句容市第二中学2022-2023牛津英语九年级下册 Unit 1单元测试卷Name\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Scores\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. 单项选择（共15小题;每小题1分，计15分）

1.Nanjing, \_\_\_\_\_\_ capital city of Jiangsu Province, is \_\_\_\_\_ ancient city with a long history.

A. the; an B. a; the C. the; a D. /; the

2.While I was speaking, the boy in black \_\_\_his hand and asked me if the price of these books had \_\_ a lot.

A. rose, risen B, raised, risen C. rose, raised D. raised, raised

3. – Have you seen the CCTV news on TV? – Yes, \_\_ children had a good festival on the \_\_ Children’s Day.

A. billions of, sixty-one B. ten billions, sixtieth-one

C. billions of, sixty-first D. ten billion, sixtieth-first

4.*Diaoyu Island* is \_\_ the east of China, \_\_\_ the north-east of Taiwan Island and \_\_\_ the south-west of Japan.

A. in; in; in B. to; on; in C. on; to; in D. in; in; to

5. The magazine is \_\_\_\_\_\_reading, so he advised me \_\_\_\_\_\_ it.

A. well worth; to buy B. very worth; buying C. worthing , buying D. worthy, to buy

6. Your toys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_too much room. Please take them away.

A. take up B. take out C. take after D. take off

7.On the top of the hill\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an ancient tower \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was built 500 years ago.

A.ran, that B. stood, which C. lived, who D. lay, whom

8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_of his works were written in his\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. One-thirds; fifties B. One-third; fifty C. Three quarters; fifties D. Three quarters, fiftieth

9. The Great Wall runs \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_many forests \_\_\_\_\_\_\_northern China.

A. across, across B. through, through C. across, through D. through, across

10. She seldom eats candies, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, though she likes them very much.

A. does, Yes B. does, No C. doesn’t, Yes D. doesn’t , Yes

11.—What do you usually do at the weekend? —I \_\_\_\_\_ TV series about Anti-Japanese War(抗战).

A.used to watch B. was used to watching C. am used to watch D. get used to watching

12. He offered \_\_\_\_\_\_ valuable advice that \_\_\_\_\_ people disagreed.

A. such; a few B such; few C so; a few D so; few

13. It’s kind \_\_\_\_\_ them to donate money to UNICEF. They think it important \_\_\_\_\_ them to help poor

children go to school.

A. to; for B. for; of C. of; to D. of; for

14.Three quarters of the area \_\_\_\_\_ covered with wetland, and a quarter of the red-crowned cranes \_\_\_\_\_ living happily here.

A. is; is B. are; is C. is; are D. are; are

15. He asked me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. what did his mother tell his brother that evening B. how I discovered the power of the colour

C. whether the floor has been mopped by me D. that he could send the text message successfully

二、完型填空(共15小题，每小题1分，共15分)

A wise man was walking from one town to another with a few of his followers, and they happened to pass a lake. So they stopped there to 1 for a while, and the wise man said to one of his followers, “I am very 2 . Could you please get me some water from the lake?”

The follower walked to the 3 as the wise man requested. Some people were washing clothes in the water, and right at that moment, several bikes started crossing the lake. 4 , the water became very muddy（浑浊的） at once.

Then the follower 5 . He told the wise man that the water was very muddy and not 6 to drink.

After they had rested for about half an hour, the wise man again asked the 7 follower to go back to the lake and get him some water to drink. As requested, the follower went to the lake. This time he found that all the mud had gone down to the 8 . The water in the lake was very clear and looked fit to drink. So he 9 his water bottle and took it to the wise man.

The wise man took the water bottle and drank, then looked up at the follower. “See what you did to make the water 10 ?” he said. “You let it be for a 11 and the mud settled down on its own, 12 you could get some clear drinking water. Your mind can also be like that lake when it is 13 by something. If you just let it be and give 14 a little time, it will most likely settle down on its own 15 putting in any effort at all to calm it.”

So we should find some time to calm down when we are stressed or angry next time.

1. A. rest B. look C. watch D. see

2. A. hungry B. thirsty C. happy D. sad

3. A. lake B. town C. bottle D. bikes

4. A. However B. Instead C. In addition D. As a result

5. A. refused B. required C. returned D. replied

6. A. fit B. able C. important D. interesting

7. A. different B. same C. other D. left

8. A. top B. left C. bottom D. right

9. A. got B. finished C. reached D. filled

10. A. dirty B. clear C. fresh D. sweet

11. A. year B. month C. day D. while

12. A. so that B. even though C. because D. when

13. A. broken B. left C. disturbed(打扰) D. given

14. A. him B. it C. me D. us

15. A. without B. through C. after D. like

三、阅读理解（共10小题；每小题2分，满分20分）

**【A】**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **William Shakespeare** (1564--1616) | IMG_256 |
| * Born April 23,1564 in Stratford-Upon-Avon * Seven brothers and sisters; * Attended Grammar School from age 7 to 13. |
| * The greatest of all English writers * One of the greatest writers in world literature. * Generally considered as the greatest dramatist(剧作家)in human history and the supreme poet of the English language. | His creating career can be divided into 3 periods:   * (1590-1600)--the period of learning in play writing; * (1601-1608)--wrote great tragedies(悲剧), and the summit(顶峰)of his career; * (1609-1612)--created fewer works compared to the 2nd period. |
| His 4 great comedies:   * The Merchant of Venice * A Midsummer Night’s Dream * As You Like It * Twelfth Night | His 4 great tragedies:   * HAMLET (1601) * OTHELLO (1604) * KING LEAR (1605) * THE TRAGEDY OF MACHBETH (1605) |

1. What hasn’t been mentioned about William Shakespeare? He is a/an .

A. English writer B. great dramatist C. supreme poet D. musician

2. During which period did he create his famous great tragedies?

A. The first period B. The second period C. The third period D. We don’t know

3. In which year did he write two great tragedies in just a year?

A. In 1601 B. 1604 C. In 1605 D. In 1608

4. Which of the following is right about William Shakespeare?

1. He died in his fifties. B. He had seven brothers.

C.He was the greatest writers in novels. D. He had more works during the third period.

5. What is the best title of the passage?

A.The great tragedies of Shakespeare B.One of the greatest dramatists in human history

C.Three periods of Shakespeare’s creating career D.One of the greatest writers in world literature

**【B】**

For the past 33 years, I have looked in the mirror every morning and asked myself, "If today were the last day of my life, would I want to do what I am going to do today?"

About a year ago, I was terribly ill. The doctor said that it was almost a kind of cancer, and that I would live no longer than 3 to 6 months. My doctor advised me to go home and get my affairs(事务) in order, which is my doctor’s code for preparing to die.

I lived with that diagnosis(诊断) all day, not knowing what to do and feeling endless dark around me. Several days after that, I had another careful check in another hospital. They said it can be cured with an operation. I had the operation and I'm fine now.

 I was once so closest to death. To tell the truth, no one wants to die. Yet death is the one we all share in the end. No one has ever escaped(逃离) it.

Your time is so limited that you shouldn't waste it repeating someone else's life. Just live and enjoy the rest of your days. Don't let others control or change your own mind. And most importantly, have the courage to follow your heart. It knows what you truly want to become. Everything else is secondary.

6. The doctor advised the writer to go home and get his affairs in order because .

A. he had to rest at home B. his disease was not serious at all

C. his disease couldn't be cured D. he had to wait for the result of the test

7. When the writer was diagnosed with cancer at the beginning, .

A. he was very relaxed because everyone will die B. he felt it was hopeless and frightened

C. he didn't believe the result the doctor told him D. he was happy to accept the result

8. What was the writer’s attitude(态度) towards death in the end?

A. He thinks it is nothing to be afraid of. B. He thinks we can try to escape it.

C. He thinks it is impossible to avoid. D. He thinks it is the end of life.

9. According to the writer, we should \_\_\_\_\_.

A. repeat someone else's life B. pay no attention to diseases

C. take exercise and keep healthy  D. have the courage to follow our heart

10.The writer wrote the passage to let the readers .

A. be brave in face of cancer B. learn to live and enjoy every day

C. know a sad experience of his own D. know how he fought against his cancer

四、词汇运用（共20空；每空1分，满分20分）

1. Twenty-four emperors (皇帝)of the Ming and Qing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(朝代) used to live in the Forbidden City.

2.In the Summer Palace, a large Chinese garden set in the natural \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (景观).

3.Today, in most cities in our country, people can spend no money \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (租用) the public bicycles to ride around the city.

4.They climbed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (向上) along the steep steps around the village.

5.Guilin, on either side of Lijiang River, is in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (south) China.

6.Here is an old \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (say) “He who has never been to the Great Wall is not a true man”.

7.It’s quite cold here in winter. The lake which takes up three quarters of this area is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (freeze) throughout the winter.

8.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (tradition) clothes for Indian women are saris, which can be seen in Indian films.

9.The air in this city is not very clean, but I don’t think the pollution is as serious as I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (imagine).

10.You will find it quite difficult \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (reach) the top of the Great Wall in two hours.

11.While I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (walk) along the river, my mobile phone rang from my cousin Millie.

12. Unless it is fine this weekend, our spring field trip \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (cancel).

13.I find the notices which \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (hang) by you at the entrance missing.

14.This kind of medicine will lead to death if too much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(take).

15. Another new highway will be in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (serve) in my hometown next month.

16.No attention was paid to the girl that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (sit) in the corner of the classroom at that time.

17.Three quarters of the room where we often have parties \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (take) up by the piano.

18.The Great Wall is one of the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(wonderful) in the world.

19.The Summer Palace is one of the great tourist \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(attract) in the world.

20. We can experience the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(beautiful) of the Great Wall.

五、翻译句子。(每句2分，共10分)

1. 在科技的帮助下，电脑的价格越来越便宜。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the price of the computer is cheaper and cheaper.

1. 你知道中国人口有多少吗?

Do you know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

1. 他问南京市是否是江苏第二大城市。

He asks if \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Jiangsu province.

1. 印度是我们当时在亚洲参观的第二个国家。

India \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Asia at that time.

5. 我不知道那对外国夫妇何时习惯用筷子吃饭的。

I don’t know when the foreign couple\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

六、任务型阅读，每空一词。（共10小题，每空1.5分，共15分）

Body language sometimes speaks louder than words. Body language can tell you whether someone is interested or not, and whether someone is happy to see you or not. One of the most important things that body language can tell, however, is whether a person is lying or not. Here’s how you can determine whether someone is telling you the truth or not, based on body language alone.

The eyes are said to be the windows of the soul and one of the things that the little windows will show you is whether someone is honest or not. When you talk to people, you should look at their eyes and judge whether they are turning away from your close watch or not. People are usually subconsciously(潜意识地) uncomfortable when lying to the person that they are talking to. Besides lying, eyes that have a lot of movement usually show that the person is about to lie or that the person has told a lie.

People who lie often touch their noses and other parts of their faces. If you notice that your partner or someone talking to you unconsciously touches his nose, this probably means that he is lying. The reason why people touch their faces when they lie is that lying usually leads to an increase in blood circulation, and then an itch(痒) in the small blood vessels（血管）in the nose or in the cheeks will appear.

Another common body language suggestion that someone is lying is when a person crosses his arms. If the person crosses the arms, it means that the person is both being defensive and shutting himself off. People who are telling the truth will usually make an open gesture(姿态). They put the arms on the side to show that they are not hiding anything. Subconsciously, however, people will cross their arms when they are lying.

If you plan to use body language to determine whether someone is lying or not, make sure that you are focused and that you are looking in the face and the person’s body all at the same time.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Title | | How to Read Truth in 1 Language? |
| Theme | | You can tell whether what someone says is 2 or not by body language. |
| 3 | Eyes | ●When 4 to people, judge whether they are turning away when you closely watch  them.  ●The person perhaps tells lies if he looks away from your eyes or his eyes 5 a lot.[ |
| 6 | ●If people touch their noses or other parts of the face, they are probably 7 .  ●This is because lying usually 8 an itch in the blood vessels. |
| Crossed arms | ● 9 the arms has two meanings that the person is being defensive and shutting himself off.  ●People who are telling the truth will usually make an open gesture 10 the arms  on the side to show that they are not hiding anything. |

1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

七、首字母填空。（共10小题，每空1.5分，共15分）

You may not realize it, but you are doing much more than just studying when you are at school. School is a 1 the place where you learn to get along well with people. But this is not always easy. What can you do if you just don’t like one of your classmates?

If you d 2 that you have problems getting along with your classmates or friends, the most important thing to learn is tolerance(宽容). Tolerance is the ability to realize and respect the differences in others. We cannot change the w 3 that other people do, so it is important to learn to live h 4 with them.

Tolerance will make everyone get on better with each other. K 5 others constantly(不断地) makes us understand others’ differences.

Something different does not exactly mean that it is bad. Tolerance t 6 us to keep an even temper(温和的脾气) and an open mind.

You need to remember an old saying, “Treat others h 7 you want to be treated.” You would like to be treated kindly by your classmates, so it is important to treat them kindly too. If you tolerate something, it does not mean that you have to like it. No one is asking you to change who you are or what you believe in. Tolerance just means that you should respect the differences in others and not to try to make them c 8 .

It is important to practice tolerance, because it will make everybody’s life easier. Learn to a 9 people for their different abilities and interests. The world is very different, and practicing tolerance in your own school and city can help make things b 10 .

1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

八、书面表达（共1题，共15分）

班级黑板报本周的主题是亚洲。请根据下面的材料，写一篇80-100词的短文介绍中国的特别行政区——香港。 要求：

1. 覆盖要点，内学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！容充实；2. 标题和开头已经给出，不计入总词数。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Hong Kong | |
| Location | in the south of China |
| Area | about 1,070 square kilometres |
| Population | over 7 million |
| Currency | Hong Kong Dollars, RMB yuan widely used |
| Official languages | Chinese, English |
| Attractions | Hong Kong Disneyland: opened in 2005, it’s a paradise for children  Ocean Park: a must for families with children  *Victoria Bay* (维多利亚湾): famous for its night view |

**Hong Kong**

Hong Kong is called the Oriental Pearl by many people.

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参考答案

1. 单项选择

1~5 ABCDA 6~10 ABCDB 11~15 DBDCB

二、完形填空

1~5 ABADC 6~10 ABCDB 11~15 DACBA

三、阅读理解

1~5 DBCAD 6~10 CBCDB

四、词汇

1.dynasties 2.landscape 3.hiring 4.upwards 5.southern

6.saying 7.frozen 8.Traditional 9.imagined 10.to reach

11.was walking 12.will be cancel(l)ed 13.were playing 14.is taken 15.service

16.was sitting 17.is taken 18.wonders 19.attractions 20.beauty

五、翻译句子

1.With the help of science and technology 2.what the population of China is

3.Nanjing is the second largest city 4.was the second country we visited

5.got/were used to eating with chopsticks

六、任务型阅读

1.Body 2.true 3.Ways/Kinds/Suggestions 4.talking 5.move

6.Touching 7.lying 8.causes 9.Crossing 10.with/putting

七、首字母填空

1.also 2.discover 3.way(s) 4.happily 5.knowing

6.teaches/tells 7.how 8.change 9.accept 10.better

八、书面表达

**One possible version:**

**Hong Kong**

Hong Kong is called the Oriental Pearl by many people. It lies in the south of China. It is about 1,070 square kilometres in size, with over 7 million people living there. The currency in Hong Kong is Hong Kong Dollars, and RMB yuan is also widely used there. Its official languages are Chinese and English.

Hong Kong is a good place for tourists. Hong Kong Disneyland was opened in 2005 and has been the paradise for children since then. The Ocean Park is a must for families with children, too. And you can go to Victoria Bay to enjoy the amazing night view.