

亲爱的考生：

欢迎参加考试！请你认真审题，仔细答题，发挥最佳水平。答题时，请注意以下几点：

1. 全卷共 10 页。满分 120 分。考试时间 100 分钟。
2. 答案必须写在答题纸相应的位置上，写在试题卷、草稿纸上无效。
3. 答题前，请认真阅读答题纸上的“注意事项”，按规定答题。

卷 一

说明：本卷共四大题，50 小题，满分 75 分。

第一部分 听力部分

一、听力(本题有 15 小题，第一节每小题 1 分，第二、三节每小题 2 分；共计 25 分)

第一节：听小对话，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，回答问题。

1. What is the weather like now?

A. Snowy.

B. Sunny.

C. Windy.

2. How often does Nancy go bike riding?

A. Every day.

B. Once a week.

C. Twice a week.

3. Whose coat is this?

A. Betty's.

B. Mary's.

C. Linda's.

4. Why is Tina going to the library?

A. To find some information.

B. To do some volunteer work.

C. To give back the English magazine.

5. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a restaurant.

B. In a bank.

C. In a post office.

第二节：听较长对话，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，回答问题。

听下面一段较长对话，回答第 6~7 两个小题。

6. Who was on winter vacation with Jack?

A. His father.

B. His uncle.

C. His grandpa.

7. How was Jack's trip?

A. Interesting.

B. Relaxing.

C. Amazing.

听下面一段较长对话,回答第8~10三个小题。

8. Where is Jim going to work in the future?

A. In Beijing.

B. In Shanghai.

C. In Guangzhou.

9. What may Sarah be when she grows up?

A. A doctor.

B. An artist.

C. A teacher.

10. What are the two speakers probably going to do next?

A. Visit a museum.

B. See a doctor.

C. Talk to Ms. Green.

第三节:听独白,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,回答问题。

11. What time does Sunshine Fitness Club open?

A. At 8:00 a. m.

B. At 8:30 a. m.

C. At 10:30 a. m.

12. What does Sunshine Fitness Club have?

A. A large gym.

B. A big playground.

C. A small library.

13. Which swimming pool is just for children?

A. The 10-meter pool.

B. The 15-meter pool.

C. The 25-meter pool.

14. How can you become a member of Sunshine Fitness Club?

A. By writing a letter.

B. By sending an e-mail.

C. By making a phone call.

15. When can you have guided tours of the club?

A. On Monday.

B. On Tuesday.

C. On Wednesday.

第二部分 笔试部分

二、完形填空(本题有15小题,每小题1分;共计15分)

阅读下面短文,掌握大意,然后从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

I sat on the steps next to Peter and watched him play his new guitar. His left hand worked the strings(弦) 16 his right hand played.

"Just in time for the school talent show next 17," I said.

"Are you doing anything for the talent show, Jeremy?" Peter asked.

"No," I said. "If I were a little 18, like you, 14 years old, maybe I could, too. I believe you'll win the first prize this year."

"Maybe," said Peter. "I'm playing a song I 19 myself."

"You write your own song?"

"It's not 20," he said. "My song is called 'Two for One.' I got the 21 easily from a two-for-one sale at the store. And I liked the sound of 'Two for One.' 22 song goes like this: 'Two for one, two for one, that's the way to have some fun.' I haven't written all the words yet."

The next morning, I saw Peter was so 23. His right arm was broken. "I got 24 when playing baseball yesterday," he said. "Now I can't be in the talent show next week."

Peter and I 25 each other worriedly. Then I had an idea. "We could sit next to each other on the stage," I said. "You could play the left-hand parts, and I'll play with my right hand."

Peter's eyes were 26 and lively.

"It might work," he said.

I sat 27 him on the top step.

"Where can I put my right hand while we 28?"

"Put it on my shoulder," I told him. "We're 29, aren't we?"

Our song answered that question. We finished writing the words together 30.

"Two for one, one for two, see what two good friends can do!"




- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|
| 16. A. if | B. until | C. though | D. while |
| 17. A. week | B. month | C. season | D. year |
| 18. A. better | B. older | C. smarter | D. healthier |
| 19. A. sang | B. wrote | C. chose | D. taught |
| 20. A. strong | B. possible | C. difficult | D. true |
| 21. A. idea | B. degree | C. promise | D. habit |
| 22. A. My | B. Your | C. His | D. Her |
| 23. A. surprised | B. excited | C. shy | D. sad |
| 24. A. paid | B. sunburned | C. hurt | D. lost |
| 25. A. laughed at | B. looked at | C. compared with | D. agreed with |
| 26. A. painful | B. peaceful | C. funny | D. bright |
| 27. A. across from | B. next to | C. in front of | D. behind |
| 28. A. imagine | B. chat | C. play | D. rest |
| 29. A. friends | B. classmates | C. directors | D. teenagers |
| 30. A. safely | B. nervously | C. strangely | D. happily |

三、阅读理解(本题有 15 小题,每小题 2 分;共计 30 分)
阅读下面材料,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

4 USEFUL EXPRESSIONS TO IMPROVE YOUR SPOKEN ENGLISH

Do you want to speak English easily and well? In this lesson, we'll help you improve your spoken English with some really useful expressions. For example, "Tom went missing during the rainstorm last night, but luckily, he was found .

Best of all, Americans use them a lot. They are really useful! OK? Let's start!

Bright and early

If you get up "bright and early", you get up very early in the morning.

Example: I like to get up bright and early every day on holiday so I can go for a swim before breakfast.



Fair and square

If something such as a game or decision is "fair and square", it's honest and fair.

Example: I think I won that game fair and square, even though Mark would probably disagree with that.



Alive and well

If someone is "alive and well", they're finally safe after being in danger.

Example: I'm pleased to report that the missing climbers are all alive and well.




First and foremost

We use "first and foremost" before we refer to the most important part of something; it's like saying "most importantly".

Example: First and foremost, I'd like to thank everybody for all their help.



31. The passage is mainly to help _____.
A. practice some reading skills
B. understand some grammar rules
C. improve some writing methods
D. learn some useful expressions
32. Which of the following can be the best to fill in "" in the passage?
A. bright and early
B. fair and square
C. alive and well
D. first and foremost
33. The passage can usually be read in the part of _____ in a magazine.
A. English Corner
B. Health Garden
C. News Square
D. Sports World

Kendall spends a lot of time playing in the earth. She has a huge garden that produces over 100 pounds of food each year! But for this seven-year-old girl, gardening isn't just about fruits and vegetables. It's about people. "My favorite thing about growing food is doing it with my family and friends," she says.

Kendall began gardening at the age of three, when her grandmother gave her some potatoes. Grandma told her, "Don't throw away the small ones, because if you put them in the ground, they will grow back." Kendall tried it and was amazed when the small potatoes grew new leaves.

Soon after, her parents put in a small yard garden. When friends came over, Kendall enjoyed sharing what she knew. And she says, "My friends help me water and care for the plants."

At the age of six, she became the youngest licensed farmer in Georgia. Today, her garden has grown to include sixty plant beds and twelve trees! When the vegetables and fruits are ripe (成熟的), Kendall says, "I pick them, then I do a food sale so other kids and families can have some." People who don't have enough food are invited to take what they need.

Kendall is an inspiration to other kids too. She speaks at libraries and schools and hosts a community garden club for kids. "I also invite kids to visit my garden and help me with it, to see how fun it is," she says. "Growing food takes a lot of work, but together you can do it."

34. Kendall spends much time in the garden to _____.
 A. make money for her friends
 B. play games with her family there
 C. host a community sports club for kids
 D. enjoy growing food with her family and friends
35. The underlined word "it" in Paragraph 2 refers to _____.
 A. digging the small potatoes in the field
 B. putting the small potatoes in the ground
 C. watering the small potatoes in the garden
 D. throwing the small potatoes in the trash bin
36. What did Kendall's friends do when they came to her garden?
 A. They helped take care of the plants.
 B. They brought the food that they grew.
 C. They built a gardening school for Kendall.
 D. They taught Kendall how to be a good leader.
37. The underlined sentence in the last paragraph probably means _____.
 A. we can learn a lot by doing a food sale
 B. it's important to speak at the libraries and schools
 C. it's worth gardening together though it's hard work
 D. we should spend more time working with Grandma

Dear Mr. Rob Hunter,
Hello! My name is Adam.

I'm 12 years old, and I live in Timmins, Ontario, Canada. I'm a huge fan of yours. It's too bad that *the Lions* lost in the final game last year. I saw you crying when the game ended, and I started to cry too. How do you get over a loss like that? I wanted to send you a T-shirt to sign(签名), but my mom says it would be too expensive to mail to you.

I wish you good luck this year. I know you're the best professional soccer player in the world. I want to be as good as you someday. There's a card for you to sign and an envelope with my address on it so you can send it back. I hope you write back, but it's OK if you don't. I'm just glad that I could tell you how much I look up to you.

Sincerely,
Adam

Dear Adam,

①Thank you so much for your letter and the card! I've signed the card and sent it to you with a signed T-shirt. Hope you like them!

②To answer your question, I think it's certainly not easy to get over a loss like that. I depend on my family, coaches, and teammates to help me improve and focus on what I can control.

③But let me just say that for someone as young as you, you should just try to be better every day. Winning and losing matters, but it doesn't matter more than things like sportsmanship, fun and teamwork.

④Thank you for the kind words. There are some really good soccer players in the world, and I think I'm one of the best players. I'll try to make you proud in the next game!

⑤Cheer up and keep practicing!

Rob

38. What do you know about Rob in Adam's letter?
- A. He knows Adam very well.
 - B. He is a professional soccer player.
 - C. He teaches young soccer players.
 - D. He lost an important game against *the Lions*.
39. What did Rob send back to Adam?
- a. A card.
 - b. A T-shirt.
 - c. A photo.
 - d. A soccer ball.
- A. ab B. bc C. cd D. ad
40. What's Paragraph 2 mainly about in Rob's letter?
- A. When Rob lost the game.
 - B. Why Rob said thanks to Adam.
 - C. What Rob advised Adam to do.
 - D. How Rob overcame his loss.
41. From Paragraph 4 in Rob's letter, we can tell that Rob is a _____ person.
- A. handsome
 - B. creative
 - C. confident
 - D. humorous



The race is on to get more electric cars on the road. People predict that electric cars might be more common in the future. But according to a 2021 survey by Pew Research Center, more than half of U. S. adults like gas-powered cars better. They say electric cars are expensive and charging(充电)them is a big problem. For now, most people plan to stick with gas-powered cars. We ask young readers what they think about electric cars.

Henry, 12 years old, San Francisco

I think we should all have electric cars. This would cut down air pollution and allow us to breathe better. Cleaner air also means there will be fewer animals dying. Think of all the lives we have lost by destroying our environment.

YES

Some people think electric cars are pricey. But their prices are coming down. What's more, gas costs a lot more than electricity. Once you use the gas, it's gone. Anyway, I think we're going to run out of gas at some point. This will make electric cars a need. Also, do you know that electric cars can travel 33 miles for about a dollar? You can't say that for gas. All cars should be electric!

Sandy, 13 years old, New York

I don't think all cars should be electric. First of all, charging stations are less common than gas stations. This makes electric cars a lot less convenient for long trips. What's more, cold weather does harm to the batteries(电池). They can't work well as usual. And electric cars are also more expensive than common cars. A new electric car usually costs around \$11,000 more than a new gas car. True, electric cars help slow climate change. But throwing batteries away can hurt our planet.

No

42. Over half of the American adults agree that electric cars _____ according to the survey.
- A. have no problem in charging B. are bad for the environment
C. are expensive and less convenient D. can work better in cold weather
43. The underlined word "pricey" probably means "_____".
- A. fast B. slow C. cheap D. expensive
44. Sandy develops her idea mainly by _____.
- A. telling stories B. listing facts C. asking questions D. using sayings
45. Which of the following can be the best title for the passage?
- A. Should all cars be electric?
B. Will cars be common in the future?
C. Can electric cars help slow climate change?
D. Are gas-powered cars bad for the environment?

四、任务型阅读(本题有 5 小题,每小题 1 分;共计 5 分)

阅读以下对话,从方框内的六个选项中选择五个填入空白处(其中一项是多余选项),使对话通顺、合理,意思完整。一空一句。

(the telephone rings)

M: Hello, Steve speaking.

W: Hi, Steve. This is Diana. I'm near the Grand Theatre. 46

M: The Grand Theatre? You are quite near the station.

W: Oh. That's good. 47

M: It's about eight minutes' walk from the theatre. You should walk across the road at the theatre. 48 Turn right at the first traffic lights. The railway station is right around the corner. 49

W: Thank you, Steve.

M: 50

- A. You can't miss it.
- B. How far away is it?
- C. Is there a hotel around here?
- D. Then go straight ahead.
- E. My pleasure.
- F. Can you tell me how I can get to the railway station?

卷 二

说明:本卷共三大题,26 小题;满分 45 分。

五、词汇运用(本题有 15 小题,每小题 1 分;共计 15 分)

A. 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,每词仅用一次。

protect without greet wisely nothing

51. _____ is a waste if you have a creative mind.

52. Don't worry, I'm sure you can make your choice _____.

53. Mr. Watson _____ all the guests warmly as they arrived yesterday morning.

54. It's raining outside. You need warm clothes to _____ you against the cold.

55. _____ doubt, the Chinese are the ones who best understand the beauty of Peking opera.

B. 根据短文内容和所给中文提示,在空白处写出单词的正确形式。每空限填一词。

Knife-peeled noodles are a kind of food in Shanxi Province, enjoying great fame and a 56 (历史) of hundreds of years. The name shows the way the dish is prepared. A 57 (厨师) holds dough(面团) in one hand, and cuts it into pieces with a special knife in the other hand. Then they are directly thrown



into a pot of boiling water. The whole process looks like an 58 (令人兴奋的) kung fu performance. As one piece of noodle falls into the boiling water, the 59 (第二) is flying in the air, and the third has just been peeled off. Within 60 (仅仅) a minute, 200 pieces of noodles can be cut out. The noodles have a shape of a 61 (叶子), with medium thickness and thin edges. The noodles are smooth and 62 (柔软的).

Shanxi people have a special feeling when having this kind of noodles. On their birthdays, a 63 (碗) of noodles means long life; at the Spring Festival, people 64 (吃) noodles for a successful new year. Knife-peeled noodles in Shanxi are not made just to satisfy a 65 (饥饿的) stomach, but a way to express Chinese people's feelings of life.

六、语法填空(本题有 10 小题,每小题 1 分;共计 10 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入一个适当的词,或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

You don't need to wait until you're an adult to take part in community service. You can develop good habits now. Community service is a great way to make 66 difference in your neighborhood. You also can enjoy 67 (spend) time with friends and meeting new people. Here are some ideas for you to start 68 (quick).

Do you play an instrument or love to draw? Offer to give free concerts at a senior center or spread your love of art by giving 69 (lesson) to younger children. You can never imagine 70 happy you will be after that.

Do you live near a public park? You can volunteer 71 (plant) or clean up the park. You'll bring pleasure 72 everyone who uses the park.

Do you know any sick or disabled people in your neighborhood? Offer to do yard work for 73 (they). Sweep the floor and 74 (do) the dishes. Or just stop by for a friendly visit with some food.

Does your school encourage a buddy(伙伴) system? You can set up buddy systems which connect older children with 75 (young) ones. Buddies often spend time together reading books. Helping a young person grow into a smart reader is a gift that keeps on giving.

七、书面表达(本题有 1 小题;共计 20 分)

76. 假设你叫李辉,你所在的班级拟组织一次“和合古街探访与环境改善”的项目化学习活动,请你给外教 Mr. Smith 写一封电子邮件,邀请他参加此次活动,内容包括如下:

内容要点	参考词汇
Where will we go?	• Hehe Ancient Street
How will we go there?	• take the bus
What will we do?	• interview ... • discuss ways of improving ...
Why will we go there?	• learn more about ... • ...
When and where will we meet?	• 9 : 00 a. m. Friday, the school gate

- 注意:(1)邮件中必须包括所给的内容要点,可适当发挥;
(2)邮件中不得出现真实的人名、校名等相关信息;
(3)词数 80~100。邮件的开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

To: Mr. Smith

From: Li Hui

Dear Mr. Smith,

How's it going?

Looking forward to your reply.

Li Hui