 **2022--2023学年 九上（人教新目标）Unit 10 单元综合评价测试题**

Class\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Number\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

总分：100分

1. 单项选择（15分）

( )1.Every morning, Mrs. Li\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_each child with a friendly”hello”.

1. covers B.greets C.compares D.provides

( )2. It’s impolite to point\_\_\_\_\_\_others\_\_\_\_\_\_your chopsticks when having meals.

1. to,at B.at, with C.out, by D.on, in

( )3. Winter is my favorite\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I enjoy making a snowman and skating with my friends.

1. season B.date C.week D.century

( )4.---It’s kind of you to go out of your way\_\_\_\_\_\_me at the station.

---It’s my pleasure.

1. met B.meeting C.to meet D.meet

( )5. The movie is too boring. I think it’s not worth\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. watch B.to watch C.watching D.watched

( )6. It’s a pity that all my classmates went to the zoo\_\_\_\_\_\_me.

1. beside B.except C.besides D.with

( )7. Soon the bowl was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and the little boy came over for a second bowl of rice.

1. full B.empty C.expensive D.cheap

( )8. In my opinion, parents should teach their children to\_\_\_\_\_\_properly in public places. For example, they should be quiet in the library.

1. behave B.disappear C.sense D.develop

( )9.Mr. Li gave us some\_\_\_\_\_\_on how to get on well with others.

1. choices B.results C.suggestions D.decisions

( )10. As we all know, you must get a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_if you want to go to a foreign country.

1. plate B.plane C.passage D.passport

( )11. Don’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_your sweater or you will catch a cold, because today is a bit cold.

1. go off B.take off C.clean off D.put off

( )12. ---You shouldn’t be too hard on these students. \_\_\_\_\_\_, they are kids.

---That’s right. I’ll give them more care.

1. Above all B.In total C.After all D.In fact

( )13. On his way home, he\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_his teacher’s home.

1. got off B.dropped by C.put up D.turned on

( )14. What \_\_\_\_\_\_you supposed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when you are invited to a dance party?

1. are, to wear B.do, to wear C.are, wearing D.have, to wear

( )15. You should avoid\_\_\_\_\_\_him the bad news. He can’t bear it now.

A.to tell B.tell C.told D.telling

1. 完形填空（15分）

Dear Linda，

How are things with you？I was quite glad to \_\_\_\_1\_\_\_ you by phone yesterday. As I told you，I am in Rome today. Let me tell you something about the places my friends and I have visited. We started in England and we \_\_\_2\_\_\_\_ two days in London and one day in Canterbury. We saw a lot of great history and the only bad thing was the\_\_\_\_3\_\_\_ — it rained all the time when we were there. Luckily，\_\_\_\_4\_\_\_ when we got to Paris，it was sunny! We \_\_\_5\_\_\_\_ stayed in the center of the city for one morning because my friends wanted to visit Paris Disneyland which is in the east of Paris.

Well，I have to say I \_\_\_\_6\_\_\_ American Disneyland. But in Paris Disneyland we met some nice \_\_\_7\_\_\_\_from Canada. One of them，Clive，will study in your university next year. Clive and his wife \_\_\_8\_\_\_\_us when we got to Germany by train. They went to Denmark but we went to Munich. After that，we went to Switzerland. Staying there was very \_\_\_9\_\_\_\_so we couldn't stay there for a long time. That's why we're in Italy now! OK，that's \_\_\_\_\_10\_\_\_ for today.

Best wishes to you! Please write back soon.

Yours，

Mike

( )1.A. talk with B. look for C. depend on D. drop by

( )2.A. forgot B. spent C. wasted D. disliked

( )3.A. plan B. guide C. weather D. traffic

( )4.A. over and over again B. at least C. in silence D. on the one hand

( )5.A. also B. sometimes C. always D. only

( )6.A. hate B. mean C. prefer D. fear

( )7.A. students B. couples C. actors D. people

( )8.A. educated B. left C. doubted D. met

( )9.A. easy B. comfortable C. expensive D. different

( )10.A. unbelievable B. all C. remaining D. fair

1. 阅读理解（20分）

A

Carl lost his job．He had so little money that he spent his days at home．He watched his neighbor's room，where an old professor lived．He found the rooms were full of antique（古董） furniture and vases．Carl thought，"Why haven't I got an old and valuable vase？I can sell it for a lot of money．"

Carl had an old gun．It had been his great grandfather's favorite thing a long time before．Carl didn't want to use the gun but he thought，"Anything could happen．"He wanted to hide the gun under his coat，but it was too long，so he cut the end off with a saw（锯子）．

Next morning he watched the professor leave home at 10 o'clock．Carl broke the window and entered the house．He didn't know much about arts．He couldn't choose．He reached his hands towards a big vase when he heard a noise．The front door opened and someone entered the house．It was the professor．He had forgotten to take an important document（文件）．Carl became so afraid that he pulled out the gun，"I haven't stolen anything．Just let me go away or I will shoot．"cried Carl．"With that gun？"asked the professor and he began to laugh．He wasn't afraid of Carl at all．

He said，"You can't shoot with that antique gun．Its place should be in a museum．"

"Is this really an antique gun？"asked Carl．"How much is it worth？"

"It was worth about 17，000 dollars，"said the professor，"But now you can get 10 dollars for it．"

"Why？"asked Carl．

The professor said，"Because its end is missing．"

( )1.Carl wanted to steal because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．he was interested in antique vases and furniture

B．he wanted to have fun

C．he lost his job and had little money

D．he hated his neighbour very much

( )2.He cut the end of the gun off because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．the gun was useless B．the gun was too long for him to hide

C．the end cost a lot of money D．the end of the gun was broken

( )3.Why did the professor come back？

A．He forgot to take a document． B．He was free that day．

C．He found something wrong in his house． D．He saw Carl enter his house．

( )4.Why wasn't the professor afraid of the gun？

A．He thought that Carl dared（敢） not shoot． B．He had a gun，too．

C．He knew it was an antique gun． D．He had called the police before．

( )5.This antique gun cost only ten dollars now because\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．the gun was not old enough B．the gun was too old

C．the gun was not a real antique gun D．Carl had cut off its end．

B

One day a rich boy bought a magic mirror (镜子). When he got home, he looked in the mirror. His face looked sad. He tried to smile and make funny faces, his face looked still sad. Then he did many happy things, but his face always looked sad. "Oh, what a terrible mirror! It doesn't work! " he said angrily.

The next day on his way to buy some chocolate, he saw a little girl crying sadly. The rich boy went up to her and asked what had happened. The little girl said she couldn't find her parents. "Don't worry. I'll help you," the rich boy said. So they went to look for them together. Finally they found her parents. hey were so thankful for his help. After the rich boy arrived home, he looked in the mirror as usual. To his surprise, his face looked very happy. The boy understood the magic of the mirror. The mirror could show the true feelings of its owner. This was true-the rich boy had helped that little girl so he felt really happy.

( )6. One day a rich boy bought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. a magic mirror B. a normal mirror C. a small mirror D. a magic book

( )7. The boy's face always looked \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the mirror on the first day.

A. happy B. sad C. terrible D. funny

( )8. On his way to buy some chocolate, the rich boy saw\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ crying sadly.

A. a little boy B. a little girl C. a little dog D. a little cat

( )9. Finally the rich boy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. lost his parents B. bought a new mirror

C. helped the little girl find her parents D. bought a mirror for the little girl

( )10. From the story we know the boy was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Brave B. foolish C. clever D. helpful

1. 任务型阅读（10分）

Learning the language of a country isn't enough. If you want to know the manners of your foreign friends, you will probably be surprised just how different they can be from your own.

A visitor to India should remember that people there are impolite（不礼貌）to use the left hand for passing food at table. The left hand is used for washing yourself. Also in India, you might see a man shaking his head at another to show that he is disagreeing（不同意）. But in many parts of India, a shake of the head means agreement. Nodding your head(点头)when you are given a drink in Bulgaria will most probably leave you thirsty. In that country, shaking head means“yes”, a nod to show“no”.

At a meal in countries on the Arabian Peninsula, you will find that your glass is repeatedly refilled as soon as you drink up. If you think you have had enough, you should take the glass in your hand and give it a little shake from side to side or place your hand over the top.

　　In Europe, it is quite common to cross your legs when you talk to someone, even at an important meeting. Doing this in Thailand, however, could bring about trouble. Also, you should try to avoid touching the head of an adult--it’s just not done in Thailand.

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| Manners and Customs in Some Countries | |
| Using the left hand | In India:  The left hand should be used to 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, not to pass food at table. |
| Shaking or nodding the 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | In Bulgaria:  A shake means “Yes”. A nod means”no”. |
| Shaking your cup slightly | In countries on the Arabian Peninsula:  It means you have drink enough. Placing your 3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_over the top has the same meaning. |
| Crossing your legs | In Europe: It’s quite common. |
| In 4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: It might cause trouble. |
| 5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_an adult’s head | People don’t do that in Thailand. |

1. 根据句意及汉语提示填写单词（5分）
2. The text tells us some\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(基本的)facts about Canada.
3. We are going to have a welcome party for the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(交换)students from London.
4. I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(敲)on the door but there was no answer.
5. The supermarket which is in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(北部的)part of the city is near my house.
6. There are four\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(季节)in a year. They are all wonderful, but I like autumn best.
7. 情景交际（10分）

A: You are so excited about leaving for Japan tomorrow, Dan!

B: Yeah, I am. But I’m a little nervous, too.

A: 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Well, for one thing, I don’t know how to use chopsticks very well, and I don’t know how to

behave at the dinner table.

A: Oh, I see. 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: Really? That would be great!

A: Let me see. 3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_It shows that you like the food.

B: Really? That’s interesting. But in the United States you can’t do that.

A: Yeah, I know. OK, here are some rules for using chopsticks: it’s rude to stick your chopsticks

into your food. 4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B: OK, I won’t.

A: And also, this isn’t about table manners exactly, but you should know that it’s rude to eat or

drink when walking down the street.

B: OK. 5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Thanks for helping me.

|  |
| --- |
| 1. And you shouldn’t point at anyone with your chopsticks. 2. Nervous about what? 3. I’ll go with you. 4. I will remember all the things you’ve told me. 5. I’d like to give you some advice. 6. One difference is that sometimes it’s polite to make noise when you’re eating. 7. That’s too interesting. |

1. 短文填空（10分）

|  |
| --- |
| greet, choose, visit, scarf, use, if, long, China, by, you |

Maybe it’s the first time that you have come to China and you haven’t visited a Chinese family before. 1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you are invited or wish to pay a visit to a Chinese family, what are you supposed to do? Here are some 2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_suggestions.

You should always arrive on time.

You should choose an appropriate time to visit. Avoid 3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_at others’ dining or resting time. The best time is the period after noon or supper.

1. 书面表达（15分）

请根据以下提示，介绍一下在美国家庭做客时应该注意的一些事项，80词左右。

提示：1.买一件小礼物，比如一个漂亮的杯子、一束花等；

2.准时到达主人家里，不要提前也不要迟到。

3.用餐时应该称赞饭菜的味道好，主人的厨艺高等；

4.不要在主人家里待太久，跟主人告别时要致谢。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

参考答案

1. 单项选择（15分）

BBACC BBACD BCBAD

二、完形填空（15分）

ABCBD CDBCB

1. 阅读理解（20分）

1---5 CBACD 6---10 ABBCD

四、任务型阅读（10分）

1.wash oneself 2.head 3.hand 4.Thailand 5.Touching

五、根据句意及汉语提示填写单词（5分）

1.basic 2.exchange 3.knocked 4.northern 5.seasons

六、情景交际（10分）

BEFAD

1. 短文填空（10分）
2. If 2.useful 3.visiting 4.scarf 5.chosen

6.to greet 7.by 8.yourself 9.Chinese 10.longer

八、书面表达（15分）

When you are invited to an American family, do remember the following rules: First, you’re supposed to bring the host a small gift, for example, a nice cup or some beautiful flowers. Second, please arrive on time. You’re not supposed to be there too early or too late. Both are impolite. Third, while eating ,you should say something good about the dishes or the host’s cooking skills. Finally, don’t stay too long there. When you say goodbye, don’t forget to thank the family for their invitation again.

So learn as many different manners as you can and you will be welcome wherever you go.