鹤山市昆仑学校2022-2023学年第一学期第二次月考

**八年级英语**

本试卷共8页，满分 120 分。考试用时100分钟。

注意事项: 1.答卷前考生务必用黑色字迹的墨水笔将姓名和考生号填写在答题卷上。

2.选择题每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卷上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

3.非选择题须用黑色字迹的墨水笔作答，答案必须写在答题卷指定相应位置上。

**一、听 力 部 分（共30分）**

**第一节、听句子，选答语(本题共4小题，每小题1.5分，满分6分)**

**根据所听四个句子，选择正确的答语。每个句子读两遍。**

1．A．Thank you. B．Go along this street. C．Never mind.

2．A．Yes, you are. B．No, you can’t. C．It’s not mine.

3．A．By bus. B．By plane. C．By bike.

4．A．About twenty minutes. B．About two kilometers. C．I ride my bike

**第二节、简短对话理解(本题共3小题，每小题2分，满分6分)**

**根据所听三个对话内容，选出下列问题的正确答案。每段对话读两遍。**

**听第一段对话，回答第5小题。**

5．How much will the man pay for the socks?

A．$3. B．$6. C．$10.

**听第二段对话，回答第6小题。**

6．What was the weather like yesterday?

A．Cloudy. B．Rainy. C．Sunny.

**听第三段对话，回答第7小题。**

7．How did the man break his leg?

A．He fell down while playing tennis.

B．He had a climbing accident.

C．He was hit by a car.

**第三节、长对话理解(本题共3小题，每小题2分，满分6分)**

**根据所听一段对话内容，选出下列问题的正确答案。对话读两遍。**

**听对话，回答第 8-10 小题。**

8．When does the man receive the paper in the morning?

A．At about 6:30. B．At about 7:30. C．At about 7:45.

9．How many people are there in the man’s family?

A．Four. B．Five. C．Six.

10．Who does the man have breakfast with?

A．His son. B．His daughter. C．His wife.

**第四节、短文理解(本题共3小题，每小题2分，满分6分)**

**根据所听一段短文内容，选出下列各题的正确答案。短文读两遍。**

**听短文，回答第 11-13 小题。**

11．Why are they arriving late?

A．Because of an accident. B．Because of the bad weather. C．Because of the heavy traffic.

12．How are they getting to the hotel?

A．On foot. B．By bus. C．By taxi.

13．What is probably the speaker?

A．A tour guide. B．A bus driver. C．A hotel manager

**第五节、听短文内容，写出答案(本题共2小题，每小题3分，满分6分)**

**根据所听一段短文内容，完成下列的问题。短文读两遍。**

14．What fascinated the speaker when he watched a foreign film?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

15．What’s the best teacher of learning English?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**二、笔试部分 客观题 (满分55分)**

**第一节、单项填空。(本题共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分)**

16．They often have three meals \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ day. They have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dinner at 6:30 pm every day.

A．a; a B．a; the C．a; 不填

17. Someone called me on the phone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I was cooking in the kitchen.

A. while B. until C. if D. because

18．–Will you go camping with us, Bob?

– I'd love to, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_ study for the test.

A．may B．must C．can D．could

19．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Lucy is quite busy, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she often helps me with my English.

A．Although; / B．Although; but C．Because; so D．/; and

20．–How are you getting on with your cousin?

–Very well. He is really \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and joins in all kinds of activities in his spare time.

A．polite B．strict C．active D．careful

21．After the new high-speed railway line began operations, the time on the trip from Lianyungang to Qingdao now is much less than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the past.

A．one B．this C．that D．it

22．–Mom, what would you like, coffee or tea?

–\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Just water, please.

A．Either B．Both C．Neither D．None

23．–Which country has the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ population in the world?

– China. It’s a little \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than that of India.

A．most, most B．biggest, bigger

C．more, most D．bigger, bigger

24．I wonder if he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ time tomorrow；if he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ free, I’ll invite him to give a speech in our school.

A．will have; is B．has; will be C．will; have D．has;  is

25．–Wow! \_\_\_\_\_\_clean air we have today!

–Yes. Look! A lot of adults are doing Kung fu over there.

A．How B．What a C．How a D．What

**第二节、完型填空。(本题共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分)**

The weather is closely related (联系) to our life. It is all around us all the time. It is an important part of our lives. We cannot control it, but it often controls how and\_\_\_26\_\_\_we live, what we do, what we wear and what we eat. Read this passage and learn\_\_\_27\_\_\_about the weather.

What is the weather?

The weather is just the state of the atmosphere\_\_\_28\_\_\_any time, such as temperature, wind,\_\_29\_\_\_, sun, etc.

What makes the weather change?

As we know, not every place on the earth gets the same amount of sunlight. Some places get\_\_\_30\_\_\_sunlight, so it’s warmer in those places. However, some places get little\_\_\_31\_\_\_no sunlight in winter. Then those places have lower temperatures. These differences in temperature make the air and water\_\_\_32\_\_\_around the earth. The movement helps to take the heat energy from the sun across the earth. So the\_\_\_33\_\_\_changes.

What’s the difference between weather and climate?

Climate is a place’s weather over a long time. The weather changes from day to day and\_\_\_34\_\_\_from hour to hour. It can be sunny in the morning and cold and wet in the afternoon. But the climate changes very\_\_\_\_35\_\_\_over lots of years.

26．A．where B．which C．what D．when

27．A．anything B．nothing C．something D．everything

28．A．in B．for C．on D．at

29．A．water B．rain C．plant D．animal

30．A．much B．more C．little D．less

31．A．and B．so C．or D．but

32．A．move B．moves C．moved D．moving

33．A．sun B．earth C．weather D．sunlight

34．A．already B．almost C．ever D．even

35．A．differently B．slowly C．carefully D．easily

**第二节、阅读理解。(本大题有三篇材料，每小题2分，满分30分)**

**A**

A Car Accident in the Heavy Snow

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Process（过程）of the accident | A car crashed into a tree. Some people were trapped in the car. |
| Weather conditions | There was a heavy snow. |
| Date of call | December 29, 2021 |
| Time of call | 9:30 pm |
| Name of caller | Mrs Green |
| Place | Yonghuai Road, Huai’an |
| Conditions of victims（受害人状况） | Mr Green hurt his head.  Mrs Green hurt her left leg.  Their daughter felt frightened. |
| Action | Policemen arrived at 9:40 pm and sent them to People’s Hospital at 9:45 pm. |

36．What time did Mrs Green call the police?

A．At 9:30 am. B．At 9:30 pm. C．At 9:40 pm. D．At 9:45 pm.

37．How many people were trapped in the car?

A．One. B．Two. C．Three. D．Four.

38．What was the weather like that day?

A．It was sunny. B．It was snowy. C．It was cloudy. D．It was rainy.

39．How did Mr Green’s daughter feel at that time?

A．Surprised. B．Frightened. C．Angry. D．Bored.

40．Which of the following is TRUE?

A．The car crashed into a wall.

B．Mrs Green’s daughter hurt her leg and was sent to the hospital.

C．The car accident happened on Yonghuai Road, Huai’an.

D．The policemen arrived half an hour later and sent the victims to the hospital.

**B**

English is becoming more and more popular in China．It can be used in every field，such as on some signs and restaurant menus．But there are some problems when people use it．Perhaps you've seen the English letters "WC" in your city．They show public toilets．But do you know it is far from native（地道的） English？In fact，foreigners from English-speaking countries seldom use the letters．

Workers in our city are changing "WC" signs all over the city．The government is spending much money changing all the bad English on signs and restaurant menus．Many other places in China are following our steps．

"WC，or water closet，is old-fashioned English．It sounds dirty to me．"says Nancy，a young woman from the US．The old sign will become "Gents/Men" and "Ladies/Women"． "I see much poor English in everyday life，and not only on signs，"she says，"I know what they mean，but they are Chinglish，not real English．For example，when someone says to me "My hometown is Guizhou Province"，I know he or she should say "My hometown is in Guizhou Province"．Hometown is a smaller place in a province．The common mistakes that Nancy picked up include "Not Entry"，which should be "No Entry"，"Direction of Airport" should be changed to "To the Airport"．And it is "Room Rate"，not "Room Price"．And remember to "Keep off the Grass" rather than "Care of the Green"．

The next time you walk on the street or eat in the restaurant，you can go and see if the expressions are right．

41．Who seldom uses letters of "WC" according to the passage？

A．Chinese students．

B．Foreigners from other countries．

C．Teachers in China．

D．English-speaking foreigners．

42．What's the attitude（态度）of the government towards the bad English on signs？

A．It's native．

B．It should be changed．

C．It doesn't matter．

D．It can be used on signs．

43．When Nancy sees much poor English in everyday life，\_\_\_．

A．she thinks it should be corrected

B．she thinks it is dirty

C．she thinks it is proper

D．she likes to use it

44．Which of the following signs is Right？

A．Not Entry B．Room Price C．To the Airport D．Care of the Green

45．What is the main idea of the passage？

A．Chinglish on menus．

B．Money spent on Chinglish．

C．Usages of native English．

D．Letters of "WC"．

**C**

**左栏是五个人的情况介绍，右栏是七本书的简介，请将五个人与他们感兴趣或合适的书配对。**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| \_\_\_\_46\_\_\_\_ Kevin is a brave boy. He likes comedies, but science fictions are his favourite. He also wants to be a famous scientist when he grows up.  \_\_\_\_47\_\_\_\_ Jean is a ten-year-old girl who loves funny stories like *The* *Emperor*’*s* *New* *Clothes* because she thinks the emperor is so stupid that she can’t help laughing.  \_\_\_\_48\_\_\_\_ David is a high school student. He wants to be a TV host after leaving school. He needs to learn from the famous ones.  \_\_\_\_49\_\_\_\_ Emily is beautiful but a bit shy. She loves books. When she reads something sad, she will feel very sorry. She loves to read books about a prince and a princess falling in love and getting married.  \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ Alan is new in Shenzhen. He knows nobody here, so he often feels lonely at night. And sometimes he misses his family very much. | A．*Frankenstein*  It is a scary book. It is about science. It talks about a scientist who makes a man.  B．*Shenzhen*’*s* *Night* *Sky* *is* *Unlonely*  If you are in a strange city and troubled by loneliness, why not read this book by Xia Guang, the city’s noted host of a night broadcasting programme?  C．*I* *Ask*, *So* *I* *Am*  By Yang Lan, a household TV host in China, she published her new book which records her successful TV talks with famous persons and common persons.  D．*The* *Adventures* *of* *Huckleberry* *Finn*  It’s a comedy in the USA．You will like Huckleberry and his friends very much. They’re funny!  E．*Ali* *Baba* *and* *the* *Forty* *Thieves*  It is an adventure story. Ali Baba has many adventures. It is a funny book. There is a cartoon movie about Ali Baba.  F．*The* *Emperor*’*s* *New* *Clothes*  This is a funny story. It talks about an emperor who loves wearing new clothes so much that he is cheated to wear nothing through the city.  G．*Cinderella*  Cinderella has a selfish step-mother and two step-sisters. One day, she goes to the party and meets a prince. They fall in love and get married at last. It is a great story. |

**三、笔试部分 主观题 (满分35分)**

**第一节、短文填空。根据上下文填入适当的词。(本题共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分)**

There was a boy named Johnny. There was something wrong \_\_\_\_51\_\_\_\_ his legs. When he ran races with his friends, his legs would tremble(颤抖) and he could never win.

This made him feel very bad. He didn’t want to race anymore. Then one day, \_\_\_\_52\_\_\_\_ boy in another class asked him, “May I tell you \_\_\_\_53\_\_\_\_ to win a race?” “Yes, please! I want to win at least once,” answered Johnny. So they went to the school playground, and the boy taught him a few \_\_\_\_54\_\_\_\_ to exercise his legs. They trained(训练) three hours every day, and soon Johnny found he could run faster. \_\_\_\_55\_\_\_\_ two months, Johnny asked his friends to have a race with \_\_\_\_56\_\_\_\_. “Johnny, you will be the last one!” said one of his friends. Johnny didn’t say anything. When the race began, Johnny tried his \_\_\_\_57\_\_\_\_to run. He remembered everything he \_\_\_\_68\_\_\_ from that boy clearly. He ran \_\_\_\_59\_\_\_\_ fast that nobody could catch up with him. In the end, Johnny won his \_\_\_\_\_60\_\_\_\_\_ race.

**第二节、单词拼写。(本大题共10小题，每小题1分，满分10分)**

**根据句意、首字母及汉语提示，在空白出填入适当的单词。请把首字母也写在答题卡上。**

61．She had a lot of interesting e\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ during her journey.

62．The lion is the s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of courage.

63．The ship was helpless against the p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the storm.

64．China’s first AI host can learn from live v\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It speaks Chinese as well as a real host.

65．The air pollution in our city is s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

66．Don’t worry. The plane \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (降落) safely five minutes ago.

67．The news on TV \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (报道) that there was a rainstorm in the area.

68．The Grand Canyon is the greatest wonder in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (自然的) world.

69．The boy is so polite that he always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (接受) things with both hands.

70．It’s important for us to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (练习) speaking English.

**第三节、读写综合(15分)**

**A.回答问题(本小题共5小题，每小题1分，满分5分)**

**请阅读下面的短文，根据所提供的信息，回答5个问题。要求所写的答案语法正确，语义字整，并把答案写在答题卡指定的位置。**

What’s your favorite animal? Monkeys, tigers or...Now, let me tell you something about pandas. They come from China. Their heads and stomachs are white and their legs are black and strong. They are fat, but they never get angry with you. Their black eyes are like a pair of black glass balls. Pandas like living in bamboo woods (竹林), because they can eat lots of bamboo there.

Pandas are lovely, but the number of pandas becomes smaller and smaller. People cut down lots of bamboo to build houses and they are in danger. We should try our best to give a better life to them. The Chinese government is working hard to save the pandas. Now there are more than 30 nature reserves in China to protect them but these are not enough. More nature reserves will be built in the future.

71．Where do pandas come from?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

72．What color are the legs of pandas?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

73．Where do the pandas like living?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

74．Why are the pandas in danger?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

75．How many nature reserves are there in China to protect pandas now?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**B.书面表达(本大题共1小题，满分15分)**

**10月4日是世界动物日，你校准备举办以“Protecting (保护) animals”为主题的英语演讲比赛。假如你是李华，请根据下面的提示写一篇英语演讲稿，讲述自己为保护动物所做过的事情，并谈谈以后的打算。**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **事迹** | **收养小动物；为拯救动物筹款 (raise money) 等** |
| **感悟** | **动物是人类的朋友，保护动物就是保护我们自己** |
| **打算** | **……（至少两点）** |

写作要求：

1.可以适当进行拓展，语句通顺，70词左右。开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数；

2.不能照抄原文，不得在作文中出现学校的真实名称和学生的真实姓名。

Hello, I am Li Hua. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Thanks for listening!