德清县2022学年第一学期期末调研测试试题卷

**八年级英语**

考生须知：

1.全卷分试题卷和答题卷两部分。试题卷共8页，答题卷共2页。全卷满分100分，考试时间为100分钟。

2.试题卷分卷I和卷II两部分。卷I中试题（1-43小题）的答案涂在答题卷上，卷II中试题的答案写在答题卷相应的位置上，写在试题卷上无效。

卷 **I**

**说明：本卷共三大题，43 小题，满分 61 分**

**一、听力**（本题有 15 小题，其中 1-10 小题每题 1 分，11-15 小题每题 2 分，共 20 分）

**注意：听力共分三节。答题时，请先将答案标在试卷上，听力部分结束后，请将答案转涂到客观题答题卷上。听每段对话或独白前，你都有五秒钟的时间阅读这一小题，听完后你将有五秒钟的时间回答这一小题。**

第一节：听下面五段对话，每段对话后有 1 个小题，请从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的选项。每段对话仅读一遍。

1.When was the big party?

A．Yesterday. B．Last Friday. C．Last weekend.

2.What does Peter do?

A．A doctor. B．A reporter. C．An English teacher.

3.What is Lily’s New Year’s resolution?

A．To eat healthier food. B．To get thinner. C．To take more exercise.

4.What does the boy think of his hometown?

A．It is hot. B．It is comfortable. C．It is cold.

5.Why do they choose to go to the Red Star?

A．Because the tickets there are the cheapest.

B．Because it has the biggest screen.

C．Because it has comfortable seats.

第二节：听下面两段较长对话，每段对话后有 2 至 3 个小题，请从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段较长对话，回答第 6-7 小题

6.How often does Mary watch videos in her class?

A．Always. B．Sometimes. C．Often.

7.What does Mary think of learning by watching videos?

A. She doesn’t mind it. B．She can’t stand it. C．She likes it.

听下面一段较长对话，回答第 8-10 小题

8.What does the woman think of Woolworth?

A. It has the best quality. B. It has the worst quality. C. It is the cheapest.

9.Which store is the closest to the woman’s home?

A. Coles. B. Town World. C. Woolworth.

10.How many clothes stores do they talk about?

A. 3. B. 4. C. 5.

第三节：听下面一段独白，独白后有 5 个小题，请从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确的选项。独白读两遍。

11.What does the speaker talk about?

A. Sleep. B. Exercise. C. Work.

12.Which sport is Not mentioned?

A. Skating. B. Running. C. Playing ball games.

13.How many hours for exercise each week is the best ?

A.Half an hour. B.1 hour. C.3 hours.

14.What can you do to find the sports that feel right for you?

A. Try one kind. B. Try some kinds. C.Try all kinds.

15.How many ways can you follow when exercising ?

A. 2. B. 3. C. 4.

**二、完形填空 (本题有 15 小题，每小题 1 分，共 15 分)**

阅读下面短文，理解其大意，然后从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

An artist drew many pictures of beautiful things. But he found that he didn't draw a "real" picture.

In his search along a road, he met a priest (**神父**). He asked the priest for help. "I want to draw the most 16 thing in the world. Can you tell me 17 it is? "

"Faith (**信仰**) is the most beautiful thing in the world." answered the priest. But the artist didn’t know how to draw 18 .

The artist 19 looking for the most beautiful thing. Later he met a young girl. She told him, "Love is the most beautiful thing in the world. 20 love, the world won’t go around.”

21 , the artist met a soldier (**士兵**). The artist asked him the 22 question. The soldier answered slowly, " 23 is the most beautiful thing in the world. When people 24 the war (**战争**), there will be faith and love. "

" 25 can I draw them—Faith, Love and Peace?" thought the artist. He walked and walked, and then he was very surprised to find 26 in front of his own house.

When he went in, he saw love and faith on the 27 of his wife and children. "Our children and I always wait for you and 28 you. We hope you would come back safely. " His 29 said to him kindly. He sat on his favorite old chair and his heart was at peace. At that moment, he 30 how to draw the "real" picture.

The next day, the artist drew the most beautiful thing in the world and called it "Home".

16．A．famous B．beautiful C．relaxing D．exciting

17．A．what B．which C．how D．why

18．A．one B．ones C．it D. them

19．A．came on B．put on C．called on D. went on

20．A．Though B．By C．Without D．With

21．A．Again B．Then C．First D．Next

22．A．different B．boring C．same D．interesting

23．A．Love B．Peace C．Health D．Faith

24．A．stop B．begin C．start D．choose

25．A．What B．Where C．When D．How

26．A．he B．him C．himself D．his

27．A．noses B．faces C．mouths D．ears

28．A．smile at B．ask for C．agree with D．worry about

29．A．wife B．priest C．girl D．soldier

30．A．taught B．knew C．answered D．forgot

**三、阅读理解**（本题有 13 小题，每小题 2 分，共 26 分）

阅读下面短文，从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| School Open Day | | |
| Time | Activity | Place |
| 8:00 a.m. | See the students’ artworks | Art room |
| 9:00 a.m. | Watch the students doing morning exercises | Playground |
| 9:30 a.m. | Have a parents’ meeting | School hall |
| 10:00 a.m. | Watch two lessons (English & Maths) | Classroom building |
| 1:00 p.m. | Have the music party(1.5 hours) | Music room |

31.Tom’s mom can go to the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to see artworks.

A. music room B. school hall C. art room D. playground

32.Jack’s dad gets to school at 9:20a.m. , so he is late for\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the English lesson B. the music party

C. the parents’ meeting D. morning exercises

33.How long does the Open Day last?

A. About 5 hours. B. Over 6 hours. C. Over 7 hours. D.5.5 hours

**B**

At the Australian Open in 2011 and 2013, Chinese tennis player Li Na lost both matches, but she won the hearts of the Australian people. Because she never gave up and tried her best. She was an **underdog**.

Australians love underdogs. Sandra Muller said , “We love underdogs even if we know they are going to lose. Watching soccer matches with my dad as a kid, I remember asking my dad which team he wanted to win. It was always the weaker team,‘Because they are underdogs’. My father answered like this.”

This Australian love of the “underdog” comes from their history. Australian history is filled with stories of common people who never gave up and tried their best to do great things. Around 200 years ago, many criminals (**罪犯**) from England came to Australia. They had to work hard in Australia to make a living. They were underdogs.

34. The underlined word “ underdog ” in Paragragh1 probably refers to a person who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. keeps a lot of dogs B. always wins a competition

C. never wins a competition D. never gives up when in trouble

35. Sandra Muller uses the example of her dad to show that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. not all Australians love underdogs B. she likes to watch soccer matches

C. Australians hope to see weak teams win D. underdogs are getting popular everywhere

36. The last paragraph mainly tells us\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. why Australians love underdogs

B. what Australians think about underdogs

C. what different opinions about underdogs

D. why Australians are different from other people

**C**

Do you laugh every day? Most people do. Scientists say that people laugh about 17 times a day. That is a lot of laughter.

In India, there are hundreds of laughter clubs. The people in these clubs get together every morning. First they hold out their hands above their heads. Then they pretend (**假装**) to laugh. Soon everyone is laughing naturally (**自然地**). People say they feel good after laughing together.

Scientists believe that laughter is good for you. Why? For one thing, laughter is good exercise. When you laugh, you exercise many muscles (**肌肉**) in your body. Scientists say that one hundred times of laughter is almost the same as ten minutes of running. When you laugh, you also breathe deeply (**深呼吸**) .This helps you relax. That's good for you, too.

Why do we laugh? That is a hard question to answer. We know that people laugh more often in a group. They don't laugh very often when they are alone. Many scientists believe that we use laughter to get closer to other people. Laughter helps us feel part of a group.

In English, people say that laughter is the best medicine. Some think that laughter helps sick people get well. Do you think so, too?

37.According to the scientists' research , which can almost be the same as running for 10 minutes?

A. Breathe deeply. B. Have 100 times' laugh.

C. Relax as you like. D. Laugh 17 times a day.

38.The right order for what the people in Indian laughter clubs do is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

① They pretend to laugh .

② They feel better after laughing together.

③ Laugh naturally.

④ They hold out their hands above.

A. ①②③④ B ④①③② C. ④②①③ D. ③①②④

39. Laughter is really good for our health EXCEPT (**除了…**) the reason that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. laughter is good exercise B. laughter helps us feel a group member.

C. people hardly feel good after laughing D. laughter is the best medicine

**D**

1. When people stay alone, they feel lonely and bored. What can make people feel less lonely and less bored? According to scientists’ study, when people put heart into an activity and enjoy it, they will get a feeling called “flow”(**心流**)，and then it makes them feel happy. But how can people get the feeling of flow? Here are the ways.
2. First, the activity must be something you are really good at. If you do well in art, playing the piano or painting can lead to flow. Things like skiing, writing and storytelling can, too.
3. Also, the activity must be something you really enjoy.When you are interested in something, you put your heart into it and enjoy yourself. Then, you get into a state(**状态**) of flow.When you leave the state of flow, you are often surprised by how much time has passed.
4. Besides, the activity must have some challenges (**挑战**). If the activity is too easy, then you may feel bored and “flow” will not appear. For example,watching TV usually doesn’t help people get the feeling of flow, because there aren’t any challenges.
5. So, to get a feeling of flow, you should develop a hobby that you like, put your heart in it and practice it, then you will feel less bored and less lonely when staying alone.

40. The underlined expression“how much time has passed” in Paragraph 3 means\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

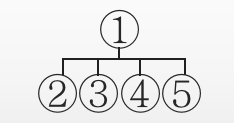
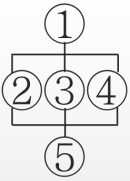
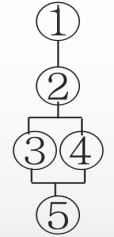
A. how slowly time passes B. how quickly time flies

C. what a boring time it is D. what a long time it is

41. According to the passage, which activity can't probably help people get the feeling of flow?

A. Watching TV. B. Painting. C. Writing a story. D.Skiing.

42. Which of the following is the structure of the passage?

A.  B. C.  D. 

43. The passage mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. why people feel lonely and bored B. how we can get the feelings of flow

C. what enjoyable activities are D. why people like a new challenge

**卷 II**

**说明：本卷共三大题，25小题，满分 39 分**

**四、任务型阅读** (本题有 4 小题，每小题 1 分，共 4 分)

阅读下面材料，完成任务。每空不得超过三个词。

INVITATION

Sunday, January 13th

Dear Li Yang and Lu Ming,

You are both invited to a party for our foreign teacher Miss Green's return to England for her

holiday. She is leaving on Sunday, January 20th.

The best part of the party will be when we will sing and dance together.

Party given by: the Students' Union

Date: Saturday, January 19th

Time: 6:00 p.m. — 9:00 p.m.

Place: the students' dining hall

Reply by: Friday, January 18th

Food and drinks will be provided at the party.

Zhang Yu

|  |
| --- |
| INVITATION TO A |
| GOING-AWAY PARTY |

|  |
| --- |
| Why |
| Miss Green will go back to 44 for her holiday. |

|  |
| --- |
| What |
| We will 45 together. |
|  |

|  |
| --- |
| When |
| On Saturday, January 19th.  The party will last(持续)  for 46 hours. |

|  |
| --- |
| Where |
| In the 47 . |

**五、单词拼写**（本题有 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

根据短文内容和所给中文提示，在空白处写出正确的单词。**每空限填一词**。

Alex was a giraffe. He lived in a zoo with his mother. As Alex grew, he found his neck (**脖子**) was shorter than his giraffe friends. He was so short that he was not 48 (**能够**) to eat leaves on the trees. When he was 49 (**饥饿的**), he had to ask his mother or his giraffe friends for help. Sometimes, the other giraffes laughed at him. He felt very upset. His mother told him 50 (**轻声地**), “Don’t worry, my son. 51 (**接受**)what you are and keep happy. There must be a use for your 52 (**天赋**). One day, you will be 53 (**出名的**)because you are special(**特别的**). ”After hearing his mother’s words, Alex decided to take his mother’s 54 (**建议**).

On an 55 (**秋天**) morning, a zoo worker came and took Alex to another place in the zoo. There was a small and short door. Alex was the only giraffe that could come and go 56 (**穿过**) it.

Soon Alex's mother came to see him. "I told you that you were special. Anything is 57

(**可能的**). " she said. "Look,the zoo made a place just for you！" She was right. Visitors watched him and shouted excitedly. How happy Alex was!

**六、语法填空** (本题有 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入一个适当的单词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

There's a lot to think about when you make a travel plan. But don't worry. This article will show you how to make 58 good plan. Before you begin to plan a trip, you need to make sure how much you have to spend on your trip. The following 59 (help) you in the next travel.

60 you want to travel but have no good ideas, you can look at a map. Circle all the cities you want to visit. Then look at other people's ideas online 61 (careful). Once you have decided where to go, you still need to do your research:

First, you should know: Is it the best time 62 (take) a trip? What will the weather be like? What can you see and visit? 63 (two) , you should book your tickets a few 64 (month) earlier. You can find out which one sells 65 (cheap) and the best tickets through some travel apps. Third, you should book hotels some weeks 66 travelling.You should think about a hotel's address, cost and safety first.

That's 67 you make a wonderful plan. When you travel, don't forget that safety is the most important.

1. **书面表达**（本题共 15 分）

假如你是李华，你将要参加"国际绿色之旅"冬令营(the International Green Winter Camp)，请根据以下提示，展开适当想象，写一篇在开营仪式上的发言稿。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 基本信息 | 来自中国德清，德清以莫干山而闻名 |
| 爱看新闻，因为...... |
| 好友Lucy在班里个子最高，性格外向 |
| 愿 望 | 想成为一名......；如何实现梦想（1-2个理由） |

以下词汇仅供参考： 莫干山Mount Mogan

要求：（1）包含表格中的相关信息 （2）80词左右（开头和结尾不计入总数）

（3）语句通顺，书写端正

Dear friends,

My name is Li Hua.

Thank you for listening.