**2022—2023学年上期期末检测**

**九年级英语试卷**

（全卷共九个大题 满分：150分 考试时间：120分钟）

**注意事项**：

1.试题的答案书写在答题卡上，不得在试卷上直接作答。

2.作答前认真阅读答题卡上的注意事项。

3.考试结束，由监考人员将试题和答题卡一并收回。

**第I卷（共95分）**

**I. 听力测试（共30分）**

**第一节（每小题1.5分，共9分）**

听两遍，根据你所听到的句子，从A、B、C三个选项中选出最恰当的答语，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

1. A. Happy the Mid-Autumn Festival.

B. The mooncakes are delicious.

C. I visited my grandparents.

2. A. By writing words. B. By listening to tapes. C. By making word cards

3. A. It’s made of wood and glass. B. That looks very nice. C. It belongs to my sister.

4. A. Keep going! B. Good luck to you! C. Thanks a lot!

5. A. In 1885. B. In Germany. C. By Benz.

6. A. It’s yellow. B. It must be Jean’s. C. I don’t like it.

**第二节（每小题1.5分，共9分）**

听两遍，根据你所听到的对话和问题，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

7. A. Playing basketball. B. Taking photos. C. Collecting the photos.

8. A. The first floor. B. The second floor. C. The third floor.

9. A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

10. A. Carrying the books by herself.

B. Helping the man carry the books.

C. Asking the man to help her carry the books.

11. A. By bus. B. By taxi. C. On foot.

12. A. For 3 hours. B. For 4 hours. C. For 6 hours.

**第三节（每小题1.5分，共6分）**

听两遍，根据你所听到的长对话，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

听第一段材料，回答第13和14小题。

13. How often does Jack go to the hospital?

A. Every Saturday morning. B. Every Sunday morning. C. Every Sunday afternoon.

14. How does Jack feel when he sees the animals get better?

A. Worried. B. Surprised. C. Happy.

听第二段材料，回答第15和16小题。

15. What does Rick find especially difficult in learning English?

A. Listening. B. Writing. C. Grammar.

16. What does the woman advise Rick to do?

A. Do more reading. B. Do more exercises. C. Do more listening.

**第四节（每小题1.5分，共6分）**

听两遍，根据你所听到的短文内容，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

17. The worker worked at the same factory for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. eight years B. nine years C. ten years

18. The worker thought his job now was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Boring B. interesting C. tiring

19. The boss asked the worker to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as the last job.

A. paint a new house B. build a new house C. repair an old house

20. The house belonged to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ finally.

A. the worker B. the boss C. other workers

**Ⅱ. 单项选择（每题1分，共10分）**

从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

21. — What \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ unusual journey we had!

— Well, life is always full of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ surprises.

A. an; a B. an; the C. a; / D. an; /

22. Try to make full use of your time, or you may \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ achieving nothing.

A. end up B. make up C. put up D. give up

23. — How old is your little sister, Gina?

— She is five years old, just big enough to dress \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. she B. her C. herself D. himself

24. — Could you please tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

— Next Thursday morning.

A. when we will visit the Science Museum

B. when will we visit the Science Museum

C. when we visited the Science Museum

D. when did we visit the Science Museum

25. Our Chinese teacher is very kind and patient. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gets angry.

A. always B. usually C. sometimes D. seldom

26. My uncle has a farm, and there are some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the farm.

A. chicken and sheep B. chickens and sheeps

C. chickens and sheep D. chicken and sheeps

27. To avoid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ COVID-19, we should wear a mask when going out.

A. catch B. catching C. to catch D. catching

28. — Where is Mike? I haven’t seen him for days.

— He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Beijing. He’ll be back next week.

A. has been to B. has gone to C. goes to D. will go to

29. It’s dangerous to stand \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the tree when it is raining with thunder and lightning(打雷和闪电).

A. against B. behind C. over D. under

30. — \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ junk food you eat, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ healthy you will be.

— Yes, I agree with you.

A. The more; the more B. The less; the less C. The more; the less D. Much; little

**III. 完形填空（每小题1.5分，共15分）**

根据短文内容，从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个能填入相应空格的最佳答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

Every school has rules for students to follow. However, some students may see the rules as a way which teachers 31 them. Sometimes, they’re unhappy and even feel 32 . Well, if you think your life is hard, you might think about the 33 in ancient times. For some of them, life was really hard.

In the old days, people believed that teachers had to be very strict and could punish the students. Parents didn’t 34 if teachers punished their children when their children didn’t follow the rules. Often, 35 a teacher was, the more parents thought he or she was a good teacher.

In fact, following school rules can be very important. For example, running in the hallways could cause a student to 36 . It may hurt himself or another person. Following the rules can also help the students in the classroom to learn without difficulty. In class, a teacher may ask students to raise their hands 37 they speak. If someone speaks out of turn, other students might not be able to hear the teacher 38 . School rules can help students prepare 39 .

their own futures as well. When they 40 and go out on their own, they’ll soon find that they still need to follow rules.

Rules make the world much better. If there are no rules, life will be meaningless and in disorder.

31. A. control B. encourage C. check D. divide

32. A. tired B. angry C. excited D. good

33. A. parents B. doctors C. teachers D. students

34. A. avoid B. mind C. allow D. like

35. A. strict B. the strict C. the stricter D. the strictest

36. A. come out B. cut off C. give out D. fall down

37. A. because B. after C. before D. until

38. A. clearly B. carefully C. quickly D. nearly

39. A. of B. with C. for D. to

40. A. grow up B. look up C. hurry up D. make up

**IV. 阅读理解（41-43每小题1分，44-59每小题2分，共35分）**

阅读下列材料，从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

**A**

Dear Cindy Miller,

I’m Eric Brown. I am a librarian (图书管理员) in School Library.

I’m sorry to remind you that you have four overdue (过期的) books. Please return the four books tomorrow. Other people may be waiting to borrow them. You can not borrow other books until these books are returned.

Yours,

Eric Brown

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Name | Writer | Out | Due (到期的) |
| Jane Eyre | Charlotto Bronte | 2/5 | 2/7 |
| Gone with the Wind | Margaret Mitchell | 3/5 | 3/7 |
| David Copperfield | Charles Dickens | 4/5 | 4/7 |
| A Farewell to Arms | Ernest Hemingway | 5/5 | 5/7 |

41. The letter was sent to a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. librarian B. reader C. writer D. owner

42. Ernest Hemingway wrote the book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Jane Eyre B. Gone with the Wind

C. David Copperfield D. A Farewell to Arms

43. The book Gone with the Wind should be returned to the library before \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. July 2 B. July 3 C. July 4 D. July 5

**B**

I’m David, a student of Grade 9. Most of my friends walk to school, but I like to ride my bike each day. I wake up at 7:00. After I wash my face and eat breakfast, I throw the schoolbag on my back. Do I have my books and homework? Yes, I do.

I take my bike, hop (跳) onto it and ride to school at 7: 30. “See you later. Mum,” I say. I pass my friends when I ride by. “Hi, David!” they call when I pass. Jenny does not want to ride with me. She does not like to wear a schoolbag. She likes to carry her books in her arms when she walks. She likes to kick (踢) the autumn leaves. But she likes to look at the flowers the best.

Not me! I like to ride my bike to feel the fresh air on my face. When I get to school, I lock my bike in the bicycle park. I walk across the field to say hi to Mr Brown and wait for my friends in our classroom.

44. David rides to school at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. 6:30 B. 7:00 C. 7:30 D. 8:00

45. According to the passage, we can know Jenny goes to school \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. by bike B. by bus C. by car D. on foot

46. David likes to ride a bike because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. he wants to take his mum with him B. he wants to meet his grandpa

C. he wants to feel the fresh air on his face D. he wants to take Jenny with him

47. David waits for his friends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. in the bicycle park B. in the classroom

C. on the way to school D. in the field

**C**

Do you have any online classes? It is possible to take classes at home. All you need is a computer and a headset (耳机).

However, most students don’t seem to like online classes. According to a recent survey (调查), only 33 percent of the students would take such classes. Over 1,500 students from 10 cities are surveyed.

Many students said it was hard to focus on (专注于) studying while taking online classes. This was true for Li Mei, 15, at Beijing No.5 Middle School. “There are no classmates and no real teachers watching me. I can use the Internet or do other things if I want to. It’s harder to always stay focused,” she said.

Li Mei prepares a lot before taking her classes to make sure she will keep her attention. She also pushes herself to communicate with teachers. Students can come up with or answer questions while taking online classes.

Wen Wen, Li Mei’s classmate thinks online interaction (互动) isn’t enough. “The online teachers don’t really get to know me. When I don’t hand in homework, all I get is a short message instead of real concern (关心),” she said.

However, online classes are good in some ways. “It saves time and money compared with taking **offline** classes. Also, if I don’t understand some parts of a lesson, I can watch it over again,” Li Mei said.

48. Many students think \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it is impossible to take online classes at home

B. they can’t communicate with the teachers online

C. they can’t come up with or answer questions while taking online classes

D. it’s hard to focus on studying while taking online classes

49. The underlined word “**offline**” means “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.

A. 网络的 B. 函授的 C. 线下的 D. 媒体的

50. Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?

A. Li Mei thinks that online interaction isn’t enough.

B. Wen Wen is a student from a middle school in Beijing.

C. Li Mei thinks it hard to always stay focused.

D. Li Mei pushes herself to communicate with teachers in online classes.

51. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. how the students take online classes at home

B. what the students think of online classes

C. where the students take online classes

D. why the students like taking online classes

**D**

Have you ever imagined the life in space? The following will show you the astronauts’ daily life.

● Eating in space

If you go camping for more than a week with some friends, you will make sure you have enough foods and keep them properly. At the end of your camping trip, you will deal with your rubbish properly before the ride home.

Astronauts almost do the same thing when they go to space. Preparation changes with the food type. Some foods can be eaten in their natural forms, such as chocolate cakes and fruits. Other foods require adding water, such as cheese. Of course, an oven is provided at the space station to heat the food. But there are no fridges, so space food must be kept properly.

● Sleeping in space

After a long day at work, nothing is better than a good night’s sleep! Just like on the earth, in space astronauts go to bed at a certain time, then get up and prepare for work again. When going to sleep, they have to **attach** themselves, so they don’t float (漂浮) around or hit their bodies against something. They usually use sleeping bags in small crew cabins (乘员舱). Each crew cabin is just big enough for one person. Generally, astronauts have an eight-hour sleep each day when they finish their work.

● Doing sports in space

Exercise is an important part of every astronaut’s daily life to prevent muscle loss (肌肉萎缩). Usually, astronauts exercise for two hours every day. Lifting 200 pounds on the earth may be a lot of work. But lifting that same object in space would be much easier. That means the things for exercise need to be specially designed (设计), so astronauts can receive the exercise needed.

Living in space is not just all work and no play. Astronauts have fun, too. They like to look out of the window and play with their food. Fun plays an important role in their daily life.

52. The writer starts to explain eating in space by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. asking a question B. telling a story

C. comparing two facts D. giving an example

53. The underlined word “**attach**”in Paragraph 4 means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. tie B. touch C. throw D. carry

54. It is much easier for people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in space than on the earth.

A. to fall asleep B. to lose weight C. to lift heavy things D. to eat cold food

55. We can read the passage in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of newspaper.

A. culture B. science C. society D. history

**E**

①There are lots of things that cause stress in our lives, such as school problems, arguments with friends and sometimes bad feelings about ourselves. We all experience stress at times, but it’s important to manage it properly and reduce (减少) its influence. Here is some helpful advice for dealing with stress.

②Sometimes we feel stressed without understanding the reason. So whenever you’re stressed, you should stop and think. What is really happening? How can you improve the situation? Try keeping a diary about your problems and the possible causes.

③Do you always wait until Sunday evening to do homework? This bad habit can cause “last-minute” stress, as well as poor grades. To avoid that, time management is greatly needed. Plan your studies and other activities with a calendar. You can also divide big projects into smaller parts. In this way, you’ll always know how much time you really have.

④Besides, healthy habits are very important for reducing stress. Be sure to eat healthy meals and get at least eight hours of sleep. Avoid checking your mobile phone or using the computer before bedtime. It will keep you awake!

⑤When you’re feeling stressed, it’s helpful to speak to someone who understands your situation, such as your friends and families. Sometimes it’s enough to talk about your problems and share your feelings. Other times, however, you might need advice or suggestions. Don’t keep your worries to yourself.

⑥Finally, relaxation is important, Find some free time for activities that you enjoy, such as sports, hobbies and meeting with friends. For example, seeing a film or hanging out after 5 days’ study could be a good choice. If you find some time to relax and enjoy yourself, you’ll feel refreshed (神清气爽的), have more energy, and reduce your stress.

56. The writer suggests \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to avoid “last-minute” stress.

A. stopping and thinking B. eating healthy meals

C. managing your time D. reaching out for help

57.The writer gives \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ suggestions in the article.

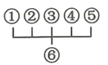
A. four B. five C. six D. seven

58. The title (标题) of the article may be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. How to Improve the Situation B. How to Manage Time

C. How to be Refreshed D. How to Deal with Stress

59. The structure(结构) of the passage may be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. B.  C.  D. 

**V. 口语运用（每小题1分，共5分）**

阅读下面对话，从方框内7个选项中选择5个恰当的句子完成此对话，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

A: Have you watched the women’s football game last night?

B: 60 You know I’m a football fan.

|  |
| --- |
| A. What is it?  B. Of course.  C. It’s not an easy win.  D. What do you think of it?  E. But there is a long way ahead.  F. Did China fall behind at first?  G. Is it the first time for Chinese team to win the Asian Cup? |

A: Oh, it’s a pity for me to miss it. 61

B: It’s really exciting. China beat South Korea 3:2, winning the 2022 Asian Cup.

A: What good news! Did China win easily?

B: No, China was 2 points behind at first. Xiao Yuyi scored a last—minute Goal (射门) to win the game.

62

A: Wow, amazing! 63

B: Of course not. It is the ninth time for China to achieve this. It’s a new record in Asia!

A: I really hope that Chinese Men can also be as excellent as them one day.

B: Haha, I am looking forward to it, too. 64

**第Ⅱ卷（共55分）**

**Ⅵ. 任务型阅读（65-67每小题2分，68题3分，共9分）**

阅读下文并回答问题。

Do you know Quan Hongchan? She is a sports star. She is on China’s diving team (跳水队).

Quan is from Guangdong. In her family, she has 2 brothers and 2 sisters. She became the Olympic champion (冠军) at the age of fourteen. Quan has healthy eating habits. For breakfast, she likes eggs, milk and some vegetables. For lunch, she often has chicken and fruit salad. She doesn’t have ice-cream or hamburgers, because she thinks they are not healthy. She always eats an apple or a pear for dinner. She says she can’t eat too much because she doesn’t want to be fat and it’s not good for her training.

Quan Hongchan likes diving very much, and she likes playing games on the phone, too. She sometimes plays games after training, but she doesn’t play them for too long.

65. Does Quan Hongchan come from Guangdong?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

66. When did Quan Hongchan become the Olympic champion?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

67. Why can’t Quan Hongchan eat much?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

68. Do you think Quan Hongchan has good habits? Why or why not?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Ⅶ. 完成句子（每空1分，共10分）**

根据所给提示，完成句子。每空一词，含缩略词。

69. Grace used to watch a lot of TV. (改为否定句)

Grace \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to watch a lot of TV.

70. Peter plays soccer at least twice a week. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ does Peter play soccer?

71. Parents should give teenagers chances to make their own decisions. (改为同义句)

Teenagers should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ chances to make their own decisions.

72. 父母会为你所取得的一切成就而感到自豪的。(完成译句)

Your parents will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in all of your achievements.

73. 我在字典上查阅了这个句子。(完成译句)

I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the sentence in the dictionary.

**Ⅷ. 短文填空 （每空2分，共16分）**

根据下列短文内容，在短文的空格处填上一个恰当的词，使短文完整、通顺。

Over 2,000 years ago, in China, there lived a boy called Confucius. When he was 74 three, his father died. His mother was very poor. In those days people had to pay to go to school and his mother did not have enough 75 to send him.

As Confucius grew up he wanted to learn things. So he decided to teach 76 . He was a strange－looking boy. The other children called him names and laughed 77 him. Confucius got very upset, but he was a kind boy and did not fight back.

Confucius did not play with other children. He went off to talk to holy men (圣者) in the temple and learned from them. He talked to artists and musicians and 78 from them. If he tried to do something difficult, he kept trying over and over again 79 he learned how to do it. In this way the boy taught himself to read and 80 and learned lots of interesting things. Confucius grew up to 81 a very clever man.

When he was a man, Confucius became the ruler of the city of Changtu. People were very happy when he was their leader. He used his abilities and skills in a wise way.

People sometimes call him the greatest man who ever lived. We still remember many of his sayings today.

**Ⅸ. 书面表达（共20分）**

青春期的孩子总会感觉很孤独，无人能够理解，有很多成长的烦恼。为了帮助孩子们走出困惑，班级决定组织一次家长开放日，鼓励孩子们说出自己的心里话。假如你是李华，请你根据提示，围绕自己的经历和如何与父母沟通写一篇英文发言稿，在家长开放日发言，谈谈自己成长中的烦恼、改变和收获，同时给其他同学和家长一些建议，呼吁大家直面问题，积极沟通，为美好的明天而努力。

**参考要点：**

1.经历：孤独、焦虑，不敢向老师、父母诉说和寻求帮助……

2.改变和收获：在老师的帮助下，变得外向，有了朋友，学习成绩变好……

3.建议：父母多理解和陪伴，与同学、老师、父母多交流……

**要求：**

1.80－120词左右，可适当发挥，开头已给出，不计入总词数；

2.文中不能出现自己的姓名和所在学校的名称。

My dear parents and classmates,

I’m Li Hua. Today, I’m happy to give a speech here. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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