

# 肇庆市第一中学

## 2022-2023 学年第二学期英语学科九年级阶段性监测

姓名:

班级:

出题时间: 2023 年 5 月

说明:

1. 全卷共 10 页,满分为 120 分,考试用时为 90 分钟。
2. 答卷前,考生务必用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔在答题卡填写自己的准考证号、姓名、考场号、座位号。用 2B 铅笔把对应该号码的标号涂黑。
3. 选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑,如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案,答案不能答在试题上。
4. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔作答,答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上;如需改动,先划掉原来的答案,然后再写上新的答案;不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
5. 考生务必保持答题卡的整洁。考试结时,将试卷和答题卡一并交回。

一、听说应用 (本大题共 30 小题,每小题 1 分,共 30 分,分为 A、B、C、D 部分为听力理解, E 部分为情景对话)

A. 听句子 (本题共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

请根据所听内容,选择符合题意的图画回答问题,并将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。每个句子听两遍。

1. What did the girl draw?



2. Which is the sign?



3. How did the speaker spend the morning?



4. Which picture is the speaker talking about?



5. What time does the speaker get up on weekends?



B. 听对话 (本题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请根据每段对话的内容回答问题, 从每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 并将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。每段对话听两遍。

6. What is Jenny doing?

A. Washing her face.

B. Having breakfast.

C. Brushing her teeth.

7. Who took the umbrella?

A. Jim.

B. Sam.

C. The woman.

8. Where does Jack want to go?

A. To the cinema.

B. To the bank.

C. To the zoo.

9. What is the man's job?

A. A taxi driver.

B. A waiter.

C. A teacher.

10. What are they talking about?

A. A new home.

B. A broken window.

C. A big bed.

听一段对话, 回答下面各小题。

11. What is wrong with the man's computer?

A. It wouldn't start.

B. It has no sound.

C. It is too old.

12. What is the woman going to do?

A. To buy a computer.

B. To fix the computer.

C. To borrow.

听一段对话，回答下面各小题。

13. How does Kevin usually travel?

A. By air.

B. By ship.

C. By train.

14. When will the girl go to Kunming?

A. This spring.

B. This summer.

C. This autumn.

15. Who will go with the girl?

A. Her father.

B. Her friends.

C. Her mother.

C. 听短文 (本题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分)

请根据所听内容，从每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。短文听两遍。

16. What did Jason's mother do every night?

A. She read him stories.

B. She made him clothes.

C. She taught him English.

17. What happened to Jason when he was 12?

A. He got hit by a truck.

B. He dropped out of school.

C. He lost his books.

18. Where did Jason find some books one night?

A. In a room.

B. By the road.

C. In a library.

19. How many books has Jason collected?

A. About 20,000.

B. About 2,000.

C. About 200.

20. When is the small library open?

A. Every evening.

B. Every afternoon.

C. Every weekend.

D. 听填信息 (本题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分)

你将听到一则设计活动的介绍。请你根据所听内容填写下面的信息卡，短文听两遍。

**T-shirt Design (设计) Wanted**



Topic: saving the 21

Design: a 22 and some words

Important dates: to hand in before July 21st

to get the result on August 23

Prizes: to work with the magazine next 24 holiday

to get 100 25 T-shirts for free

E. 情景对话 (本题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

请通读下面对话, 根据对话内容, 从选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 选项中有一项为多余选项。



Tom: What's your plan tomorrow, Ann?

Ann: I'll stay at home. 26

Tom: I will have a picnic in a park with some friends.

Ann: 27

Tom: No. We'll go to Zhongshan Park.

Ann: Have you checked the weather report?

Tom: Yes. It'll be sunny. 28

Ann: I'd love to, but I have to finish a school report.

Tom: What a pity! 29

Ann: OK. 30

Tom: Thank you.

A. Really?

B. What about you?

C. Maybe next time.

D. The park near your home?

E. Have a good time.

F. Would you like to go with us?

## 二、语法选择 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 根据语法和上下文连贯的要求, 从每小题 3 个选项中选出一个最佳的答案, 并将答题卡对应题目所选的选项涂黑。

Liu Hong is the director of the Culture, Radio, Television and Tourism Administration in Ganzi, Sichuan Province. He 31 more than 180 videos about the natural beauty and culture of Ganzi online since 2021.

In the videos, Liu Hong dressed up like an ancient hero 32 *wandered* (漫步) around beautiful mountains and lakes. The videos got 33 likes.

"I want to do something for my hometown. 34 my videos can help improve the tourism of Ganzi, I don't mind being an *online celebrity* (网红)," said Liu.

Ganzi is in the western part of Sichuan. It is famous 35 its snowy mountains, grasslands, forests, and lakes. After 36 Liu's videos, many people said they would like to take a trip to Ganzi.

In fact, Liu is not the first *public official* (公职人员) 37 so in China. Many public officials are making use of the Internet to invite more people to travel to 38 cities. These places are becoming much 39, thanks to their hard work. And as 40 result, the locals' lives are improving.

31. A. has shared

B. was shared

C. shares

32. A. or

B. but

C. and

33. A. million of

B. millions of

C. millions

34. A. Though

B. While

C. If

35. A. as

B. with

C. for

36. A. seeing

B. saw

C. seen

37. A. doing

B. to do

C. did

38. A. they

B. them

C. their

39. A. popular

B. more popular

C. most popular

40. A. a

B. an

C. the

## 三、完形填空 (本大题有 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后在每小题所给的四个选项中, 选出一个最佳答案。并将答题卡对应题目所选的选项涂黑。

Once a young man was asked to paint a boat of a rich man. While painting, he 41 a small

hole in the ship's *hull* (船体) and quietly fixed it. After finishing his work, the young man got paid and left.

The boat's owner 42 at the young man's house the next day with a *substantial check* (大额支票), far greater than the painting payment.

"You've already given me 43 for painting the boat, Sir!" said the surprised young man.

"This isn't for the paint job; it's for repairing the hole," said the rich man.

"But it was such a little service. You don't need to 44 me that much," said the young man.

"My dear boy, I 45 the hole when I asked you to paint the boat. After you finished painting it, my 46 took the boat and went on a fishing trip. Then, I suddenly remembered the hole. I was scared to death. Imagine how 47 I was when I saw them return home safely. After that, I 48 checked the boat and discovered that you had repaired the hole. You protected my children's lives," said the rich man.

So, no matter what, where, when or how, try to be 49. Because sometimes, the smallest act of 50 may be worth more to others.

- |                  |               |              |                |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| 41. A. burnt     | B. dug        | C. made      | D. discovered  |
| 42. A. grew up   | B. gave up    | C. showed up | D. cheered up  |
| 43. A. advice    | B. money      | C. presents  | D. prizes      |
| 44. A. save      | B. tell       | C. pay       | D. ask         |
| 45. A. forgot    | B. described  | C. fixed     | D. left        |
| 46. A. parents   | B. kids       | C. wife      | D. friends     |
| 47. A. thankful  | B. lonely     | C. bored     | D. lovely      |
| 48. A. luckily   | B. carefully  | C. recently  | D. comfortably |
| 49. A. brave     | B. patient    | C. helpful   | D. humorous    |
| 50. A. agreement | B. creativity | C. courage   | D. kindness    |

四、阅读理解 (本大题共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

请阅读 A、B 两篇短文, 从每小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案, 并将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。

Just like in any other relationship, arguments and fights are also part of friendship. Whatever the reason is, if a person feels that he is responsible for causing the arguments, it's important that he should say sorry to his friend.

Though you can use the email text messages or talks to express your apology, the good old way of saying sorry to your friend through a letter will surely have the greatest effect. This will make your friend realize that you really care about him/her.

#### Points to Remember

**Timing:** Write the letter at the proper time. It is not advisable to put it off for too long.

**Words:** While you are writing the letter, what matters most is that you truly feel sorry.

**Order:** Always begin by saying sorry for your mistake. Then explain to him/her your side of the story. In the third and last paragraph, talk about what the friendship means to you and make a promise of not repeating the mistake.

**Delivery(投遞):** You should either post the letter or deliver it personally or through someone else. You can also keep it at a place where your friend will be able to find it easily.

**Attention:** Some people may try to point out the friend's mistake while writing the letter. Avoid this completely, as it can make matters worse. Keep patient and do not expect immediate results. It may take time for the person to forgive and forget.

51. Who should say sorry to his/her friend?

- A. A responsible person.                      B. A person who stops fighting  
C. A person who needs friends.            D. A person who starts the arguments.

52. According to the passage, what is the best way to apologize to others?



A.



B.



C.



D.

53. What is the second part of the letter?

- A. Saying that you truly feel sorry.            B. The mistake that your friend made  
C. An explanation of your side of the story    D. A promise of not making the mistake again

54. What should people avoid doing?

- A. Writing the letter in time.                      B. Pointing out the friend's mistake.

- C.Waiting for the reply patiently. D. Saying sorry for the mistake

55. Where can you most probably see this passage?

- A. In a students' magazine B. In a school survey.  
C. In a science report D. In tourist website

**B**

Being green means protecting the environment in our daily life. The best way to do this is buying green products. But how do we know if a product is really green? We need to think about everything of the product.

First, we should look at the materials of the products. Green products are made of natural materials. This is good for our health.

Second, where a product is made and where we buy it are also important. We should try to purchase local products, especially food. We can order directly from local farmers. Buying from shops near our homes is also a good idea, because we can walk or bike there instead of driving, which uses less energy.

★ We should choose products that have glass, paper or other packaging that can be reused or recycled. We should also try to buy products that have less packaging or no packaging at all.

The greenest thing we can do is not to buy unnecessary products. We should only buy things we really need, like food and clothes. If we don't need something, we should leave it in the shop. This saves money, reduces waste, and helps keep the planet healthy.

All in all, by buying green products, we can help make our planet a better place to live on.

56. According to Paragraph 1, what is the best way to be green?

- A.To produce green products. B. To know whether the products are green or not.  
C. To shop for green products. D. To recycle used products.

57.The writer suggests buying food near our homes because\_\_\_\_\_.

- A.it takes shorter time B. it saves energy C. the food is fresher D. the food costs less

58. What does the word "purchase" mean in Paragraph 3?

- A. eat B. produce C. buy D. keep

59.What does the underlined word "This" refers to?

- A.Buying only necessary products. B. Not shopping for anything  
C. Shopping for important products. D. Buying only food and clothes

60. Which can be the best sentence for ★ in Paragraph 4?



- A. Packaging is another thing we should think about.
- B. Natural materials are an important part of a green product.
- C. Local produces are not only fresher but they also cost less.
- D. Recycling packaging like paper and glass also helps you to be green.

### C

配对阅读。左栏是五则关于个人烦恼的描述，右栏是七则建议。请将个人烦恼和建议进行匹配，并将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。

61. I'm an office worker. Because of sitting in front of the computer for a long time every day, I'm a bit heavy. What can I do?	A. Always have breakfast. If you have no time to cook in the morning, you can prepare some food in advance (预先). Bread, milk and fruit are good choices.
62. I'm a big fan of football. I often stay up late to watch football games. Now I always feel tired and can't work fast.	B. Think twice before you join a weight loss programme. And it's not healthy to take medicine that can help lose weight without doctors' advice.
63. I live far away from my office. To catch the earliest bus, I often skip (略过) breakfast. I sometimes have an upset stomach.	C. Don't let yourself be very hungry. Set the alarm clock to remind yourself to have dinner. Besides, try to eat less in the evening.
64. Junk food is my favorite. I often have two hamburgers and a bottle of Coke for lunch. Sometimes I suffer from stomach pains.	D. Visit your doctor twice a year. You can get some advice on how to protect your eyes. Besides, take a rest and look far away after using your computer for an hour.
65. I'm very busy, so I often forget to have dinner. If I'm very hungry, I'll have a big dinner. But after that, I can't sleep well.	E. Eat more fresh healthy food and cut down junk food and soft drinks. You should change your eating habit because junk food is bad for your health.
	F. Exercise, even just walking. You should avoid sitting in front of your computer for a long time. Remember to move as often as you can.
	G. Sleep earlier. A good sleeping habit is important. Your body has a better rest when you go to bed earlier. You can work faster and better if you have a good sleep.

五、短文填空(本大题共10小题,每小题1.5分,共15分)

请阅读下面短文,在所给的每个空格中填入一个形式正确、意义相符的单词,并将答案写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。

With the world's large population, the environment is getting worse and worse. Food \_\_\_\_\_, meanwhile, have kept rising. Some poor people have been unable to afford to \_\_\_\_\_ food. These problems have made us worry \_\_\_\_\_ whether we'll have enough food for everyone in the future.

Thankfully, food *futureologists* (未来学家) have been looking for new ways to produce food. In the future, meat will be produced not only on the farm but \_\_\_\_\_ in the lab. Some people may think \_\_\_\_\_ strange it is. In fact, Growing meat in the lab is \_\_\_\_\_ for the environment because fewer *greenhouse gases* (温室气体) are produced. But many people still wonder whether \_\_\_\_\_ will be helpful to their health.

Insects are expected to \_\_\_\_\_ one of our basic foods in the future, too. Worldwide, there are 1,400 different \_\_\_\_\_ of insects that we can safely eat. Researchers say insects can provide as much *nutrition* (营养) as traditional meat. And it costs \_\_\_\_\_ to raise insects than farm animals.

These are just two of the possible foods. What do you think of them?

六、读写综合(本大题分为A、B两部分,共25分)

A. 回答问题(本题共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

请阅读下面短文,根据所提供的信息,回答5个问题,要求所写答案语法正确,语义完整切题,并把答案写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。

19-year-old teenager Gabby Kanizay has become famous around the world. She is known as the youngest Australian to climb Mount Qomolangma — the world's highest mountain.

According to Kanizay, to prepare for the climb was really hard work, which required a lot of training. Before she reached the top of Mount Qomolangma, she even made four trips to the Himalayas in 2018 and 2019 and also climbed Cho Oyu, the world's sixth highest mountain. Thanks to her efforts, she reached the top of Mount Qomolangma successfully in May, 2022.

Kanizay said the best part of the journey was that she and her mother



reached the top together. They spent an hour on top of the mountain and watched the sun rise from the top.

In Kanizay's opinion, the journey was not easy. "Parts of it were harder than I thought it would be, but the mountain surprised me a lot," Kanizay said.

"I will climb whatever mountain that draws me next," Kanizay said. "I want to improve myself. I love mountains and I just want to keep climbing."

76. Where is Gabby Kanizay from?

77. When did Gabby Kanizay reached the top of Mount Qomolangma?

78. How long did Gabby Kanizay spend on top of Mount Qomolangma?

79. What did Gabby Kanizay think of the journey to Mount Qomolangma?

80. According to Gabby Kanizay, what will she do next?

**B. 书面表达 (本题 15 分)**

请根据要求完成短文写作，并将作文写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。

中国人征服世界之巅的脚步从未停止。2023 年 5 月 14 日，16 岁的湖南长沙女孩徐卓媛成功登顶珠穆朗玛峰。为了攀登珠峰，她一直进行着高强度的专业训练。“每个人心中都有一座山，它或许没有珠峰高，但将是我们为之奋斗的目标，需要我们一步一步奋力前行才能实现。”假如你叫李华，请你写一封信给中国的攀登者们，表达你的观点，内容包括：

(1) 你的感受；

(2) 你从攀登者们的身上学到了什么；

(3) 你为实现个人目标打算如何做 (至少两点)。

作文要求:

- (1) 不能照抄原文, 不得在作文中出现真实校名、地点和考生的真实姓名。
- (2) 语句连贯, 词数 80 词左右。作文的开头和结尾已经给出, 不计入总词数, 也不必抄写在答题卡上。

Dear Chinese climbers,

We Chinese never stop trying to reach the top.

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Best wishes,

Lihua

参考答案

一、听说应用 (本大题共 30 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 30 分)

E. 情景对话 (本题共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

26~30 BDFCE

二、语法选择 (本大题共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

31~35 ACBCC      36~40 ABCBA

三、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

41~45 DCBCA      46~50 BABCD

四、阅读理解 (本大题共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

51~55 DDCBA      56~60 CBCAD      61~65 FGAEC

五、短文填空 (本大题共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

66. cost; 67. buy; 68. about; 69. also; 70. how

71. good; 72. it; 73. be; 74. kinds; 75. less

六、读写综合 (本大题分为 A、B 两部分, 共 25 分)

A. 回答问题 (本题共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

76. She is from Australia.

77. She reached the top of Mount Qomolangma in May, 2022.

78. She spent an hour on top of Mount Qomolangma.

79. She thought the journey was not easy.

80. She will climb whatever mountain draws her next.

B. 书面表达 (满分 15 分)

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