips has grown by over 30 percent every year. By 2016, more than 5 billion trips had been taken on the trains. By 2020, one-fifth of the country’s 150, 000-km railway network will be used by the trains. This network will link more than 80 percent of the major cities across China.

**Mobile payment**

Mobile payment is turning China into a “cashless society”. Instead of paying by cash, customers now pay for their goods and some kinds of bills simply by typing a short password into the Alipay or Wechat app on their mobile phones.

**Shared bikes**

China has surprised the world with how quickly shared bikes are widely used. Nowadays, bike users can simply pick up or park the bikes on the street through GPS and smartphone apps. China’s two leading bike-sharing companies, Mobike and Ofo, have been opening their overseas markets in Singapore, the UK and the USA.

**Online shopping**

With around 751 million Internet users, China has been the world’s largest and fastest-growing online shopping market. Because of lower costs and fewer licensing requirements, it’s easier for sellers to open an online shop in China. In 2016, more than 20 million jobs in rural areas were created, with over 8.1 million running their own online shops.

23. What’s the passage mainly about?

A. The fast-developing technology. B. Modern China.

C. China’s new great inventions. D. Convenient daily lives in China.

24. By 2020, more than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the major cities across China will be linked by the railway network.

A. 30% B. 50% C. 20% D. 80%

25. Mobile payment makes shopping more convenient in China because customers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. needn’t take cash B. can go shopping without mobile phones

C. don’t have to use a password D. needn’t pay the bills

26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can make online shopping develop so fast in China.

A. Lower costs B. Fewer licensing requirements

C. More job chances D. A, B & C

**E**

Everyone has eaten instant noodles (方便面). It is very easy to cook it instantly by putting the noodles into the boiling water and adding in ingredient packets, together with other food like eggs or vegetables. However, have you ever wondered whether this is the correct way of cooking it?

When you first take out the noodles from the packaging, you will notice that the noodles are joined together nicely as a piece. In order to make the noodles joined together nicely side by side, it needs some form of wax coating (石蜡涂层) to achieve an attractive instant noodles in front of us.

However, researches have shown that the layer of wax coating on the noodles is quite harmful to our body and we should not eat it too often. It is advisable to have a break of 2—3 days before we start to eat another packet of instant noodles as our body need about 3 days to clear that layer of wax coating away from our body system. Do you know the danger of having too much wax coating stored in our stomach? It will lead to CANCER.

There are two key points to take notes while preparing instant noodles: (1) Wash the instant noodles with warm water first stir it and pour away the water containing the wax coating. (2) Repeat Step 1 and try to stir the noodles again to wash away the wax coating on the noodles before cooking it in a new pot of water.

Hope this article will help you when you choose to eat instant noodles.

27. The function of the wax coating in the instant noodles is to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. make the noodles more delicious and tasty

B. make it easier to cook for the consumers

C. make the instant noodles healthier and more attractive to the consumers

D. make the noodles joined in a piece and avoid them sticking together

28. What does Paragraph 3 mainly talk about?

A. The hidden dangers of the instant noodles.

B. The way of how our body clears the wax coating.

C. How to cook instant noodles.

D. Researches on advantages of the wax coating.

29. What does the underlined word “contain” mean?

A. 去除 B. 包含 C. 储存 D. 需要

30. What is the purpose of the writer to write the passage?

A To tell us the dangers of instant noodles.

B. To tell us how to cook instant noodles.

C. To tell us something about the layer of wax coating on the noodles.

D. To tell us how to eat instant noodles safely and healthily.

**第二卷，非选择题(50分)**

**三、语法填空(共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分)**

**阅读下面短文，在空白处填入适当单词或括号内单词的正确形式。每空一词。**

I remember many things when looking back \_\_\_\_31\_\_\_\_ these past three years. Try to be on time for morning readings and rush out of the classroom when the lunch bell rings. I remember the excitement of the school sports day, the long hours of training and the pride of \_\_\_\_32\_\_\_\_ (overcome) fear. I remember starting day one: As the \_\_\_\_33\_\_\_\_ (shy) boy in my whole class, I never spoke to anyone. Then \_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_ (slow) I made some new friends. We \_\_\_\_35\_\_\_\_ (believe) in each other, helped each other with homework, got better together, prepared for art festivals and made a great big mess but had fun at new Year’s parties. During the past three years, I can also finish different \_\_\_\_36\_\_\_\_ (task) by myself. What’s more, we have learned a different language \_\_\_\_37\_\_\_\_ is from a foreign land. English really brings us many challenges, \_\_\_\_38\_\_\_\_ we work hard to understand it.

And now, it’s time to graduate. We will say goodbye and leave \_\_\_\_39\_\_\_\_ (we) lovely school. I’m thankful to all the teachers. I will miss the school trees and flowers and never forget the \_\_\_\_40\_\_\_\_ (wonder) memories of ours. It’s a treasure forever.

**四、单词拼写(共5小题，每小题1分，满分5分)**

Mr. Green had an unusual experience last \_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ (星期三). That day, Mr. Green came back home to have lunch by car. When he left for his house, it was almost 12: 00 am. He was very hungry. But when he reached his house, he found that the door was not locked. He was very \_\_\_\_42\_\_\_\_ (紧张的). He couldn’t help guessing who it could be. His wife left for a \_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_ (生意，商业) yesterday so she couldn’t be in. And he was also sure that none of his friends would come to his house that afternoon. Then who opened the door?

While he was thinking about the problem, his dog, Mickey, ran to meet him \_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_ (开心地). He wagged his tail, stood up on his two legs, and then opened the door for him. Only then did Mr. Green find out the answer. It was his dog, and he even opened the door \_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_ (他自己)!

**五、综合填空(每小题1分，满分10分)**

从下面方框中选择恰当的的词或者短语并用其正确形式填入短文中，使短文通顺正确每个词只用一次。

|  |
| --- |
| since then, hear, south, tradition, already, but, modern, back, talk about, dream |

When Sarah was a teenager, she used to fight over almost everything with her family. While she was studying abroad in England, she \_\_\_\_46\_\_\_\_ a song full of feelings about returning home. It made Sarah think about her family and friends. Ever \_\_\_\_47\_\_\_\_, she has been a fan of American country music.

Country is a \_\_\_\_48\_\_\_\_ kind of music from the \_\_\_\_49\_\_\_\_ states of America. Many songs these days are just about \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ life in the US. They \_\_\_\_51\_\_\_\_ the importance of money and success, but not about belonging to a group. However, country music brings us \_\_\_\_52\_\_\_\_ to the “good old days” and reminds us the best things in life.

Sarah hasn’t been to Nashville yet \_\_\_\_53\_\_\_\_ it is her dream to go there one day. She has \_\_\_\_54\_\_\_\_ read a lot about the place and done some research on it. She knows that there is a Country Music Hall of Fame Museum in Nashville. She also hopes that she can achieve her \_\_\_\_55\_\_\_\_ of seeing the most successful musicians Garth sing live one day!

**六、任务型阅读.(共5小题，每小题2分，满分10分)**

**七、书面表达(共1题，满分15分)**

56. 2021年9月，钟南山院士被授予“共和国勋章”。人们不会忘记84岁高龄的钟南山院士奋战在抗疫一线的场面，我们只有身心健康才能为国家、社会做贡献。请以 “How to Keep Healthy” 为题，写一篇英语短文。

提示：

1.早睡早起，每天有充足的睡眠。

2.少吃垃圾食品，多吃蔬菜水果。

3.多做运动，每周至少锻炼三次。

4.我们更应外向，交更多朋友，成为班上最受欢迎的学生之一。

5.我想要成为一名医生，帮助更多的人。

要求：

1.紧扣主题及提示，适当发挥，以使行文连贯。

2.词数80个单词左右。(开头已给出，不计入总词数)

3.文中不得出现真实的人名和校名。

How to Keep Healthy

Health is important to everyone. But how can we keep healthy?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**西吉县2022年九年级第一次模拟考试英语试题**

**第一卷：选择题(50分)**

**一、完形填空(每小题1分，满分10分)**

【1~10题答案】

【答案】1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. B 6. A 7. C 8. B 9. D 10. A

**二、阅读理解(共20小题，每小题2分，满分40分)**

**阅读A、B、C、D、E四篇短文，从每小题所给的四个选项中，选出一个最佳选项，并将答案写在题前的括号内。**

**A**

【11~14题答案】

【答案】11. A 12. B 13. B 14. C

**B**

【15~18题答案】

【答案】15. D 16. C 17. A 18. D

**C**

【19~22题答案】

【答案】19. B 20. C 21. A 22. C

**D**

【23~26题答案】

【答案】23. C 24. D 25. A 26. D

**E**

【27~30题答案】

【答案】27. D 28. A 29. B 30. B

**第二卷，非选择题(50分)**

**三、语法填空(共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分)**

**阅读下面短文，在空白处填入适当单词或括号内单词的正确形式。每空一词。**

【31~40题答案】

【答案】31. at 32. overcoming

33. shyest 34. slowly

35. believed

36. tasks 37. that##which 38. so

39. our 40. wonderful

**四、单词拼写(共5小题，每小题1分，满分5分)**

【41~45题答案】

【答案】41. Wednesday

42. nervous

43. business

44. happily

45. himself

**五、综合填空(每小题1分，满分10分)**

【46~55题答案】

【答案】46. heard

47. since then

48. traditional

49. southern

50. modern 51. talk about

52. back 53. but

54. already

55. dream

**六、任务型阅读.(共5小题，每小题2分，满分10分)**

**七、书面表达(共1题，满分15分)**

【56题答案】

【答案】例文  
 How to Keep Healthy  
 Health is important to everyone. But how can we keep healthy?  
 In order to keep healthy, we should sleep and get up early. Enough sleep is necessary. We should sleep at least eight hours. For breakfast, we should eat eggs and drink milk every day. We should eat less junk food and more fruit and vegetables. We like watching sports programs because they are educational. So we should exercise at least three times a week. What’s more, we need to be more outgoing and make more friends. We can be one of the most popular students in our class.  
 I want to be a doctor when I grow up. I plan to study medicine and try my best to help more people.