

九年级期末质量监测

英语试卷

一、听力 (共 30 分)

I. 根据所听到的句子, 选择最佳答语。(5 分)

- | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. A. You're welcome. | B. It's very kind of you. | C. It doesn't matter. |
| 2. A. Never mind. | B. OK. Dad. I will. | C. Yes, it is. |
| 3. A. At home. | B. With my friend Alice. | C. Beef noodles. |
| 4. A. It's cheap. | B. You'd better take a bus. | C. About a 10-minute walk. |
| 5. A. Next Tuesday. | B. At this time yesterday. | C. For two days. |

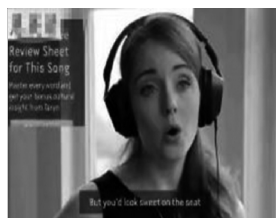
II. 根据所听到的描述, 选出与其相符的图片, 其中有一幅图片是多余的。(5 分)



A



B



C



D



E



F

6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

III. 听对话, 选择最佳答案。(10 分)

听第 1 段对话, 回答第 11、12 小题。

11. What does Paul have trouble with?
A. Grammar. B. Writing. C. Pronunciation.
12. What does Mrs. Brown advise Paul to do?
A. Practice speaking. B. Listen to English songs. C. Read the textbook.

听第二段回答第 13 至 15 小题。

13. How many shirts did the boy buy from Cool's Clothes Store?
A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.
14. How much is the shirt?
A. 19 dollars. B. 29 dollars. C. 9 dollars.
15. What are the shirts made of?
A. Cotton. B. Chemical materials. C. Nylon.

IV.根据所听到的短文内容,选择最佳答案。(10分)

16. How long did it take the speaker to go to the US by plane?
A. 30 hours. B. 17 hours. C. 13 hours.
17. How did the speaker feel when she arrived in the US?
A. Excited. B. Nervous. C. tired.
18. What did the speaker think of their house?
A. Big and nice. B. Small but nice. C. Small and crowded.
19. Where did they have dinner?
A. At home. B. In a restaurant. C. In a friend's house.
20. What was the speaker's new family like?
A. They were kind and lucky.
B. They were lucky and friendly.
C. They were kind and friendly.

二、基础知识(10分)

V.从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。

21. She went to Dehui to go shopping. _____ malls in Dehui were really good.
A. A B. An C. The D. /
22. An important meeting _____ in Beijing from October 16 to 22, 2022.
A. held B. was held C. be held D. has held
23. She was never heard _____ so well before.
A. sing B. singing C. sang D. to sing
24. He said he _____ to the city with his friends.
A. will go B. is coming C. would come D. has been
25. Have you ever seen _____ man?
A. such a tall B. such tall a C. so a tall D. a so tall
26. This place of interest is really worth _____, and you're sure to learn a lot from it.
A. visited B. to visit C. being visited D. visiting
27. You haven't read the notice to the students, and _____.
A. either have I B. neither have I C. neither I have D. so have I
28. —Our government has tried many ways to _____ the smog haze(雾霾) problem.
—Maybe we'll have a clear sky in the near future.
A. put away B. come up with C. set up D. deal with
29. We all try our best to make Dehui _____ so that we'll have a better place to live in.
A. scarier B. more beautiful C. less convenient D. dirtier
30. The twins often know _____.
A. what the other is going to say B. that the other is going to say
C. what is the other going to say D. if the other is going to say

三、交际运用(共 5 分)

VI. 根据对话内容,运用方框中所给的句子选项补全对话。选项中有一项是多余的。

A: Kelly, could you please tell me something about Easter?

B: Yes. 31_____ It celebrates the beginning of new life.

A: 32_____

B: We celebrate it in March or April. It's on March 27th this year.

A: 33_____

B: We make lots of Easter eggs. We color the eggs and then paint some designs(图案) on the eggs. Eggs are very important on Easter Day because an egg is the start of new life.

34_____

A: Is there anything else special?

B: Of course. The Easter Bunny(兔子). 35_____

A: Thanks for telling me so much.

B: You're welcome.

- A. When do you celebrate it?

B. We love everything about Easter dinner.

C. Easter is an important festival in Western countries.

D. Like eggs, rabbits are close to the ideas of new life.

E. We also go to church to pray(祈祷).

F. How do you celebrate it?

四、阅读 (共 45 分)

VII. 完形填空(15 分)

阅读短文,掌握其大意,然后从每小题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

After thirty years in the classroom, I have come to realize that teacher's behavior can make a world of difference for a child. This is one such _____ 36 _____.

While I was attending a party being _____ 37 _____ at a high school one evening, I looked around and noticed a young girl who looked _____ 38 _____. I thought she had been a _____ 39 _____ of mine. I tried to remember her _____ 40 _____, but I couldn't. I felt so down, _____ 41 _____ I have always been able to remember former(以前的) students.

Her eyes met mine and she threw her arms around me and said, "Mrs. G, it's me, Sarah, and I'm still _____ 42 _____!" The memories came back. You see, Sarah was _____ 43 _____ a student in my classroom. Sarah's mother had abandoned (遗弃) her, and her father had _____ 44 _____ her. She was sent to live with her grandparents the year I met her. Sarah was angry, often in _____ 45 _____ and often in the office.

It was during one of those _____ 46 _____ visits that I first met her. She was writing. I

introduced myself to her and asked her 47 she was writing. Sarah shared her story with me. I knew it was healing (康复) for her to put her thoughts on 48 . Every morning before school she would come into the office and we would work on her writing skills.

Our conversation that evening was filled with 49 . She expected to go to college. Driving home, I could not help but 50 the influence for both good and bad that teachers have upon their students. Taking the time to connect with a child has the power to change that child's life. That's why I teach.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------|
| 36. A. child | B. lesson | C. history | D. story |
| 37. A. started | B. planned | C. held | D. kept |
| 38. A. beautiful | B. familiar(熟悉) | C. strange | D. different |
| 39. A. teacher | B. student | C. friend | D. worker |
| 40. A. name | B. face | C. hobby | D. job |
| 41. A. as | B. so | C. but | D. if |
| 42. A. studying | B. reading | C. writing | D. drawing |
| 43. A. already | B. still | C. just | D. never |
| 44. A. passed | B. left | C. missed | D. lost |
| 45. A. time | B. need | C. place | D. trouble |
| 46. A. office | B. class | C. home | D. room |
| 47. A. how | B. what | C. where | D. who |
| 48. A. paper | B. stones | C. sand | D. desks |
| 49. A. tear | B. chance | C. hope | D. care |
| 50. A. understand | B. receive | C. suggest | D. realize |

VIII. 阅读理解。(30 分)

(A)

Mr. Black and Mr. White were two very famous artists in the city. Their drawings were also very popular in the city. But they tried to see who could draw the best picture.

One day they asked an old man to be the judge. Mr. Black drew an apple tree. He put his picture in the field. Soon the birds came and tried to eat the apples. The old man saw it and said, "You have certainly won. Mr. White cannot draw so good a picture as yours. But we'll go to see his picture."

They went to Mr. White's house. There was nothing but red beautiful curtains (窗帘) on the wall. The old man asked, "Where is your picture, Mr. White?" He said, "Lift the curtains and you will find my picture there. The old man tried to lift the curtains but found that they were drawn there. They were Mr. White's picture. The old man said, "Birds thought the apples were real. Men thought the curtains were real. So Mr. White won. His picture is the best one."

51. What did Mr. Black draw?
A. An apple tree. B. Birds. C. Curtains. D. The best picture.
52. Why did the old man think Mr. Black's picture was good?
A. Because it was in the field. B. Because it was an apple tree.
C. Because the birds liked it. D. Because the birds thought it was real.
53. What was Mr. White's picture?
A. An apple tree. B. Curtains. C. Nothing. D. An old man.
54. Mr. White won because the picture looked real to _____.
A. the children B. the birds C. the judge D. women
55. Which of the following statements is right?
A. The birds came and ate the apples up.
B. The old man said Mr. White's picture was the best one at last.
C. The two pictures were not so good.
D. The curtains on the wall were real.

(B)

Special Offers

Free soft drink

Buy any meal for at least 6 yuan at Mike's Café and receive a free soft drink. We serve the best hamburgers and snacks in the mall. Come in and try our delicious meals and our excellent service. Free soft drink offer ends on November 12.

Buy one, get one free

Buy one shirt at LOTTE-Mart Menswear (男士专柜), and get another shirt of the same value free. You can choose any tie here, then we will give you another one at no cost. Hurry! Offer ends before November 10.

10% Off

Show this ticket at Xinhua Book Store to get a 10% discount (折扣) on any book you buy. We have lots of books to choose from, including children's books, novels, travel guides and hobbies. You are sure to find something that you'll enjoy. Shop now for Christmas.

Six Hours' Free Parking

If you spend 100 yuan or more in RT-Mart, you will receive six hours of free parking. When you have spent 100 yuan or more, just take this ticket that you pay for your goods to the service desk. Then you will get six hours of free parking.

根据短文内容,选择最佳答案。(5分)

56. Where is the information above probably taken from?
A. A sports report. B. A story book.
C. A fashion magazine. D. An advertisement poster.

57. If the price of the book is 40 yuan, how much do you need to pay?
A. 4 yuan. B. 36 yuan. C. 40 yuan. D. 44 yuan.
58. When can you get another tie for free at LOTTE-Mart Menswear?
A. On November 9. B. On November 11.
C. On November 10. D. On Christmas Day.
59. How long can you park your car for free at most after spending 108 yuan in RT-Mart?
A. 1 hour. B. 5 hours. C. 6 hours. D. 7 hours.
60. What can Tom get for free after he has spent 7 yuan at Mike's Café?
A. The best hamburgers. B. A soft drink.
C. The best snacks. D. A delicious meal.

(C)

The word "sport" first meant something that people did in their free time. Later it often meant hunting (捕猎) wild animals and birds.

About a hundred years ago the word was first used for organized games. This is the usual meaning of the word today. People spend a lot of their spare time playing football, basketball, tennis and many other sports. Such people play because they want to. A few people are paid for the sport they play. These people are called professional sportsmen. They may be sportsmen for only a few years, but during that time the best one can earn a lot of money.

For example, a professional footballer in England earns more than \$30000 a year. The stars earn a lot more. International golf and tennis champions (冠军) can make more than \$50000 in a year. Of course, only a few sportsmen can earn as much money as that. It is only possible in sports for individuals (个人的) like golf, tennis and motor-racing. Perhaps the most surprising thing about sportsmen and money is that: the star can earn more money from advertising than from sport. An advertising for sports equipment (设备) does not simply say "Buy our things". It says "Buy the same shirt and shoes as...". Famous sportsmen can even advertise things like watches and food. They allow the companies to use their names or photos of them and they are paid for this. Sport is no longer just something for people's spare time.

根据短文内容,判断正(T)误(F)。(5分)

61. A "professional" sportsman is someone who likes sports very much.
62. The word "sport" now usually means "organized" games.
63. An advertisement for sports equipment just says "Buy our things".
64. The sport stars can earn as much money from advertising as from sport.
65. This passage mainly talks about sport and money.

(D)

Students in many countries are English. 66_____. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school, others study by themselves. 67_____ One must work hard to learn another language.

Why do all these people want to learn English? 68_____ Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. 69_____ Some people learn English, because it is useful for their work. Many people often learn English for their higher studies, because at college or university some of their books are in English. 70_____

根据短文内容,将下面方框内的句子还原到文中空白处,使短文内容完整,通顺。(每个选项只能用一次)(5分)

- A.They study their own language , math and English.
- B.A few learn by hearing the language over the radio, on television, or in film.
- C.It is difficult to answer this question.
- D. Some of these students are small children.
- E. Other people learn English because they want to read newspapers and magazines in English.

(E)

Christmas is a Christian (基督教) holiday that celebrates the birth of Jesus Christ. No one knows the exact date of Christ's birth, but most Christians celebrate it on December 25th. On this day, many people go to church, they can take part in special religious(宗教的) services. In Britain, Christmas dinner is eaten at noon. During the Christmas season, they also exchange gifts and decorate(装饰)their homes.

One German couple tried their best to prepare for their Christmas decorations in a different way. Thomas and Susanne decorated the outside of their house with a few simple Christmas decorations. From the outside, their house looks normal. However, the inside of the house is so different from the outside.

They started decorating in October. It took them 8 weeks to set everything up. They put 100 Christmas trees into their small house! They decorate the trees with small coloured electric lights and 16,000 baubles(小玩意).

They did not always have so many trees. In the beginning, they had a small Christmas collection. As time went on, they grew their collection rapidly. They started decorating in early October. It's so special that even the bathroom has a Santa Claus toilet seat.

根据短文内容,回答下列问题。(10分)

71. Do all the people celebrate Christmas on December 25th?
72. What are the names of the German couple?
73. How long did it take the couple to set everything up?
74. How many baubles did the couple use to decorate the trees?
75. When did they start decorating the house?

五、语言运用 (10分)

X. 短文填空。在横线上填写正确的单词,或者用括号内所给词的适当形式填空,完成下面的短文。

Every year thousands of young people in England finish school and then take a year off before 76 (start) work or go to university (大学). Some young people go to other 77 (country) and work as volunteers (志愿者). Volunteers give their time to help people. 78 example, they work in schools or hospitals, or they do something 79 (help) for the environment.

Paul, 18, comes from Wales. Next year he wants to go to university to study Chinese, but now he's living in Belize. Paul says, "I 80 (work) with other people here to save the coral reefs (珊瑚礁) in the sea near Belize. The reefs here are beautiful, but if the sea water is 81 (serious) polluted, the coral will die. I'm helping to do research on the coral and the fish 82 live around the reefs. All over 83 world, coral reefs are dying. We need to do something about the problem before it's too late."

"I'm staying with a family here and I help do some housework. I don't get any money, but that's OK. I love my work here, and I'm learning a lot about the people of Belize—and 84 (I)! After I finish my work, I want to stay here for another three months. I want 85 (travel) around Belize and Central America."

六、书面表达 (共20分)

IX. (A) 请你为德惠的环境保护提出一些合理的建议。不少于40词。(5分)

(B) 请以 My dream(我的梦想)为题目,写一篇英语小短文。(15分)

要求:1. 词数不少于80;

2. 语言流畅,书写规范,卷面整洁;

3. 文中不能出现真实的校名或人名。