九年级英语第三单元导练

**A类 基础性练习**

**一、请听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都将有10秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。**

( )1.What’s the probably relationship between the two speakers?

A. Friends. B. Twins. C. Strangers.

( )2. Where is bookstore?

A.On the Fancy Street. B. At the Fancy mall. C. On the Seventh Street.

( )3. What would Bob like to do?

A. Go to a special mall. B. Buy a special present for his mother.

C. Go to the Main Street.

( )4. What would the man probably do?

A. Go back to get his umbrella. B. Leave without his umbrella. C. Buy a new umbrella.

( )5.What does Jack mean?

A. The museum opens at eight o’clock. B. The museum is always crowded.

C. You’d better get to the museum at 7:40.

**二、请听下面4段对话。每段对话后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。**

请听第1段对话，回答第6至7小题。

( )6.When did the boy call Kate?

A. Yesterday morning. B. Last Friday afternoon. C. This morning.

( )7.Why did the boy call Kate?

A. To take a trip. B. To have dinner with him some day. C. To go to the movies.

请听第2段对话，回答第8至9小题。

( )8.Where is the man going?

A. To the post office. B. To the bookstore. C. To the cinema.

( )9.How will the man go there?

A. On foot. B. By bus. C. By car.

请听第3段对话，回答第10至12小题。

( ) 10.Where does the conversation take place?

A. In the classroom. B. On the street. C. In the library.

( ) 11.What does the man probably do?

A. A teacher. B. A lawyer. C. A policeman.

( ) 12.Which of the following is true?

1. Xinhua Bookstore is near the big clothes store.
2. I t will take the woman about 15 minutes to get there on foot.
3. The big clothes store is outside of the city.

请听第4段对话，回答第13至15小题。

( )13.Where does the man want to go?

A. The People’s Hospital. B. The museum. C. The bank.

( )14.How would the man like to get there?

A. By bus. B. By taxi. C. By subway.

( )15.What can we know about the man from the passage?

1. The man can remember how to get there clearly.
2. The man will wait for the woman to show the way there.
3. The man wants to go to visit his friend Ann.

**三、请听下面一段独白，根据独白内容完成5个句子，每个句子一空，每个空格不超过3个单词。听独白前你将有50秒钟的时间阅读有关句子。独白读两遍。**

16. Last \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a storm hit two villages and destroyed fourteen houses.

17. Over two hundred villagers became \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

18. It’s said the storm lasted for over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

19. A woman rushed out from her house with her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_but had no time to take anything.

20. After the storm many soldiers went to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to help.

**B 类 发展性练习**

**一、单项选择**

请阅读下面各小题,从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

( )1.—Did you have trouble in finding the bank this morning?

—No, not at all. A kind boy gave me \_\_\_\_\_to it, so I found it very easily.

A.opinions B.secrets C.directions D.courses

( )2.—The Internet has made our life much more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

—Yes. For example, WeChat and online shopping help us save much time.

A.convenient B.popular C.important D.necessary

( )3.Amy and Mary answered all the questions \_\_\_\_\_\_in the competition, so they got the first prize.

A.normally B.correctly C.peacefully D.directly

( )4.It’s a tradition that Chinese people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the moon at the Mid-Autumn Festival.

A.spread B.draw C.lay D.admire

( )5.—I don’t think I can swim across the river. It is too wide.

—You will never know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_you have a try.

A.after B.until C.when D.though

( )6.I believe \_\_\_\_\_our school football team is sure to win the match tomorrow.

A.that B.if C.how D.where

( )7.Mr. Brown \_\_\_\_\_\_\_the picture on the blackboard so that all the students could see it clearly.

A.found out B.tried out C.gave out D.laid out

( )8.I \_\_\_\_\_\_going to Europe for a trip during the summer vacation but no one agreed.

A.suggest B.will suggest C.suggested D.am suggesting

**二、补全对话**

请阅读下面对话, 根据对话内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个填入空白处, 使对话通顺、合理, 意思完整。一空一句。

A:Hi, Jack! Long time no see!

B:Hi, Joe! It’s so nice to see you here. What are you doing here?

A:I’m looking for a bookstore. My cousin told me that there was a new bookstore in this street.

B:(9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A:How far is it?

B:(10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A:Can I walk there?

B:Of course. You can walk along this street till you get to the end, and the bookstore is just on your right. (11)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A:That’s quite a long time.

B:(12)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A:Which bus can I take?

B:No.20. (13)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A:Thank you!

B:You’re welcome!

|  |
| --- |
| A.It will take you ten minutes to get there.  B.About five minute’s ride.  C.The bookstore is open from 9 am to 6 pm.  D.Oh, I know the bookstore.  E.Maybe you can take a bus there.  F. I will take you there.  G.But it may take you half an hour to walk there. |

**C 类 创造性练习**

**一、完形填空**

A)请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳选项。

When we meet people for the first time, we develop our first impressions (印象) of them in just a few seconds by watching their body language. Knowing how to (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_your body language can be helpful (有帮助的). Here are some useful (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_to help you send the right signals (信号).

Make eye contact (接触). When you meet or talk to people, remember to look them in the eye. This will lead others to think that you’re quiet, smart, and interested in (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_they are saying.

Keep your hands out. Don’t hide (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_hands in your pockets—it can make you look angry or a little cold. Keeping your hands out gives others the feeling that you are open and have (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to hide.

Give a firm handshake. If the situation (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a handshake, a weak one can put people off. When you’re shaking someone’s hand, use medium pressure and give about three shakes. Smile (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and don’t forget eye contact. When it comes to body language, posture (姿势) is key. Keep your posture (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with these tips.

Stand up straight. When you’re standing up, keep your (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_planted (站稳脚跟) surely on the ground and spread apart. Your feet and shoulders (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_line up. Avoid (避免) crossing your arms, since you don’t want to appear closed off. (11)\_\_\_\_\_\_you don’t want to seem too relaxed, either, try not to lean (倚) against walls or other tables.

Put a spring in your step. Don’t just move along with your head down! When you walk, hold your head up high, keep your back straight and take (12)\_\_\_\_\_\_that are neither too fast nor too slow. This kind of (13)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ projects (表现) a sense of confidence (自信).

Sit up. Don’t lean forward when you sit. And never sink into (陷入) your seat or (14)\_\_\_\_\_\_ too much time looking down at your phone—this can make you look bored. (15)\_\_\_\_\_\_, sitting up shows that you’re awake and in high spirits.

With practice, you can learn to use your body language. Remember, you never get a second chance to make a first impressions!

( )1.A.treat B. control C.increase D.review

( )2.A.stamps B. addresses C. mails D.ways

( )3.A.what B. whom C. when D.where

( )4.A. their B. his C. your D.my

( )5.A. something B. anything C. everything D.nothing

( )6.A. looks up B.calls for C. connects with D.lays out

( )7.A.politely B. suddenly C. widely D.directly

( )8.A.secret B.active C. perfect D.central

( )9.A. hands B. brains C.ties D.feet

( )10.A. would B.should C.could D.might

( )11.A. If B.So C. And D.But

( )12.A.notes B.steps C. turns D.courses

( )13.A.direction B. pattern C. walk D.pronunciation

( )14.A.take B. spread C. request D.spend

( )15.A.Instead B. Anyway C. However D.Again

B）请先阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后用方框中所给的词的适当形式填空。每个词限用一次。

|  |
| --- |
| probably, need, alone, loud, word, rude, but, while, someone, restaurant, why |

You probably know you should say” please” and “thank you” at restaurants. You (16)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ know the rules of a library. You know you should respect and be nice to your classmates. (17)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do you have music manners?

**Keep It Down!** You have to notice the volume (音量)of your music. You should not play your music so (18) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that everyone around you can hear it. Some people might even get angry. Usually, when you play the music loud on an MP3 player, other people can’t hear the (19)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the song. They just hear a loud sound. Not one wants to listen to this. Very loud music can also be bad for your cars, so even if you are (20) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when listening to our MP3 player, you shouldn’t have it turned up too high.

**Take Them off!** You need to know when to turn your MP3 player off and put it away. Libraries and schools don’t allow MP3 players. There are other places, like museums, that don’t have rules, but is would be (21)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to have your MP3 player on. Sometimes, it just doesn’t make sense to listen your MP3 player at event. Why would you listen to music at a play, a movie or a sporting event? You would miss what is going on and others would wonder (22)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you even came.

**Take One Out!** Once in a while it’s okay just to take out one earphone and not other. Imagine you are listening your MP3 player when (23)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ asks you the way. It would not be rude to take out one earphone, tell him the way, and put back the earphone and continue listening. You can also do this when you order food at a fast-food (24) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or when you answer the telephone.

It’s Your Choice! There are times when you need to decide what is best. For example, some people can listen to music on their MP3 Players when read books, (25)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ others think it is disturbing. In cases like this, you (26)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to do what seems right for you.

**二、阅读理解**

A）请阅读下面短文，根据短文内容从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

|  |
| --- |
| **Name: *Manner(礼仪 )at the Table***  **Author: Carrie Finn, Chris Lensch**  **Age: 3-6 years**  **Price: $7.16**  Introduction (简介) to the book: This is a nice book about manners. The illustrations (插图) are colorful, interesting and help show the ideas behind each manner. The simple text is perfect for young children. |
| **Name: *Soup Should Be Seen, Not Heard!***  **Author: Beth Brainard**  **Age: 4 and up**  **Price: $11.46**  Introduction to the book: It offers advice that children can actually use in their everyday lives, both today and as they grow into adults. It offers the answers to questions such as how to set the table, introduce people, use the phone correctly (and when to turn a cell phone off), and what to wear at a party. |
| **Name: *Dude, That’s Rude!***  **Author: Pamela Espeland, Elizabeth Verdick**  **Age: 8-13 years**  **Price: $7.68**  Introduction to the book: Kids today need manners more than ever, and the book makes it fun and easy to get some. Full-color cartoons and the text teach the polite behavior (举止) in all kinds of situations (场合)——at home, at school, in the bathroom, on the phone and at the mall. |
| **Name: *Manners Can Be Fun***  **Author: Munro Leaf**  **Age: 4-8 years**  **Price: $11.94**  Introduction to the book: If we want something, we say PLEASE. If you help us or give us something or do things for us, we say THANK YOU. The ideas behind this book are great. It talks about how we sometimes forget that we need to be kind to people we live with. |

( )27. Who is the author of the book ***Soup Should Be Seen, Not Heard!?***

A. Carrie Finn, Chris Lensch B. Beth Brainard

C. Pamela Espeland, Elizabeth Verdick D. Munro Leaf

( )28. How much is the book ***Dude, That’s Rude!?***

A. $7.16. B. $11.46. C. $7.68. D. $11.94.

( )29. For how many years old children is the book ***Manners Can Be Fun*** written?

A. 3-6 years. B. 4 and up. C. 8-13 years. D. 4-8 years.

**B**

The world’s highest highway tunnel (高速隧道) was opened to traffic on April 26, 2019, at an altitude (海拔) of over 4750 meters above the sea level in Southwest China’s Tibet.

The two-way tunnel is over 5.7 km long, which is a part of the 400-km highway connecting Lhasa with Nyingchi. People started building the tunnel in 2015 on the 5018-meter-high Mila Mountain. And it was finished on Monday, helping shorten the 18-km distance (距离) over the mountain to 5.7 km.

It wasn’t easy to build the highest tunnel in China. Terribly cold weather and too little oxygen (氧气) were two main difficulties. Besides (而且), carrying everything for living and building to the site was a great challenge to over 2000 workers who were building the tunnel.

However, everyone at the site worked hard together to finish building the tunnel on time and more than ten latest techniques were created while workers were doing this great project. “We’ve worked here and lived in simple houses for several years,” said Xu Yong, the leader of the project. “Everything used to be so difficult, but we never felt sorry for working here. It was a great project.”

The highway is an important way to the eastern part of Tibet. It can help to make more people visit Tibet and bring traffic convenience to local people.

( )30.What can we know about the two-way tunnel?

①It’s the highest highway tunnel in the world. ②It is over 18 km long.

③It took people about 4 years to finish building it. ④It is on the 5018-meter-high Mila Mountain.

A. ①③④ B. ②③④ C. ①②④ D. ①②③④

( )31.What’s the main idea of the third paragraph?

A.Why the workers wanted to build the tunnel. B.How the workers finished building the tunnel.

C.What problems the workers faced while building the tunnel.

D.Where the workers finished building the tunnel.

( )32.What’s the passage mainly about?

A. The great development of Tibet. B. Something about the two-way tunnel.

C. The right way to travel to Tibet. D. Some problems in building the two-way tunnel.

**C**

How do you disagree with or complain(抱怨) to someone in a polite way?

Your teacher says Pluto is a planet (行星) and you know that it's not. Here's one polite way of telling the teacher. You can say, "Excuse me, teacher, but I have heard that scientists now don't call Pluto a planet." If you say "excuse me" and don't use words like "wrong", your teacher won't feel unhappy.

And there are times when we need to complain. You have bought an MP3 player. The shop assistant told you that the player also has a radio. You buy it but find that it doesn't. You need to go back to the store and complain. You can say to the assistant, "I was told that the MP3 has a radio but it hasn't. I would like my money back please." This is a polite way of complaining.

We have disagreements (分歧)with friends sometimes. If your friend leaves teacups and candy paper bags here and there, you can try: "It's really a bit difficult to do my homework here. It is a little dirty. Would you mind being a little more tidy, please?"

But remember, if you have to disagree with someone, it's always best to be polite!

( ) 33.Which is a polite way of disagreeing with people?

A. You're wrong. B. Excuse me, but...

C. I don't think so. D. No, you've made a mistake.

( )34. What should we say if our friends leave waste around?

A. Stop doing that! You made my room a mess. B. Go ahead! Enjoy yourselves.

C.Would you mind keeping it clean? D. I'll do it then.

( )35. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

A. We shouldn’t complain to anybody in our life.

B. It's best to be polite if you disagree with others.

C. We have disagreements with friends sometimes.

D. We need to complain sometimes in our life.

( )36. Which can be the best title for the passage?

A. Getting along with others. B. Being a good student.

C. Disagreements with friends. D. Complaining in a polite way.

D

People often dream of a perfect holiday with white sand, blue sea and so on, but traveling or sometimes even planning a trip can be more stressful. Here are some suggestions for you to plan your holiday.

**Set budget (预算)**. Before working out a plan for the holiday, the most important thing is to set a budget. This helps you to plan and enjoy the trip within your limits (在限额内). Always prepare to take a little more than you might need.

**Plan ahead.** The first thing you need to do is to be sure of what you want from this trip. Do you want to experience the local (当地的) culture or just have fun on those sandy beaches? Do you want to make friends with the local people or get away from busy people and the world? Plan your trip according to your needs and likes.

**Read up before you go.** Before going to a new place, buy a guidebook and read up on the culture, history and local places of interest. You can also surf the Internet for more information. The more you know, the better you will be able to enjoy the place.

**Pack light and right.** Don’t carry unnecessary things around. A heavy bag may sometimes dampen (减弱) your holiday spirit. Carry clothes that are comfortable and right for the season. Then try to put everything you need in one bag.

**Have realistic expectations (可实现的期望).** Unreasonable (不合理的) expectations can lead to stress, so enjoy the holiday by managing (管理) what you can with the time you have. Enjoy each moment, whether it is good or bad.

( )37. How many suggestions did the writer give us in the passage?

A. Two. B. Three. C. Four. D. Five.

( )38. How can we avoid spending too much money during the holiday?

A. By setting a budget before we go on the holiday. B. By surfing the Internet for more information.

C. By enjoying each moment during the holiday. D. By buying a nice and helpful guidebook.

( )39. By doing what can we have a perfect holiday according to the passage?

①Preparing a litter more money than we need.

②Knowing the culture and history of the place we will visit.

③Packing light and right. ④Making a plan according to your friend’s advice.

A. ②③④ B. ①②③. C. ①②④. D. ①③④.

( )40. What does the writer really want to tell us in the passage?

A. How to make friends in new places. B. Ways to spend more time with our family.

C. How to make a perfect holiday plan. D. Ways to deal with our stress in life.

**E**

“Ordinary” was the worst word my mother could find for anything. Whenever she took me out for shopping, I found she wouldn’t take any notice of the shop assistants when they suggested that some dresses were popular. She would say, “We’re not interested in that. Haven’t you got anything a little unusual?” And then the assistants would bring out all the strange colors no one else would buy. And later she and I would argue because I wanted to be ordinary but my mother wanted to be unusual.

“I can’t stand that hairdo(发型),” she said to me with a boy hairstyle. “**It**’s so terribly ordinary ... Not ugly, not unsuitable. But ordinary ... ”

“Couldn’t you please wear something else?” I asked one day when she was dressing for Mother’s Day in tight trousers and a bright pink sweater.

“What’s wrong with it?”

“It’s just that I wish you’d wear something ordinary,” I said. “People won’t laugh at you.”

She looked at me angrily, “Are you ashamed (羞愧的) of your mother? If you are, Mary, I feel sorry for you. ”

( )41. What did the shop assistants advise Mary’s mother to buy?

A. Very popular dress. B. Styles they sold well.

C. Cheap clothes. D. The most unusual clothes.

( )42. Why did Mary ask her mother to change her clothes on Mother’s Day?

A. Because her mother’s clothes were out of style.

B. Because she didn’t like a pink sweater at all.

C. Because she didn’t like her mother to dress that way.

D. Because she didn’t want her mother to be ordinary.

( )43. What does Mary’s mother mean by “ordinary”?

A. Unusual. B. Ugly. C. Common. D. Popular.

( )44. The underlined word “It” refers to “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

A. the hairstyle B. the dress C. the boy D. the color

B) 请先阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后根据短文内容从下面方框内的七个选项中，选择五个还原到文中，使短文意思通顺、结构完整。

“How are you?” is a usual question. It’s a friendly way in which people in America greet (问候) each other, but “How are you?” is also a very unusual question. (45)\_\_\_\_\_\_The person who asks “How are you?” expects to hear the answer “Fine”, even if the person’s friend isn’t fine. The reason is that “How are you?” isn’t really a question and “Fine” isn’t really an answer. (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_

Sometimes, people don’t say exactly (确切地) what they mean. For example, when someone asks “Do you agree?”, the other person won’t give a direct answer. “No, I disagree.(47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” Because it isn’t polite to disagree strongly with the person to whom you are talking. So the correct answer may be “I am not so sure.” It’s a nicer way to say that you don’t agree with someone.

People don’t say exactly what they are thinking when they finish talking with other people. Many people talking on the phone finish the conversation by saying “I have to go now.” Often, the person who wants to hang up (挂断电话) gives an excuse (借口) like “(48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” The excuse might be real, or it might not be true. Perhaps the person just doesn’t want to keep on talking. (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_All in all, it is an important way in which people try to be nice to each other, and it is part of the game of language.

|  |
| --- |
| 1. I think you are wrong.   B. However, the polite excuse won’t hurt the other person.  C. This will sound much more polite.  D. It is a question that often doesn’t have an answer.  E. Someone’s at the door.  F. Usually polite questions are longer.  G. They are just other ways of saying “Hello” or “Hi”. |

**三、书面表达**

假如你是李华，下个月将去纽约旅游。请你根据写作要点及要求，给你的纽约笔友

Mike写封邮件，询问一些相关事宜，内容包括：景点、交通方式、饮食和住宿地方。

写作要点：1.Places of interest.

2.Means (方式) of transportation.

3.Food and where to stay.

要求：1.邮件要包括写作要点给出的所有提示，注意使用礼貌用语；

2.邮件中不得出现与你自己相关的真实信息；

3.词数不少于80。邮件的开头和结尾已经给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Mike,

How’s everything going?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Look forward to get your reply soon! Thanks.

Yours,

Li Hua

九年级英语第三单元导练听力材料

**一、请听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都将有10秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。**

1. W: Excuse me, could you tell me how to get to the cinema?

M:Turn left, then right. You can find the cinema on your left.

2. M: Excuse me, can you tell me where I can find a bookstore in this town? I am a stranger here.

W: Sure. There’s a bookstore named Fancy at the mall on Seventh Street.

3. W:What’s wrong with you, Bob? You look very worried.

M:Well, Mother’s Day is coming. I’d like to get a special present for my mother. But I can’t find one.

W:I know a mall on Main Street where you can buy special things.

4. M:I left my umbrella in my room, Mary. Wait while I go back to get it.

W:You needn’t do that. The weather report said it would be clear up by noon.

5.W: Excuse me, Jack. Could you tell me when the museum opens?

M: At eight o’clock. It’s always crowded, so you’d better arrive there twenty minutes earlier.

**二、请听下面4段对话。每段对话后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。**

请听第1段对话，回答第6至7小题。

M:Hi, Kate. I called you this morning.

W:But I wasn’t in. Why did you call me?

M:Could you please tell me if you can have dinner with me some day?

W:Yes, I’d love to.

M:Can you tell me when you have time to eat dinner with me? How about this evening?

W:Sorry, I’m going to a party.

M:This Saturday evening?

W:That would be OK. Can you tell me where there’s a good place to eat?

M:I know you like Chinese food. How about the Friendship Restaurant?

W:OK. Could you tell me where it is and how I can get there?

M:It’s on Center Street. Please take the No 2 bus and get off in front of the Children’s Hospital. It’s next to the hospital.

W:Let’s meet outside the park at 5:30 p.m. on Saturday. Could you please tell me whom else you will invite to have dinner?

M:I’ll invite nobody except you and Mary.

W:OK. I’ll ask Mary to go together. See you then.

请听第2段对话，回答第8至9小题。

M: Excuse me.

W: Yes?

M: Could you please tell me how to get to the bookstore?

W: OK. Go along this road, and take the second turning on your left. The bookstore is just in front of the cinema.

M: Should I take a bus?

W: No, it’s near. You can go there on foot.

M: How long does it take to get there on foot?

W: Only seven or eight minutes.

M: Good! I’ll walk there. Thanks a lot.

W: You’re welcome.

请听第3段对话，回答第10至12小题。

W: Excuse me, sir.

M: Yes?

W: We’re looking for a big clothes store around here.

M: I’m afraid you’re going in the wrong direction.

W: But we were told that it was somewhere in the center of the city.

M: Yes, but you’re walking the wrong way.

W: Oh, I see. Could you tell us how to get there?

M: Sure. It’s only about a 10-minute walk from here.

W: Great! Which direction?

M: Just walk back the same way you came for a turning and turn right. Then walk until the next crossing.

W: That’s the corner of Granger and Forest, isn’t it?

M: You’re right. You’ll see a big clothes store on your left, right next to Xinhua Bookstore. You can’t miss it.

W: Thank you very much.

M: You are welcome.

请听第4段对话，回答第13至15小题。

M: Excuse me, do you know if there is a bank near here?

W: No. There is one on the Center Street.

M: Could you tell me how I can get there?

W: It’s between the People’s Hospital and the museum. Go along this street and take the third turning on the right, then turn left at the second crossing, then...

M: Oh, sorry. I can’t remember. Could I take the bus?

W: Yes. But you have to change twice if you like.

M: What should I do? I’m afraid I will get lost.

W: Don’t worry. I’m going there, too. But you need to wait for some minutes. My friend Ann hasn’t come.

M: How lucky I am! It doesn’t matter to wait for a moment.

**三、请听下面一段独白，根据独白内容完成5个句子，每个句子一空，每个空格不超过3个单词。听独白前你将有50秒钟的时间阅读有关句子。独白读两遍。**

Last Friday a storm hit two villages and destroyed fourteen houses. One person was killed; nine were badly injured; over two hundred villagers became homeless. A farmer said the storm began early in the morning and lasted for over an hour. He was in the kitchen with his family when they heard a loud noise. A few minutes later, some parts of their house fell down. When they climbed out, he found that one of his children was missing. He went back inside and found the missing child who was safe but terrified. A woman said that her husband had just left for work when their house started shaking. She rushed out with her children, but they had no time to take anything. A few minutes later the house fell down. After the storm many soldiers went to the villages to help.

答案

**A类 基础性练习**

一、1—5CCBBC

二、6-15CBBABCACAB

三、16.Friday 17.homeless 18.60 minutes/an hour 19.children 20.villages

**B 类 发展性练习**

1. 单项填空

1-4CABD 5-8BADC

二、补全对话

9-13DBGEA

**C 类 创造性练习**

一、完形填空

1-5BDACD 6-10BACDB 11-15ABCDA

16. probably 17. But 18. loud 19. words 20. alone 21. rude 22. why 23. someone 24. restaurant 25. while 26.need

二、阅读理解

27-29BCD 30-32ACB 33-36BCAD 37-40DAAC 41-44DCCA 45-49DGAEB

三、书面表达

Possible Version One:

Dear Mike,

How’s everything going? I am going to New York for my vacation trip next month. I am nervous about it because I’ve never been there. So I have some questions to ask you.

Could you please tell me what places of interest I should go to? I really want to enjoy some beautiful scenery during the trip. Do you know the best way to travel around the city? I’d also want to enjoy some delicious food there. Would you tell me where I can try them? At the same time, I wonder where I should stay during my visit there.

Look forward to get your reply soon! Thanks.

Yours,

Li Hua