

C. there's no need to pay for food and drinks

D. it is OK to book at 3:00 pm on the day

30. What is the text?

A. An ad.

B. A menu.

C. A piece of news.

D. A diary.

B

A man in black clothes jumps high into the air, with a red fan (扇子) in the hand. Wearing long white sleeves (袖子), he opens his arms like wings (翅膀). His dance is so eye-catching that every time there are lots of people watching.



He is Chinese dancer Ma Jiaolong. Since 2020, he has made short videos of himself dancing in London. He has performed at the city parks and many other tourist spots. Now the 35-year-old has about 5,000,000 followers on Douyin, where he shares his videos.

In 2019, Ma got a job to teach classical Chinese dance at a university in London. However, two years ago, Ma had to give online classes because of the COVID-19 pandemic. In his small home, he could only make small moves. One day, he took his wife's advice and danced at Greenwich Park. She took the video and he added music. Then, they sent it to friends. "Surprisingly, they loved it, so we decided to share it online," said Ma.

Later, Ma made more short videos. In his dance, he combines (结合) his dance moves with traditional Chinese Opera. People always watch his performances with **curiosity**. So, after dancing, he likes to talk with them and tell them about classical Chinese dance. As his videos became popular, he got messages from people around the world.

"Making and sharing short videos has become a part of my life, and most importantly, a great way to show the beauty of classical Chinese dance to more people around the world," said Ma.

31. In Paragraph 1, the writer _____ to make this passage eye-catching.

A. tells a story

B. uses a saying

C. asks some questions

D. describes a dance

32. Which of the following is the right order according to the passage?

① Ma made a video and his friends liked it.

② Ma became a dance teacher in a university.

③ Ma listened to his wife and danced in a park.

④ Ma's videos of dancing became popular online.

A. ②③①④

B. ③①④②

C. ④①②③

D. ②①④③

33. The underlined word “**curiosity**” means (意思是) _____ in Chinese.
 A. 骄傲 B. 快乐 C. 担忧 D. 好奇
34. Ma’s words in the last paragraph show that _____.
 A. he wants to be more popular
 B. what he does is meaningful
 C. making videos is easy for him
 D. it is important to watch Douyin
35. Which of the following do you think can best describe Ma?
 A. Shy. B. Funny. C. Creative. D. Serious.

C

①The 2022 World Internet Conference (会议) just closed on Nov 11 in Wuzhen, Zhejiang. People have seen lots of cool technology (技术) there. Here are some of them.

②**A smart helmet (头盔)**

When delivery (快递) people send food around, they often use their phones while riding. It’s very dangerous. To be safer, a new helmet came out. Connecting (连接) with the phone, it can “talk” — it tells the delivery people new orders and the places. The delivery people can also talk to it to take orders and answer messages. If the wearers are in danger, the helmet can also make a call for help right away!

③  _____

Some people cannot move their hands because of physical health problems. They find it hard to type (打字) on a computer. Now a new technology comes to help. By looking at the screen and moving their eyes, people can type words easily.

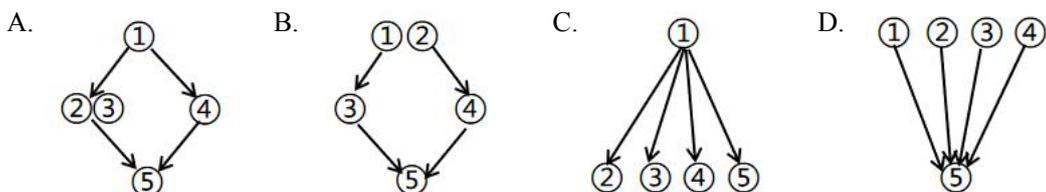
④**A business card? A computer!**

If you see something in the size of a business card, don’t get it wrong. It’s a computer! It’s called Raspberry pi. It’s the world’s smallest computer. It is not expensive, but very smart and helpful. You can even use it to create your own computer games!

⑤**Magic mirror for health**

Scan your face, and then the mirror will know a lot about your health. You just need to stand in front of it for 30 seconds, and it will know your health problems. At the conference, many people tried it to check (检查) their health.

36. The structure (结构) of the passage should be _____.



37. According to Paragraph 2, delivery people wear the new helmets to _____.
- A. keep safe B. ride fast C. look cool D. order food
38. Which of the following can we put in ▲ ?
- A. Type with eyes. B. Talk with hands.
C. Move with computers. D. Ride with helmets.
39. We can infer (推断) from the passage that _____.
- A. the smart helmets can work without phones.
B. people who have eye problems can type easily now.
C. Raspberry pi is the name of a computer game.
D. doctors may be interested in the magic mirror for health.
40. In which part of a magazine can we read this passage?
- A. Culture. B. Science. C. Health. D. Sports.

第二节 (本节有 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共计 5 分)

阅读下面材料, 从方框中所给的 A-F 六个选项中选择正确的选项 (其中一项是多余的), 将其序号填入第 41-45 小题, 使短文意思完整、通顺。

What is Chinese New Year?

Chinese New Year is celebrated every year by Chinese people. It is the longest and the most important holiday for a lot of Asian countries such as China, Singapore, and Malaysia. 41 Many people visit their local Chinatown (唐人街) to join in the activities for it.

Chinese New Year doesn't happen on the same day each year, and it is not on what you might know as New Year's Day (January 1st). It usually falls somewhere between January 21st and February 19th. 42

What are the celebrations?

There are many traditions for a Chinese New Year. One of them is red envelopes. 43 In Chinese culture, it means good luck and happiness. People give each other money in small and red envelopes. It is usually older people who give them to the young. Lion and dragon dances are very traditional, too. The performers are usually under the lion and dragon costumes. They dance with loud music to chase (驱赶) away bad luck. 44 Food is very important at this time of the year. Chicken and prawns represent (代表) happiness. 45 People also eat dumplings for good luck. Like Christmas, friends and family all get together to eat and enjoy the happy time with each other.

- A. It will be the year of the rabbit.
B. The dances are very fun to watch.

- C. Noodles are a symbol of long life.
 D. The color red is very lucky to the Chinese.
 E. In 2023, Chinese New Year falls on January 22nd.
 F. The festival is also popular all over the world.

41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. _____

试 卷 II (非选择题 共 40 分)

四、词汇运用 (本题有 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共计 15 分)

A. 用方框中所给词语的适当形式填空, 每词仅用一次。

hardly ever, beginning, one, comfortable, prepare

46. We should hope for the best but _____ for the worst.
 47. It's necessary to visit your dentist at least _____ a year.
 48. Make sure you have enough space to sit _____.
 49. I am so busy these days that I _____ have time for a movie.
 50. The teacher and the students sang a song at the _____ of the class.

B. 阅读下面短文, 然后根据括号内所给汉语意思写出单词的正确形式 (每空一词) 。

Early in the morning, a family in Rockaway Township, New Jersey were really 51 (惊奇的) at what they saw through the window — a mother bear and her five babies were enjoying a pool party in the backyard of the family.

The special 52 (客人) were quite happy. In the swimming pool, they enjoyed 53 (它们自己) playing with water, just like any human family on hot days. They 54 (好像) to love the pool and have much fun there. However, the family didn't know what to do.

"They look like Teddy bears," one girl in the family said, watching the animals carefully 55 (在...里面) the house. Although the scene was cute, the girl didn't think so. "They took my toys. They may 56 (损坏) our pool with their feet. I wish the bears were not here."

Just like 57 (小孩), those baby bears also liked other fun places in the backyard. They even wanted to try out the slide. What was 58 (更坏的), the mother bear tried playing with the pool pump (泵). It was an electric (带电的) 59 (机械装置), so the family were really worried that the bear might be in danger. Luckily, nothing happened. Finally, the pool party was over and all the bears left.

"In fact, we didn't 60 (邀请) them to our house," Mr. Basile said. "I hope they won't go to someone else's backyard later."

五、语法填空 (本题有 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共计 10 分)

阅读下面短文，在空格处填入一个适当的词或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Stargazing (观星) is becoming popular in China. Young people often enjoy the night sky while camping or 61 (have) a picnic.

Usually, the best conditions for stargazing are dry air, clear nights and no light pollution. If you want to see the stars 62 (clear), you can go to a mountain or the desert. The Ningxia Hui autonomous region is one of the great 63 (place). More than 30,000 people go there every year.

64 telescopes (望远镜), these stargazing lovers try to watch the beautiful stars. If you don't have a telescope, you can also use a smartphone with a stargazing app.

China has 65 long history of stargazing. To tell the time and work out the calendar, Chinese people have long looked at and studied stars. They 66 (make) the calendar by studying the moons and the stars. 67 also studied the stars to predict unknown things. China has the 68 (old) complete star map — the Dunhuang star map. It was made by people in the Tang Dynasty and mapped more than 1300 stars!

Here are some tips for stargazing. First, check the weather. You can not stargaze 69 the weather is fine. Second, it 70 (be) much safer if you bring a friend or parent along with you. Third, bring a sky map or use an app to find out what you see. Star Walk2 and Stellarium Mobile Plus are good choices.

六、书面表达 (本题有 1 小题，共计 15 分)

71. 新学期来临，你校英语社团发起了“Resolutions for the New Term”的交流活 动。假设你是刘军，请你根据下表中的信息提示，写一篇发言稿。

Resolutions for the new term	Ways to keep resolutions
● get more exercise	● run every day
● improve English	● keep a diary in English
● ...	● ...

- 注意：(1) 短文必须包括表中所有内容，可适当增加细节；
(2) 文中不得出现真实的姓名和校名等信息；
(3) 词数：70—90；
(4) 短文首句已给出，不计入总词数。

Hello, everyone! I am Liu Jun. Here are my resolutions for the new term. _____

此题请答在答题纸上 Thanks!