平顶山市第四十一中学2022－2023学年第一学期期中测试

八年级英语试卷

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（满分120分，考试时间100分钟）

**一、听力理解（20小题，每小题1分，共20分）**

Ⅰ. 听句子，选择正确图片。每个句子读一遍。（5分）



1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ⅱ. 听句子，选择正确答语。每个句子读一遍。（5分）

( )6. A. Country music. B. Pop music. C. Pop music and rock music.

( )7. A. Just so-so. B. Yes, I’d love. C. Sure. Go ahead!

( )8. A. Violin. B. Classical music. C. At the concert.

( )9. A. Because it’s sweet. B. Because it’s noisy. C. Because it’s wonderful.

( )10. A. I can play soccer. B. I can perform ballet. C. I can play the piano.

Ⅲ. 听对话及问题，选择正确答案。每组对话及问题读两遍。（5分）

( )11. A. Because it’s too serious. B. Because it’s too noisy. C. Because it’s too quiet.

( )12. A. Yes, he does. B. No, he doesn’t. C. I don’t know.

( )13. A. Pleasant. B. Useful. C. Boring.

( )14. A. Violin music. B. Classical music. C. Rock music.

( )15. A. Pop music. B. Classical music. C. Folk music.

Ⅳ. 听对话，选择正确答案。对话读三遍。（5分）

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Name** | **Hobby** | **Like** | | **Dislike** | **Reason** |
| Used to | Now |
| Kangkang | 16. | Pop music | 17. | Classical music | 18. |
| Jane | Listen to music | 19. | Jazz music | 20. | Noisy |

A.Folk music B.Serious C.Listen to music D.Rock music E.Country music

16. 17. 18. 19. 20.

二、阅读理解（20小题，每小题2分，共40分）

(A)

There is a famous English saying “You are what you eat”, and it means what you put in your mouth will become part of you. Many experts (专家) use it to tell people it's important to have a good eating habit. For example, too much sweet food makes a person overweight（超重）. To avoid being fat, kids are told to keep off sweet food. But, a team of American scientists have found something new about eating sweet food.

“When we say some people ‘sweet’, we mean they are kind and friendly to us. Perhaps(也许) this word can help us learn more about people's feelings and acts.” said Brian Meier, a scientist from the study team. “Taste is something we experience every day. What we have done is to find whether we can know someone's character(角色) and behavior(行为) depending on their taste.”

In one of their experiments(实验),  students were asked questions about their character——whether, for example, they were soft-hearted or not. Then they were asked to make a list of their favorite food. According to their answers, the scientists found that the students who liked sweet food were nicer.

In their another experiment, the scientists found that people who preferred sweet food such as cookies and chocolate were more willing to help other people in need, and those who ate non-sweet food such as chips weren’t. For example, people with a sweet tooth were more likely to volunteer to clean up their city, visit sick children in the hospital and so on.

The result of the experiments is that people’s helpfulness or being nice has something to do with their taste for sweet food. So eating sweet food is a useful way to make people nice and helpful. Next time, try some ice-cream.

(   )21. The underlined word "it" refers to         .

A. the sweet food       B. the eating habit

C. the American team     D. the English saying

(   )22. According to the result of the experiments, sweet food makes people       .

A. overweight  B. excited    C. relaxed    D. friendly

(   )23. The scientists found that the people who preferred       were less helpful.

A. ice-cream      B. chocolate    C. chips    D. cookies

(   )24. According to the passage, which of the followings is NOT true?

A. There is some relationship between someone’s character and their taste.

B. Kids are told to keep away from sweet food to be fat.

C. What you put in your mouth will show your character.

D. If people want to be kind or friendly, they can try some sweet food.

(   )25. It can be learnt from the passage that        .

A. Scientists asked college students questions about their future.

B. Scientists told college students not to eat sweet food.

C. People with a sweet tooth are more willing to help others.

D. People's character has nothing to do with their taste.

（B）

Music is an international language(语言).Popular music in America is what every student likes. Students carry small MP3s with earphones(耳机) and listen to music before class, after class, and at lunch. Students with cars play music loudly as they drive on the street. A driver listens to music on the car radio(收音机)as they drive to work. They also listen to the news about sports, the weather, and activities of American people. Most of the radio are music.

Pop or popular music singers make much money. They make CDs which radio stations use in every station. Once the popular singer is heard all over the country, young people buy his or her CDs. Some of the money from these CDs comes to the singer. If the singer goes all over the country, all the young people want to meet him or her. Now the singer becomes a national star. There are other kinds of music that are important to Americans. One is called folk music. It has stories about the life of Americans. Another is called country music. Today, any music about country life and the love between a country boy and his girl, people usually call it country music. Serious music for the concert halls, people often call it classical music.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

( )26. Almost every American student likes\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. popular music B. American songs C. folk music D. CDs

( )27.What do drivers do while they are driving?

A. Listen to pop songs. B. Listen to news and make a CD.

C. Listen to music and news. D. Listen to stories.

( )28.What’s one of the reasons that singers become national stars?

A. Their CDs are used in every station.

B. Several young people buy their CDs.

C. They are followed by young people sometimes.

D. They all become national stars.

( )29.Country music is a kind of music about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the life of Americans story

B. country life and the love between a country boy and his girl

C. the concert halls

D. international

( )30.What may be the best title for this passage?

A. Popular Music in America B. Kinds of CDs

C. How to be Famous Singers D. Kinds of Music in America

（C）

Teeth are important. Strong , healthy teeth help you chew(咀嚼) foods that help you grow. They help you speak clearly. And yes ,they help you look best. Here are some tips for you to take care of your teeth:

1. Brush your teeth the right way.

Brush your teeth at least twice a day – after breakfast and before bedtime. If you can, brush after lunch or after sweet snacks, too. Brush all of your teeth, not just the front ones. Spend time brushing teeth along the sides and back of your mouth. Spend at least three minutes each time you brush. Play a song you like to help pass the time. Get a new toothbrush every three months. When you buy toothbrush, be sure it has soft bristles(鬃毛).

2. Learn how to floss(用牙线清洁牙齿) your teeth.

Flossing is a very important way to keep your teeth healthy. Food may hide between two teeth. Flossing can help get rid of（去除）it. You’ll need to floss your teeth at least once a day.

3. Have good eating habits.

You need to be careful about what you eat and drink. Eating sugar is a major cause of tooth decay(蛀牙).Eat lots of fruits and vegetables and drink water instead of soda(苏打).

(   )31. How many times at least should we brush our teeth a day?\_\_\_\_\_\_

    A. 1     B. 2     C. 3       D. 4

(   )32. What is the major cause of tooth decay? \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Not brushing teeth    B. Not changing toothbrush

C. Eating sugar   D. Not flossing teeth

(   )33. How often should we change our toothbrushes? \_\_\_\_\_\_

   A. Never     B. Three times a month        C. Every three months    D. Every month

(   )34. The bristles of the toothbrush must be\_\_\_\_\_\_.

    A. hard    B. soft    C. expensive     D. not mentioned

(   )35. Which is the right way to take care of teeth? \_\_\_\_\_\_

A. Only brush front teeth.

B. Not brush teeth before sleeping.

C. Spend at most three minutes to brush teeth each time.

D. Eat lots of fruits and vegetables and drink water instead of soda.

（D）

Do you know the mascot(吉祥物)of 2022 Beijing Olympic Games? 36 “Bing”means“ice”

in Chinese and “Dwen Dwen” means “health and lively(充满生气的)”.It shows the spirit(精神)of the Winter Olympics.

Bing Dwen Dwen is a panda's name. 37 It looks very cute. And it has a white face and two big black eyes. Its arms and legs are black. 38 It is tall and looks strong. But its nose and mouth are small. It wears clothes made of ice. It looks like a winter sports player from the future. What a cute panda!

39 There are many colors in the halo, such as blue, red, yellow and so on. The halo means ice snow tracks(冰雪赛道). 40 It means that China welcomes friends and players from all over the world.

Many people around the world like it very much. Do you like this cute mascot? I like it very much.

根据材料内容，从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项，使文章意思通顺、内容完整。

A. But its body is white.

B. There is a red heart in its hand.

C. It is a special panda.

D. There is a halo(光环) on its face.

E. It has a great name -Bing Dwen Dwen.

三、完形填空(15个小题，每小题1分，共15分)

先通读短文,掌握其大意然后从ABCD四个选项中出一个可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

Betty and Ellen are beautiful girls. They are both very active. They are good friends. They come from different 41 .Betty is from America, and Ellen is from Australia. They 42 computers. They often talk on the Internet. Today they talk 43 how to keep healthy.

Betty thinks doing exercise in good for her 44 .She does many kinds of sports. Some of them are indoors,and 45 are outdoors. But she doesn't think 46 exercise is good.So she 47 ten minutes running and ten minutes doing exercises every morning. She 48 exercises more than two hours a day. She also thinks good eating habits are very important. 49 gives her enough energy for the morning. She eats breakfast every day. Vegetables 50 fruit are their favorite food. She likes eating them every day. She never eats junk food.She says, “ Most kids like eating junk food, but I don't like it. I think it is 51 .”

However,Ellen doesn't think so. She thinks exercise is good 52 her health. For example, swimming keeps her heart and lungs healthy for her. She often exercises about 53 hour a day. Dancing is a good way to keep fit, too. So she usually 54 after supper. Sometimes she eats a little junk food. She thinks it's okay to eat a little junk food. We should drink enough 55 . She also thinks a healthy lifestyle(生活方式)is necessary.

( )41. A. schools B. countries C. towns D. cities

( )42. A.have B. has C. there is D. there are

( )43. A.with B.in C.to D. about

( )44. A.food B. drink C. health D. sports

( )45. A.other B. others C. another D. the other

( )46. A. much B. many C. too much D. much too

( )47. A.spends B. costs C. takes D. cost

( )48. A.never B. always C. usually D. often

( )49. A.Dinner B. Lunch C. Supper D. Breakfast

( )50. A.or B. but C. and D.so

( )51. A.healthy B. unhealthy C. happy D. unhappy

( )52. A.at B. with C. for D. on

( )53. A.an B. a C. the D./

( )54. A.sings B. plays C. dances D. watches

( )55. A. vegetables B. rice C. fruit D. water

hit, talk, nothing, excite, practice, whether, good, feel, join, begin

四、语篇填空（15小题，每小题1分，共15分）

第一节 阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。

每空限填一词，每词限用一次。

When I was young, I was very shy.I never went out to play with other children.

One day my friend wanted to play football with me, but I didn't know 56 I could play it well. I 57 a little afraid. I was afraid that the ball might 58 my head, so I said no to him. When I got back home, I 59 about it with my father. He told me that playing football was 60 terrible and he said I should have a try. He told me to try my 61 and believe in myself.

The next day, my father bought a football and asked me to 62 it with him in the park. In the 63 , I was slow, but little by little I learned how to play it. An hour later, some boys came to 64 us. I felt relaxed and ran after the ball and played hard. At last I made my goal. I was very 65 .After that, I always believe in myself. I think nothing is difficult if I work hard.

56.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_57. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 58. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 59. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_60. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

61. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_62. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 64. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_65. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

第二节 阅读短文，根据语篇要求填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

What is a hobby? A hobby is 66 activity that we enjoy doing in our free time. Different hobbies make our life colorful. People usually spend 67 much time on them. They can get lots of fun from their hobbies. I have hobbies, too. I used 68 collect coins when I was a little boy. I had many coins. There were also some stories about these coins. I often shared these stories 69 friends on weekends .But now I’m interested 70 sports. Doing sports can help keep healthy. And I can make new friends when I play sports.

五、补全对话（5小题，每小题2分，共10分）

根据下面的对话情景，在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子，使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hello!

B: Hello!71 ?

A: I'm sorry. Ann is out right now. Who's that?

B: This is Cindy speaking. 72 ?

A: She will come back at about 11:00 a. m.

B: I see.73 ?

A: Sure, go ahead.

B: Betty and I will go to the zoo to watch a panda show this afternoon. 74 .

If she would like to go with us, please tell her to get to the zoo at 3:00 p. m.

A: OK. Ann.75 .

B: Thanks so much. Goodbye!

A: Bye!

六、写作（20分）

第一部分 按题后要求完成句子（5分，每句1分）

76.I used to play football after school.(改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

77.My father used to read newspapers in the evening.(对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

78.more, for, read, necessary, is, books, to, it, us (连词成句)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

79.Must I finish it now?(作否定回答)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

80.I have been like this for a week.(对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

第二部分 书面表达 （15分）

每个人都会有自己的兴趣和爱好，人的兴趣爱好也会随时间的变化而变化。请根据下面表格的提示，写一篇80 个词左右的短文，介绍一下你和家人过去及现在的兴趣爱好。

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Family members** | **Hobbies** | |
| **In the past** | **Now** |
| father | watching TV | fishing |
| mother | reading books | scrapbooking |
| me | collecting stamps | playing ping-pong |