

2021—2022 学年度第一学期九年级期末考
















英语试题

(考试时间: 120 分钟 满分: 150 分)

注意: 请把所有答案填涂或书写到答题卡上! 请不要错位、越界答题!

I. 听力 (共三节, 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

第一节 听句子 听下面五个句子, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图中选出与句子内容相符的选项。(每个句子读两遍)

1.	A. 	B. 	C. 
2.	A. 	B. 	C. 
3.	A. 	B. 	C. 
4.	A. 	B. 	C. 
5.	A. 	B. 	C. 

第二节 听对话 听下面七段对话, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案。(每段对话读两遍)

听第 1 段对话, 回答第 6 小题。

6. How is Bill going to New York?

A. By plane.

B. By train.

C. By bus.

听第 2 段对话, 回答第 7 小题。

7. What are they talking about?

A. The ways of learning English.

- B. The importance of learning English.
- C. The difference between English pronunciations.

听第 3 段对话，回答第 8 小题。

8. How many languages can most Canadians speak?

- A. One.
- B. Two.
- C. Three.

听第 4 段对话，回答第 9 小题。

9. Which ball was invented the earliest?

- A. Football.
- B. Basketball.
- C. Volleyball.

听第 5 段对话，回答第 10,11 小题。

10. Why does Betty look sad?

- A. Because she couldn't find her friends.
- B. Because she fell off her bike on his way home.
- C. Because she got the second prize in the English competition.

11. What does Mr. Brown advise Betty to do?

- A. Join a language club.
- B. Call the doctor at once.
- C. Ask the policeman for help.

听第 6 段对话，回答第 12,13 小题。

12. When did Mr. Jordan have his first invention?

- A. Ten years ago.
- B. Fifteen years ago.
- C. Twenty years ago.

13. What is Mr. Jordan doing now?

- A. He is looking for a new job.
- B. He is looking after his babies.
- C. He is inventing a machine for looking after babies.

听第 7 段对话，回答第 14,15 小题。

14. How big is the smart house?

- A. 280 square meters.
- B. 370 square meters.
- C. 390 square meters.

15. When was the house created?

- A. In 1988.
- B. In 1989.
- C. In 1990.

第三节 听短文，根据你所听到的短文内容，完成下面表格，每空填一词。（短文读三遍）

A Meeting On English Learning	
When & where	It will start on the afternoon of <u>16</u> 12 th on the playground.
How long	It will last about <u>17</u> hours.
Who	Mr. Lee from <u>18</u> will give a talk.
What	Mr. Lee will go back by <u>19</u> .
	The most <u>20</u> part is taking photos with these teachers.

II. 选择填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

- 21.—I think John is _____ honest and hard-working boy.
—I agree with you.
- A. a B. an C. the
- 22.—I didn't have the _____ to go out alone at night when I was a child.
—But you are brave now.
- A. courage B. power C. ability
23. Zhong Nanshan, a famous doctor, is still working hard though he is already in his _____.
A. eighty B. eighties C. eightieth
24. _____ is no doubt that computers are very useful in technology and business.
A. There B. It C. That
- 25.—Doctor Yuan Longping made a great contribution to Chinese agriculture (农业).
—_____, he is our true national hero.
- A. Exactly B. Mainly C. Finally
26. _____ he _____ I am interested in western food. That's why we hardly go to MacDonald.
A. Both; and B. Either; or C. Neither; nor
27. Once they find people _____, they decide on suitable ways to help them.
A. on business B. in need C. at work
- 28.—Shall we do more reading to improve our English?
—Yes, reading is the _____ ability of learning in higher education.
- A. social B. real C. basic
- 29.—I find it hard to improve my English.
—Never give up. I'm sure you'll make great progress if you _____ it.
- A. connect to B. stick to C. turn to
- 30.—Wow, Wu Jun speaks a good French. Who taught him?
—_____. He learned it all by himself.
- A. Somebody B. Anybody C. Nobody
- 31.—Look! You _____ so many mistakes in the exam.
—Sorry, sir. I was too careless.
- A. is making B. was making C. have made
- 32.—I really hate going to the supermarket.
—_____. There are always lots of people.
- A. So do I B. So I do C. Neither do I

33.—Have you read the book *The Little Prince*?

—Of course. It's the most interesting book _____ I've ever read.

- A. that B. who C. whose

34. This new restaurant serves hundreds of dishes—enough to _____ anybody.

- A. allow B. satisfy C. consider

35.—Could you tell me _____ the running shoes?

—Of course, you can buy them in Xinhua Shopping Center.

- A. when to buy B. how to buy C. where to buy

III. 完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

It was Language Week in Jeremy's school. Every year, his school 36 a week-long event where several activities take place.

This year, one contest (比赛) drew Jeremy's 37. His school would have a haiku (俳句) writing contest. Haiku is a type of Japanese short poems. Students who 38 the contest have to hand in a few haikus written on a page.

Jeremy told his father about the writing contest 39 he got home that day. Hearing what the contest was about, Jeremy's father said, "Son, you should have a try. You've 40 done well in writing tests. And the contest sounds like a lot of fun! I believe you are the best." Jeremy, however, was not so 41. He said, "I don't think I can do it well. What's more, if I can't win any of the prizes, I would have 42 my time and effort."

Facing Jeremy's negative (消极的) 43, Jeremy's father smiled. He said, "Sometimes, the 44 is not important. The journey that one takes to get to the end can be more 45." Jeremy listened to his father's words and felt encouraged. Then he decided that he would try to write some haikus and go for the contest.

- | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 36. A. holds | B. wins | C. discusses |
| 37. A. surprise | B. attention | C. dream |
| 38. A. take away from | B. take out of | C. take part in |
| 39. A. if | B. since | C. when |
| 40. A. never | B. always | C. seldom |
| 41. A. confident | B. bored | C. worried |
| 42. A. found | B. wasted | C. checked |
| 43. A. brain | B. courage | C. thought |
| 44. A. result | B. reason | C. method |
| 45. A. meaningful | B. careful | C. harmful |

IV. 阅读理解（共两节，25 小题；满分 45 分）

第一节 阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳答案。（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

A

Create Your Own Story Competition

If you love to write, draw and create stories, here's your chance!

Come and join in the Create Your Own Story Competition (13-19 March 2022).

1st place 1 dictionary and 20 books	2nd place 1 dictionary and 10 books	3rd to 6th places 1 dictionary and 5 books
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All you have to do is to create your own stories.

- ◆ The competition is only open to the students in Grand Middle School.
- ◆ Please write a story in at least 300 words.
- ◆ Pictures are not necessary but stories with creative pictures will get extra (额外的) points.

Get an entry form (参赛表格) from [www. GrandMiddleSchool. org/createyourownstory](http://www.GrandMiddleSchool.org/createyourownstory).

The closing date: March 20, 2022.

The best stories will be posted on [www. GrandMiddleSchool. org/ beststories](http://www.GrandMiddleSchool.org/beststories). Everyone will have the chance to vote (投票) for their favorite stories from 23 to 25 March 2022.

Names of winners will also be posted on [www. GrandMiddleSchool. org/beststories](http://www.GrandMiddleSchool.org/beststories) on March 31, 2022.

Please call 1800 62214422 or visit [www. GrandMiddleSchool. org/ storycompetition](http://www.GrandMiddleSchool.org/storycompetition) for more information.

46. If you win the 5th place, what prizes will you get?

- A. 1 dictionary and 5 books. B. 1 dictionary and 10 books.
C. 1 dictionary and 15 books. D. 1 dictionary and 20 books.

47. Jimmy is refused to take part in the contest probably because _____.

- A. he creates the story all by himself B. his story has more than 300 words
C. his story doesn't have any pictures D. he isn't from Grand Middle School

48. When can you vote for your favorite stories?

- A. On March 13. B. On March 20. C. On March 24. D. On March 31.

49. What can you find on [www. GrandMiddleSchool. org/storycompetition](http://www.GrandMiddleSchool.org/storycompetition)?

- A. Best stories. B. More information. C. An entry form. D. Names of winners.

50. Who is the text written for?

- A. Students. B. Teachers. C. Parents. D. Artists.

B

It was Saturday again. Lily and Lucy disliked Saturdays. That was another thing the twins had in common. They shared the same clothes and tied their hair in the same manner. In fact, it was hard for

their classmates and teachers to tell them apart sometimes.

Unlike their classmates, they had to get up early at seven every Saturday to prepare for their lessons. Lily had to attend the art lesson and Lucy had to attend her ballet lesson. “How I wish I could do something different today,” said the twins with one voice. All at once, an idea came to Lily and Lucy at the same time. “Do you have the same idea as me?” they asked each other and laughed. It seemed like a wonderful plan to them. After giving each other a description of their own friends, Lily put on Lucy’s ballet dress while Lucy put Lily’s brushes and paints into her bag. Then they left for their classes.

When the art lesson started, Lucy couldn’t understand the art teacher. Unlike Lily, Lucy was poor at drawing. When the art lesson finally ended, Lucy didn’t dare to hand in her work.

Meanwhile, Lily was struggling in the ballet class as well. As she had no idea about the dance steps, she had to follow her classmates blindly. As a result, she kept knocking into them. Their ballet teacher became impatient with her, “Lucy, you should remember the basic steps. You can’t depend on copying what others are doing.”

When Lily and Lucy arrived home, they were tired out. They decided that they would never try to be someone else that they were not.

51. What was the twins’ plan?

- A. To have a day off.
- B. To be each other for a day.
- C. To wear the same clothes.
- D. To have a normal day like their classmates.

52. How did Lucy feel at the beginning of the art lesson?

- A. Lost.
- B. Excited.
- C. Mad.
- D. Sleepy.

53. What does the underlined word “them” refer to?

- A. The teachers.
- B. The classmates.
- C. The dance steps.
- D. The ballet dresses.

54. The ballet teacher became impatient because _____.

- A. she wasn’t herself that day
- B. “Lucy” wasn’t patient that day
- C. “Lucy” did very badly that day
- D. she discovered the twins’ plan

55. What did the twins learn from the experience?

- A. Don’t try to run before you can walk.
- B. A good beginning makes a good ending.
- C. Saying is one thing and doing is another.
- D. The grass is not always greener on the other side.

C

There is a story about a Buddhist monk (僧人) who found the smell of a special dish so mouth-watering that he jumped over a wall to ask for a taste. Do you know what this dish is? It is called Buddha Jumps Over the Wall, or

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Fotiaoqiang in Chinese. It is a very typical dish in Fujian.

Fotiaoqiang is mainly made of seafood, including shark's fin (鱼翅), sea cucumber (海参) and abalone (鲍鱼). Fujian is close to the sea and full of mountains. This makes it convenient for local people to get tasty ingredients from the mountains and sea to make their food.

Fujian people cook seafood in many different ways. The most common way of cooking seafood is to boil or steam it. This helps to keep the fresh flavor (味道) of the seafood.

In Fuzhou, people make fish into fish balls with pork filling inside. They also turn shrimp (虾) into oil. Shrimp oil is a common seasoning on local people's dinner tables.

Xiamen people like shacha noodles. Shacha sauce is the most important part of shacha noodles. The noodles also feature shrimp and soy sauce. It is very popular in Xiamen.

56. Why did the author tell us the story in Paragraph 1?

- A. Because he wanted to make us laugh.
- B. Because he just wanted to tell us a story.
- C. Because he wanted to introduce the Buddhist monk to us.
- D. Because he wanted to tell us the source of the dish's name.

57. What are the ingredients of *Fotiaoqiang*?

- A. Shark's fin.
- B. Sea cucumber.
- C. Abalone.
- D. All of the above.

58. Why are most Fujian dishes mainly made up of seafood?

- A. Because Fujian is close to the sea.
- B. Because there is only seafood in Fujian.
- C. Because people there like to eat seafood.
- D. Because there isn't any other food in Fujian.

59. What can we learn from Paragraph 3?

- A. Fujian people like to cook seafood in one way.
- B. Fry may destroy the fresh flavor of the seafood.
- C. The most common way of cooking seafood in Fujian is to fry it.
- D. Fujian people didn't use other ways to cook seafood except boiling or steaming.

60. What's the best title for the passage?

- A. How to Make *Fotiaoqiang*
- B. A Story on a Buddhist Monk
- C. The Ways to Cook Seafood in Fujian
- D. The Fresh Flavor of Seafood

D



On May 15, as China's Mars rover (巡视器) Zhurong landed safely on Mars, Zhang Rongqiao was much excited with tears in his eyes.

As the designer of China's Tianwen 1 Mars mission (任务), Zhang was chosen by the magazine *Nature* on Dec 16 as one of the top 10 people "who influenced science" in 2021. Under Zhang, China made a huge step in space exploration.

In the Mars mission, Zhang led a team of thousands of researchers. The team was to do not only

technical work like launches and flight control, but also scientific research on Mars.

The difficulties were many. They knew little about the strange and complex (复杂的) environment of Mars. “We may not even know what we do not know about,” Zhang told *Nature*.

During the process, Zhang played a key part in the decision to send an orbiter (轨道飞行器), a lander (着陆器) and a rover to Mars together, which made China the first country to do so. “That’s a big progress because China is doing in a short time what NASA took scores of years to do,” said Roberto Orosei from the Institute of Radioastronomy of Bologna in Italy.

Zhang also made the important decision to land the rover on Utopia Planitia, where there are special landforms (地形) for scientists to study. He hopes that the mission can do as much research as possible and bring back “rich” information.

61. What is included in the Mars mission?

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| a. Launching the rover. | b. Controlling the flight. |
| c. Bringing back space junk. | d. Doing scientific research. |
| A. abc | B. abd |
| C. acd | D. bcd |

62. What does Paragraph 4 show?

- A. Zhang and his team faced many difficulties.
- B. Zhang was confident about exploring Mars.
- C. Zhang and his team knew nothing about Mars.
- D. Zhang and his team were not afraid of difficulties.

63. What is Roberto Orosei’s opinion?

- A. China shortened its road to exploring Mars.
- B. China’s Mars mission will last for many years.
- C. China finished its Mars mission with NASA’s help.
- D. China is the first country to send a rover to Mars.

64. The rover was sent to Utopia Planitia to _____.

- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. avoid bad weather | B. find treasure on Mars |
| C. study special landforms | D. receive messages from Earth |

65. According to the passage, which word can best describe Zhang?

- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------|
| A. Learned. | B. Smart. | C. Active. | D. Decisive. |
|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------|

第二节 阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的五个选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项，使短文通顺、连贯，意思完整。（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

E

Have you ever imagined an AI (人工智能) restaurant? Have you ever dreamed to be served by robots in a restaurant? 66

In July, 2021, a smart restaurant has caught everyone’s eyes. The restaurant lies in Hongqiao community, Changning district in Shanghai and it covers 133 square meters. 67 There are no staffs (工作人员) in the restaurant, all we can see are robots and electric machines. The robots work as

cooks and waiters or waitresses. 68 That largely increases the efficiency (效率) comparing with a traditional restaurant. The restaurant not only has self-service food areas and online booking centers, but also snack machines. The restaurant opens 24 hours. 69

This AI restaurant is popular for its high quality and low price. The most expensive meat dishes, such as big chicken legs, cost only 8 yuan. 70 There is no doubt that the AI restaurant takes a leading position in the field of new dining.

- A. Now your dream can be realized.
 B. And they can work a long time without a rest.
 C. So however late you are off work, you can take meals out.
 D. While usual vegetables, such as Chinese cabbage, cost only 3.5 yuan.
 E. It can serve more than 1000 dishes, including Chinese food and Western food.

V. 情景交际 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据情景提示, 完成下列各题。

71. 你想搭对方的顺风车去车站, 可以这样问:

Could you please _____?

72. 你的美国笔友 Jack 要来福州玩, 你迫不及待地想见到他, 可以对他这样说:

_____.

73. 你的好友要去参加舞蹈比赛, 你可以这样祝愿她:

_____!

74. 你想知道外籍老师 Alex 在福州呆了多长时间, 可以这样问:

_____, Alex?

75. 你的同桌赞美你的运动鞋, 你想告诉他鞋子是泉州制造的, 可以这样说:

_____.

VI. 看图写话 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据每小题所提供的图画情景和提示词, 写出一个与图画情景相符的句子。



76. used to



77. not know



78. build, in 1982



79. be going, next week



80. there be, pour

VII. 短文填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面短文，根据语境、音标或所给单词的提示，在每个空格内填入一个恰当的词，要求所填的词意义准确、形式正确，使短文意思完整、行文连贯。

Different nations may use different body languages. So, learning about body languages can help 81 (we) make few mistakes.

Several young Englishmen told me about their interesting 82 (experience). They are volunteer teachers. They said it was impossible for them to understand all the 83 /'ləʊkl/ people there.


Mike taught in 84 small village in Guangxi, China. On a hot afternoon, he went into a store and asked, “Do you have cold drinks?” The saleswoman said nothing. She just smiled and nodded. Mike asked her again. Still, the saleswoman said nothing. Later when he 85 (have) a conversation with his students about this experience, his students said the saleswoman had answered him for 86 /'sɜ:tn/: She smiled and nodded, which meant “YES”.

Jack remembered his experience in Bulgaria, a 87 /jʊ(ə)rə'pi:ən/ country. One day, he went to a restaurant that was famous 88 beef. He asked the waiter, “Do you have beef?” The waiter nodded. Jack waited 89 (quiet) for a while. But the waiter didn't bring beef. Later he learned that nodding meant “NO” there.

Tom had a similar experience in India. Tom asked his students to agree 90 disagree with his opinion. They nodded. Tom thought they agreed with him. In fact, nodding meant “DISAGREE” there.

VIII. 书面表达（满分 15 分）

91. 假如你是李华，经常参加学校组织的英语角活动。请你根据下面表格的提示，用英语写一封电子邮件，把参加英语角活动的情况告诉你的美国笔友 Linda。词数 80 左右。

	活动时间	每周五下午
	活动地点	学校图书馆
	参加人员	一些学生和教师
	活动内容	读英语报纸、练习口语、学唱英语歌等
	活动效果	口语有所提高，不怕在课堂上讲英语

注意事项：1. 必须包含提示内容，可适当发挥，开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数；

2. 意思清楚，表达通顺，行文连贯，书写规范；

3. 请勿在文中使用真实的姓名和校名。

Dear Linda,

How is it going these days? I'm glad you're interested in our English Corner. I'd like to tell you something about it.

Best wishes to you!

Yours,
Li Hua