八年级上英语第八单元导练

**A类 基础性练习**

一、请听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都将有10秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

( )1.Who is Paul going to visit his favorite animals with?

A.His parents. B.His friends. C.His classmates.

( )2.How much yogurt do we need for the salad?

A.Three spoons. B.Four cups. C.Two cups.

( )3.Where will the woman move in two years?

A.To New York. B.To Tokyo. C.To Paris.

( )4.What does Li Bin want to be in the future?

A.A teacher. B.A doctor. C.A pilot.

( )5.What does the woman mean?

A.She doesn’t like lettuce at all. B.She likes lettuce very much.

C.She never eats healthy vegetables.

**二、请听下面4段对话。每段对话后有几个小题, 从题中所给的AB、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题5秒钟;听完后, 各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。**

请听第1段对话, 回答第6、7小题。

( )6.When is the talk in the museum?

A.On Monday morning. B.On Tuesday morning. C.On Wednesday morning.

( )7.How will they go to the museum?

A.By bike. B.By car. C.By bus.

请听第2段对话, 回答第8、9小题。

( )8.What would the girl like to make?

A. Tomato and egg soup. B.Fruit salad. C.Banana milk shake.

( )9.What does the girl need to do finally according to the conversation?

A.She needs to add some water, sugar and salt.

B.She needs to mix everything. C.She needs to cook for five minutes.

请听第3段对话, 回答第10至第12小题。

( )10.How many kinds of lessons does Beilei Music School have?

A.Two. B.Three. C.Four.

( )11.How much is each guitar lesson?

A.160 yuan. B.160 dollars. C.100 yuan.

( )12.What can we know about the boy according to the conversation?

A.He wants to take piano lessons. B.He can go to the school for more information.

C.He needs to go to the school twice a week if he takes lessons there.

请听第 4段对话, 回答第13至第15小题。

( )13.How does the woman feel about life in the village?

A.Quiet. B.Comfortable. C.Busy.

( )14.How much money will the woman make next year?

A.30,000 yuan. B.50,000 yuan. C.80,000 yuan.

( )15.What can we learn about the woman according to the conversation?

1. She wants to start a restaurant in the village.

B.She doesn’t like to work together with the man.

C.She is going to have a dinner with the man next.

**三、请听下面一段独白, 根据独白内容完成下列句子, 每个空格不超过3个单词。听独白前你将有50秒钟的时间阅读句子内容。独白读两遍。**

16.Jason is a student from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

17.Yesterday Jason made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_New Year’s resolutions.

18.Jason is going to make more friends by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ next year.

19.Jason is going to take \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_lessons every Sunday next year.

20.Jason is going to ask his mother to teach him how to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_next year.

**B 类 发展性练习**

**一、单项填空**

请阅读下面各小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

( )1.——What does your mother do?

——Oh, she is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. She works in a hospital and tries her best to save people’s lives.

A.doctor B.pilot C.cook D.teacher

( )2.——We can see many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_things in the museum.

——Yes. So we can learn a lot about other countries.

A.foreign B.strict C.common D.meaningless

( )3.Sam really wants to be an engineer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_his parents want him to be a teacher.

A.if B.or C.so D.but

( )4.Of all the pictures she drew, I think this is \_\_\_\_\_\_the best one.

A.seriously B.probably C.carefully D.easily

( )5.——Sam \_\_\_\_\_\_to go to the movie with me but he didn’t.

——That was because he was too busy.

A.disliked B.promised C.forgot D.stopped

( )6.——How can we protect the environment?

——We can use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_water and plant \_\_\_\_\_\_\_trees.

A.fewer; more B.more; fewer C.less; fewer D.less; more

( )7.——How can we make our free time more interesting?

——I think it’s a good idea to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_a hobby.

A.turn up B.mix up C.take up D.put up

( )8.——Work hard, or you \_\_\_\_\_\_English well.

——I know. I’d like to try my best.

A.learn B.will learn C.won’t learn D.didn’t learn

**二、补全对话**

请阅读下面对话, 根据对话内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个填入空白处, 使对话通顺、合理, 意思完整。一空一句。

A: Hi, Jack! (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B:I watched a program about the future life. I am so interested in the future life.

A:Me, too. (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B:I agree with you. So what are you going to be in the future?

A:(11)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I want to help humans to live a better life.

B:You’re so great! Scientists will be more and more important in the future.

A:I think so. (12)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B:I believe you can make it one day!

A:(13)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B:You’re welcome.

|  |
| --- |
| A.I believe we will move to another planet in the future.  B.Are you going to be a scientist when you grow up?  C.And I must work hard studying science.  D.I am going to be a scientist.  E.Where are you going to work?  F.Thank you.  G.What did you do last night? |

**C 类 创造性练习**

**一、完形填空**

A)请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳选项。

Dylan was a 12-year-old boy, but his life was not easy. He lived in a small town in Australia with his dad. His mother died five months ago. His dad was (1)\_\_\_\_\_sad (伤心的), so he did nothing but sleep all day long. At school, there was (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_a fat boy making fun of (取笑......) him. Dylan was lonely (孤独的) at school because he (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_had one friend, and it was a bird. Dylan called him Clive.

Dylan’s life became (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_one morning. A new teacher came to the school. He asked the children to make paper (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_. In the game, the teacher (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_ Dylan was good at making paper planes and asked him to take part in the state paper plane competition.

Dylan wanted to win the (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_. He also wanted to make the (8)\_\_\_\_\_paper plane of the world. He asked his father for (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_, but his father just told him to study something that can fly, and then went back to sleep again. However, Dylan didn’t(10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ . He studied many flying things.

Finally, Dylan (11)\_\_\_\_\_\_the state competition. (12)\_\_\_\_\_he went to take part in (参加) the world paper plane competition. Dylan won the world competition by making a paper plane like Clive—his bird (13)\_\_\_\_\_\_! And the most important thing was that Dylan made many good friends, and learned (14)\_\_\_\_\_\_to face winning and losing. Dylan’s actions also inspired (鼓舞) his father and made (15)\_\_\_\_\_ decide to forget the sad thing and start to move on.

( )1.A. slowly B. seriously C. finally D.really

( )2.A.always B. never C. not D.hardly

( )3.A. even B. only C. also D.already

( )4.A. personal B.traditional C. different D.mashed

( )5.A. planes B. plates C. spoons D.toys

( )6.A.forgot B. disagreed C. prepared D.found

( )7.A. holiday B.competition C. apartment D.education

( )8.A. worst B. dirtiest C.best D.biggest

( )9.A. medicine B. peace C. sugar D.help

( )10.A.give up B. turn on C. fall down D.grow up

( )11.A. questioned B. won C. polluted D.covered

( )12.A.Or B.though C. Then D.but

( )13.A. servant B. team C. space D.friend

( )14.A. how B. why C. what D.where

( )15.A.her B.him C.you D.me

B）请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后用方框中所给词的适当形式填空。每个词限用一次。

|  |
| --- |
| have you quietly those what happen feed well job easier popular |

You can’t believe your eyes. When you come back home from school, your robot housekeeper is waiting for you at the door. As soon as (16)\_\_\_\_\_come into the house, he turns on the lights. While you are having dinner, he cleans the room (17)\_\_\_\_\_. Before you go to sleep, he tells you (18)\_\_\_\_\_\_the weather will be like tomorrow, and then reads you a bedtime story.

Such thoughts are not just for stories. Now you can see them (19)\_\_\_\_\_in the real world, as long as you have a service robot. Service robots play a part in making people’s lives (20)\_\_\_\_\_\_ and more beautiful.

From cleaning to teaching, music to sports, they can do many kinds of (21)\_\_\_\_\_. Teotronico is a(n) (22)\_\_\_\_\_\_service robot as well as a music teacher. He can play the piano (23)\_\_\_\_. There is another service robot called Bestic. It can act as a human arm and (24)\_\_\_people with a spoon (勺子). It can be a good helper for little kids, the elderly and (25)\_\_\_\_with difficulties using their hands. The supermarket robot Alpha makes shopping easier. You can talk with the robot. It will help you find things quickly and then carry (拿) them for you to make you more relaxed (轻松的).

It may not be far when every family has at least one service robot. Do you want (26)\_\_\_a service robot, too?

**二、阅读理解**

A）请阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

|  |
| --- |
| They are the tops in our neighborhood |
| David’s job is to save people from fire. Although he always feels tired after he fights a fire, he loves his job very much. Last Sunday, there was a fire in our neighborhood. He came to put out the fire as soon as he put the phone down. He was successful in saving three people and two dogs. He thinks that he is doing the coolest things in the world. |
| Jenna is a kind person. She is a volunteer (志愿者) in our neighborhood. Every Saturday from 9 am to 11 am, Jenna comes to the old people’s home and cares for the old people there. She does some cleaning, sings and reads newspapers to the old people there. |
| Philippe always “travels” because of his job. He can speak English, Chinese and Russian. He often tells us what is happening in our city (城市) through his report. His working hour is not always the same as that of yesterday. He must work whenever there is something special happening in our city. |

( )27.When was there a fire in the neighborhood?

A.Last Saturday. B.Last Sunday. C.This Saturday. D.This Sunday.

( )28.What does Jenna do to care for the old people in the old people’s home?

①Puts out the fire ②Does some cleaning ③Sings songs ④ Reads newspapers

A.①②③ B.①②④ C.①③④ D.②③④

( )29.Which of the following is TRUE?

A.David was successful in saving five people from the fire.

B.David always feels bored after fighting a big fire.

C.Jenna spends two hours a week in the old people’s home.

D.Philippe’s working hour is uncertain (不确定的) because he often loses jobs.

**B**

Nowadays, more and more people are too busy to have time to cook meals at home. This becomes a problem, because most families are interested in home cooking. The food tastes good and warm at home, and a family meal brings family members together. In some families, meals are often the only moments (时刻) for family members to see each other.

People also enjoy home cooking for another reason——it is often a way of showing love. A mother who makes some snacks is not just satisfying (满足) a child’s stomach (胃). She is sending a love message. It says, “I care about you so much that I spend much time making snacks that you may eat up in a short time.”

There is also something about the smell (气味) of home cooking. The smell of home cooking makes people of ages happy. It makes most of us feel good and loved——even if we are the ones doing the cooking! Next time you smell home cooking, stop for some time and see how you feel about that.

( )30.What is the reason why more and more people do not cook meals at home?

A.They are too busy to have time to cook.

B.They can’t cook as delicious food as those in restaurants.

C.They wouldn’t like to cook meals at home.

D.They think they can save much money if they eat out.

( )31.What’s the main idea of the second paragraph?

A.The food cooked at home tastes good and warm.

B.Home cooking brings all the family members together.

C.Home cooking is a good way to show love. D.Most families are interested in home cooking.

( )32.What can we know from the last paragraph?

A.People don’t cook at home because they don’t like the smell of home cooking.

B.People should leave at once when they smell home cooking next time.

C.People wouldn’t like to eat at home because of the smell of home cooking.

D.The smell of home cooking can make all the family members happy.

**C**

I am good at baking chicken breasts (烤鸡胸肉). Today I will share the **approach** to make it with you.

**Instructions (说明):**

**Heat (加热) the oven and prepare well for cooking**

Heat the oven to 400. Prepare a plate and some butter.



**Prepare the chicken breasts**

Clean the chicken breasts and make them dry. Butter the chicken breasts then. Mix salt and pepper.

**Move the chicken to the plate**

Place the chicken breasts on the plate. You can also put some honey onto the chicken breasts to make them more delicious.

**Cover the chicken with pepper**

Put some pepper onto the chicken breasts. It can make your dish look nice and taste delicious.

**Bake the chicken breasts**

Move the chicken to the oven until the oven shows 165. Then wait for another 20 minutes. The total (总共的) time of cooking is usually 30 to 40 minutes.



**Cool the dish**

Take out the chicken breasts right away, and let it cool.

If you want to know more about cooking, you can click (点击) the website: [www.thekitchen.com.](http://www.thekitchen.com.)

( )33.What does the underlined word “approach” mean?

A.Way. B.Hobby. C.Meaning. D.Relationship.

( )34.How many steps (步骤) do we need to cook the chicken breasts?

A.Five. B.Six. C.Seven. D.Eight.

( )35.When should we finish cooking if we start cooking the chicken breasts at 12:00?

A.At about 1:00 pm. B.At about 2:00 pm. C.At about 12:30. D.At about 3:00 pm.

( )36.Where can you probably read this passage?

A. In a newspaper. B.In a storybook. C.In a magazine. D.On the Internet.

**D**

What do Wi-Fi and the moon landing (登陆) have in common? Great thinkers predicted it as early as one hundred years ago.

Nikola Tesla predicted Wi-Fi and phones in 1909. Sixty-four years before the first phone

appeared, Nikola Tesla told *the New York Times*, “It will soon be possible to send wireless messages (无线消息) all over the world. And everyone can bring and use his own phone.”

Jules Verne thought of a man getting to the moon in 1865. More than one hundred years

before Neil Armstrong took “a big step (步) for human beings”, writer Jules Verne wrote about two men getting to the moon from a cannon (大炮) in his book *From Earth to the Moon.* Verne even set the rocket sending to Florida, now the place of Kennedy Space Center. Do you know these interesting facts about the moon?

Mark Twain predicted his own life-ending in 1909. In 1909, Mark Twain’s biographer (自传作家) Albert Bigelow Paine gave Twain’s saying, “I came in with Halley’s comet (哈雷慧星) in 1835. It is coming again next year, and I expect to go out with it. It will be the greatest disappointment (失望) of my life it I don’t.” He died in April 21, 1910, the day after the comet came back.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ But everything is possible, right?

( )37.When did the first phone appear?

A.In 1835. B.In 1865. C.In 1965. D.In 1937.

( )38.What did Jules Verne do?

A.An engineer. B.A pilot. C.A writer. D.A reporter.

( )39.What did Mark Twain predict in 1909?

A.Everyone could bring his phone to the moon. B.He would die a year later.

C.Human being could take rockets to the moon.

D.People could send wireless messages all over the world.

( )40.Choose the best sentence to fill in the blank “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” in Paragraph 5.

A.It’s hard to believe that those predictions really come true in the end.

B.Can you predict what will happen in the future?

C.Great thinkers love to predict all kinds of things.

D.What’s your prediction about our future life?

**E**

One day, Jenny, an elephant, was crying because other elephants called her “Skinny (极瘦的) Jenny”. Suddenly (突然), she heard somebody else crying behind some trees. She saw a very fat, maybe the fattest giraffe. And other giraffes were calling him “Fat Hugo”.

“Stop!” cried Jenny. All the giraffes stopped and looked at her. “Look at the skinny elephant!” They then started to laugh at both of Jenny and Hugo.

Jenny and Hugo then ran away to a river. “Thank you,” said Hugo.

“I am Jenny, I know how you feel. Everyone calls me ‘Skinny Jenny’.It makes me sad (难过的), too.”

Then **they** became friends. At first, other giraffes and elephants laughed at them. But after a few days, they found Jenny and Hugo were very nice. They always helped others. So they stopped laughing at them and began to play with them. But the only one that still laughed at them was a young giraffe called Biff.

One day, Biff was sleeping under a tree. Suddenly the tree caught fire because of the lightning (闪电). Biff also caught fire. He started crying.

Quickly Jenny got some water and Hugo carried Biff. They saved him.

Everyone said Jenny and Hugo were heroes (英雄). Biff also learned that he shouldn’t laugh at Jenny and Hugo.

( )41.What does the underlined word “they” refer to?

A.Jenny and Hugo. B.Other giraffes. C.Other elephants. D.All the elephants and giraffes.

( )42.What’s the right order according to the passage?

①The young giraffe Biff caught fire and started crying one day.

②Other elephants called Jenny “Skinny Jenny” and other giraffes called Hugo “Fat Hugo”.

③Other giraffes and elephants began to play with Jenny and Hugo.

④Jenny and Hugo always helped other elephants and giraffes.

⑤The young giraffe Biff didn’t laugh at Jenny and Hugo any more.

A.①②③④⑤ B.②④③①⑤ C.④⑤①②③ D.③①⑤②④

( )43.What can we learn from the passage?

A.Never be sad though others laugh at you. B.Persons with same problems can become friends.

C.Being kind to others can make you famous.

D.Don’t laugh at others before you know what they are like.

( )44.What is the best tile for this passage?

A.Be Kind to People Around You! B.Skinny Jenny and Fat Hugo.

C.Outgoing Giraffes and Elephants. D.How to Become Great Heroes.

B)请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后根据短文内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个还原到文中使短文意思通顺结构完整。一空一句。

Things can’t stay the same all the time. (45)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Do you want to know what the future life will probably be like? If the answer is yes, read on.

The environment will become good. (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_It seems that our home is becoming worse. However, Alexandra Whittington, a famous futurist (未来学家), disagrees with this idea.

She points out that scientists say that we have 100 years of life left on this planet, but it does not have to play out that way. “If we start saving the earth, we will live a better life in the future,” she says.

(47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lane Mendelsohn, President of Vantagepoint AI, says that thanks to the development (发展) of the health care, people live longer than before. (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

It will be possible for people to hibernation (冬眠). Speaking of the relationship between the body and the mind, we can expect that technology will let one’s body not move but his mind live a busy, virtual (虚拟的) life. (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

No one knows for sure what will happen in the future, but we are sure that most people hope that the future life can be better than now.

|  |
| --- |
| A.If we keep developing the technology, we can expect to live longer.  B.People will live to be 200 years old.  C.Many people would like to predict what the future will be like.  D.Maybe that’s why some people like to make predictions.  E.Not all these predictions can come true in the end.  F.That’s the prediction of David Tal, President of Quantumrun Foresight.  G.Now there are all kinds of pollution. |

**三、书面表达**

假如你是李华，你校将举办第二届机器人展。请你根据写作要点及要求，给在你校学习的

英国交换生Mike去封邮件，告诉他机器人展的举办时间、地点、目的、内容并邀请他带自

己制作的机器人参加展出。

写作要点：1.Time:April 1st to April 15th． 2.Place:In the School Hall．3.Purpose(目的): Help develop (培养) students’ creative thinking (创造思维) and their interest in robot-making． 4.Activities: Lectures on how to make robots; Movies about the uses of robots; Choose the best robots．5.Note(注意事项)：

Each robot should include instructions (包含) like its usages (用途)．

要求：1.邮件要包括写作要点给出的所有提示，可适当拓展；

2.邮件中不得出现与你自己相关的真实信息；

3.词数不少于80。邮件的开头和结尾已经给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Mike,

I’m writing to ask you to come to the second Robot Show in our school.

Hope to hear from you soon!

Yours,

Li Hua

八年级上英语第八单元导练听力材料

**一、请听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都将有10秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。**

1.W:What are you going to do this Sunday, Paul?

M:I want to visit my favorite animals with my parents?

2.M: What do we need for the salad?

W: Three apples, four strawberries and two cups of yogurt.

3.M: Where are you from?

W: I am from New York. But I will move to Paris in two years.

4.W: I want to be a teacher in the future. What about you, Li Bin?

M: I want to be a doctor.

5.M: You should eat some lettuce. It’s kind of healthy vegetable.

W: But I can’t stand it.

**二、请听下面4段对话。每段对话后有几个小题, 从题中所给的AB、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题5秒钟;听完后, 各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。**

请听第1段对话, 回答第6、7小题。

W: We’ll have a two-week holiday. What will you do, Ted?

M: I have no idea, Linda. There will be a talk in the museum on Wednesday morning.

W: What’s it about?

M: It’s about future robots.

W: I’m interested in robots. Can I go with you?

M: Sure. You can come to my home at 7:00 a.m., and then my father will drive us to the museum.

W: That’s great.

请听第2段对话, 回答第8、9小题。

W:I’d like to make some tomato and egg soup. Can you teach me?

M:Sure. First, cut up three tomatoes and put them into a pot.

W:What’s next?

M:Then add some water, sugar and salt. Cook for five minutes and add two eggs.

W:OK, that’s it?

M:Of course not. One more thing, you should mix everything and serve it.

W:Thank you very much for your kind help.

M:You’re welcome.

请听第3段对话, 回答第10至第12小题。

W:Hello! This is Beilei Music School. What can I do for you?

M:Hello! This is David. I want to learn music. What lessons do you have?

W:Well, we have guitar, violin, piano and drum lessons. Which kind of lessons are you interested in?

M:I am interested in guitar lessons. What time can I take them?

W:From 9:00 to 10:00 every Saturday morning.

M:How much is each lesson?

W:160 yuan.

M:Where can I find you?

W:You can find us in Room 208, Greenland Building.

M:OK. Thank you.

请听第 4段对话, 回答第13至第15小题。

W:Wow, I really like this beautiful village. People here are living such a comfortable life. We are so busy in cities.

M:Then you can move here.

W:Yes, I plan to. Now I have 50,000 yuan. Next year I will make 30, 000 yuan. Then I will live here.

M:What are you going to do with the money?

W:I want to start a hotel here. I want more people to stay here.

M:Maybe we can work together for that.

W:That’s good. Then we can find a restaurant and talk about it over the dinner.

M:Fine.

**三、请听下面一段独白, 根据独白内容完成下列句子, 每个空格不超过3个单词。听独白前你将有50秒钟的时间阅读句子内容。独白读两遍。**

Hi, my name is Jason. I am a student from London. Yesterday I made some New Year’s resolutions. First, I want to stay healthy, so I am going to exercise more and eat more fruit and vegetables. Second, I am kind of shy and have few friends, so I am going to make more friends by going to parties. Third, I want to improve my Chinese, so I am going to take Chinese lessons every Sunday. Lastly, I want to learn to cook. Maybe it’s difficult, but I will try my best. I am going to ask my mother to teach me. In fact, it will not be easy to keep all these resolutions, but I am going to have a try.

**参考答案**

**A类 基础性练习**

**一、**1-5ACCBA

二、6-10CBABC 11-15ABBAC

三、16.London/England/the UK/the United Kingdom 17.4/four/some 18.going to parties 19.Chinese 20.cook

**B 类 发展性练习**

一、单项填空

1-4AADB 5-8BDCC

二、补全对话

9-13GADCF

**C 类 创造性练习**

一、完形填空

1-5DABCA 6-10DBCDA 11-15BCDAB

16.you 17.quietly 18.what 19.happen 20.easier 21.jobs 22.popular 23.well 24.feed 25.those 26.to have

二、阅读理解

27-29BDC 30-32ACD 33-36ABCD 37-40DCBA 41-44ABDB 45-49DGBAF

三、书面表达(15分)

Possible Version One:

Dear Mike,

I’m writing to ask you to come to the second Robot Show in our school.We will hold it in the School Hall for half a month, from April 1st to April 15th．

The purpose of the show is to help develop students’ creative thinking and their interest in robot-making. We will have many activities, such as lectures on how to make robots, movies about the uses of robots. And there is a robot show at the same time.We will choose the best robots and give prizes for their makers．

I know you’re interested in making robots and have made some robots. We’ll be happy if you can bring them to the show and share them with us. You should add some information like its usages to each robot of yours. Probably, you will win prizes for your nice robots then.

Hope to hear from you soon!

Yours,

Li Hua