

福州三牧中学 2022—2023 学年第一学期期中考试卷

初二年段

英语学科

命题人：陈红 审卷人：刘晓萍

(范围：八上 Unit 1 至 Unit 2 时间：120 分钟 总分：150 分)

I. 听力 (共三节, 20 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

第一节 听下面五个句子, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图中选出与句子内容相符的选项。
(每个句子读两遍)

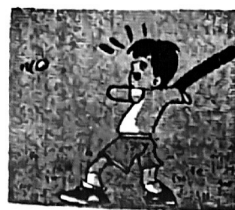
1.



A



B



C

2.



A



B



C

3.



A



B



C

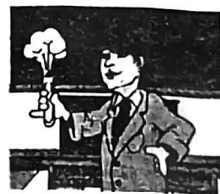
4.



A



B



C

5.



A



B



C

第二节 听对话 听下面七段对话，从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案。

(每段对话读两遍)

听第 1 段对话，回答第 6 小题。

6. How often does Ben skate?

A. Every day.

B. Once a week.

C. Twice a week.

听第 2 段对话，回答第 7 小题。

7. Which sport will Anna take part in tomorrow?

A. The relay race.

B. The 800-meter race.

C. The 400-meter race.

听第 3 段对话，回答第 8 小题。

8. Where is Steve going after school?

A. The playground.

B. The hospital.

C. The library.

听第 4 段对话，回答第 9 小题。

9. What does Peter do to take exercise?

A. Swimming.

B. Skating.

C. Running.

听第 5 段对话，回答第 10、11 小题。

10. What is Paul going to do this afternoon?

A. To play basketball.

B. To watch a basketball game.

C. To see a movie.

11. Where are they going to meet?

A. On the playground.

B. In front of the movie theater.

C. At the school gate.

听第 6 段对话，回答第 12、13 小题。

12. What's wrong with Bob?

A. There's something wrong with his ears.

B. There's something wrong with his arms.

C. There's something wrong with his eyes.

13. When will Bob go to see a doctor?

A. This Friday.

B. This Saturday.

C. This Sunday.

听第 7 段对话，回答第 14、15 小题。

14. What does Nick want to be?

A. A doctor.

B. A policeman.

C. A driver.

15. What subject does Nancy want to teach?

A. Chinese.

B. Japanese.

C. English.

第三节 听下面短文，根据你所听到的内容，完成以下表格，每空填一词。(短文读三遍)

| A Telephone Message | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| From | Mike |
| What for | ___ 16 ___ meal |
| Meeting place | The gate of the ___ 17 ___ |
| Time for the meal | At ___ 18 ___ |
| Where to go in the afternoon | Go to the ___ 19 ___ |
| How to go in the afternoon | By ___ 20 ___ |

II. 选择填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

21. If you have _____ flu, you should stay in _____ bed for a good rest.
A. a; the B. the; the C. the; \
22. Don't worry. My mother will look after your baby _____.
A. careful enough B. enough carefully C. carefully enough
23. —Would you mind me parking here?
— _____. Look up at the sign "No Parking".
A. Certainly not B. You had better not C. Not at all
24. —How are you doing these days?
—I'm _____ busy because I have _____ homework to do every day.
A. much too; too much B. too much; a lot of C. much too; too many
25. —Must I water the flowers every day, Mr. Lee?
—No, you _____. You can do it twice a week.
A. needn't B. mustn't C. can't
26. Michael is badly ill. He has to ask for _____ leave.
A. two-week B. two weeks C. two weeks'
27. —I really want to know _____ we will go for a trip to Mount Wuyi.
—I can tell you "Yes".
A. when B. why C. whether
28. His mother always _____ him to drink a glass of milk every morning.
A. forces B. makes C. keeps
29. Miss Li, could you give me some _____ on how to learn English well?
A. advise B. advice C. suggestion
30. —Can you finish your homework in half an hour?
—No. I need _____ one hour to finish it.
A. at once B. at least C. at first
31. —_____ more fruit and vegetables _____ good for us.
—Right. They are healthy food.
A. To eat; are B. Eating; is C. Eat; is

32. One tree can't make a forest, so we should _____.
 A. learn teamwork B. plant more trees C. have good skills
33. — Hi, dad! Is there _____ in the newspaper today?
 — Yes, quite a lot.
 A. new things B. new anything C. anything new
34. Our teachers often tell us _____ eat _____ sleep in class.
 A. don't; and B. not to; or C. to not; or
35. Not only Tom but also I _____ going to _____ the school sports meet.
 A. is; join B. are; take part in C. am; join in

III. 完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

I'm a middle school student. In the past, I had some bad 36. I hardly (几乎不) had breakfast 37. I usually got up late. I didn't like exercising. I 38 exercised one to two times a month. In the evening, I always watched TV 39 more than two hours. Then I 40 the Internet. I liked to play computer games. So I often stayed up late. My parents thought staying up late was bad for my health, so they were not 41 with that. One day, I fainted (昏倒) in a P.E. class. When I woke up (醒来), I was in the 42. The doctor said that my classmates sent (送) 43 there. He said that I was in poor 44. Then he told me to have breakfast every day and do more exercise. From then on, I decided to 45 my bad habits. Now I usually get up early and have a good breakfast. After school, I always play sports with my friends. It's fun and good for my health.

36. A. activities B. habits C. holidays
 37. A. when B. if C. because
 38. A. only B. really C. never
 39. A. in B. for C. on
 40. A. believed B. used C. bought
 41. A. happy B. angry C. afraid
 42. A. classroom B. playground C. hospital
 43. A. me B. her C. him
 44. A. energy B. health C. practice
 45. A. look up B. give up C. get up

IV. 阅读理解 (共两节, 25 小题; 满分 45 分)

第一节 阅读下面 A、B、C、D 四篇短文, 根据短文内容, 从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳答案。(共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

A

| Beijing Opera City | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Time: | Summer season (April 1 st -- September 20 th) 9:00 a.m. ~ 5:30 p.m. every day Winter season (October 1 st -- March 31 st) 10:00 a.m. ~ 4:00 p.m. every day |
| Bad weather: | Before arriving here, we suggest you should check if the city is open on the Internet. In the event of bad weather, the city may be closed for safety reasons. |
| Price: | Adult (成年人) ticket: ¥ 30 Child ticket: ¥ 20 Family ticket: ¥ 70 (2 adults & 2 children between 5 and 15 years old) |
| Booking: | Buy tickets at the door. You can also book the tickets on the Internet. |
| The City closed dates: | The following dates — the 25 th & 26 th of December and the 1 st & 2 nd of January, |

46. Which is the right time to visit the city?
A. 9:00 a.m. on February 20th. B. 11:00 a.m. on September 26th.
C. 2:00 p.m. on January 2nd. D. 10:00 a.m. on December 27th.
47. When may the city be closed?
A. When the road is busy. B. When the weather is bad.
C. When there are no visitors. D. When there is no ticket left.
48. How much should two adults with three children (all between 5 and 15 years old) cost at least to visit the city?
A. ¥ 90. B. ¥ 120. C. ¥ 30. D. ¥ 70.
49. Where can you book tickets if you want to go there?
A. At any place. B. At the school gate.
C. On the Internet. D. All of the above.
50. What can we learn from the passage?
A. The city closes four days during a year.
B. The city may be closed for safety reasons.
C. We can know more by sending a letter to the city.
D. The city is open for six hours every day in summer.

B

If you like snow and ice, maybe you can choose to stay at Ice Hotel (酒店) in Quebec, Canada. But you can only check in at this hotel during winter. When spring comes, Ice Hotel will melt.

Why? Because this hotel is only made of ice and snow! This amazing hotel is built every December. It has about 44 rooms and about 102 people can stay there each night. The hotel even has a movie theater, an art gallery and a church. Of course, all the furniture (家具), artworks, lights and even plates and drinking glasses are made out of ice.

Because this hotel is so unusual, it is becoming very popular among visitors all over the world. Many visitors come to stay here every winter. Some young people choose to get married (结婚) in the hotel's ice church. Because of all the ice, the temperature inside the hotel is always kept between -5°C and -2°C . The temperature is too low, but sleeping is not a problem in the very cold hotel rooms. Every guest in the hotel gets a special, warm sleeping bag. It keeps him or her comfortable and warm until morning.

51. The underlined word “**melt**” in Paragraph 1 means “_____” in Chinese.

- A. 开业 B. 融化 C. 装修 D. 爆满

52. The tables in the hotel are made out of _____.

- A. metal B. ice C. wood D. stone

53. Why is sleeping not a problem in the hotel?

- A. Because the rooms are warm.
B. Because the temperature is -2°C .
C. Because the sleeping bags are warm.
D. Because the furniture is warm.

54. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the passage?

- A. Ice Hotel has 102 rooms in total.
B. People can't see a movie in the hotel.
C. Ice Hotel doesn't have beds in its rooms.
D. Some people choose to get married in Ice Hotel.

55. The main idea of this passage is _____.

- A. how Ice Hotel is built B. what makes Ice Hotel popular
C. why Ice Hotel is made out of ice D. how people live in Ice Hotel

C

A famous teacher was speaking to the students at the school. He began his lesson by holding up a \$100 bill. Then he said to the three hundred students, "Who would like this \$100 bill?" The students began to put up their hands at once.

Then he said, "I am going to give this \$100 bill to one of you, but first, let me do this." He then made the bill into a ball. Then he said, "Who wants it now?" **The hands went back into the air.**

"Well," he said, "What if I do this?" and he dropped it on the floor and stepped (踩) on it. He picked up the dirty, crumpled bill and said, "Who still wants it?" Hands went back into the air.

"My friends," he said, "you have learned a lesson today. No matter (无论) what I did to the money, you still wanted it because it did not go down in value (价值). It was still worth \$100!"

Many times in our lives, we are dropped, crumpled, and stepped on by the chances we take and the things that happen to us. We feel we are worth nothing. But remember, no matter what has happened to you, you will never lose your value: you are always valuable to those people who love you.

Your value doesn't come from what you do or whom you know, but WHO YOU ARE.

56. Even though it was dirty, the money _____.

- | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. still went up in value | B. was worth nothing |
| C. didn't go down in value | D. was still the students' |

57. Your value comes from _____.

- | | |
|----------------|------------------|
| A. what you do | B. whom you know |
| C. who you are | D. what you say |

58. The underlined sentence "**The hands went back into the air.**" in the second paragraph means the students _____.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| A. put up their hands again | B. put down their hands |
| C. put their hands in front of them | D. put their hands behind their backs again |

59. Why did the teacher use a \$100 bill at his lesson?

- Because he wanted to make the bill into a ball.
- Because he was going to give the bill to one of the students.
- Because he wanted to drop it on the floor and step on it.
- Because he wanted to make the students know what value was.

60. What lesson can we learn from the passage?

- The more money is used, the more interesting a lesson is.
- Money is everything and all people love money most.
- Your value doesn't change no matter what happens to you.
- The value of money changes when it is made dirty.

D

"Dreams may be more important than sleep. Some people don't need much sleep. But we all need to dream," some scientists say.

Dreams are pictures, thoughts, or feelings that occur during sleep. Dreams take up (占据) about one quarter of our sleeping time. People have several dreams each night. Dreams are like short films. They are usually in colour. Some dreams are like old films. They come to us over and over again. That may be because the dreamer is worrying about something. Dreaming may be a way of trying to find an answer.

Some people get new ideas about their work from dreams. They may have been thinking about their work all day. These thoughts can carry over into dreams.

Sometimes we wake up with a good feeling from a dream. But often we can't remember the dream. Dreams can disappear (消失) quickly from memory (记忆).

In most cases, dreams don't affect (影响) sleep. Dreaming is part of healthy sleep. But too much dreaming can be bad. The more we sleep, the longer we dream. The mind is hard at work when we dream. That is why we may have a long sleep and still wake up tired.

61. Dreams and films are usually _____.
A. very long B. in color C. about work D. very interesting
62. If we sleep 8 hours a day, how many hours will we dream?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.
63. Why do some people often dream about their work?
A. Because they are tired during the day.
B. Because they are not interested in their work.
C. Because they may be thinking about their work all day.
D. Because they have too much work to do.
64. Which of the following is TRUE?
A. We'll be relaxed after a long dreaming.
B. When we dream, our mind is also resting.
C. Dreams always disappear soon and we can't remember any of them.
D. Sometimes we may have the same dream several times.
65. Which of the following is the best title of this passage?
A. Learning about Dreams B. Having Good Dreams
C. Stopping Terrible Dreams D. Remembering Dreams

E

第二节 阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的五个选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项，使短文通顺、连贯，意思完整。(共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分)

English breakfast is a big meal. People eat bacon, eggs, tomatoes, beans and mushrooms. Drinks include tea, milk, juice and coffee.

For many English people, lunch is a quick meal. In cities, there are a lot of sandwich restaurants. 66 There are also all kinds of salad and meat of fish for lunch in the restaurants. School children can have a hot meal at school. 67

“Tea” means two things. 68 Afternoon tea is a light meal served between 3:30 and 5 :00 in the afternoon. People have afternoon tea with sandwiches, cakes and a cup of tea.

Supper is also a big meal. English people usually have supper between six o'clock and eight o'clock. 69

On Sundays, many families in England have a traditional (传统的) lunch. They have chicken, pork with potatoes, vegetables and so on.

The Englishmen like food from other countries, too, such as French, Chinese, Italian and Indian food. People often get take-away meals. 70

- A. It is a drink and a meal.

B. And often all the family eat together.

C. Office workers can buy different kinds of bread there.

D. They buy the food outside and then bring it home to eat.

E. But many just take a sandwich, a drink and some fruit from home.

V. 情景交际 (共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分)

根据情景提示，完成下列各题。

71. 当你听到好朋友说昨天他发生了一起事故，你会这么说：

_____.

72. 你打电话找 Jack，但他不在，你想留个口信给他，可以这样问：

_____ Jack?

73. 你想请对方打开窗户，不知道他是否介意，可以这样问：

_____?

74. 疫情期间，老师建议同学们要远离拥挤的地方，可以这么说：

_____.

75. 你想询问 Tom 骑自行车和划船他更喜欢哪种运动，可以这样问：

_____?

VI. 看图写话 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据每小题所提供的图画情景和提示词, 写出一个与图片情景相符的句子。



76. there be, tomorrow



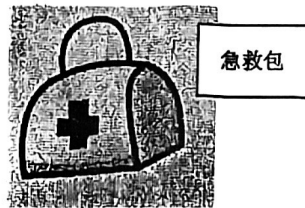
77. not, litter



78. do well, play, last year



79. one of, famous, in



80. It, necessary, learn

VII. 短文填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容及所给提示, 在文中的空白处填写一个正确的单词。

Many people smoke. Smoking causes all kinds of 81. However, doctors say that it is bad for non-smokers, 82. Smokers breathe out second-hand smoke, and non-smokers have to breathe in.

However, there is 83 [ə'nalðə(r)] problem. When second-hand smoke goes away, it leaves third-hand smoke 84 [bi'hænd]. Third-hand smoke is also bad for our health and it's even harder to get rid of (除去) it.!

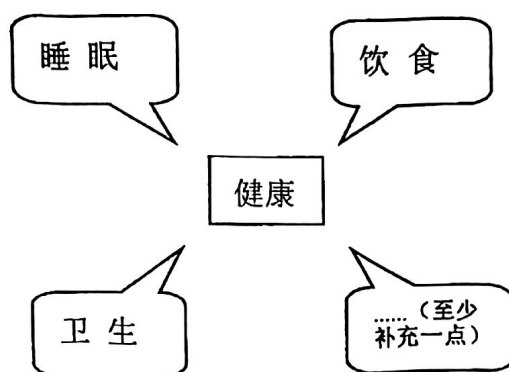
When someone smokes in 85 room, the smoke leaves on the walls, floors and even furniture. These chemicals are third-hand smoke. Over time, there will 86 more and more of it. It can hurt us even if we don't breathe it in. Just touching (触摸) it will hurt us as well. These chemicals are 87 (real) bad for our health.

Third-hand smoke is especially 88 for kids. It stays on their clothes and toys. If kids put those things into their mouths, third-hand smoke will get into their bodies. It makes 89 get ill more often. It can even 90 [kɔ:z] death (死亡).

Third-hand smoke is around. There is only one way to stop it — we shouldn't allow smoking.

VIII. 书面表达 (满分 15 分)

英语课上, 老师请同学们以 “What should we do to keep healthy?” 为主题展开小组讨论。假如你是小组长, 请将你们小组的观点写成一篇短文, 要点如下:



要求: 1. 要点齐全, 语句通顺, 书写规范。

2. 80 词左右。短文开头已给出, 不计入总次数。

Keeping healthy is very important for everyone. But what should we do?

First, _____

福州三牧中学 2022—2023 学年第一学期期中适应性训练

答案

I. 听力 (共三节, 20 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

1-5 BCABC 6-10 BCBAB 11-15 CCABC
16. Birthday 17. restaurant 18. 12:00 19. gym 20. bike

II. 选择填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

21-25 CCBA 26-30 CCABB 31-35 BACBC

III. 完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

36-40 BCABB 41-45 ACABB

IV. 阅读理解 (共两节, 25 小题; 满分 45 分)

46-50: DBACB 51-55: BBCDB 56-60: CCADC 61-65: BBCDA
66-70: CEABD

V. 情景交际 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

71. I'm sorry to hear that.
72. Could/May I leave a message for Jack?
73. Would/Do you mind opening the window?
74. You should keep away from crowded places.
(must/had better; stay away from 皆可)
75. Tom, which (sport) do you prefer, cycling or rowing?
Tom, which (sport) do you like better, cycling or rowing?

VI. 看图写话 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

76. There is going to be/will be an English movie/film tomorrow.
77. He shouldn't (throw) litter around.
Don't litter around.
78. He did well in playing ping-pong/table tennis last year.
79. Soccer/Football is one of the most famous sports in the world.
80. It's necessary (for everyone) to learn (about) first aid.

VII. 短文填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

81. illnesses/diseases 82. too 83. another 84. behind 85. a
86. be 87. really 88. bad 89. them 90. cause

VIII. 书面表达 (满分 15 分)

Keeping healthy is very important for everyone. But what should we do?

First, we should have a good sleep every night. Enough sleep can make us feel active and full of energy during the day. Second, keeping a good eating habit is also important. We'd better eat more fruit and vegetables every day. Third, we must keep ourselves clean and stay away from crowded places. What's more, we need to do some sports to keep healthy. For example, we can play basketball or run on the playground after school every day.

(78 words)

座号:

姓名:

班级: