**2022-2023学年度第一学期期末八年级英语自测题答案解析**

**听力（1分/小题，共计25分）**

1 -5 ABCBA 6 -10 ABCAB 11-15 BABCC 16-20 BBCBB

21. tired 22. 11:00 pm. 23. sleep 24. hobbies 25. stronger

**单项选择（1分/小题，共计10分）**

1. B 句意为：黑色的晚礼服裙子更贵，因为它是丝绸做的。be made by...被......制作，be made of 由......做成，能看出原材料，be made from 由......制成，不能看出原材料，be made in...在......地方制造。衣服由丝绸制作，能看出原材料。

27.A句意为：我认为快餐对健康不好，因此我很少去麦当劳。

28.D 句意为：科学家们给我们很多关于如何保护自己免受新冠病毒的建议。根据much可知此处应用不可数名词，idea, suggestion, tip都为可数名词，advice为不可数名词。

29.A句意为：系这条白色领带是一个明智的选择。它和你的衬衫很搭配。wise意为“明智的”;patient意为：“有耐心的”；opposite意为：“相反的”;common意为：“普通的”

30.D 句意为：直到公交车停下来我们才能下车。put off意为：“推迟”，turn off意为：“关掉”；take off意为：“脱下，起飞”，get off意为：“下车”。

31.B 句意为：我奶奶会使用微信，她完全是自学的。考查反身代词的用法。

32.D 句意为：由于早上上班的人越来越多，马路变得更繁忙。考查busy的比较级。

33.C 句意为：汤姆去购物中心买一些衣服和学校用品。考查动词不定式表目的。

34.D句意为：因为下雨，所以我们待在家里。英语中，because 和so不能连用。

35.A句意为：李先生写了四本书，他们都是畅销书。根据语境可知书已经写完了，应用现在完成时。

**完形填空（1分/小题，共计10分）**

【文章大意】本文是一篇记叙文，讲述了一位通过《中国旅游指南》前来中国旅行的游客的经历。

1. B 本题考查名词。根据上文“many foreign visitors come to China for travelling through Travel China Guide”可知，此处指听听参观过中国的游客的看法。
2. D 本题考查动词。根据上文“sights'”提示，此处指欣赏景色
3. D 根据上文“There was enough time at each place to see everything but..”可知，此处表转折，指时间还没有长到令人感到无聊的地步。
4. A 本题考查名词。根据下文“although there were not too many choices for a person who doesn't eat meat'”可知，此处指的是饭菜。
5. D 本题考查动词。根据前后文可知，我建议你在西安吃饺子因为非常美味。
6. A 本题考查代词。根据上文“All guides in every place were helpful and friendly."可知，此处指的是导游们的英语，“他们的”应用their。
7. B 本题考查介词。根据上文“The drivers and buses were excellent'”可知，游客很满意公共交通，其中一个优点就是准时，on time意为“准时”
8. A 本题考查名词。根据上文“A1guides in every place were helpful and friendly."可知，中国和中国人民给他留下了深刻的印象，此处指的是中国之行改变了他对中国和中国人民的看法。
9. C 本题考查动词。根据下文“better and better'”提示，此处存在比较级，应搭配become,意为“变得越来越好”。
10. C 本题考查动词。根据上文“We would like to thank Travel China Guide for making our trip so enjoyable”可知，游客已经来过一次中国了，故此处是指他期望着能再返回中国旅行一次。

**阅读理解**（2分/小题，共计30分）

**46.C**  细节理解题。根据“It is a good app that can help you exercise.”可知，RunKeeper可以帮助人们锻炼。

**47.D**  细节理解题。根据“If you don't have enough time to read news stories or watch videos...Then you can read them or watch them when you are free...it can also help you organize the things you have saved.”可知，Pocket可以帮助你读新闻、看视频等，但不能帮助你放松和睡觉。

**48.B** 细节理解题。根据“With Kindle,you can read anything..”及“Then you can read而them or watch them when you are free.”"可知，Kindle和Pocket可以帮助阅读。

**49.C**此题是细节理解题。答案出处：David played football until it was 7 o'clock.When he got home,his parents had finished supper.His dad was watching TV and his mother was doing the dishes in the kitchen as usual. David踢足球一直踢到7点。当他到家时，他的父母已 经吃完晚饭了。他的爸爸在看电视，他的妈妈像往常一样在厨房洗碗。

**50.B**此题是细节理解题。答案出处："'If you can't answer them,you'll have to do something for me."“如果你不能回答这些问题，那你就得帮我个忙。"David looked at his dad and waited for his answer.His dad thought for a minute and shook his head.David took out his paper,"Now sign your name on the paper,please. David看着爸爸，等待他的回答。爸爸想了一会儿，摇了摇头。David出试卷：“现在请在试卷上签名。"

**51.C**此题是观点态度题。答案出处：His dad thought for a minute and shook his head.David took out his paper,"Now sign your name on the paper,please." 爸爸想了一会儿，摇了摇头。David拿出试卷：“现在请在试卷上签名。"由此可知David很聪明。应选C。

**52.C**此题是细节理解题。答案出处：He used a stick and tried to force(强迫)it to open.他用一根棍子努力强迫它打开。

**53.B**此题是细节理解题。答案出处：Then he picked up the tortoise and put it in a bag.然后他把乌龟捡起来放进一个袋子里。

**54.A**此题是细节理解题。答案出处：He put it near the fireplace(壁炉).After a few minutes,the tortoise began to move a little.他把它放在壁炉旁边。几分钟后，乌龟开始动了一下。

**55.D**此题是主旨大意题。答案出处："Son,now you see," said his father,"sometimes you can't force someone to do things he doesn't like.“儿子，现在你明白了，” 他父亲说，“有时候你不能强迫别人去做他不喜欢的事情。

**56.B** 推理判断题。根据文章第一段的内容可知，孙瑞枫暑假本想给八岁的儿子报英语补习班，但是最后却换成了游泳培训班。故文章开头通过举孙瑞枫的例子引入了“双减”的话题。

**57.B** 细节理解题。根据第一段最后一句中的“but in the end, she changed it to a swimming training class”可知，孙瑞枫最终为儿子报了游泳培训班。

**58.C**细节理解题。根据第三段中的“The document asks them to give students less and easier homework and improve the quality of education and after-class services.”可知，该文件要求学校给学生布置更少、更简单的作业，并提高学校教育和课后服务的质量。再根据最后一段第一句可知，小学和初中需要提供课后服务，由此可知，①③④正确。

**59.A**推理判断题。根据第四段第一句"Many parents think the new moves are great..”可知，许多家长支持这一举措；再结合该段中的“However,there are also some worries..”可知，但有的家长也有一些后顾之忧。由此可推知，家长们对新举措有着不同的看法。

**60.D**推理判断题。根据最后一段倒数第二句“Now,nine cities,including Beijing,Shanghai,Shenyang and Guangzhou,have followed the guidelines.”可知，目前，包括北京、上海、沈阳和广州在内的九个城市都已开始实施“双减”政策；再结合第三段中的“The document asks them to give students less and easier homework'可知，该政策要求学校减少学生的作业量，故推断广州小学生的作业量减少了。

**情景交际**（1分/小题，共计5分）

61- 65. EBADC

**任务型阅读**（2分/小题，共计10分）

1. becoming a doctor 根据第一段内容最后一句可知。
2. I grew up no different from any local child in the neighborhood.

68. She really enjoys it. 根据第二段中的“I really enjoy my life in China and I can speak perfect Chinese可知，Kazmi非常喜欢在中国的生活。

69. Kazmi’s family get on very well with their Chinese neighbors. 通读第三段可知，Kazmi的邻居经常会给她和妹妹一些食物，她的妈妈也会和邻居分享巴基斯坦的食物。由此可知，本段主要介绍了Kazmi的家人和邻居相处得很融洽，故本段首句为主题句。

70. 能够在这所大学接受教育她感觉很幸运。

**词语运用** （1分/小题，共计10分）

1. them 72. painting 73. at 74. interested 75. However

76. an 77. moved 78. animals 79. years 80. first

**基础写作**

A)（1分/小题，共计5分）

1. No one is perfect.
2. What is Li Ming’s hobby?
3. Mr. Liu encourages us to read more books.

84. Is it much warmer today?

85. Danny learned the song by himself.

B)（15） 86. One possible version:

The study trip is a kind of school education which is held outside and popular with students.

Our school has also held many study trips. Here are my experiences.

Firstly,we went to pick tea in person and made things by hand to experience life. Secondly,

we got close to nature and I learned more knowledge by watching many plants and animals.Then,

after we visited museums as well as places of interest,we understood Chinese history and culture

more deeply. Finally,we saw some meaningful movies and felt the great changes of our country.

In my opinion,the study trip is very helpful for us and I hope to have more chances to take part in these kinds of activities in the future.