2022—2023学年度第二学期学情练习（第3周）

九年级英语卷

**一．语法选择。**（每小题1分，共10分）

请通读下面短文，掌握其大意，根据语法和上下文连贯的要求，从每小题3个选项中选出一个最佳的答案，并将答题卡对应题目所选的选项涂黑。

A few years ago, a little horse named Molly was badly hurt. Her owner Kaye Harris took her to an animal hospital. Doctors tried their best \_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_ Molly’s life, but they had to take her bad leg away.

At first, doctors thought Molly would lose heart to live like before. \_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_ Molly changed their minds soon. Doctors noticed that Molly tried to control her weight and rested her good leg from time to time. \_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_ little horse had surprising ability to learn and she wanted to live.

Several \_\_\_\_4\_\_\_\_ decided to do an operation（手术）on Molly and made a man-made leg for her. At the bottom of the leg, there was a special horseshoe \_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_ a stamp of a smile face. After the operation, Molly walked around on all four legs, as if nothing had ever happened to \_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_. Wherever Molly went, she left her mark. Her mark was a smile which \_\_\_\_7\_\_\_\_ into the ground by the horseshoe.

Kaye Harris took Molly to the center with children who had man-made legs like Molly. Unlike Molly, they felt so down. Molly made them smile and gave them hope. \_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_ encouraging model she was! Since then, Molly \_\_\_\_9\_\_\_\_ a symbol of hope for people of all ages. Her story leaves a smile on people’s faces, as \_\_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_\_ as her horseshoe leaves a mark into the ground.

A smile costs nothing, but gives much, so keep smiling to everything.

1. A. saved B. to save C. saving

2. A. Because B. So C. But

3. A. The B. A C. An

4. A. doctor B. doctors C. doctor’s

5. A. on B. in C. with

6. A. her B. hers C. herself

7. A. stamped B. is stamped C. was stamped

8. A. How B. What a C. What an

9. A. was becoming B. has become C. became

10. A. clear B. more clearly C. clearly

**二、完形填空**（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

通读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后在每小题所给的四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。并将答题卡对应题目所选的选项涂黑。

Young people are often unhappy when they are with their parents. They    11     that their parents don't understand them. They often think their parents are too strict with them, and they are never given a    12     hand. It seems to them that most of their time is managed by their parents.

Parents often find it    13     to win their children's trust and they seem to forget how they themselves felt when they were young. For example, young people like to do things without much thinking. It's probably one of their ways to     14   that they have grown up and they can 15 any difficult things. Older people worry more easily. Most of them plan things ahead and don't like their plans to be changed .

Young people often make their parents angry by clothes they want, the music they enjoy and something else.   16    , they don't want to cause any trouble. They just feel that in  this way, they can be cut off from the old people's world and want to make a new culture of their own. They can also learn to be    17  . And if their parents don't like their music, clothes or their    18    of speech, the young people will feel very happy.

If you plan to control your    19    , you'd better win your parents over and try to get them to understand you. If your parents see that you have high sense of responsibility (责任感), they will certainly    20  you the right to do what  you want to do.

11.A. remember                B. hope                     C. say                         D. know

12. A. careful                    B. useful                  C. free                    D. strong

13. A. happy                    B. different              C. easy                        D. difficult

14. A. learn                       B. show                     C. find                    D. see

15. A. deal with B. set up C. throw away D. put up

16. A. Suddenly                B. Actually               C. Nearly                D. Unluckily

17. A. impossible              B. independent           C.important             D. beautiful

18. A. patience                  B. importance             C. name                  D. manner

19. A. life                         B. work                  C. study                  D. health

20. A. pay                         B. sell                    C. give            D. help

**三．阅读理解**（本大题共15小题，每小题2分，共30分）

请阅读A、B两篇短文，从每小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案，并将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。

**A**

|  |
| --- |
| **Come on! Get in Style!**  Do you want to get some styling tips to make yourself look bright and pleasant? Come and join us in the Styling Club to make yourself different!  **What will you learn?**  ●basic hair-care and skin-care tips  ●make-up (化妆) and hair styling skills  ●dressing tips for special occasions (场合)  Stylist Ms. Janice Smith will teach the members the skill above. You may become more confident with your look. At the same time, you will also have chances to help with the makeup and styling for school activities like fashion shows and New Year’s parties.  **When and where do we meet?**  Our members meet from 2:30 pm to 4:40 pm every Saturday in the Student ActivityCenter.  **How can you be a member?**  Students who want to join the club should visit our school website to sign up before September 15th. There are only 20 places. First come, first served!  **What is the cost?**  Each member needs to pay $50 for styling products.  **How can you get more information?**  For further information, you can email Karen (karen@ks.edu.com). She will be happy to answer all your questions. |

21. Which of the following will the members learn in the club?

A. Making dresses. B. Sending emails. C. Visiting websites. D. Dressing properly.

22. How long can the members in the club meet a week?

A. Over two hours. B. An hour and a half. C. two hours. D. Nearly three hours.

23. What will Janice Smith do in the club?

A. Teach the members. B. Organize fashion shows.

C. Help the students join the club. D. Introduce the club to the students.

24. What should you do if you want to know more about the club?

A. Make a phone call. B. Have a talk with Ms. Smith.

C. Visit the school website. D. Send an email.

25. What kind of text is this?

A . report. B. A notice. C. An ad. D. A letter.

B

There are lots of things that are good for your brain. Reading, for example, helps your brain to grow and work better. Solving puzzles(拼图) can help, too. Scientists now find out another way of bringing health to brains: exercising.

Babies need exercise for their brains to fully grow. Meanwhile, exercise improves children's attention and helps them do better at school. In the elderly, exercise can help to keep their minds **sharp**．They can notice or understand things quickly. Exercise also promotes(促进) blood flowing to the brain. The brain needs oxygen(氧气) from blood. Without oxygen, the brain would stop working.

Babies do not have to try to exercise. They are almost always moving. Developing new skills like sitting, standing, walking, running and jumping forces their brains to grow.

As children get older, exercise is still important for the brains. Scientists did an experiment. They found two groups of children between 7 and 9 years old. One group exercised for an hour after school. The other group did not. Scientists then gave both groups a number of brain tests. The kids who had exercised were quicker to learn than those who had not exercised.

Finally, exercise helps adults think quickly. The older people become, the smaller parts of the brain they will get. This can make it harder for old people to remember things. For example，grown­ups who exercised for 30 minutes, five times a week did better on brain tests than grown­ups who did not exercise as much.

Exercise is also good for the patients suffering from Alzheimer's disease(阿尔茨海默症)，which harms the brain and causes people to lose their memories.

1. If you want to do something good for your brain, you can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．read books　　　B．exercise　 C．solve puzzles　　 D．do all above

27. The underlined word “**sharp**” in this passage means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in English.

A．wide　 B．quick　 C．old　 D．tired

28. Babies do not have to try to exercise because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. their brains have fully grown　 B. they need to keep their minds clear

C. heir brains don't need oxygen from blood　 D. they move a lot when learning new skills

29. From this passage, we can know\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. exercise helps children learn quicker

B. the older people become, the easier to remember things

C. adults who exercise do worse on brain tests

D. exercise can't help patients with Alzheimer's disease

30. Which can be the main idea of this passage?

A. Exercise is good for health.　 B. The importance of a healthy brain.

C. Exercise helps bring health to the brains.

D. Different ways of keeping the brains healthy.

C

左栏是五个人对不同的游学要求，右栏是游学广告。请根据每个人的情况，为他们选择合适的游学广告进行配对。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 31． Frank expects to experience Asian culture and visit top places of interest. He also likes delicious Chinese food, but he cannot speak any Asian language.  32． Zhang Yang hopes to visit an English-speaking country to practice English and learn about western culture. She prefers to live with a host family.  33． Tracy is interested in youth culture. She is fond of a tour which can offer a chance for her to communicate with teenagers and practice conversational skills.  34． Paul is dreaming of going to an art college. He has a two-week holiday and he's looking for a study tour to great museums. He also shows great interest in historical cities.  35． Peng Liang feels like experiencing western culture and lifestyle. At the same time, he loves soccer and looks forward to improving his soccer skills. | A．Students on study tours can experience Australian culture and lifestyles. The program provides students with a chance to develop their soccer skills, learn together and make friends with Australian students.  B．Students in our study tour will visit top Chinese universities. You can practice your Chinese with Chinese students freely. Besides, you can enjoy delicious Chinese food and experience Chinese food culture.  C．This 12 day study tour helps you learn about Rome's history and art. You may be interested in the best museums in Rome. You can also enjoy longer walking tours of historical cities so that you return home with happy memories.  D．Join in our home stay program in Canada! It will bring you a chance to learn about the history and culture of the Canada. During this 15-day study tour, you can experience Canadian school life and improve your oral English as well.  E.Beijing study tours offer you an experience in Chinese culture, from a Kung Fu show to a Peking duck dinner and a visit to the Great Wall. During a tour, you can go around this city with an English speaking guide.  F.Language classes and cultural activities with locals are offered. You can practice your conversational skills in a language lesson that is about youth culture by meeting local Japanese students and compare teenage life.  G.The Educators' Study Tour to Japan is open to middle and high school educators. We provide you home stay with families and school visits. The tour helps you have a better understanding of Japan's education system. |

**四．短文填空。**（本大题共10小题，每小题1. 5分，共15分）

请阅读下面短文，在所给的每个空格中填入一个形式正确、意义相符的单词，并将答案写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。

Barry is a middle-aged man 36\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is going through a very difficult time in his life. His wife died a few days ago. Barry was so 37\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that he even closed his company.

His friends and family tried to encourage him to start doing new things and enjoy life., but they 38\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. One day, Barry’s neighbor, a very old woman named Gertrude, asked 39\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to come closer and said, “Barry, look at this fence. It is falling apart. You are free now. Would you like to 40\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it for me?” Barry was angry. She knew the situation he was in. However, he knew she was 41\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ old to fix the fence by herself, so he agreed. When he finished, she was very thankful. Barry smiled for the first time in months.

“Wonderful! But could you paint it for me?” asked Gertrude. Barry couldn’t believe she was 42\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for more help. He respected her so much, 43\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he agreed.

Over the next few weeks, Gertrude kept giving Barry 44\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. He repaired her door and even made some wooden furniture for her. All the neighbors passed by and told Barry what 45\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ beautiful job he had done. Barry no longer felt that life was hopeless. He finally realized that she was really wise. She knew that sadness would be eased by simply getting busy with something.

**五、读写综合**（本大题分为A、B两部分，共25分）

A.回答问题（本题共5小题，每小题2分，共10分）

请阅读下面短文，根据所提供的信息，回答5个问题，要求所写答案语法正确，语义完整切题，并把答案写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。

|  |
| --- |
| Around us most people are kind-hearted and want to give someone a helping hand. Here are the moments that can be remembered forever. |
| (From Mrs. Wang, Guizhou) On May 1st, when I was on my way back to my hometown, I lost my purse. I was told over the train’s loudspeaker (广播), a kind girl who worked on the train lent me some money. I went back to the railway station and got my purse. I am still thankful to the girl and the person who found my purse. |
| (From Scott, Guangzhou) When I was a little boy, I went fishing with my elder sister one summer afternoon. Suddenly I slipped (滑入) into the river. The next thing that I can remember is my father holding me in the hospital. Today I still don’t know who saved me from that river. From then on, I decided to help other people whenever I can. |
| (From Tina, Shenzhen) One of my neighbors is an old man who cannot hear anything. He recycled the waste to make a living. Our other neighbors don’t like this. But in my opinion, it’s his way to support his family. Last Sunday, after I cleaned my house, I found nothing outside but a note. It says, “I have thrown away your rubbish. You are a nice girl. Thanks!” |

46．What happened to Mrs. Wang on her way back to her hometown?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

47．Why is Mrs. Wang thankful to the girl who worked on the train?

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48．Where did Scott slip when he was fishing with his elder sister?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

49．How does Tina’s neighbor make a living?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

50．Who might help Tina throw away her rubbish?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B.书面表达。

“友善（kindness）”是社会主义核心价值观个人层面的价值标准之一。在现实的学习、生活和工作中，我们应学会友善待人。假如你是Li Ming，写一篇英文演讲稿。内容应包括：

1. 你对友善的看法，并简要介绍你所遇到的某一个善人及其所做的善事；

2. 在生活中我们应该怎样做一个友善的人？

3. 呼吁同学们都学会友善对待他人，与人和睦共处。

作文要求：1. 不能照抄原文；不得在作文中出现学校真实的名称、老师和学生的真实姓名。

2. 语句连贯，词数80个左右。作文的开头已经给出，不计入总词数。

Good afternoon,

Today I am going to talk something about kindness.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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九年级英语参考答案

一．语法选择。

1-5：BCABC 6-10：ACCBC

二．完形填空。

11-15：CCDBA 16-20：BBDAC

三．阅读理解。

21-35：DAADC 36-40：DBDAC 41-45：EDFCA

四．短文填空。

36. who/that 37.sad 38.failed 39.him 40.fix/repair

41.too 42.asking 43.so 44.jobs/work 45.a

五．读写综合。

46．She lost her purse.

47．Because she lent Mrs. Wang some money.

48．Into the river.

49．By recycling the waste.

50．The old man.

 作文：

Good afternoon,

Today I am going to talk something about kindness. Being kind is an important way of bringing joy to others. Last Friday, when I reached home, I couldn’t get into my house. Because of my carelessness, I lost my keys. What was worse, my mother wasn’t in. At that time, my neighbor Aunt Li, passed by and asked me what happened. Then she invited me to her house to wait, and offered me a delicious meal. I felt grateful for her.

I think all of us should learn to be kind. When we see others in trouble, we should give them a hand and help them out. My dear friends, let’s learn to be kind and get on well with others.

That’s all. Thank you.