

2023 届初中毕业班第一次教学质量抽测 九年级英语试题

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第一部分 听力(共四大题,满分 20 分)

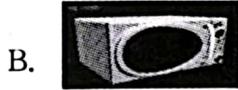
I. 短对话理解(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

你将听到五段对话,每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

1. How does Gina learn English?



2. What are they talking about?



3. What was the umbrella mainly used for in ancient China?

- A. Keeping people away from the sun.
- B. Keeping people away from the wind.
- C. Keeping people away from the rain.

4. What's true about the boy?

- A. He relaxed himself yesterday.
- B. He left school yesterday.
- C. He wore his father's shirt by mistake.

5. What will the woman probably do next?

- A. Go with the man.
- B. Ask the policeman for help.
- C. Go to the post office.

II. 长对话理解(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

你将听到两段对话,每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。听下面一段对话,回答第 6 至 7 小题。

6. Why wasn't Jim happy?

- A. Because he got to school late.
- B. Because he thought he failed in the English test.
- C. Because Jack laughed at him.

7. What is the date today?

- A. April 1.
- B. May 1.
- C. June 1.

听下面一段对话,回答第 8 至 10 小题。

8. How do children travel in China?

- A. They travel somewhere alone.
- B. They don't like traveling.
- C. They travel with their parents.

9. Do children in America have to travel with their parents?

- A. Yes, they do.
- B. No, they don't.
- C. We don't know.

10. What can children in America do when they travel?

- A. Learn skills and make new friends.
- B. Go sightseeing.
- C. Learn English.



27. -Did Alice tell you _____ to get to the station?
-Yes, she said we would meet there at ten.
A. how B. when C. where D. what
28. -To save energy, we should _____ the electricity when we don't use it.
-I agree, you are really a greener person.
A. put off B. shut off C. keep off D. take off
29. -Whose guitar is this ?
-It _____ Alice. She plays the guitar.
A. can't belong to B. might be C. might belong to D. must be
30. -Can you read the sign , sir ? No smoking is allowed in the lift !
- _____ .
A. Never mind B. Don't mention it
C. Sure, I don't smoke D. Pardon me

VI. 完形填空 (共 20 题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的 ABCD 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Twenty years ago, our teacher taught us the last lesson we've never forgotten. As she held up a glass of 31 over her head, everyone thought she would talk about the common "glass half empty or glass half full" lesson. 32, with a smile on her face, our teacher asked, "How 33 is this glass of water I'm holding?"

All of us felt surprised and the answers were from one ounce (about 28 克) to a few 34.

After a few moments, she 35, "In fact, the weight of this glass of water is not important. It all depends on 36 I hold it. If I hold it for a minute or two, it's quite light. If I hold it for an hour, I might feel really tired. If I hold it for a day, my arm will be unable to stand it, making me drop the glass to the floor. The weight of the glass of water doesn't 37, but the longer I hold it, the heavier it feels to me."

As most of us agreed, she said, "38 worries and problems are very much like this glass of water. Think about them for a little while and 39 happens. Think about them a bit longer and you begin to feel bad. Think about them all day long, and you will feel you are weak. You can't do anything else until you 40 them."

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 31. A. milk | B. tea | C. water | D. coffee |
| 32. A. So | B. And | C. However | D. Because |
| 33. A. special | B. heavy | C. useful | D. clear |
| 34. A. tons | B. miles | C. meters | D. pounds |
| 35. A. asked | B. answered | C. discussed | D. advised |
| 36. A. how long | B. how often | C. how soon | D. how much |
| 37. A. change | B. leave | C. reach | D. share |
| 38. A. Our | B. Their | C. My | D. Your |
| 39. A. anything | B. nothing | C. everything | D. something |
| 40. A. have | B. break | C. cover | D. drop |

B

Mike was reading in the garden when his mother came. She pointed to something and asked Mike what it was. Mike felt quite 41, but he told her it was a sparrow (麻雀) and got back into reading.

Several minutes later, his mother pointed to the same sparrow and asked the same question again. Mike got a little angry but 42 answered her question. After a little



while, his mother did the same thing once more. This time Mike could not 43 his anger. He shouted at her 44 for disturbing(打扰) him again and again.

The old lady silently 45 an old diary, turned to a page and showed it to Mike. Though a little impatient(不耐烦的), Mike began to read it.

"Today, I was watering the flowers in the garden when little Mike pointed to a 46 on the grass and asked me what it was. I 47 at him, said it was a sparrow and kissed him. After a while Mike asked me again and I did the same. Pointing to the same sparrow, little Mike asked me what it was twenty times and I 48 answering his question and kissing him every time."

Something softly touched Mike's 49. His face turned red and 50 being so impatient to his mother and he hugged her tight(紧紧地).

Your parents have given you many things in their lifetime, but you may not realize that until they are gone.

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------|---------------|----------------|
| 41. A. angry | B. relaxed | C. surprised | D. worried |
| 42. A. always | B. still | C. already | D. seldom |
| 43. A. show | B. leave | C. control | D. discover |
| 44. A. patiently | B. slowly | C. softly | D. impolitely |
| 45. A. took out | B. set out | C. put out | D. looked out |
| 46. A. fox | B. frog | C. bird | D. rabbit |
| 47. A. threw | B. smiled | C. shouted | D. laughed |
| 48. A. put on | B. kept on | C. tried on | D. depended on |
| 49. A. face | B. mouth | C. shoulder | D. heart |
| 50. A. regretted | B. forgot | C. remembered | D. tried |

第三部分 阅读理解(共两大题,满分 45 分)

VII. 补全对话(5 小题;每题 1 分,满分 5 分)

根据对话内容,从方框的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

A: Hello!

B: 51

A: Well, would you please give me some advice on how to remember English words?

B: 52 In fact, I learn English words by heart.

A: 53

B: First of all, it is necessary for you to have a good habit of remembering them.

A: 54

B: No, you don't need to. Try to learn by heart a few new words each day, follow the rules of pronunciation and you will finish remembering all of them in one week.

B: 55 I'll try my best. Bye!

A: OK, bye-bye.

- | |
|--|
| A. Sure, I'd love to. |
| B. Hi, John. It's Marry. So, what's up? |
| C. How can you do that? |
| D. Thank you for your good advice. |
| E. Of course, you are right. |
| F. Do I need to remember the words in each unit all at once? |
| G. Oh, that was a good idea. |



VIII. 阅读理解(共 20 小题,每小题 2 分,满分 40 分)

阅读下列短文,从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

A

Do you know how to cook, clean or grow plants? If not, you will know soon. These will all be part of Chinese public education.

A new standard (标准) for labor (劳动) education recently came out. Students in primary and middle school will have at least one class a week to try and experience different kinds of labor and learn different life skills and even job skills. The standard includes different tasks for each grade.

This move is to enrich Chinese students' life and build their character through labor. Chinese school education didn't pay enough attention to this in the past. According to a 2019 report, Chinese kids only do 12 minutes of practical activity each day, while US kids do 1.2 hours each day, China Daily reported.

The standard also calls on families to take part in students' labor education. In addition to household skills, students will have a chance to try new technologies.

56. According to Paragraph 2, what change is coming for students in primary and middle school?

- A. They will have classes on weekends.
- B. They will learn basic life skills at school.
- C. They will cook their own lunches at school.
- D. They will write their own learning standards.

57. What might the underlined word "enrich" in Paragraph 3 mean?

- A. save
- B. record
- C. believe
- D. improve

58. What does the 2019 report mean?

- A. American education is better than Chinese.
- B. Chinese labor education is not good enough.
- C. Chinese kids isn't good at practical activity.
- D. The report of China Daily is not true.

B

Last year, I went to Italy as an exchange student. Before leaving, I asked my mother what gifts I should take to the teachers and the students there. Mom said that the Chinese fan was a good choice, for China is praised as "the Fan Kingdom". I couldn't agree more, because it is more than a tool for cooling. It's also an important part of Chinese culture.

I went shopping and bought three kinds of Chinese fans. The first kind was the feather (羽毛) fan for the teachers, which was made of bird feathers. It was the symbol of Zhuge Liang, a very smart man in ancient China. The fans I bought for the girls were silk fans. They were also called "round silk fans". Fans of this kind were made of silk with paintings of beautiful women, birds or flowers. They were very popular with women of all ages. As for the boys, I picked the folding fans from Rongchang, a place in the west of Chongqing. The folding fans were made of paper and bamboo and there were great paintings and calligraphy (书法) on them.

At the welcome party in Italy, my new teachers and classmates were all excited to get the wonderful fans. And they were even more excited after learning about the stories and culture behind them.

59. Where did the writer study last year?

- A. In China.
- B. In India.
- C. In America.
- D. In Italy.



60. What were the folding fans made of?
 A. cloth and bamboo. B. silk and stick.
 C. paper and bamboo. D. silk and bamboo.
61. What can we know from the text?
 A. Chinese fans are an important part of Chinese culture.
 B. The writer likes Chongqing very much.
 C. The writer's teachers and classmates are hard-working.
 D. Chinese fans are popular in Europe.
62. The writer wrote this passage in a _____ tone (语气).
 A. humorous B. surprising C. serious D. proud

C

What is the Men's World Cup? The Men's World Cup is an international football tournament(联赛) for male football teams that takes place every four years. The first official Men's World Cup was held in 1930, in Uruguay and the tournament has only been cancelled twice, which was due to the Second World War.

Different countries take it in turns to host the Men's World Cup. The last Men's World Cup was held in Russia in 2018 and was won by France. This year's tournament has been held in Qatar and between November 20th and December 18th. Traditionally, the Men's World Cup is held during the summer, however, due to the extreme(极端) heat in Qatar during these months, the tournament has been moved to the winter. It is the first time during a Men's World Cup where there are some women referees(裁判).

63. How often does the World Cup take place?
 A. Every two years B. Every three years C. Every four years D. Every five years
64. Where was the first World Cup held?
 A. In France B. In Qatar C. In Russia D. In Uruguay
65. According to the passage, which statement is TRUE?
 A. Traditionally, the Men's World Cup takes places during the winter.
 B. There were once women referees showing up during the Men's World Cup before this tournament.
 C. This tournament has been moved to the winter because of the hot weather in Qatar.
 D. The country that hosts the the Men's World Cup is the same every time.

D

Because of the outbreak (疫情), many people look for fun online. Watching livestreaming (直播的) shows has become part of their lives. At the same time, traditional culture has found a bigger stage (舞台) online. Many traditional artists are starting to livestream, like Douyin and Bilibili. Some of them sing Peking Opera, some show their folk handcrafts(民间手工艺), while others perform Chinese classical music. A growing number of young people are starting to become more interested in traditional culture because of livestreaming.

Li Ju is a Peking Opera performer with the Shanghai Jingju Theater Company. After the outbreak, the 59-year-old took up his smartphone and started livestreaming. Unlike performing on a formal (正式的) stage, Li uses ordinary(普通的) places as his stage, including his backyard and study room. Apart from singing, Li also teaches viewers (观看者) about Peking Opera. People can ask him questions and get answers directly.

"Livestreaming has brought this beautiful art down to earth." one viewer said. "It gives young people an easier access(途径) to this traditional art and learn more about it." Li has more than 6000 fans on Douyin, while one of his videos got 42,000 views on Bilibili.

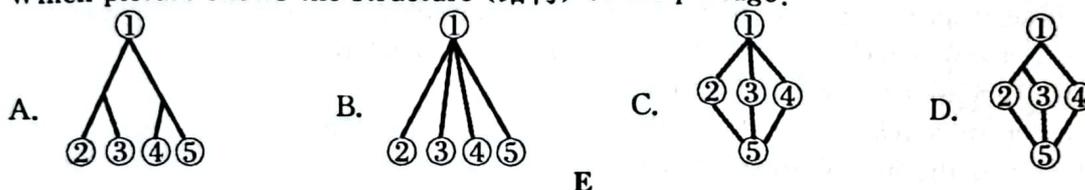
On March 26th, 2020, Bilibili livestreamed a huafu show on the third China Huafu Day (中国华服日). Performers presented(推出) clothes in traditional Chinese styles, including



those from Wei, Tang and Ming dynasties. During the show, viewers not only enjoyed looking at the clothes, but also watched how performers used ancient styles of make-up(古代化妆术).

As *Guangming Daily* noted, livestreaming has come to a new stage through which traditional culture can be kept alive.

66. In the second paragraph, the writer mentioned Li Jun in order to _____.
- A. give an example of traditional culture livestreaming
 B. ask young people to learn from Li Jun
 C. tell young people to learn Peking Opera
 D. ask young people to enjoy Li Jun's livestreaming
67. Livestreaming is a new stage to _____ according to this passage.
- A. look for fun during the outbreak
 B. keep traditional culture alive
 C. sing and watch easily and freely
 D. ask questions and get answers directly
68. Which of the following is true according to the passage?
- A. Many traditional artists are starting to sell folk handicrafts on Douyin and Bilibili.
 B. More people have interest in traditional culture with the help of livestreaming.
 C. Peking Opera performer Li Jun has more than 42,000 fans on Douyin.
 D. Performers presented Chinese classical music in the Huafu show.
69. Which picture shows the structure (结构) of the passage?



Last summer, Maria and her mother moved from their house in the countryside to a flat building in Chicago. Maria really liked some things about the city, but she missed her house and yard in the countryside.

One day, Maria was in her flat building when she noticed her neighbor, Mrs. Garcia, carrying a gardening tool and a bag of soil(泥土). Maria wondered how Mrs. Garcia was able to garden in the city.

"My mom used to grow the most delicious vegetables, and I know she misses her garden now that we don't have a yard," said Maria.

Mrs. Garcia laughed. "I'll show you," she said.

Maria thought that Mrs. Garcia would take her to the park, but she took her to the roof(屋顶). When the door opened, Maria was surprised to see rows of flowers and vegetables on the roof.

"What a wonderful garden!" said Maria.

Mrs. Garcia told Maria that for a long time the roof was just an empty space. Then some of the people in the building asked the owners to turn it into a community garden. The building owners liked the idea because the plants not only helped to keep the air clean, but they also helped to keep the building cooler during warmer weather.

"I plant flowers in my own place," Mrs. Garcia said, "but you would be surprised by how different the plants are up here. Some people grow vegetables just like your mom. You can do some of the same things in the city as in the countryside. You just have to be creative!"

70. Which of the following is NOT the advantage(优势) of the community garden?
- A. It used the empty space well.
 B. It helped keep the air clean.
 C. It made the building stronger.
 D. It helped keep the building cooler



71. After Maria visited the garden, she would most probably ask her mom to _____.
- A. go back to the countryside B. grow vegetables on the roof
C. pick flowers from the garden D. show her around the park
72. What is the best title for this passage?
A. A Creative girl B. A Special Building C. An Empty Roof D. A Rooftop Garden

阅读下文短文,并用英语回答问题(请注意每小题后面的词数要求)。

F

When I was in the 4th grade, I got to take a trip to the moon. I remember the day like it was yesterday. It was one of the strangest experiences I had ever had.

It all started when Miss Fritz, our science teacher, was showing a video of solar system (太阳系) and different planets. Suddenly I noticed a shiny disc (亮盘) lying on the floor. I kept trying to pay attention to the video, but I found myself reaching over to pick up the disc.

As soon as I touched it, something strange happened. I wasn't in the classroom anymore. I was flying in the air! I was a little nervous, but also very excited. Soon I was standing on the moon. It was amazing! It looked very different from the earth. No trees, water, or houses. There wasn't even any wind. Later I saw a flag. On the flag were the words, "To return to the earth, close your eyes."

I knew it might get dark soon and I didn't want to be on the moon by myself. So I decided to close my eyes. When I opened my eyes, I was still in my science classroom. Miss Fritz was turning on the lights because the video was over. I sat there wondering what had just happened. I looked around to look for the disc, but it was gone! Did I really take a trip to the moon or was it just a dream?

73. What subject did Miss Fritz teach? (不超过 5 个词)

74. What did the writer see on the moon? (不超过 5 个词)

75. Where was the writer when he opened his eyes? (不超过 10 个词)

第四部分 写(共两大题,满分 25 分)

IX. 单词拼写(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

根据首字母及汉语提示,完成下列单词的拼写,使句意明确,语言通顺。

76. They have both behaved b _____ (差) and I am very disappointed.
77. The manager has got a good business s _____ (感觉), so the company is doing well.
78. We v _____ (重视) your help and kindness very much.
79. They keep their way of life l _____ (生气勃勃的) and they have a lot of energy.
80. The workers were d _____ (划分) into two groups to finish the work.

X. 书面表达(满分 20 分)

音乐是另一种语言,在不同的场合会带给我们不同的感受.有的同学认为在写作业时听音乐可以让我们愉悦心情、放松身体、清醒头脑;也有一些同学认为这样做会影响思路、感到困倦、浪费时间...请你围绕“中学生该不该写作业时听音乐”这一话题,展开思路谈谈你的感想。

要求:1. 请根据所提供的信息材料和话题(不要逐句翻译),写出结构完整、条理清晰、论据充分、语法准确、语言丰富优美、可读性强的短文。

2. 至少 80 词。开头已给,不计入词数。

3. 不得使用真实姓名,地名,学校名。

Can we listen to music when doing homework?

Life is boring without music. _____

