**成都嘉祥外国语九年级英语Unit 2考试试题**

**第二部分 基础知识运用（共40小题；计45分）**

六、选择填空（共20小题，每小题1分；计20分）

B. 从下列各题的A,B,C三个选项中选择正确答案。（共12小题，每小题1分；计12分）

( )35. As we all know, Lantern Festival’s January 15th Chinese lunar calendar.

A. a,/,of B. /,in, at C. the, on, in

( )36.It’s heavy rain tonight that all of us are scared to walk past that house.

A. a, haunted B. such, haunted C. so, haunted

( )37. –It’s not Halloween today, but Jack a black cat. –Do you ask him ?

A. ends up like, what the matter is B. puts on; what happened

C. dresses up as; what’s wrong with him

( )38.Have you ever found are very popular the young?

A. reading fantasy novels; among B. the books written by Hanhan; in

C. the stars from korea; with

( )39. The strict teacher us not the same mistake, or he will us.

A. warns; to make; punish B. refuses; make; visit C. dislike; making; wake

( )40. Scrooge is so mean he can make more money is the only thing he about.

A. that; if; worries B. whether; that; knows C. that; whether; cares

( )41. He to go to that country by us, the idea of cooperation.

A. was expected, spreading B. expected, promising C. allowed, telling

( )42. --- food you cooked!

---Thank you. My servant did it. He also wants to you some desert after the meal.

A. How delicious, show, to B. What a good, invite, to C. What fantastic, serve, with

( )43. –Jessy, can you tell us yesterday?

– Yeah, Miss Ming. It’s about a man Tom who only one leg.

A. the book you read, named, have B. what you read, called, has C. the class, he is, is

( )44. Although the officer all parts of this gun on the table, I still don’t know .

A. showed up, how can I use it B. called up, what to do it C. laid out, how to use it

( )45. I wonder if he to Beijing tomorrow. If he , please let me know.

A. will fly, does B. flies, goes C. fly, comes

( )46. – When we were young, our teacher told us .

- Yeah that’s .

A. sound traveled father than light, we hear sound first when it thunders

B. light travels faster than sound, why we see light first when it thunders

C. light traveled as quickly as sound, the reason why we see and hear them together

C.补全对话 根据对话内容，从右边方框中选出适当的选项补全对话，并将选项的编号字母依次填涂在答题卡的相应位置。（共4题，每小题1分；计4分）

A: Guess what? I’m going to Hong Kong in two weeks.

B. 47

A: I’m not afraid of the hot weather. How’s the food there?

B: There are all kinds of food there in Hong Kong.

A: Sounds great. 48

B. Shopping! 49

A: Is it a good place to buy electric product?

B: 50

A. Not really. Sometimes it’s cheaper in Europe.

B. Sounds like fun. But it’s the hottest time there now.

C. What else can we do there?

D. It’s the only thing girls like to do there.

七、完形填空 （共20小题，计25分。A篇每小题1.5分，计15分；B篇每小题1分，计10分）

**A**

  Mother's Day was coming, but John had been visiting customers. He was now in a small town just outside a flower shop and he knew what to do.

     He went into the shop and saw a young man\_\_51\_\_the clerk to sell him some roses for six dollars, but the clerk just explained that roses were expensive. The clerk looked up at John, shaking her head. Something inside of John was\_\_52\_\_by the boy's voice. John had been blessed in his business, and he looked at the clerk and silently mouthed that he would pay for the roses.

     The clerk looked at the young man and told him to get the roses for six dollars. The young man almost jumped into the\_\_53\_\_and ran from the store with the flowers. It was worth the extra dollars just to see that kind of\_\_54\_\_.

      John ordered his own flowers and made sure that the delivery would include a note telling his mother how much he loved her. He drove away from the shop, feeling very good. He met a light about two blocks away. As he\_\_55\_\_at the light, he saw the young boy walking down the sidewalk. He watched him cross the street and enter a park through two huge gates. Suddenly,he\_\_56\_\_that it wasn't a park but a cemetery (公墓).



      The light\_\_57\_\_,and John slowly crossed the intersection交会角.He pulled over his car and got out and began to follow the boy. The young man stopped by a small monument 碑and knelt down. He began to cry after he carefully\_\_58\_\_the roses on the grave. He stared at the little boy's heaving (起伏的) body and listened to his crying.

      John turned with tears, and walked back to his car. He drove\_\_59\_\_to the shop and told the clerk he would\_\_60\_\_the flowers personally. He wanted to tell his mother one more time just how much he loved her.

51. A. begging B. ordering C. forcing

52. A. touched B. recalled C. lightened

53. A. air B. river C. lake

54. A. surprise B. sadness C. excitement

55. A. waited B. looked C. stood

56.A.remembered B. discovered C. realized

57.A. flashed B. changed C. disappeared

58. A. laid B. lied C. lay

59. A. quickly B. carefully C. excitedly

60. A. bring B. take C. fetch

**B**

Spring Festival

The Spring Festival is the most important festival for the Chinese people and is when all family members get together, just like Christmas in the West. All people 61 away from home go back. Both railway stations and long-distance bus stations are 62 with home returnees回家的人

The most important days are Spring Festival Eve and the first three days. Chinese people now have seven days off 63 the festival and have a rest. There are many customs during the Spring Festival. The 23rd day of the 12th lunar month 64 “Xiao Nian”. At this time, most families make delicious food to enjoy themselves.

After that, people begin to prepare for the 65 New Year. This is called “Seeing the New Year in 迎新年”. Store owners are busy because everybody goes out to buy things for the New Year. 66 oil, ice, new clothes and shoes for the children as well as gifts for the old, friends and relatives.

Before the New Year arrives, people 67 clean the indoors and outdoors of their homes. Then they begin to 68 their clean rooms. The Chinese character “fu” (meaning blessing or happiness) is a must.

The great important time is Spring Festival Eve. At that time, all family members eat dinner together. The meal is more luxurious丰盛的than usual. After the dinner, the whole family will sit together, chatting and watching TV. In recent years, the Spring Festival Gala on CCTV is an essential 基本的 entertainment. 69 Customs, each family will wait to welcome the New Year.

A series of 70 such as lion dancing, dragon lantern dancing, lantern festivals and temple fairs 寺庙will last for days. The Spring Festival then comes to an end when the Lantern Festival is finished.

61. A. lived B. living C. to live

62. A. crowded B. crowd C. crowds

63 .A. to celebrate B. celebrate C. celebrated

64. A. is called B. calling C. call

65. A. coming B. first C. next

66. A. including B. included C. include

67. A. complete B. completely C. completable

68. A. sweep B. decorate C. build

69. A. As for B. According to C. In order to

70 .A. actions B. activities C. event

第三部分 阅读理解（共15小题，计30分）

A 阅读下面的短文，根据短文内容判断句子的正误。正确的涂“A”，错误的涂“B”（共5题，每小题2分，计10分）

How do you celebrate New Year’s Eve? Have you ever imagined how New Year’s Eve would look in another country? Examples listed below are four of the top ten “Special New Year Traditions Around the World”.

**1. Breaking Dishes on Neighbor’s Door——Denmark**

A strange Danish New Year tradition is throwing dishes at neighbor’s door. Strangely, this makes them happy instead of annoying them. The family with the tallest tower of broken plates, glasses, cups is considered to be the luckiest one because it means their large number of true friends.

**2. Talking to Spirits——Mexico**

Talking to spirits is a part of Mexican belief. Mexicans strongly believe that they can communicate with the souls of their dead loved ones. New Year’s Eve is considered the best time to communicate with dead spirits.

**3. Wearing Polka Dots (小圆点)——Philippines**

Imagine streets full of people wearing polka dots and dining room tables full of round shaped food and fruits on one single day of the year. This all actually happens in the Philippines on New Year’s Eve every year. Philippines believe that this will bring them wealth by relating the round dots to coins and wealth.

No matter how people celebrate the New Year, we all want to start a new, fresh year with renewed enthusiasm. We all want to be happier, find love, renew friendships, increase our wealth and also hope for a little extra luck in the coming new year.

( ) 71. In Denmark, the luckiest family throws dishes at neighbor’s door.

( ) 72. Mexican people usually communicate with their loved ones on New Year’s Eve.

( ) 73. Philippines wear polka dots because the round dots are like coins which mean wealth.

( ) 74. From the passage, we can see people around the world celebrate the New Year in the same way.

( ) 75. According to the passage, we know although people celebrate differently, their wishes are nearly the same.

九 阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容选择正确答案。（共10小题，每小题2分，计20分）

**A**

Christmas is for giving and sharing, for getting together with family and friends. But mostly it’s for love. I had not believed this until a student, who was called Mark, gave me a wonderful gift one Christmas.

Mark was an 11-year-old orphan who lived with his aunt, a middle aged woman greatly annoyed with the burden (负担) of looking for her dead sister’s son.

I had not noticed Mark especially until he began staying after class each day to help me tidy up the room. We did this quietly, not speaking much, but enjoying the time of the day. When we did talk, Mark spoke mostly of his mother, who had always spent much time with him before she passed away. As Christmas came near, however, Mark failed to stay after school each day. I stopped him one afternoon and asked why he no longer helped me in the room. “I was making you a surprise ,” he said confidently in a low voice. “It’s for Christmas.”

With that, he left the room in a hurry. He didn’t stay after school any more after that. Finally came the last school day before Christmas. Mark walked slowly into the room late that afternoon. “I have a present,” he said. “I hope you like it.” He held out his hand, and in it was a tiny wooden box. “It’s beautiful, Mark. What’s in it?” I asked, opening the top to look inside . “Oh, you can’t see it,” he replied, “and you can’t touch it, or taste it or feel it, but mother always said it makes you feel good all the time, warm on cold nights, and safe when you’re alone .”I looked into the empty box. “What is it, Mark,” I asked, “that will make me feel so good?” “It’s love ,” he said softly, “and mother always said it’s best when you give it away.” And he turned and quietly left the room.

So now I keep the small box on the piano in my living room. Yes, Christmas is for joy, songs and nice gifts, but mostly, for love.

( ) 76. What’s the meaning of Christmas?

A. Giving and sharing B. Getting together with family and friends C. Both

( ) 77.Why does Mark live with his aunt instead of his parents?

A. Because his mother passed away B. Because his mother lived far away.

C. Because his aunt loved him so much

( ) 78. What did ,ark do every day after school when the Christmas is coming?

A. Made his teacher a present B. Cleaned the classroom with his teacher

C. Made an empty box

( ) 79. What present did Mark give his teacher?

A. A box B. A box with a precious gift C. His love

( ) 80. What can we get from the story?

A. Mark’s teacher didn’t like this gift.

B. Mark’s teacher cherished this precious gift for years.

C. Mark’s family is very poor.

**B**

　　Years ago, I lived in a building in a large city. The building next door was only a few feet away from mine. There was a woman who lived there, whom I had never met, yet I could see her seated by her window each afternoon, sewing or reading.

After several months had gone by, I began to notice that her window was dirty. Everything was unclear through the dirty window. I would say to myself, "I wonder why that woman doesn't wash her window. It really looks terrible."

One bright morning I decided to clean my flat, including washing the window on the inside. Later in the afternoon when I finished the cleaning, I sat down by the window with a cup of coffee for a rest. What a surprise! Across the way, the woman sitting by her window was clearly visible. Her window was clean! Then it dawned on me. I had been criticizing (批评) her dirty window, but all the time I was watching hers through my own dirty window.

That was quite an important lesson for me. How often had I looked at and criticized others through the dirty window of my heart, through my own shortcomings?

Since then, whenever I wanted to judge (评判) someone, I asked myself first, "Am I looking at him through my own dirty window?" Then I try to clean the window of my own world so that I may see the world about me more clearly.

( ) 81. The writer couldn't see everything clearly through the window because\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the woman's window was dirty

B. the writer's window was dirty

C. the writer was near-sighted

( ) 82. The writer was surprised that\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the woman was sitting by her window B.  the woman's window was clean

C. the woman did cleaning in the afternoon

( ) 83. "It dawned on me" probably means "\_\_\_\_".

A. I began to understand it   B. it cheered me up C. I knew it grew light

( ) 84. It's clear that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. the writer had never met the woman before B. the writer often washed the window C. they lived in a small town

( ) 85. From the passage, we can learn \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. one must look at others through his dirty windows

B. one should often make his windows clean

C. one must judge himself before he judges others

**B卷 （非选择题，共50分）**

**一、首字母填空。**(共10小题，每小题0.5分；计5分)

1. It’s said that there is a h\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ house in the factory and someone once saw a ghost in it.

2. C\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Day is celebrated on December 25th every year.

3. Jack was quite hopeless since a thief had s\_\_\_\_\_\_ his wallet.

4. Every student in Jiaxiang Foreign Language School knows the importance of rules. One would be surely p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for breaking the rules.

5. Look! How fantastic! The cloud in the sky is in the s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a dragon!

6. Can you give me your p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that you’ll never be late again?

7. W\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ visits Chengdu will love it at once.

8. Famers used to t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the sheep to the houses so that they couldn’t run away.

9. Li Dakang, the main character in *《In the name of people》，*has been a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by millions of his fans for his pursuit for justice（正义） in the TV show.

10. After the ninth sun was s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ down, Houyi got some magic medicine from a goddess.

1. 完成对话。一空一词，含缩写词。（共10小题，每小题1分，计10分）

A:Did you enjoy your Mid-Autumn Festival, Harry?

B: Yes and no.

A: Why is that? What happened?

B: You know that there are many 1 in our country. One of those is having 2 .

A: I learned about that on TV! Chinese people buy them because behind it 3 the true meaning of the festival. They carry people’s good wishes.

B: That’s true. What made me upset is another thing. You know, normally, the weather is fine before and after the festival, so we can 4 the moon with our families. But this year, it kept raining all the time in Chengdu. So we couldn’t see the moon, we just stayed at home to watch the Mid-Autumn Festival Gala.

A: That was not all bad1! 5 Time with family means all, right?

B: True. By the way, you know the National Day is coming, we’ll have a seven-day holiday. Do you have any plans?

A: My 6 from America will come to Chengdu for the first time. I haven’t seen my aunt and cousins for almost a year! You know, my cousins and I used to like playing 7 on each other. We had so much fun back in America.

B: You sound so excited. Well, then you must 8 them some delicious food, such as, hot pot.

A: Of course! We have planned to try so many！OMG! It is no doubt that I will put on at least 3 9 !

B: Putting on weight surely is a 10 of eating too much！

A: Yes, you can’t have your cake and eat it too!

1. 短文填空。每个词限用一次。（共10小题，每小题1分，计10分）

mean talk cultural need moving death

suggestion become specially development experiences high

 Like many people, I have no clear idea about heroes. At some point, we all wonder if we need a hero and what a hero really is. Although there are a lot of differences in 1 , heroes around the world generally share a number of characteristics (特点) which give us courage and make us want to learn from them.

A hero does something worth 2 about. A hero has a 3 story to tell and people think 4 of it. But a hero is not just the person with great fame (声誉).

A hero has powers (力量) larger than himself. Some people want to live like a hero, and they have to  5 life with new and further 6 . A sure test for would-be heroes is what or whom they serve.

What do they want to live and 7 for? If the answer 8 they serve only their own fame, they may be famous persons but not heroes.

A hero has a vision from the mountaintop. He has the power 9 people. He creates new possibilities. Without Gandhi, India might still be part of Britain. Without Martin Luther King, Jr., Americans might take different buses, eat in different restaurants, go for walks in different parks, and shop in different stores because of the different colors of their skin.

There might be changes in society without a hero, but the speed of change would be rather slow. Thanks to heroes in history, they make the society 10 rapidly.

三、阅读表达

A、补全短文（共5小题，每小题1分，共计5分）

**Ordinary**

I know I am not an ordinary ten-year-old kid. I mean, sure, I do ordinary things. I eat ice cream. I ride my bike. I play ball. 1 . And I feel ordinary, inside. But I know ordinary kids don’t make other ordinary kids run away crying. I know ordinary kids don’t get stared at wherever they go.

2 I would wish that I could walk down the street without people seeing me and then doing that look-away thing.

But I am used to people’s response 反应now. I know how to pretend I don’t see the faces people make. Mon and Dad are also used to that kind of thing. 3 She can get really annoyed when people do something rude. Like, for instance, one time on the playground some older kids made some noises when they saw me. Kate heard the noises and she just started yelling at the kids. That’s the way she is. I’m not that way.

4 She says she does, but if I were ordinary, she would not feel like she needs to protect me as much. And Mom And Dad don’t see me as ordinary, either. They see me as extraordinary. I think the only person in the world who realizes how ordinary I am is me.

My name is August, by the way. I was born with a facial deformity面部畸形. 5 It’s probably worse than what you can imagine. But I only want to be treated as an ordinary kid.

A. Kate doesn’t see me as ordinary.

B.I won’t describe what I look like.

C. However, Kate, my sister, can’t stand it.

D. All my classmates don’t treat me well at school.

E. Things like that makes me ordinary, I guess.

F. If I could have one wish, I would wish that I had a normal face that no one ever noticed at all.

B、完成表格。（共10小题，每小题1分，计10分）

India has many festivals, with some celebrations that last for weeks. However, none of them come even close to Holi酒红节, India’s most colorful and fun festival. Celebrated on the day following the full moon, this year’s festival happens to be on March 19th.

As with most Indian festivals, this one also has many different folk stories. Most of them center around the success of good over evil. The most popular one is about a king, who hates his son Prahlada for loving the creator of the Universe—Lord Vishnu. When every attempt to stop him fails, his sister, Holika believed to be immune(免疫的) to fire, joins in the effort by inviting the young boy to sit with her inside a huge fire. Helped by the power of Lord Vishnu, Prahlada escapes safely, while the evil Holika is burned to death. To remember this event, huge outdoor fires are lit in the night before Holi in order to clean the air of evil spirits and to celebrate the death of the evil.

So what’s so great about this day? While there are some fun parades(游行) and folk songs and dance performances, the most fun of all is walking to the streets and splashing(泼洒) people with water guns and dry colors and even covering them with entire buckets of colored water. On this day, everybody isfair game, no matter how old or how young.

At about midday, the splashing comes to an end and people living close to oceans or rivers usually take a bath in the water to clean themselves before going home to a delicious home-made big dinner and a well-deserved short sleep, following this full day of fun and activities.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Title: Holi in India | |
| Brief description | It is 1 festival. |
| Date | It is usually after the full moon. |
| It is on March 19th this year. |
| Background | The folk stories are about 2 good over evil. |
| Tradition | To celebrate the escape and success of Prahlada, people light huge fires. |
| In the night before Holi to clean the air of evil spirits  and to 3 |
| Activities | Fun parades, folk songs and 4 . |
| The most interesting activity is: people go on the street to throw water onto others and splash dry colors and even cover them with a full bucket of colored water. |
| After the splashing, people take a bath in the river or in the sea, they go home to have a 5 and a well-deserved short sleep. |

四 书面表达（15分）

在中国，中秋节自古以来就是一个重要的节日。这一天，人们合家团圆，共享晚餐。皓月当空，吃月饼，赏月是少不了的闲雅之事。请你以Mid-Autumn Festival为题介绍中秋节文章内容及要求如下：

1. 语句通顺，语意连贯
2. 120词左右。（已经给出的开头和结尾不计入总的词数）
3. 具体内容见下表

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Mid-Autumn Festival | |
| 背景 | 日期：农历八月十五，今年是9月27日。最出名的是嫦娥的故事 |
| 传统 | 吃月饼、赏月、送祝福 |
| 我是如何度过的 | 例举2-3个活动 |
| 我的感受 | ……….. |

**成都嘉祥外国语九年级英语Unit 2考试试题**

**参考答案**

35-40：C B C C A C

41-46：A C B C A B

47-50：B C D A

51-55：A A A C A

56-60：C B A A B

61-65：B A A A A

66-70：A B B C B

71-75：A B A B A

76-80：C A A C B

81-85：B B A A C

首字母填空

1. haunted 2. Christmas 3. stolen 4. punished 5. shape
2. promise 7. Whoever 8. tie 9. admired 10. shot

完成对话：

1-5：traditions/customs mooncakes hides admire Spending

6-10：relatives jokes treat pounds downside/punishment

短文填空：

1-5：cultures talking special highly experience

6-10：meaning（作意义讲时是不可数名词） die suggests to move develop

阅读表达：

1-5： E F C A B

完成表格：

1. the most colorful and fun
2. the success of

3. celebrate the death of the evil

1. dance performers

5.delicious home-made big dinner