

安徽省六安市2023届初中毕业班第三次教学质量抽测
英语试题

注意事项:

1. 本试卷共四部分, 十大题, 满分 120 分, 考试时间为 120 分钟。
2. 全卷包括“试题卷”(8 页)和“答题卷”或“答题卡”(2 页)两部分。
3. 请务必在“答题卷”或“答题卡”上答题, 在“试题卷”上答题无效。
4. 考试结束后, 请将“试题卷”和“答题卷”或“答题卡”一并交回。

第一部分 听力 (共四大题, 满分 20 分)

I. 短对话理解 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到五段对话, 每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

1. What will the weather be like on Sunday?



2. What are the two speakers talking about?



3. What will Alice give Mary as her birthday gift?

A. A photo.

B. A book.

C. A cake.

4. What did Molly's uncle use to be?

A. A teacher.

B. A doctor.

C. A farmer.

5. How much did Jack pay for the same model plane?

A. 100 yuan.

B. 150 yuan.

C. 200 yuan.

II. 长对话理解 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到两段对话, 每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话, 回答第 6 至 7 小题。

6. How long haven't Paul and Carla seen each other?

A. Since they left their hometown.

B. Since they left middle school.

C. Since they finished college.

7. Where does Carla work now?

A. In a hospital.

B. In a library.

C. In a school.

听下面一段对话, 回答第 8 至 10 小题。

8. How many students are there in the singing group?

A. Four.

B. Five.

C. Six.

9. Who is the lead singer?

A. Linda.

B. Susan.

C. Sam.

10. When is the Labour Day celebration?

A. Next Friday.

B. Next Saturday.

C. Next Sunday.

III. 短文理解 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到一篇短文, 短文后有五个小题。请根据短文内容, 在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。短文读两遍。

11. What can we get from our hobbies according to the text?

A. Excitement.

B. Success.

C. Happiness.

12. When did the speaker get his first Luban Lock?

A. When he was four.

B. When he was five.

C. When he was six.

13. Who gave the Luban Lock to the speaker as a birthday present?

A. His uncle.

B. His mother.

C. His aunt.

14. How many pieces was the speaker's first Luban Lock made up of?

A. Five.

B. Six.

C. Seven.

15. Which is NOT right about hobbies according to the text?

A. Hobbies can help us have fun.

B. Hobbies can make us relax.

C. Hobbies can make us confident.

IV. 信息转换 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容, 写出下面表格中所缺的单词, 每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

Moving to a new house	
Where	The new apartment is on the <u>16</u> floor of a building, 82 Blue Road, Banville.
Why	★The neighborhood is convenient, with a beautiful park, some stores, a sports <u>17</u> , a small hospital and a bank in it. ★The building is just opposite the park and <u>18</u> a fruit store. ★The apartment is not <u>19</u> but modern, with a home theater in the living room and a nice bathroom.
When	I can't move into my new place until next <u>20</u> , so I'll stay with my parents for a few days.

第二部分 英语知识运用 (共两大题, 满分 30 分)

V. 单项填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

21. —Tom, can you tell me how to use the new oven correctly?

—You'd better read the _____ first.

A. purposes

B. reports

C. opinions

D. instructions

22. —I haven't seen you for a long time. What are you doing?

—I am very busy recently. You see, I have to _____ several important meetings tomorrow.

A. attend

B. take

C. part

D. consider

23. —You should be very _____ when you drive past the school gate.

—Yes, especially during the rush hours to and from school.

A. thankful

B. honest

C. careful

D. general

24. —Why does Jenny look worried?
—Because her grandfather is _____ ill in hospital and she is worried about him.
A. badly B. heavily C. hardly D. strongly
25. Hurry up, Cathy. The plane will leave for Beijing in 60 minutes. We have to _____ at once.
A. look out B. set out C. give out D. come out
26. —What do the students usually do on the School Clean-up Day?
—They usually collect the leaves _____ have fallen from the trees.
A. what B. / C. that D. who
27. —Who does the math book on the floor belong to?
—It _____ be Sandy's. Look, her name is on the cover of the book.
A. might B. must C. shall D. may
28. —Many people are talking about the metaverse(元宇宙). Do you know _____?
—Well, it's difficult to describe it. But some people believe it's the future of the Internet.
A. what it is B. where it is from
C. what is it D. where is it from
29. —Would you like to do _____ with us this weekend, Amy? Do you have any good ideas?
—Sure, I'd love to. How about going camping?
A. interesting something B. interesting anything
C. something interesting D. anything interesting
30. —What do you think of the movie *Chotsu Lake*?
—_____. I think it's wonderful and educational.
A. I need it B. I don't mind it C. I can't stand it D. I like it

VI. 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

A

It was a special day for baseball lovers. The stadium entrance(体育场入口) was 31 with people. They all wanted to arrive 32 to have a good seat. David stayed close to his grandfather. He kept his eyes on the sign. It read, "To Stadium."

"I'm 33 we don't have very good seats, David," said Grandpa. They're quite high up in the stands(看台), and there are too many 34 today.

"That's OK, Grandpa," said David. He didn't really 35 good seats. He was just happy to be here.

After they sat down, David and Grandpa cheered for all of their favorite players. They saw some other famous 36 as well. There were also some good moments in the game. They 37 a wonderful time watching the game, and they thought it was a great game.

After the game, David got up to leave with Grandpa. On their way out, he could still see the players 38 on the playground and 39 the smack(撞击声) of the ball and the cheers of the crowd.

"Grandpa, you were right," said David. "Though the seats weren't good, the game was 40. I feel very happy today."

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| 31. A. full | B. crowded | C. pleased | D. covered |
| 32. A. early | B. quickly | C. slowly | D. clearly |
| 33. A. happy | B. excited | C. nervous | D. afraid |
| 34. A. students | B. children | C. people | D. visitors |
| 35. A. care about | B. talk about | C. ask for | D. agree with |
| 36. A. actors | B. volunteers | C. players | D. parents |

- | | | | |
|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 37. A. cost | B. spent | C. took | D. gave |
| 38. A. play | B. to play | C. playing | D. plays |
| 39. A. sound | B. listen | C. feel | D. hear |
| 40. A. great | B. common | C. bad | D. general |

B

Do you like skating? For normal people, it's not a(n) 41 sport. Even the professional(职业的) players can get hurt easily when playing it.

Dan Mancina is 36 years old and he is 42 for his good skateboarding skills. Dan started skating 29 years ago and took it more 43 at 13. He became interested in the sport because it could help him show himself. However, Dan was sick and became blind at the age of 23. He was really 44. "I thought my skating life came to an end," the American said. Later, he stopped skating.

In March of 2012, he started skating again. He made short 45 of skating and put them online. Because of those videos, Dan met a new group of people to skate with and it gave him enough 46 to return to the streets. "Then I realized I could be the same person and that I could still do the things that I 47. I just have to do them in a different way," Dan added. Dan wants to 48 a special park for blind skateboarders in his hometown. "Some people think it's crazy and 49 for the blind to skate, but I don't think so. Don't let other people 50 what you can do or you can't do. You know, it's all up to you," Dan said.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. difficult | B. easy | C. unhappy | D. exciting |
| 42. A. ready | B. late | C. sorry | D. famous |
| 43. A. clearly | B. seriously | C. recently | D. carefully |
| 44. A. sad | B. happy | C. excited | D. relaxed |
| 45. A. films | B. shows | C. stories | D. videos |
| 46. A. happiness | B. hope | C. confidence | D. reason |
| 47. A. learn | B. love | C. hate | D. want |
| 48. A. make up | B. look up | C. set up | D. take up |
| 49. A. terrible | B. helpful | C. interesting | D. impossible |
| 50. A. decide | B. know | C. find | D. afford |

第三部分 阅读理解 (共两大题, 满分 45 分)

VII. 补全对话 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

根据对话内容, 从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 其中有两个为多余选项。

- A: Mario, you look so excited today. Is there any good news?
 B: Of course! I talked with my parents about my future plan just now. 51
 A: Did you talk with them about your future career(职业) choice?
 B: Yes. 52 I've had the dream for years.
 A: 53
 B: Sure. My grandma used to have eye problems and that caused her a lot of trouble. With the help of eye doctors, she can see things clearly now. I hope I can also help people with eye problems.
 A: 54
 B: Thank you, Peter. What about you? Do you have any plans for your future?
 A: 55 You know, I am good with children.
 B: I'm sure you'll become a good teacher.

- A. They encouraged me and said they would support me.
- B. I told them that I would like to be an eye doctor.
- C. Let's work hard together for our dreams.
- D. I used to dream of being a pianist, but now I'd like to be a teacher.
- E. I believe that your dream will come true.
- F. Can you tell me why you want to be an eye doctor?
- G. When did you make such a decision?

VIII. 阅读理解 (共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

A

West School Music and Invention Show	
Welcome, friends and parents! This is West School Music and Invention Show! As you can see, the children have been very busy. They have researched and invented their own musical instruments.	
Inventors	Musical Instruments
Dave	This first instrument was made of bamboo. It makes the sound of rushing water.
Laura	This next instrument is a kind of drum(鼓). It's made of wood and it makes the sound of a bell perfectly.
Kevin	This very large instrument weighs over 2 kilograms. It is made out of steel(钢) and glass. It makes the sound of the wind.
Lena	This last instrument is the most creative and unusual. It's made of glass and makes the sound of a bird flying.

56. Which instrument can make a sound of a bell perfectly?
 A. A kind of piano. B. A kind of drum.
 C. A kind of guitar. D. A kind of violin.
57. Who invented the most creative invention?
 A. Dave. B. Laura. C. Kevin. D. Lena.
58. How many kinds of materials were used to make the four instruments?
 A. Three. B. Four.
 C. Five. D. Six.

B

Fanni Sandor is an artist from Hungary. She likes shaping miniatures(微缩模型) of animals and plants which are not only cute but biologically(生物学地) correct.

Sandor was trained as a microbiologist(微生物学家) and science teacher before. Now she also spends much time creating some amazing art pieces that show the beauty of the natural world. When it comes to miniatures, Sandor is mainly a self-taught artist, though she has also studied painting and drawing for some years in the art school. The first time she met the art of making miniatures was sometime in her twenties through the Internet. After knowing about the artistic style, she developed interest in it at once.

Sandor's works include plants and animals like ducks, tree frogs(树蛙), rodents(啮齿目动物) and some others. They are made out of all kinds of materials. Even though the artworks are very tiny, Sandor still spends days, and sometimes weeks, on a single piece.

Why does Sandor create such art pieces? Actually, like many other environment-friendly artists, Sandor wants people to care more about nature. She makes her artworks so small on purpose that one cannot help but stop to watch them closely.

“People walk past wonderful natural treasures every day, but it seems that they don’t care too much. Through my works, I want to tell others that if we walk with open eyes and pay attention, we can see a lot of miracles(奇迹) that nature has given us,” she said.

59. What are Fanni Sandor’s artworks about?

- A. Miniatures of animals and plants.
- B. The beauty of the natural world.
- C. The wonderful natural treasures.
- D. The magic of painting and drawing.

60. How long does it take Sandor to create one miniature?

- A. It takes her a few hours.
- B. It takes her a few seconds.
- C. It takes her a few months.
- D. It takes her days, and sometimes weeks.

61. When did Sandor begin to learn about the art of making miniatures?

- A. In her teens.
- B. In her twenties.
- C. In her thirties.
- D. In her forties.

62. What do the last two paragraphs mainly talk about?

- A. Why Sandor taught art by herself.
- B. Why Sandor creates such art pieces.
- C. Why Sando makes her artworks so small.
- D. Why Sando studied painting and drawing.

C

Do you like skiing? When it comes to skiing, we have to mention one person—Shan Zhaojian. He is known as China’s father of skiing.

In 1938, Shan was born in Tonghua, a city known for its ice and snow. In the 1950s, China began to develop winter sports in its northeastern areas, and Tonghua set up its first cross-country ski team. Shan joined it when he was 16.

“But things were really tough at that time. We didn’t have good equipment(装备). We had to make skis out of wood by ourselves. But I kept practicing hard and believed we could do well,” he said. From 1957 to 1960, Shan won 10 medals in different national skiing competitions.

Because of some health problems, Shan said goodbye to his role as a skier at age 24, but he stayed close to the winter sport he loved. He worked as a ski coach, leader of Chinese Ski Association and head of Chinese Ski Team. After his retirement(退休) in 1998, Shan spent much time studying the history and culture of skiing, giving public talks and holding activities about ice and snow in schools across the country. “I hope to see more people take part in ice and snow sports,” he said.

63. When did Shan join the first cross-country ski team in Tonghua?

- A. In 1938.
- B. In 1954.
- C. In 1960.
- D. In 1998.

64. What does the underlined word “tough” mean in Chinese?

- A. 同样的
- B. 极好的
- C. 困难的
- D. 特殊的

65. What can we infer(推断) from the last paragraph?

- A. He set up a ski school in his hometown.
- B. He wrote a book about the history of skiing.
- C. He called on more people to take part in winter sports.
- D. He provided some ski equipment for children in poor areas.

66. Which can be the best title(标题) for the text?

- A. Shan Zhaojian, a great ski coach
- B. Shan Zhaojian and his skiing dream
- C. China’s winter sports are becoming popular
- D. Meet China’s “father of skiing”, Shan Zhaojian

D

"Guilin's scenery(风景) is the best in the world, and Yangshuo's scenery is the best in Guilin," goes the old saying. Why is the scenery of Guilin and Yangshuo so great? One main reason is probably that there is a beautiful river running through them. It is the Li River.

From Guilin to Yangshuo, the Li River flows(流动) 83 kilometers. The scenery on both sides of the river is beautiful beyond words. The best way to enjoy its beauty is to take a cruise(乘船游览). It will take about 4 hours, carrying you away from the hustle(喧嚣) of the city and into a peaceful and relaxing world. You need to do nothing but bring your imagination and a camera and keep your eyes open. Green hills, clear water, tall bamboos... It feels like you are walking in a classic Chinese ink painting(水墨画)! Your tour guide will tell you lots of great stories behind the different mountains. The story behind Xianren Rock and Wangfu Rock must be on the list. A young man died of hunger after giving all his food to a poor old man and turned into Xianren Rock. His wife was sad because of her husband's death. She carried her baby on her back and turned into Wangfu Rock.

The Li River is beautiful in every season. Why not visit this amazing place? To see it with your own eyes and feel it with your own heart! I'm sure it won't disappoint you!

67. How long is the Li River from Guilin to Yangshuo?
A. 81 kilometers. B. 82 kilometers. C. 83 kilometers. D. 84 kilometers.
68. What does the writer describe Guilin's scenery as?
A. A classic Chinese ink painting. B. A modern Chinese ink painting.
C. A classic Chinese oil painting. D. A modern Chinese oil painting.
69. What do you need to bring when you visit this amazing place according to the text?
A. Food and water. B. Clothes and shoes.
C. A tent and a ship. D. Imagination and a camera.

E

"Hello, people, this is your pilot Jackson Reeves speaking. We will land in the Maldives in a few minutes, so please..." Linda was both surprised and glad after hearing this.

"Jackson Reeves—I know that name," Linda thought. As she was getting off the plane, she decided to find out if the pilot was the person she knew.

When the pilot got off the plane, he locked eyes with Linda and froze in surprise. Then he hurried towards her with tears(眼泪) in his eyes.

It turned out that 19 years ago, he once stole things from people with a group of guys. Jackson never stole anything. He just kept an eye on the police and gave the guys the alarm. After being caught by the police, he was sent to the court(法院). Linda was the judge at that time. They had several long and honest conversations. Linda was nice to him and believed that he would get back on the right path. Then she set him free after fining(罚款) him \$50.

"Thank you," he said to Linda at the court that day. "I promise to study hard and become a good person!"

That day at the airport, Linda said to him, "You kept your promise."

70. What did the pilot do 19 years ago?
A. He saved Linda's life. B. He stole things from Linda.
C. He worked for some bad guys. D. He spent some time in Maldives.
71. What did Jackson decide to do after he was set free?
A. Become a good judge. B. Learn to be a good man.
C. Leave school and move to the Maldives. D. Stay away from the police.
72. Which of the following best describes Linda?
A. Patient. B. Polite. C. Kind. D. Humorous.

阅读下面短文，并用英语回答问题(请注意每小题的词数要求)。

F

Every Halloween, kids in some parts of the world wear costumes(节日服装) and knock on doors, saying “Trick or treat?” and hoping to get candy. Nobody really knows how the tradition started, but it’s thought that it came from England, Scotland and Ireland. The Celts(凯尔特人), who lived in Ireland, Britain and northern France 2,000 years ago, celebrated the festival of Samhain on October 31. They believed the dead returned on this night, so they would wear costumes to protect themselves.

In the Middle Ages, people began wearing scary costumes and doing tricks for food or drinks.

By the ninth century, poor people would visit their richer neighbors, who would give them “soul cakes” if they promised to pray(祈祷) for the rich families’ dead relatives. Children did that too, asking for gifts such as food and money.

The Irish(爱尔兰人) brought Halloween traditions to North America in the 19th century and trick-or-treating became well-known in the US in the 1930s. And trick-or-treating is still popular today.

73. Why do children say “Trick or treat?” on Halloween? (不超过 10 个词)

74. How did the Celts protect themselves from the dead on October 31? (不超过 5 个词)

75. When did people in North America first get to know trick-or-treating? (不超过 5 个词)

第四部分 写(共两大题, 满分 25 分)

IX. 单词拼写(共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

根据首字母及汉语提示, 完成下列单词的拼写, 使句意明确, 语言通顺。

76. Mr. Yang became the m_____ (经理) of the company because of his excellent ability.

77. When we reached the beach, we couldn’t help stopping to a_____ (欣赏) the wonderful view of the blue sea.

78. Lang Lang is good at playing the piano and he can play s_____ (悦耳的) music.

79. Many great people can spend their time w_____ (明智地) to make their life more meaningful.

80. People in the city have more c_____ (机会) to enjoy the natural beauty of the countryside now.

X. 书面表达(共 1 小题; 满分 20 分)

古人言: 以史为鉴, 可以知兴替。习近平总书记也曾说过“历史是最好的教科书, 也是最好的清醒剂。”历史学习如此重要, 怎样能让它变得更加有趣呢? 请你根据提示写一篇发言稿, 表达自己的观点。

提示: 1. 学习历史的重要性(至少两条);

2. 如何让历史学习更加有趣: 去图书馆翻阅图书; 去博物馆看展览; 看有关历史的电视节目等。

注意: 1. 词数 80 ~ 100;

2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;

3. 开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

Hello, everyone! Today, I’ll talk about the importance of learning history and how to make history study more interesting.

英语试题参考答案及评分标准

第一部分 听力（共四大题，满分 20 分）

I. 1—5 CABAC

II. 6—10 BBABC

III. 11—15 CBABC

IV. 16. fourth/4th 17. center 18. beside 19. big 20. Thursday

评分标准：1—20 题每小题 1 分。（16—20 题中的单词拼写错误可酌情扣分。）

第二部分 英语知识运用（共两大题，满分 30 分）

V. 单项填空

21—25 DACAB 26—30 CBACD

评分标准：21—30 题每小题 1 分。

VI. 完形填空

31—35 BADCA 36—40 CBCDA 41—45 BDBAD 46—50 CBCDA

评分标准：31—50 题每小题 1 分。

第三部分 阅读理解（共两大题，满分 45 分）

VII. 补全对话

51—55 ABFED

评分标准：51—55 题每小题 1 分。

VIII. 阅读理解

56—58 BDB 59—62 ADBB 63—66 BCCD 67—69 CAD 70—72 CBC

73. Because they hope to get candy.

74. They would wear costumes./By wearing costumes.

75. In the 19th century.

评分标准：56—75 题每小题 2 分。（73—75 题答对要点即可酌情给分。）

第四部分 写（共两大题，满分 25 分）

IX. 单词拼写

76. manager 77. admire 78. smooth 79. wisely 80. chances

评分标准：76—80 题每小题 1 分。

X. 书面表达

One possible version:

Hello, everyone! Today, I'll talk about the importance of learning history and how to make history study more interesting.

History can help us see the world from a different point of view. Only by having a good knowledge of history can we make wise decisions about the future. In order to make history study more interesting, we can do a lot of things. Firstly, go to the library to read some books on history. We can look for the ones that we're interested in. Secondly, visit the museum often. By watching the exhibitions, we can have a better understanding of some historical events and figures. Thirdly, watching TV programs on history can also inspire our interest in history. Finally, go traveling and visit some places of interest. We can learn history while having fun.

In a word, interest is the best teacher. Try to make your history study fun and enjoy it.

21.D 考查名词。上句询问如何使用烤炉，下文回答说应该先仔细阅读“说明书”。instructions 使用说明。

22.A 考查动词。根据上下文可知，我最近很忙，且明天还有好几个重要会议要参加。attend 参加。

23.C 考查形容词。根据“when you drive past the school gate”可知应当“小心驾驶”。careful 小心的。

24.A 考查副词。由“Jenny look worried”可知是因为她的爷爷“病重”。

25.B 考查动词短语。因为飞机 60 分钟后就要起飞，时间紧，所以要立即“出发”。set out 出发。

26.C 考查定语从句。定语从句中的先行词 leaves 是物，且在从句中做主语，所以用 that。

27.B 考查情态动词。根据后文“her name is on the cover of the book”可知此处指肯定推测，故用 must。

28.A 考查宾语从句。宾语从句要用陈述语序，再根据句意可知选 A。

29.C 考查不定代词。形容词修饰不定代词，要放在不定代词的后面，疑问句表示请求邀请时，应该使用 some，表示希望得到对方肯定的回答。

30.D 考查交际用语。根据“I think it's wonderful and educational.”可知“我很喜欢这部电影”。

31.B 考查形容词。根据“They all wanted to arrive early to have a good seat.”可知，体育馆入口处挤满了人。be crowded with 挤满了……。

32.A 考查副词。结合句意可知，为了得到好座位，要早点到达。early 早地。

- 33.D 考查形容词。根据宾语从句可知,此处是表示“担心”得不到好的座位。afraid 担心的。
- 34.C 考查名词。根据上文“The stadium entrance(体育场入口) was crowded with people.”可知今天人多。
- 35.A 考查动词短语。根据上下文可知 David 不介意座位的好坏,只要到这里就很开心了。care about 介意,在乎。
- 36.C 考查名词。上十句说他们为自己最喜欢的运动员欢呼,此句中 as well 呼应上十句,结合“There were also some good moments in the game.”可知此句应该也是谈论“运动员”。
- 37.B 考查动词。主语是 they,人花时间做某事,只能用 sb.+spend + time +doing sth.。
- 38.C 考查固定用法。根据“On their way out”可知后面看见的事情是正在发生的。see sb. doing sth.固定结构。
- 39.D 考查动词。此处强调结果,故用 hear。
- 40.A 考查形容词。句意:尽管座位不是很好,但比赛非常棒。great 符合句意。
- 41.B 考查形容词。根据“Even the professional(职业的) players can get hurt easily”可知这项运动是不容易的。
- 42.D 考查形容词。结合文意可知, Dan Mancina 是个很优秀的滑板运动员。be famous for 以……著名。
- 43.B 考查副词。take sth. seriously 认真地对待某事,是固定搭配。
- 44.A 考查形容词。根据下句“I thought my skating life came to an end”可知 Dan 感到伤心。
- 45.D 考查名词。根据下一句“Because of those videos”可知 Dan 制作的是短视频。
- 46.C 考查名词。根据上文可知 Dan 因为身体原因停止滑板许多年,后来因为滑冰的短视频放在网上,遇到了一群新朋友一起滑冰,这给了 Dan 足够的自信重回街道上。
- 47.B 考查动词。滑冰是 Dan 的最爱,现在他重回滑冰场,做自己喜爱的事情。
- 48.C 考查动词短语。根据上下文可知 Dan 想为盲人在家乡开设一座特殊的公园。
- 49.D 考查形容词。根据下句“but I don't think so”以及 crazy 可知,一些人认为 Dan 的想法是疯狂的、不可能的。
- 50.A 考查动词。根据“it's all up to you”可知 Dan 认为自己的事情由自己决定,不能被别人所左右。decide 决定,符合文意。
- 56.B 细节理解题。根据表格可知, Laura 发明的木制的鼓,能完美地发出铃铛的声音。
- 57.D 细节理解题。根据表格中 Lena 的发明可知, Lena 的发明是最有创意的。
- 58.B 细节理解题。根据表格内容可知四个人的四个发明一共用了四种材料:竹子,木头,钢和玻璃。
- 59.A 细节理解题。由第一段中的“‘She likes shaping miniatures(微缩模型) of animals and plants.’”可知 Fanni Sandor 的艺术作品是关于动物和植物的微缩模型。
- 60.D 细节理解题。根据第三段中的“‘Sandor still spends days, and sometimes weeks, on a single piece’”可知她做一个缩微模型要花好几天,有时好几周的时间。
- 61.B 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“‘The first time she met the art of making miniatures was sometime in her twenties through the Internet. After knowing about the artistic style, she developed interest in it at once.’”可知她开始接触微缩艺术是在她 20 多岁的时候。
- 62.B 细节理解题。由最后两段内容及倒数第二段中的“‘Why does Sandor create such art pieces?’”可知,这两段是回答她创作微缩模型的原因。
- 63.B 细节理解题。单兆鉴出生于 1938 年,16 岁时加入了第一支越野滑雪队,所以他加入的时间应该是 1954 年。
- 64.C 词义推测题。根据下一句可知,当时没有好的装备,只能用木头做滑雪板,说明滑雪队刚刚组建时条件是很差的,故推测该词意为“困难的”。
- 65.C 推理判断题。根据最后一段内容可知,他 1998 年退休以后,花了大量时间研究滑雪的历史和文化,在全国各地的学校做公开演讲和举办冰雪活动,再结合他说的话,可推知他退休后是想号召更多的人参加冬季运动。
- 66.D 标题归纳题。本文介绍了单兆鉴从 16 岁开始从事滑雪运动,取得的巨大成就,以及退休后仍然坚持宣传滑雪运动、鼓励人们参加冬季运动。结合第一段中的“‘He is known as China's father of skiing’”,故 Meet China's “father of skiing”, Shan Zhaojian 作为标题最全面、准确。
- 67.C 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“‘From Guilin to Yangshuo, the Li River flows(流动) 83 kilometers.’”可知,漓江从桂林流向阳朔,全长 83 千米。
- 68.A 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“‘It feels like you are walking in a classic Chinese ink painting(水墨画)’”可知,作者把桂林山水比作“中国古典水墨画”。
- 69.D 细节理解题。根据第二段中的“‘You need to do nothing but bring your imagination and a camera and keep your eyes open.’”可知,你只需要带上你的想象力和相机,睁大你的眼睛。
- 70.C 细节理解题。根据第四段内容可知 19 年前, Jackson 为一伙人偷东西放风、报警,但自己并没有偷东西。
- 71.B 细节理解题。根据倒数第二段中的“‘I promise to study hard and become a good person!’”可知, Jackson 获得自由后决定做个好人。
- 72.C 推理判断题。根据第四段内容可知 Linda 与 Jackson 进行了几次坦诚的长谈并对他很好,相信他会回到正确的道路上,最后处以 50 美元罚金,释放了 Jackson,可推知 Linda 心地善良。

听力部分录音文字稿

I. 短对话理解 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到五段对话, 每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

1. M: The radio says it'll be sunny on Sunday.
W: That's great! Maybe we can go for a bike ride.
2. M: Nice glasses! They really fit you!
W: Thanks. They are very light and I like this style.
3. M: Alice, will you go to Mary's birthday party tonight?
W: Yes, I will. And I will bring a book as her gift.
4. M: Do you know the old man with a pair of glasses, Molly?
W: Yes, he is my uncle. And he used to be a math teacher in our school.
5. M: This model plane is on sale now. I pay only 100 yuan for it. What do you think of it?
W: You are so lucky. My brother Jack paid double the price for the same thing last month.

II. 长对话理解 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到两段对话, 每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话, 回答第 6 至 7 小题。

- W: Hey! Paul?
M: Carla? Is that you? I can't believe it.
W: Yeah, it's me. We haven't seen each other since we left middle school. How is it going?
M: I finished college and now I'm working in a hospital. How about you?
W: I work in a library in my hometown.
M: Great! Do you still keep in touch with Jane?
W: Yes. In fact, she works at a school in my hometown.

听下面一段对话, 回答第 8 至 10 小题。

- M: Mom, I joined a singing group at school.
W: Oh, it's good news. How many students are there in your group?
M: Four, two boys and two girls. Linda plays the guitar. Sam plays the piano. I play the drums and Susan is the lead singer.
W: Sounds great!
M: We'll perform for the Labour Day celebration next Sunday. Would you like to come?
W: Of course. Which song do you plan to perform?
M: *Worker's Day*.
W: It's a great song. I love it. I'm looking forward to your performance.

III. 短文理解 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到一篇短文, 短文后有五个小题。请根据短文内容, 在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。短文读两遍。

Everyone has hobbies. Hobbies bring us a lot of happiness. My hobby is playing Luban Lock, a traditional Chinese toy.

As an educational toy, the Luban Lock was said to be first invented by Lu Ban in ancient China. I got my first Luban Lock from my uncle as a birthday present when I was five. It is a six-piece Luban Lock. It took me a lot of time to put all six wooden pieces together. It was a little difficult, but I had great fun. Gradually, I fell in love with the toy.

My hobby not only makes my life more interesting, but also helps me relax. Meanwhile, it offers me a chance to do something creative. Playing Luban Lock teaches me that I can achieve my goals if I don't give up halfway.

Developing different hobbies can help you have fun. You can have a try.

IV. 信息转换 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容, 写出下面表格中所缺的单词, 每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

I'm moving to a new house. My new apartment is on the fourth floor of a building, 82 Blue Road, Banville. It's in a good location. Here are the reasons why I'm moving.

The neighborhood is convenient. There is a beautiful park, some stores, a sports center, a small hospital and a bank in the neighborhood. My building is just opposite the park and beside a fruit store.

The apartment is not big but modern. There's a home theater in the living room. You know, I love movies. It also has a nice bathroom. But I can't move into my new place until next Thursday, so I'll stay with my parents for a few days.