# 2022—2023 学年度第一学期期末质量检测

## 九年级　　英语试卷

听力部分（第一节）

**I.** 听句子，选出句子中所包含的信息。（共 **5** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，计 **5** 分）

1. A. life　　B. leaf　　C. wife
2. A. grey hair　　B. free chair　　C. good care
3. A. affect a person　　B. direct a film　　C. expect a room
4. A. Movies have been important to us.
   B. Movies have affected us greatly.
   C. Science has had such a big effect on us.
5. A. The old fisherman asked for something.
   B. The old fisherman asked for everything.
   C. The old fisherman didn't ask for anything.

**II.** 听句子，选出该句的最佳答语。（共 **5** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，计 **5** 分）

6. A. Yes, you are.　　B. Good idea.　　C. No problem.
7. A. That's all right.　　B. That's true.　　C. They're friends.
8. A. Jenny.　　B. At home.　　C. On Saturday.
9. A. Yes, I would.　　B. Yes, please.　　C. I don't like it.
10. A. Sorry, I didn't.　　B. It was important.　　C. It's doesn't matter.

**III.** 听对话和问题，选择适当选项。（共 **8** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，计 **8** 分）

11.What's Helen's father?

A.

B.

C.

12.Where are they probably talking?

A.

B.

C.

13. What did Lucy do yesterday afternoon?
   A. Took some pictures in a park.
   B. Fly kites in a park.
   C. Took some pictures at home.

……

14. What are the speakers talking about?
   A. The competition.　　B. The exam.　　C. The weekend plan.
15. What will the girl do first?
   A. Have a meal.　　B. Call her mother.　　C. Go to the cinema.

……

16. Why was Marry worried at first?
   A. Because she was a newcomer in the school.
   B. Because she was afraid of getting up early.
   C. Because she wasn't ready for the lessons.
17. What should the students do before the first class?
   A. Do some cleaning. B. Hand in homework.　C.Do morning exercise.
18. How long does each class last?
   A. 10 minutes.　　B. 35 minutes.　　C. 45 minutes.

**IV.** 听语段和问题，选择正确答案。（共 **7** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，计 **7** 分）

19.How long haven't Leo and Charlie talked to each other?
   A. For a week.　B. For two weeks.　C. For a month.
20.Why did Leo and Charlie have a fight?
   A. Because Charlie came too late.　B. Because Charlie lost Leo's favorite book.
   C. Because Charlie made friends with others.
21.What's the telephone number of the Hotline?
   A. 3587739.　　B. 3857739.　　C. 3587793.

……

22. What did David forget after class?
   A. The teacher's words.　　B. His homework.　　C. His drawing.
23. What did David do when he noticed the teacher coming?
   A. Cleaned the wall with his hand.
   B. Covered the drawing with his back.
   C. Turned around and ran away.
24. What did David find on the wall after the teacher left?
   A. Only left a sun.　B. A picture on the wall.　C. Nothing on the wall.
25. Why was David very happy?
   A. He enjoyed the picture.　　B. The teacher smiled at him.
   C. He saw his teacher.

听力部分（第二节）

**V.** 听短文填空。（共 **5** 小题，每小题 **1** 分，共计 **5** 分）

根据听到的短文内容，将下面所缺信息补充完整。

**Information about My Hobby**

26. Hobby may give us lots of _____.
27. When I was a child, I enjoy listening to music especially the_____ music.
28. When I am in trouble, music can make me _____.
29. When I am very tired , it can make me _____.
30. Listening to music _____me in a good mood and it's good for my health.

# 笔试部分

**Ⅵ. 单项选择（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分）**

**从每小题所给出的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入空白处的最佳选项。**

31. The girl has paid for the blouse and now it is _____.
A. he　　B. his　　C. her　　D. hers

32. We will___a new play for School Day.
A.put out　　B.put off　　C.put into　　D.put on

33.——What is the ___of your excellent spoken English?
——Practice makes perfect!
A．result　　B．influence　　C．duty　　D．secret

34.____Jack was a bit nervous on the stage, he still looked calm and confident.
A.Although　　B. Because　　C. Unless　　D. Since

35. This old computer_____be Mr. Green's. His computer was bought last week
A. can't　　B.needn't　　C.mustn't　　D. shouldn't

36.--I shouted to you at the gate, but you didn't hear me.
--Really? I_____a telephone call to my teacher.
A.make　　B. made　　C. have made　　D. was making

37. Thanks to the kind person, the little dog____from the hole successfully.
A.was saving　　B. was saved　　C. saved　　D. will be saved

38.Peter was_____with himself because he got good results in all the examinations.
A. strict　　B. serious　　C. patient　　D. satisfied

39.Look! That man is the hero_____dove into the river to save the child yesterday.
A. What　　B. who　　C. which　　D. why

40. ----Dad, could you tell me_____?
---- You have to set a goal and work hard for it until you succeed.
A. when I can get a good grade　　B. whether I can get a good grade
C. who I can ask for help　　D. how I can get into my dream school

**Ⅶ. 完形填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分）**

**阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各小题所给出的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。**

A daughter was tired of struggling (努力) all the time. It seemed that after one problem was solved, another one soon followed.

Her father, a cook, took her to the __41__. He filled three pots with water and put each on a big fire. When the three pots began to boil, he put some potatoes in the first pot, some __42__in the second pot, and some coffee beans in the third pot. Twenty minutes later, he __43__ the potatoes and put them in a bowl, put the eggs in another bowl, and __44__the coffee into a cup. Turning to his daughter, he said, "Look closer, __45__ touch the potatoes." She did as she was told and found that they were soft. He then asked her to take out an egg and__46__it.

After peeling(剥) off the shell(壳), she observed(观察) the hard-boiled egg. Finally, he asked her to __47__ a little coffee. Its rich, strong and __48__ smell brought a smile to her face.

The potatoes, eggs and coffee beans met with the same problem — the boiling water. However, each kind reacted(反应)__49__. The potatoes became soft and weak, while the eggs became hard; however, the coffee beans __50__ the water and created something new.

In life, when something unpleasant knocks on your door, do you react like a potato, an egg, or a coffee bean?

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 41.A. bedroom | B. washroom | C. kitchen | D. office |
| 42.A. eggs | B. tomatoes | C. coffee | D. beans |
| 43.A. put down | B. cut off | C. gave up | D. took out |
| 44.A. threw | B. poured | C. pushed | D. pulled |
| 45.A. and | B. but | C. or | D. so |
| 46.A. lose | B. drink | C. break | D. watch |
| 47.A. taste | B. touch | C. look | D. feel |
| 48.A. terrible | B. pleasant | C. awful | D. serious |
| 49.A. patiently | B. similarly | C. politely | D. differently |
| 50.A. changed | B. invented | C. invited | D. produced |

**Ⅷ. 阅读理解（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共计 30 分）**

**阅读下面 A、B、C、D 四篇材料，然后从各小题所给出的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。**

**A**

Many people think heroes need to be handsome, rich or very smart. But for me, a hero is a person who always helps others. My hero is Uncle Bruce. His father is a worker. Uncle Bruce is the eldest son in his family and he has four younger brothers and sisters.

He was good at neither writing nor math. In fact , he never did well at school. He had to give up school at a very young age. He worked and gave all his money to help his parents. When he was older, he found that he was very interested in fixing things. He collected broken things which people threw away and fixed them into good ones. In fact, he could fix almost everything that did not work. He worked hard and never gave up. Finally, he opened his own repair shop. It took him about 20 years to become a successful shopkeeper.

Now, he is very rich and has another four shops. But Uncle Bruce never forgets the days when he had nothing. He gives money to poor families, gives poor kids books to read and offers them free lunch. He also encourages people to reuse things. He always says, “Make good use of what you have because we have only one earth.”

I’m proud of him. He is really a hero.

51. Why does the writer think Uncle Bruce is a hero?
A. He is rich and smart.　　B. He is good at fixing broken things.
C. He is very handsome.　　D. He always tries his best to help others.

52. How many children were there in Uncle Bruce’s family when he was a child?
A. Five.　　B. Four.　　C. Three.　　D. Six.

53. Which is TRUE according to the passage?
A. Uncle Bruce owns four repair shops.

B. Uncle Bruce forgets the days when he had nothing.
C. It took Uncle Bruce about 20 years to become a successful shopkeeper.
D. Uncle Bruce encourages people to throw away things they have.

**B**

Good news! For the coming film festival, there are some promotions (优惠) in Times Cinema. This festival lasts seven days, (Sunday, March 17th, 2019—Saturday, March 23 rd, 2019). Here is the poster.

| **Film** | ***Green book*** | ***How to Train Your Dragon 3*** **（3D）** | ***Alita : Batter Angel*** | ***The Wandering Earth*** |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Price** | **¥70** | **¥80 （50% off for students）** | **¥50** | **¥70** |
| **Date** | **March17th March 19th March 21st** | **March 18th March 20th March 22nd** | **March 19th March 21st March 23rd** | **March 17th March 20th March 23rd** |
| **Time** | **9:00 a.m. 4:30 p.m. 8:20 p.m.** | **10:00 a.m. 7:10 p.m. 9:30 p.m.** | **9:20 a.m. 3:10 p.m. 5:30 p.m.** | **7:50 a.m. 9:50 a.m. 11:50 a.m.** |
| **Tips** | **50% off on Tuesday for all. Free for children under 6 years old, half for people over 60 years old. A free large box of popcorn for students with student ID cards during the film festival. For more details, please call us at 55568806.** | | | |

54. When can you watch films with 50% off?
A. March 17th. B. March 19th. C. March 21st. D. March 23rd.

55. Which movie can you watch on the afternoon of March 23rd?
A. *Green book.* B. *How to Train Your Dragon 3.*
C. *Alita :Batter Angel.* D. *The Wandering Earth*

56. If Mrs. Wang wants to watch *The Wandering Earth* with her 70-year-old father and her five-year-old son, she needs to pay _____.
A. ¥210 B. ¥140 C. ¥70 D. ¥105

**C**

One day, Tom's teacher, Miss Make, held a class meeting. "There will be a flag day next Saturday. Does anyone want to join this meaningful event (活动)?" asked Miss Make. Tom was interested in raising money for homeless children but he was not brave enough to talk to the strangers, so he kept quiet in his seat.

"Tom, you haven't sold flags before," said Miss Make suddenly. "Would you like to have a try?" Tom was hesitant(犹豫的), but he finally nodded.

On the flag day, Tom and Angela sold flags in a busy street. "Excuse me, Could you please buy ...?" said Angela softly to the first person she met. The man smiled and put a five-dollar coin into Angela's collection bag. Then she said thanks



and put a flag under his shoulder. "I did it!" said Angela happily. "It's your turn now."

Feeling nervous. Tom began to shake. Soon, he saw a young lady walking towards him. The lady was smiling and holding a few coins in her hand. She asked, "Are you selling flags for Fund for the Homeless Children?" Tom's face became red and said yes. Then the lady made the donation(捐赠) and Tom gave her a flag. "You made it!" laughed Angela.

In the next couple of hours, Angela and Tom sold flags quickly and bravely. At last, their collection bags were so heavy that they had to hold them with both arms. They felt very proud.

57.Why did Tom keep quiet in his seat?
A. He had other plans.
B. He didn't like Miss Make.
C. He was not interested in the activity.
D. He was not brave enough to talk to the strangers.

58. When Miss Make asked Tom to have a try, he finally _____.
A. laughed B. nodded C. refused D. cried

59. Where did Tom and Angela sell flags?
A. In a busy street. B. In their school.
C. In a tall building. D. In a small garden.

60. How did Tom and Angela feel after they sold the flags?
A. Bored. B. Shy. C. Confident. D. Sad.

**D**

Too many people want others to be their friends, but they don't give friendship back. That is why some friendships don't last very long. To have a friend, you must learn to treat your friend the way you want your friend to treat you. Learning to be a good friend means learning three rules: be honest, be generous(慷慨的)and be understanding.

Honesty is where a good friendship starts. Friends must be able to trust one another. If a friend finds out that you aren't honest, you may lose your friend's trust. Good friends always ask one another to speak and act honestly.

Generosity means sharing . You do not have to give your lunch money or your clothes to your friends. Instead, you have to learn how to share things you enjoy. And naturally you will want to share your ideas and feelings. They tell your friend what is important to you. By sharing, your friend can know you better.

Everyone needs understanding when something goes wrong. Talking about the problem can make it easier to solve. So to be a friend, you must learn to listen and understand. You must try to put yourself in your friend's place, so you can understand the problem better.

No two friendships are ever exactly the same. But all true friendships have three things in common. If you plan to keep your friendship, you must practice honesty, generosity and understanding.

61. According to the passage, being honest is _____.
A. the whole of a good friendship.
B. the beginning of a good friendship.
C. not as important as the other two rules.

D. less important than the other two rules.

62.In the third paragraph, the underlined word “they” means_____.

A. lunches B. ideas and feelings

C. your clothes D. your things

63. Who needs understanding when something goes wrong?

A. Everyone. B. A good friend. C. No one. D. The parents.

64. Which of the following is TRUE?

A. Friendship always lasts very long.

B. If you want to keep a long friendship, you must be honest.

C. It is not important for us to share our idea.

D. If you want to solve the problems better, you just do it.

65. The best title of this passage is “_____”.

A. Honesty Is the Best Policy

B. A Friend in Need Is a Friend indeed

C. How to Be a Friend

D. Three Important Points in Life

**Ⅸ. 任务型阅读。（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共计 10 分）**

**阅读短文，并按要求完成 66—70 小题。**

Everywhere in the world there are different ways of behaving. When we meet someone, everything we say and do expresses our cultural background. So if you want to get on with someone from another culture, it helps to understand something about these differences.

Even how we stand depends on our culture. English people talk to each other at an average (平均的) distance of 130 cm, while Italians chat at an average distance of 80 cm. So Italians can think that English people are unfriendly because they stand too far away! And English people can think that Italians are too close.

Touching is also cultural. The Frenchmen touch much more than Americans do. A French couple may touch 100 times in half an hour while an American couple may only touch twice! And French teenagers touch each other much more than American teens.

**Canada**

If you are invited for a meal, you should arrive on time — not early or late.

**Indonesia**

Never point to anything with your foot.

**France**

When eating out, keep both hands on or above the table.

**66 题完成句子；67、68 题简略回答问题；69 题找出并写下全文的主题句；70 题将文中画线句子译成汉语。**

66. According to the passage, Italians stand _____ than English people.

67. Who touch much less than French teenagers?

_____

68. What do French people do when they eat out?

_____

69. _____

70._____

Ⅹ. 词语运用（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 10 分）

根据短文内容及所给提示，补全文中单词或用所给单词的正确形式填空。



I am Kate. I am 71. _____ middle school student. How time 72. _____ (fly)! I will graduate 73. _____ junior high school soon. During the past three years, I have studied hard and have made good 74. _____ (choose). I tried hard 75. _____ (achieve) my dream. I did 76. _____ (good) in all my subjects. And I was always ready to help my classmates. Besides all that, I was also a good 77. _____ (listen). When my classmates told me their unhappy feelings, I would like to listen. At times, we helped each other with speeches. We spent much time 78. _____ (prepare) them. There was no doubt that we won.

I have some great memories of this period of my life. I think they are 79. _____ (value), and I will never forget them. I will do 80. _____(well) in the future.

**Ⅺ. 基础写作（包括 A、B 两部分，A 部分 5 分，B 部分 15 分，共计 20 分）**

**A）连词成句（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共计 5 分）**

**将所给词语连成句子，标点已给出。**

**要求：符合语法，语句通顺，大小写正确，词语不得重复使用。**

81. drive, don’t, after, drinking

_____.

82. there, him, anything, is, with, wrong

_____?

83. we, for, paying, take turns, the meal

_____.

84. polite, they, are, what, students

_____!

85. they, food, the poor, with, provide, do

_____?

**B)书面表达（计 15 分）**

**86. 中国素有“礼仪之邦”之称，作为一个中国人，你是否懂得一些基本的餐桌礼仪呢？看图以“The Table Manners”为题，写一段连贯的话，说说如何做一个有教养的好孩子吧。**

**要求：1. 必须包括所有提示内容，要有适当发挥；**

**2. 语句通顺，意思连贯，书写工整；**

**3. 文章不得出现任何真实信息（姓名、校名和地名等）**

**4. 词数：不少于 80 词。**

**The Table Manners**

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____