

## 九 年 级 英 语

注意事项:

本试卷共七大题, 70 小题, 满分 140 分。考试时间 100 分钟。

### 第 I 卷 选择题 (共 72 分)

#### I. 单项填空 (本题共 12 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 12 分)

从各题所给的四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. The Mid-Autumn Festival is usually \_\_\_\_\_ September or early October.  
A. on                      B. in                      C. at                      D. for
2. Deng Yaping won four gold medals in the Olympics with \_\_\_\_\_ strong will.  
A. she                      B. her                      C. hers                      D. herself
3. If you read the book carefully, you \_\_\_\_\_ the answer.  
A. find                      B. has found                      C. found                      D. will find
4. Thousands of people \_\_\_\_\_ along the Great Wall every year.  
A. walk                      B. walked                      C. will walk                      D. has walked
5. You \_\_\_\_\_ work on your own in the lab. It is against the rules!  
A. mustn't                      B. needn't                      C. won't                      D. couldn't
6. Mark Twain is one of \_\_\_\_\_ American writers.  
A. great                      B. greater                      C. greatest                      D. the greatest
7. She \_\_\_\_\_ to continue training by her coach and she was successful in the end.  
A. encourages                      B. was encouraged                      C. encouraged                      D. is encouraging
8. He \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of progress since he started to learn English last month.  
A. was making                      B. made                      C. has made                      D. will make
9. Tony hopes \_\_\_\_\_ a report about his new inventions one day.  
A. give                      B. gives                      C. to give                      D. giving
10. The 2022 FIFA World Cup \_\_\_\_\_ is held in Qatar will last about a month.  
A. who                      B. that                      C. /                      D. what
11. \_\_\_\_\_ he was very tired, he continued his work.  
A. Though                      B. When                      C. Because                      D. If
12. —Have you heard the latest news? China plans to send a man-made moon to the night sky.  
— Wow, \_\_\_\_\_  
A. that's amazing!                      B. promise!  
C. that's no good!                      D. no way!

## II. 完形填空（本题共 8 小题；每小题 2 分，共 16 分）

阅读下面短文，理解其大意，然后从各题所给四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Confucius liked Yan Hui for his good nature. Yan Hui lived in an old house, ate 13 food and drank cold water. Most people could not live that way, but it seemed that he 14 it.



Every evening, Yan Hui sat quietly by himself and went over his 15 during the day. He asked himself if he was polite and 16. Perhaps the reflection (反思) on his actions made him a better person.

Yan Hui 17 Confucius on his travels to various kingdoms (王国), and took every chance to try to teach his Master's principles (道德准则) of *ren* (kindness) and *li* (social norms).

People did not always 18 his teachings and none of the kingdoms agreed to his ideas. 19 some of Confucius' students began to doubt (怀疑) their teacher. However, Yan Hui was not one of them.

He said, "The thoughts of my Master are too deep for most people. They cannot understand. But the more our 20 are rejected (拒绝), the stronger we become."

When Confucius heard these words, he said, "Only Yan Hui can follow my ideas for a long period of time."

- |                  |             |               |               |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 13. A. local     | B. simple   | C. delicious  | D. special    |
| 14. A. enjoyed   | B. missed   | C. hated      | D. stored     |
| 15. A. orders    | B. rules    | C. actions    | D. abilities  |
| 16. A. rich      | B. safe     | C. strong     | D. kind       |
| 17. A. replaced  | B. followed | C. influenced | D. encouraged |
| 18. A. accept    | B. refuse   | C. discuss    | D. expect     |
| 19. A. Once      | B. Instead  | C. Even       | D. Yet        |
| 20. A. decisions | B. policies | C. reviews    | D. ideas      |

### III. 阅读理解（一）（本题共 17 小题，每小题 2 分，共 34 分）

A. 阅读下列短文，从各题所给的四个选项中，选出最佳选项。.

#### Passage 1

There are three famous towers to the south of the Yangtze River—the Tengwang Pavilion the Yellow Crane Tower and the Yueyang Tower.

**The Tengwang Pavilion** is in Nanchang City, Jiangxi Province. *A Tribute to the Tengwang Pavilion* (《滕王阁序》) written by Wang Bo in the early Tang Dynasty made the pavilion well-known at that time. On the fifth floor, you can have an amazing bird view of the city. The best time to visit the pavilion falls in March to May and September to early November.



**The Yellow Crane Tower** (黄鹤楼) sits in Wuhan City, Hubei Province. You can read some poems written in different dynasties (朝代) on the third floor, which won fame for the tower. Its cultural importance made it the symbol of Wuhan. On the top of the tower, you will enjoy a beautiful view of the Yangtze River, its bridge and the buildings around the tower in Wuhan.



**The Yueyang Tower** lies in Yueyang City, Hunan Province. It's a 19-meter-high building which is made of wood. From the top, you will see the white sails of passing boats under the blue sky. The tower was made very famous by the works of Fan Zhongyan who was a great politician and writer during the Northern Song Dynasty.



21. The best time to visit the Tengwang Pavilion is in \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. January                      B. February                      C. July                      D. September

22. Which of the following is **TRUE** about Yellow Crane Tower?

- A. You can read poems of different times there.  
B. It is famous for the poem written by Wang Bo.  
C. You can enjoy the view of Wuhan on the ninth floor.  
D. The white sails of passing boats will be seen from the top.

23. Where is the Yueyang Tower?

- A. In Jiangxi Province.                      B. In Hunan Province.  
C. On the Yangtze River.                      D. In the north of Wuhan.

24. What do these three famous towers have in common?

- A. They were all made famous by great ancient works.  
B. They all lie to the north of the Yangtze River.  
C. They are all made of wood now.  
D. They all have five floors.

## Passage 2

I am a student majoring in (主修) museum studies at the University of Oklahoma. I've dreamed of being an artist since I was a little girl. These days, when I'm thinking about why art plays an important role in my life, I find that my love for it comes from my trips to museums.



When I was six, my mother died. After that, my grandmother spent lots of time with me. Although that was a very sad time in my life, seeing her always filled me with excitement and pleasure. We did many relaxing activities, but my favourite was our trips to the local museums. We were both interested in the stories behind the collections. By visiting museums, she wanted to pass on her love for art to me--and she did it.

Since I was a child, I have loved collecting things: erasers, stones, pens... I not only collect things, but also create systems to organize (整理) them. The study at university also teaches me how to maintain (保养) collections. These are good for my work in the museum.

Like my grandmother, I want to share my love for art and collections with others. Museums are so much more than their collections. They are places where people can spend time together. Visit your local museums and you may be surprised at how much you can get out of it.

25. What does the writer want to tell us in Paragraph 1?

- A. What her college life is like.
- B. Why she dreamed to be an artist.
- C. Where her love for art comes from.
- D. How important the art is in her life.

26. The writer's grandmother took her to museums to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. make her interested in art
- B. do many relaxing activities
- C. help her forget her sadness
- D. find the stories behind the collections

27. What does the underlined word "These" refer to?

- A. Her childhood's interest and study experience at university.
- B. The deep love for collections from a very young age.
- C. Rich Knowledge of collections maintaining.
- D. Systems to organize collecting things.

28. What's the writer's main purpose in writing the passage?

- A. To share her collecting methods with others.
- B. To tell her stories with her grandmother.
- C. To show her love for her grandmother.
- D. To encourage people to visit museums.

### Passage 3

#### Showing respect (尊重) for older persons

Dads have Father's Day. Moms have Mother's Day. Kids have Children's Day. But, do our grandparents have a special holiday? Yes, they do!



The Double Ninth Festival is a special day for elderly people in China. The festival is on the ninth day of the ninth month of the lunar calendar (阴历). As the Chinese word for nine has the same sound as the word for long, people take the Double Ninth Festival to show their wishes of long life for elderly people. This year it fell on Oct 4.

There are many traditions for this festival. On that day, families get together and climb mountains for luck and in the hope that older persons will live much longer. They also drink chrysanthemum wine (菊花酒) and wear a plant called zhuyu to celebrate it. Both chrysanthemum and zhuyu are considered as clean plants that can clean houses and cure (治疗) diseases.

Respecting elderly people is shown not only on this special day but also in daily life. For example, when an older person enters a room, everyone stands up. When there are several guests at the table, the host usually introduces them from the oldest to the youngest. When a younger person is presenting something to an older person, two hands are used. On a crowded subway or bus, younger people always offer their seats to elderly people.

It is a traditional virtue in China to respect elderly people. That's because the Chinese know that elderly people have knowledge and experience that young people can learn from. So, Chinese people are proud of being old. Besides, to respect the elderly people is to respect yourself tomorrow.

29. The Double Ninth Festival is a celebration for \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. older persons      B. children      C. mothers      D. fathers

30. Which of the following may **NOT** be a tradition for the Double Ninth Festival?

- A. Families climbing mountains together.  
B. Drinking chrysanthemum wine.  
C. Wearing the plant zhuyu.  
D. Cleaning houses.

31. What is mentioned in Paragraph 4?

- A. Reasons that older persons should be respected.  
B. Activities that people usually do on this festival.  
C. Examples of respecting older persons in daily life.  
D. Traditional ways of celebrating the festival.

32. The underlined word “**virtue**” means “\_\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.

- A. 美德          B. 好处          C. 介绍          D. 规则

33. What’s the writer’s opinion about older persons?

- A. They have more virtues than others.  
B. They have knowledge and experience.  
C. Chinese people are proud of being old.  
D. We should show respect to older persons.

B. 阅读短文，根据短文内容，从所给的六个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，使短文意思完整、语句连贯。有两项为多余选项。

#### Passage 4

You have been thinking about it all week. It kept you awake last night. Now, as you walk to the front of the class, your throat is dry and your stomach feels funny. 34. However, by making a few small preparations and rehearsing (预演) carefully, you too can be a public speaking star.



35. Being excited about your topic is necessary for all the good speeches, so it’s important to choose carefully. If you enjoy your topic, your audience (观众) will, too. Even if you are given a topic, try to find something about it that is exciting or funny.

Next, do some research. Don’t just research your topic. 36. If you can, study video of a great speaker to see how they move, speak, and pause. Copying their style will help you to write a great speech.

After researching, it’s time to write your speech. During this stage, 37. Interesting your audience is important. It helps you relax if you know that your audience is enjoying your speech.

Finally, rehearse (预演). You really need to rehearse a lot. Measure your speech with a watch, and practice in front of a mirror. You can check your hand movement and facial expression.

If you have followed all these steps, you should be ready for your audience. Good luck!

- A. it’s important to write quickly.
- B. think of your audience all the time.
- C. Research some great speakers as well.
- D. Start by choosing a topic that you are interested in.
- E. Many students find it difficult to give a public speech.
- F. Research is very important for writing a great speech.

#### IV.情景交际 (本题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据对话内容, 从所给的七个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 使对话内容完整。  
有两项为多余选项。

**Betty:** Mum, when is the train leaving?

**Mum:** It's still early. There's ten minutes left. I'm sorry you can't come with me, Betty.

**Betty:** \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ But I have to go to school.

**Mum:** You must look after yourself when I'm away.

**Betty:** \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ I can take good care of myself.

**Mum:** Really? \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_

**Betty:** I'm sure I can. Anyway I'm no longer a little child.

**Mum:** OK. Don't forget to turn off the lights before you go to bed. And I'll call you to wake  
you up every morning.

**Betty:** No, mum. \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ I can manage to get up early by myself.

**Mum:** All right. Well, I'm not sure if I've forgotten something. Remember...

Betty: That's your train! Goodbye, Mum. \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_

**Mum:** I'll send you a text message. Bye, my dear!

- A. So am I.
  - B. I am sorry.
  - C. Nice work!
  - D. Don't worry.
  - E. Have a nice trip!
  - F. I'm afraid you can't.
  - G. I don't think it is a good idea.

## 第 II 卷 非选择题 (共 68 分)

#### V.词语运用

A. 用括号中所给词的适当形式完成下列句子。(本题共 6 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 6 分)

43. Don't cross the line! The sign says "No \_\_\_\_\_". (enter)

44. Tell him the \_\_\_\_\_, and you'll show that you are honest. (true)

45. There are things on show from the natural world on the \_\_\_\_\_ floor. (eight)

46. Don't worry! You can find information \_\_\_\_\_ on the Internet. (easy)

47. Ricky felt unhappy because he was \_\_\_\_\_ to help the poor. (able)

48. If we pay attention to pollution now, the future will be \_\_\_\_\_.(hope)

B. 阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使短文通顺，意思完整。每词限用一次。（本题共 10 小题，每小题 2 分，共 20 分）

### The Busselton Jetty（栈桥） Swim

divide    beach    alone    excited



Although I practiced swimming many times, I was very nervous the night before the swim. Early that morning I was up. All the swimmers were on the \_\_\_\_\_ 49 \_\_\_\_\_. The swim started at 8 am. The sun was shining. Seeing all the other people who were going to swim made me braver. Everyone seemed to be \_\_\_\_\_ 50 \_\_\_\_\_ and happy.

We \_\_\_\_\_ 51 \_\_\_\_\_ into five groups and each group was set off a minute and half apart (相隔 1 分半). It was cold when I got in, but once I started swimming I didn't feel the cold anymore. Sometimes it felt like I was swimming on top of many people and I was kicked a few times. Other times it felt like I was all \_\_\_\_\_ 52 \_\_\_\_\_ in the ocean. Stingers(有刺的东西) hit me a few times over.

believe    minute    worried    nearly    energy    complete

Reaching the end of the jetty seemed to take forever. Waves kept coming in my face and I drank lots of salt water. I was getting tired. I was cold. It took about forty-five \_\_\_\_\_ 53 \_\_\_\_\_ to finally get around the end. I was quite \_\_\_\_\_ 54 \_\_\_\_\_ at that point that I might not finish, because I was too tired to carry on. Then I thought, "No, you can do this." I kept on, but cautiously(小心地), not too fast.

At last I looked to the side and saw a boat that I recognised, which I knew was not too far away from the shore. I could not \_\_\_\_\_ 55 \_\_\_\_\_ that I was so close! I was \_\_\_\_\_ 56 \_\_\_\_\_ back. So I swam as fast as I could. When my feet touched the sand, I still felt full of \_\_\_\_\_ 57 \_\_\_\_\_ and ran to the finish line. There I received a special towel and a trophy (奖杯) made from the wood of the jetty. How proud I was in that moment! I \_\_\_\_\_ 58 \_\_\_\_\_ the swim in 1 hour and 20 minutes. I came in around 1,150 out of 2,000 people.




Will I do it again next year? Surely I will. And will you come to Western Australia one day to do it?

### VI. 阅读理解（二）（本题共 6 小题，每小题 2 分，共 12 分）

阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，回答下列问题。

#### Passage 5



<p>Saturday 29th May</p> <p>Something has changed my mind today. I saw some pictures of the sea animals influenced by the rubbish in the sea. I can't get that out of my mind. So, I am going to try and live a more environment-friendly life. Each day I will keep trying to change one thing that I do to protect the earth.</p>	Cloudy
<p>Monday 31st May</p> <p>Today I have decided to stop using plastic wrap (塑料保鲜膜) around the sandwiches that my mom makes for my lunch. Plastic wrap keeps my sandwich nice and fresh, and it's easy to throw away. However, I come up with a better idea. I can use a glass container (容器) instead of the plastic wrap. So, I can reuse it the next day for lunch. And I told this to my classmates too. I hope to see more reusable containers at school tomorrow.</p>	<p>Rainy</p> 
<p>Thursday 3rd June</p> <p>Good news, when I took out my glass container, I noticed more of my classmates bring their home-made lunch in their own containers to school! Tonight, when I was shopping with my mom, I found a shop which doesn't provide any plastic bags! The idea of the shop is that you bring your own cloth bags. In this way, there are no plastic or paper bags to throw away at home. When I left the store with the buys in my own cloth bags, I felt very proud of myself. Tomorrow I'm taking the bus to school to save energy.</p>	<p>Sunny</p> 
<p>Friday 4th June</p> <p>What a wonderful bus ride to school today! Well, it's been a week since I decided to try to live a more environment-friendly life. The unbelievable part is that I can actually see a difference in the garbage(垃圾) in my home. The garbage bag is lighter and only one third filled. I feel excited that I have made a real difference. I'm going to keep saving the world one day at a time.</p>	<p>Sunny</p> 

59. Why did the writer decide to live a more environment-friendly life?

60. What will the writer do to protect the earth?

61. How did the writer live a more environment-friendly life on 31st May?

62. What did the writer feel when he left the store with the buys in his own cloth bags?

63. How long has the writer lived a more environment-friendly life?

64. As a student, what can you do to live an environment-friendly life?

## VII. 写

### A. 句子翻译。(本题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

65. 大峡谷是一个伟大的自然奇观。

The Grand Canyon \_\_\_\_\_

66. 如果我的好朋友赢得这个奖项, 我会非常开心。

I'll be very happy \_\_\_\_\_

67. 你曾经为你父母做过什么?

\_\_\_\_\_

68. 至今还有很多人读他们的著作。

\_\_\_\_\_ by many people today.

69. 我们需要体现学校日常生活的照片。

We need the photos \_\_\_\_\_

### B. 书面表达 (共 20 分)

70. 你读过的书, 走过的路, 遇见的人都会促使你成长。最近, 某英语网站正在开展以“**I am growing up**”为主题的征文活动。请你用英语写一篇短文投稿, 分享你的成长故事, 并谈谈你的收获。

内容提示:

(1) What was your story?

(2) What have you learned from it?

要求:

(1) 中心突出, 语意连贯, 层次清晰, 书写规范;

(2) 文中不得出现真实的姓名;

(3) 词数 80 词左右。