 2022年初中学业水平考试

英语模拟试题一

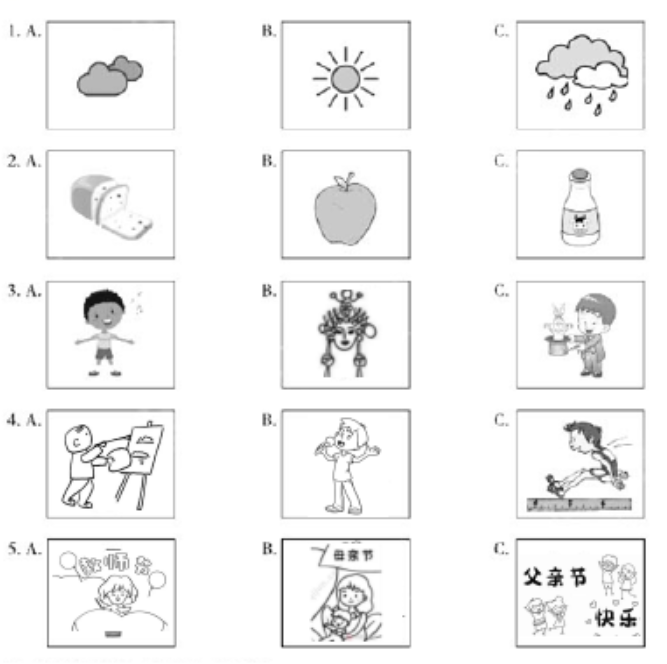
（时间：120分钟；满分：120分）

第I卷（选择题 共80分）

一、听力（共四节，满分30分）

第一节（共5个小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5个句子，每个句子后有三幅图画。每个句子仅读一遍。请你从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出与句子内容相符的图画，并标在试卷的相应位置。

第二节（共5个小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5个句子，每个句子后有一道小题。每个句子读两遍。请你听完句子的第二遍朗读后，从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答语，并标在试卷的相应位置。

6. A. It's a dog. B. It's cloudy. C. It's his ball.

7. A. Sure, I'd love to. B. Yes, you can. C. That's OK.

8. A. Thank you very much. B. Happy birthday to you. C. The same to you.

9. A. I was doing my homework. B. I'm doing my homework. C. I did my homework.

10. A. You should see a doctor. B. You can go to the school. C. You should cut your hair.

第三节（共5个小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面5段对话，每段对话后有一道小题。每段对话和问题读两遍。请你听完对话和问题的第二遍朗读后，从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。

11. Where are the two speakers probably talking?

A. At school. B. At home. C. In a clothes store.

12. What did the boy use to like doing?

A. Surfing. B. Swimming. C. Skating.

13. Who probably made the dishes?

A. Denny’s grandmother. B. Denny’s mother. C. Denny.

14. At what age did Mike begin playing football?

A. 8. B. 18. C. 26.

15. What are the two speakers looking at?

A. Maps. B. Pictures. C. Books.

第四节（共5个小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）

听下面一段短文，短文后有五道小题。短文读两遍。请你听完短文的第二遍朗读后，从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。

16. Where does Tony live?

A. In a town. B. In a village. C. In a city.

17. Why does Tony have to get up early every morning?

A. Because he wants to catch the early bus.

B. Because he wants to be the first to get to school.

C. Because his home is far from school.

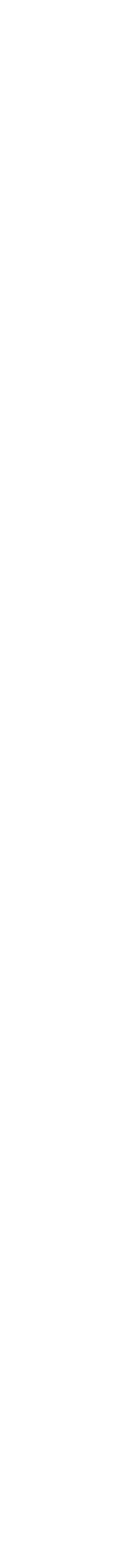
18. How does Tony go to school every day?

A. By bus. B. By bike. C. On foot.

19. What did his school do last week?

A. The school had a sports meeting last week.

B. The school had a picnic last week.



C. The school had a class meeting last week.

20. What makes Tony become stronger and stronger?

A. Keeping running to school. B. Getting up early. C. His father’s care.

二、英语知识运用（共两节．满分 20 分）

第一节 单项填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

从A、B、C 三个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. — Who is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_woman over there?

— She is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ popular teacher in our school.

A. a; an B. the; a C. the; the

22. Since you are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_danger, why not ask \_\_\_\_\_\_\_help?

A. in; to B. in; for C. with; for

23. I agree with most of what you said, but I don’t agree with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. anything B. something C. everything

24. We will begin a computer teaching experiment in our school. So every teacher\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with a laptop（笔记本电脑） since the beginning of this term.

A. was provided B. has been provided C. has provided

25. Her\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in tennis was noticed by her coach in a competition.

A. hobby B. habit C. ability

26. — Can you understand what I said, Ben?

—No problem. I can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_follow you.

A. slowly B. easily C. hardly

27. —I admire scientist like Yuan Longping.

—Me, too. They\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their dreams and try to make them come true.

A. drop by B. stick to C. deal with

28. — Many people are given COVID-19 vaccine(疫苗). Can you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—People who age from 18 to 59 and don't have any basic illnesses.

A. how it works to protect us B. who can get it right now C. where people go to get it

29. It’s very kind\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I think you are a good teacher.

A. of; to teach my English B. for; to teach me English C. of; to teach me English

30. — The movie has already started. Do you still want to go in?

— Sure. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Better late than never

B. Early birds catch the worms

C. It never rains but pours

第二节 完形填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出可以填人空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

The lion dance is part of traditional Chinese culture. People often perform it the night before the Chinese New Year. They 31 perform it for other happy occasions. People think the lion dance can 32 good luck and success.

There are many different stories 33 how the lion dance began. One of them is like this: Hundreds of years ago, a monster called Nian came to a village in China. The villagers were 34 . A lion chased Nian away. A year later, Nian came back again, but this time the lion couldn't 35 . So the villagers made a "lion" by themselves. Their "lion" danced, jumped and chased Nian away. For this 36 , people began to perform the lion dance before the Spring Festival to chase bad luck away.

There are 37 different kinds of lion dances. In the southern lion dance, the dancers 38 hard to perform like a real lion. Their "lion” may shake its body. The dance can be funny. The 39 kind is the northern lion dance. It has more martial art skills like rolling, leaping and jumping. Both kinds are very interesting to watch, but it takes a lot of 40 to perform well.

31. A. still B. also C. almost

32. A. bring B. leave C. find

33. A. in B. with C. about

34. A. excited B. bored C. scared

35. A. help B. agree C. refuse

36. A. story B. reason C. event

37. A. two B. three C. four

38. A. watch B. try C. catch

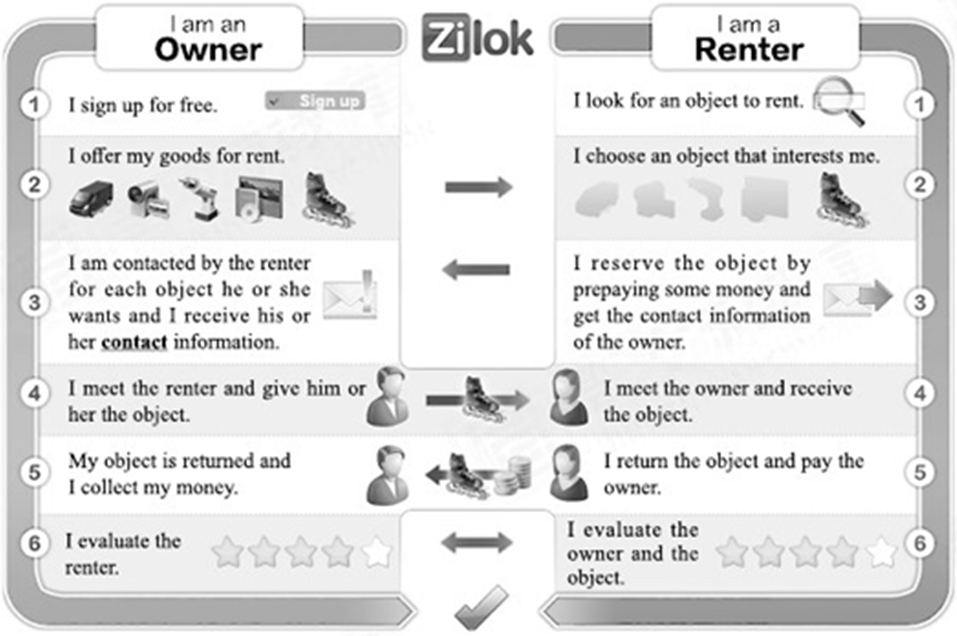
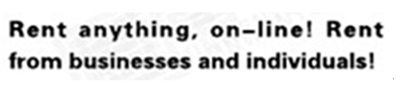
39. A. other B. same C. simple

40. A. luck B. advice C. practice

三、阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

A great way to recycle things and go green, isn't it? If you have something useless for you, or want something, visit the website now!

41. What should the renter do first to make renting successful?

A. List the things he has. B. Look for the thing he needs. C. Communicate with an owner.

42. What does the underlined word “contact” mean in this article?

A. 联系 B. 关注 C. 打赏

43. What does the website *us.zilok.com* provide us?

A. A way to go green. B. A way to have fun. C. A way to make friends.

B

“Oh boys, don’t throw stones at the poor bird,” said an old grey-headed man.

“Sir,” said a little one, “she makes such a loud noise that we can’t bear her.”

“I am afraid the stone will rebound (反弹) and hurt you as long as you live! ”

“Rebound! We don’t understand you, sir!”

“Well, I will tell you a true story.”

“Fifty years ago, I liked throwing stones because I had no other boy to play with and I became very skillful. One day I went to work for an old couple who were very friendly to everybody, even to the birds. And the birds seemed to love the old couple, too. For seven years a bird had come and built her nest (鸟巢) in the same place. She and her mate had just returned on the day I went to work and the old couple welcomed them happily. During the day, I thought I would try my skill upon her. Suddenly the bird flew to a tree near me. I found a nice stone, and I threw it with my best skill. It hit the bird on the head and she dropped dead!

“I was sorry the moment I saw her fall off the tree. But it was too late. All day long her mate flew about, and chirped (发啁啾声) so sadly that he made my heart ache. . I said nothing to the old couple but one of their grandchildren told them about it. Though the old couple never said a word to me, I knew that they were very sad. I could never look them in the eye and tell them how sorry I was. They have been dead for many, many years, and so has the poor bird. But don’t you see how that stone rebounded, and hit me? For fifty years I have still remembered it though I have never spoken of it before. But if what I have told you will stop you, I will be happy.”

The boys at once dropped the stones in their hands and the bird had no more trouble from them.

44. Why did the boy throw stones at the bird according to what the little boy said?

A. Because they wanted to catch the bird.

B. Because they thought the bird was noisy.

C. Because they wanted to practice their skills.

45. Which word can best describe the old couple?

A. Kind. B. Strict. C. Proud.

46. The underlined word “They” refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the birds B. the old couple C. the boys

47. What can we learn from the text?

A. Don’t hurt others, or you will hurt yourself.

B. Try to save others and you will feel happier.

C. Keep practicing and you will be very skillful.

**C**

Fan Shenghua, is one of the inheritors (继承人) of West Lake Longjing tea roasting technique (炒茶技艺). He has been making Longjing tea for more than forty years.

Longjing tea leaves are famous for their color, taste and shape.

“You have to touch the leaves with your hands to feel how much water is being removed (去除),” Fan said. “If too much is removed, the leaves will break into pieces; if not enough is removed, the tea will taste bitter (苦的)”.

This traditional technique dates back to the Ming and Qing dynasties. It not only makes the tea taste good, but has also become an important part of Chinese tea culture.

These days, however, more people are using machines to do the job. “It’s easier, but the quality is not as good,” Fan said. “Machine-made tea floats longer in water and tastes bitter.”

In March this year, when President Xi Jinping visited Hangzhou, he watched Fan roast tea. Fan changed the strength and movement of his hands as he roasted leaves. Xi later said, “The things made by two palms (手掌) cannot be replaced by modern technology.”

Fan is now teaching some young men. His son, a 27-year-old college graduate, is one of them. “It’s a tradition. We need to pass it down,” he said.

48. According to Paragraph 3, what will happen to tea leaves if they have too much water?

A. They will go bad quickly.

B. They’ll break into pieces.

C. They will have a bitter taste.

49. What does the underlined part “this traditional technique” refer to?

A. Picking tea leaves.

B. Roasting tea leaves by hand.

C. Drinking tea in a traditional way.

50. What does Fan think of making tea by machine?

A. It is easier than by hand.

B. It has a long history in China.

C. It makes tea taste better and better.

51. What does the passage mainly want to tell us?

A. How to tell good tea apart from bad tea.

B. Longjing tea leaves are the best in the world.

C. Sometimes only by hand can we make the best of the things.

**D**

An international expo( 产品博览会) on big data (数据) opened on Wednesday in southwest China's Guizhou Province, showing the newest scientific and technological creations and achievements in the relevant area, May 26，2021.

Big data is a lot of sets of information that are put together so they can be used by a computer program. The computer program looks for different kinds of answers or patterns in the data. Big data can have different kinds of information that comes from schools, social media sites, companies, and governments. One set of data can have people’s names and addresses. Another set can have what they like, where they go to school, and how much time they spend on the computer.

President Xi Jinping called for China to speed up its big data strategy(成略) in order to better serve social and economic(经济) development and improve people’s lives. In the past few years big data has been used more often in China. The government uses it to understand how many people travel on buses or trains. The information is then used to make bus or train systems better.

Some schools use big data to understand which children may need extra help in class. The teacher can give certain students more help or support so those students can succeed in school. The role it plays in tourism is another example. The data travelers share online is offering the tourism industry a lot of information about the country’s scenic areas. After the data is analyzed(分析), different scenic areas can create their own online information for other travelers to see. The information not only tells travelers’ reviews, but also tells the scenic areas where services need to be improved.

52. The international expo big data probably opened in .

A. Hengyang B. Guiyang C. Shenyang

53. What does the underlined word "they" in Paragraph 2 refer to ?

A. computer programs B. social media sites C. sets of information

54. Some schools use big data to according to Paragraph 4.

A. find out how many students travel on buses or trains

B. help students in need

C. offer students information about the scenic areas

55. We can read the passage .

A. on a movie poster B. in a story book C. on a news website

非选择题（共 40 分）

三、阅读理解(共两节，满分 40 分)

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面短文，完成相关任务。

Many of us read news every day. It is probably because we’d like to know what’s happening in the world. Today we can get news from TV or the Internet, but how did ancient people get news?

At the very beginning, information spread by word of mouth. People living in tribes (部落), got news from neighbors or travelers. Ancient Romans changed the way people knew about their communities. They posted a list of daily happenings at public squares in the cities. Ancient Chinese people did it in another way. The government had news sheets sent to officials in the whole country so people could know what was going on in the capital.

The fifteenth century saw big progress in printing technology in the west. The progress brought a sudden rise of news business. Printers sold whatever people loved to read. In the sixteenth century, the first real newspaper appeared. People started to form the habit of reading newspapers. They liked to share their opinions on newspapers. The invention of telegraph (电报) machines led to another big step in history. News stories were sent to the papers in minutes instead of weeks.

Now we get news in seconds from all over the world. We can become some kind of reporters by posting online what happens around us.

56. Who did people living in tribes get news from?

57. Where did ancient Romans post a list of daily happenings?

58. What brought a sudden rise of news business in the 15th century?

59. 把短文中划线句子翻译成汉语。

60. 给短文拟一个恰当的标题。

四、综合填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面短文，用方框内所给词汇的适当形式填空，使短文语义完整。

|  |
| --- |
| wet second she mother thanks when decision without education rest |

The photo, *Baby, Mom Take You Home,* deeply touches the hearts of millions of people, which is regarded as a symbol of a 61 love.

Eleven years later, we found the mother Bamu Yubumu, who is now a 32-year-old woman living in Taoyuan village in Yuexi county of Liangshan. 62 life shows the great changes have taken place in the village.

In the past, she lived in quite dark and old adobe houses 63 electricity. When it rained, the bed and the quilt would get 64 . Her family used to plant corn, potatoes and buckwheat, but it was hard to feed the family. So she made a brave 65 to go outside to work.

During her working days in Nanchang, the biggest headache for her was her 66 daughter’s illness. In the new city, she didn’t know how to go to the hospital and she couldn't afford the treatment, so she had to go home for the girl. The famous photo was taken at the Nanchang railway station in 2010 67 she went back home with her daughter. Her journey home first took her to Chengdu for two days and one night, she 68 for a night at a hotel before spending another 14 hours on a train to Yuexi county, Liangshan. Since then, she has never left her hometown to work.

The life of her family began to change after a targeted poverty relief project（精准扶贫）was introduced to the village.

Her family started growing tobacco leaves and fruit tees with the help of the local government. They made 100, 000 yuan last year. 69 to the government, they have moved into a new concrete house. Besides, the family has enjoyed medical care and the children have enjoyed 70 for free.

五、书面表达（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节（5 分）

阅读下面短文并完成表格。

Last Saturday, after finishing my homework. I wanted to relax, so I went to the cinema to watch The Wandering Earth with my friends. I hoped to have fun there. However, some people made me feel unhappy.

When the movie had been on for fifteen minutes, some girls just arrived. They made a loud noise. What's worse, a few guys talked loudly or even shouted when they saw some exciting pictures. Also, some people left their snacks or threw away plastic bottles on the floor. It made the floor very dirty.

As we know, the cinema is a public place where we can have a nice time. All of us are supposed to follow the rules in public. Only in this way can we create a more comfortable environment.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| An experience of watching a movie | |
| When | Last Saturday |
| What | I went to watch The Wandering Earth with 71 in the cinema.  ★Some girls arrived late and they 72 .  ★A few guys 73 or even shouted.  ★Some people left the snacks or threw away 74 on the floor. |
| Advice | All of us should follow 75 to create a more comfortable environment. |

第二节 书面表达（15 分）

神舟十二号载人飞船于北京时间2021 年6月17日9时 22分成功发射, 自此中国人首次进入自己的空间站。假如你是张华, 请给宇航员写一封信, 表述你在成长中关于梦想、奋斗、责任等方面的想法。

要求：

1、无须翻译作文材料;

2、适当联系生活实际∶

3、表达真情实感;

4、文中不得出现真实的姓名和校名;

5、100词左右。（文章开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数）

参考词汇∶

1. Shenzhou XII manned spaceship 神舟十二号载人飞船

2. launch v&n 发射

Dear Astronauts,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Best wishes

Zhang Hua