
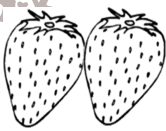


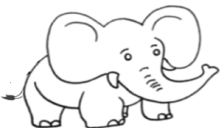






英 语 试 题

I. 听力 (共三节, 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

第一节 听下面五个句子, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图中选出与句子内容相关的选项。(每个句子读两遍)

1. A. 	B. 	C. 
2. A. 	B. 	C. 
3. A. 	B. 	C. 



4. A.



B.



C.



5. A.



B.



C.

第二节 听下面七段对话,从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案。

(每段对话读两遍)

听第 1 段对话,回答第 6 小题。

6. Whose cap is this?

A. Bruce's.

B. Lisa's.

C. Tom's.

听第 2 段对话,回答第 7 小题。

7. How will the man go to school?

A. By taxi.

B. By bus.

C. On foot.

听第 3 段对话,回答第 8 小题。

8. What does Jane's sister do?

A. She is a nurse.

B. She is an office worker.

C. She is a doctor.

听第 4 段对话,回答第 9 小题。

9. Where are the speakers?

A. In the bookstore.

B. In the post office.

C. In the library.

听第 5 段对话,回答第 10、11 小题。

10. What is Jim's favorite subject?

A. History.

B. Music.

C. Chinese.

11. What is the relationship between the speakers?

A. Teacher and student.

B. Mother and son.

C. Classmates.

听第 6 段对话,回答第 12、13 小题。

12. How much is the red sweater?

A. 100 yuan.

B. 150 yuan.

C. 200 yuan.

13. What will the woman buy?

A. A red sweater.

B. A blue sweater.

C. A yellow sweater.

听第 7 段对话,回答第 14、15 小题。

14. What time does Judy get up on Saturdays?

A. At 7:00.

B. At 7:30.

C. At 8:00.

15. What does Judy do on Sunday afternoon?

A. She walks her pet dog.

B. She does housework.

C. She watches TV.

第三节 听下面对话,根据你所听到的内容,完成以下表格,每空填一词。

(对话读三遍)

Room Booking	
Name	Wendy Smith
When to arrive	on <u>16</u> 7 th
How many rooms to book	<u>17</u> single rooms
What to provide	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● a TV, a <u>18</u> and some English newspapers ● a <u>19</u> breakfast ● rooms which <u>20</u> south

II. 选择填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

21. — Harry, is this your basketball?

— Yes, it's !

A. his

B. yours

C. mine

22. The toy is _____ my little brother. I bought it yesterday.

A. for

B. from

C. by

23. — It's such a long way!

— Don't worry. You share a ride with me.

A. must

B. can

C. should

24. — How is the today?

— It's hot. You don't need to wear the coat.

A. weather

B. traffic

C. price

25. He is so honest a man that we all _____ him.
A. teach B. trust C. refuse
26. — _____ is it from our home to the museum, Dad?
— It's about two kilometers.
A. How far B. How often C. How soon
27. Modern technologies _____ in the 19th Asian Games in September, 2023.
A. were used B. are using C. will be used
28. — To tell the truth, I am now feeling very _____.
— Take it easy. You'll make it.
A. peaceful B. nervous C. confident
29. I _____ the great scientist from magazines, and I wish to see him some day.
A. know about B. look after C. talk with
30. _____ David has failed many times, he is always full of hope for the future.
A. If B. When C. Though
31. It's reported that China plans _____ astronauts to the moon before 2030.
A. send B. sending C. to send
32. — Jane won first place in the art festival.
— Yes, her mother told me very _____ just now.
A. strictly B. proudly C. weakly
33. — How do you like my poem *Moonlight*?
— I _____ it. It's about the beauty of nature.
A. am interested in B. am worried about C. am thankful for
34. — Sally, I _____ the picture already.
— Wow, truly beautiful!
A. finish B. have finished C. was finishing
35. — Would you please tell me _____?
— By keeping a diary every day.
A. why you want to study English
B. who you often speak English with
C. how you improve your English writing

III. 完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

It was a warm Sunday afternoon in May, 2021. Beside the Lech River many people were playing and picnicking, and they felt 36 and relaxed. Some people were cooling their feet in the 37 water from the snow-covered mountains nearby. From behind the bar(吧台) at the restaurant, Paul Blachut, a 38, had a good view of the river.

A mother and two daughters were playing on the riverbank when, suddenly, they 39 into the fast-running water. A passer-by shouted 40, “Help! Three people are being carried away by the water!” Looking up from his work, Paul noticed the three women flapping(摆动) their arms in the water, trying to 41 anything they could.

Paul rushed to the riverbank and jumped into the river. He didn't 42 the cold. All he could think about was saving the women. As he got closer to them, he found the mother had the most 43 because her long dress made her so heavy. He pushed her to the bank first. Then he managed to save the two daughters with other people's help.

Later, people expressed their admiration for Paul, 44 he was modest(谦虚的) about his role. “It only took me two or three minutes,” he said, adding that he was happy to have received high praise from his boss for his 45. Indeed, it was a job very well done.

- | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 36. A. tired | B. strange | C. comfortable |
| 37. A. calm | B. cold | C. salty |
| 38. A. boss | B. waiter | C. tourist |
| 39. A. fell | B. ran | C. looked |
| 40. A. politely | B. bravely | C. loudly |
| 41. A. catch | B. shake | C. cover |
| 42. A. get over | B. care about | C. keep out |
| 43. A. pleasure | B. time | C. trouble |
| 44. A. but | B. or | C. so |
| 45. A. advice | B. courage | C. advantage |

IV. 阅读理解 (共两节, 25 小题; 满分 45 分)

第一节 阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容, 从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳答案。(共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

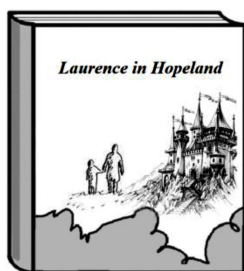
A

Books of the Week

※ *Laurence in Hopeland*

— by Wilton Smith

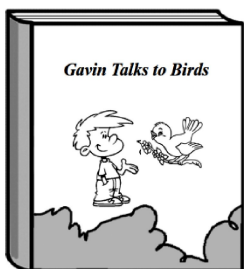
Laurence is a boy from Hopeland, a place with magic. He lives with his parents and beloved grandpa. One day when he can't find his grandpa who has magic powers, Laurence teams up with his uncle to find out the truth.



※ *Gavin Talks to Birds*

— by Wayae Abel

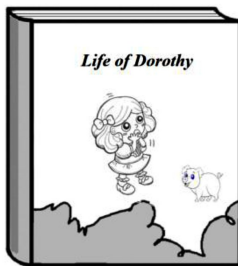
When 10-year-old Gavin joins a team of superheroes, he finds he has an unusual ability: he can talk to birds. Now a whole world has opened up to him, but can he use his new abilities to help save the birds' world?



※ *Life of Dorothy*

— by Nelson Arthur

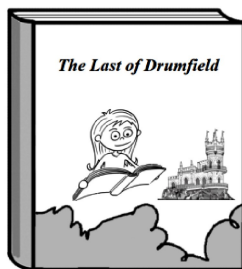
After meeting a stranger, Dorothy finds herself in a place with deep mystery. She is now meeting with many strange things, from some sudden accidents to losing her friend's pet pig. The ups and downs of the story will keep you laughing from beginning to end.



※ *The Last of Drumfield*

— by Gorgeous Morgan

It's about Ella who has got a book from her aunt. When she is reading the book with her good friend, they drop into the book and are taken to a fairytale (童话的) world. And they have to find a way back.



46. Which book is about looking for Grandpa?

A. *Laurence in Hopeland.*

B. *Gavin Talks to Birds.*

C. *Life of Dorothy.*

D. *The Last of Drumfield.*

47. Who can talk to birds?

A. Laurence.

B. Gavin.

C. Dorothy.

D. Ella.

48. Dorothy gets into trouble after she _____.

A. meets a stranger

B. loses her pet pig

C. reads a scary story

D. laughs at her friend

49. The writer of *Life of Dorothy* is _____.

A. Wilton Smith

B. Wayae Abel

C. Nelson Arthur

D. Gorgeous Morgan

50. What do we know about Ella?

A. She is good at magic.

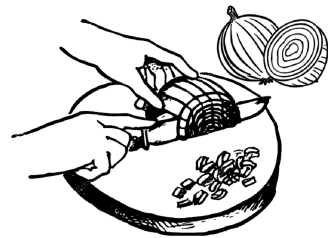
B. She helps save the birds' world.

C. She lives in a fairytale world.

D. She experiences an unusual trip.

B

Whether yellow, red or white, the onion is a vegetable that you may not know well. The list of its uses in cooking is endless. People have used onions to add flavor (味道) to their foods for thousands of years. Besides onions' great taste, they are very good for you. They have special chemicals (化学物质) that improve your ability to fight off sickness and you have fewer chances of getting a disease.



No matter how good onions are for you, it is difficult to cut an onion without your eyes filling with tears! When you cut into an onion, irritating (刺激性的) chemicals inside the onion will get into the air. They touch your whole eyes and cause pain. Your eyes make tears to wash away the chemicals and protect your eyes.

Luckily, cooks and scientists have discovered some ways to keep you from crying when you cut up onions:

- Cut the onion under running water. The water will wash away the chemicals before they can reach your eyes.

- Use a fan to blow air over the onion as you cut it. The air will blow the

- Put the onion in a fridge for an hour before cutting. This helps make the chemicals in the onion move slowly, so they may not ever reach your eyes.

If you try out these good ideas and still cry while cutting onions, don't worry. Scientists think if you cut more onions, your body will become more **resilient** to the onion's chemicals. So the tears will not last long. If you think about how healthy onions are, you might even call those tears "happy tears".

A. different colors B. many uses in cooking
C. great taste D. special chemicals

A. To improve physical condition. B. To prevent common diseases.
C. To wash away irritating chemicals. D. To cause terrible pain.

- ① Cut the onion under running water.
- ② Use a fan to blow air over the onion while cutting.
- ③ Cover the onion with a piece of cloth as you cut it.
- ④ Put the onion in a fridge for an hour before cutting.

A. 疲惫的 B. 敏感的 C. 适应的 D. 虚弱的

A. Life and health. B. Language and culture.
C. Business world. D. National news.

In the past nine years, Li Jin, who was born in Guangxi but raised in Sanya, has made great efforts to protect the waters of Sanya city in Hainan. He is now spreading the knowledge of environmental protection through new media platforms (媒体平台).

Around 2014, he began doing volunteer work to clear rubbish from the beaches and officially registered (注册) as a volunteer in May, 2017. Li Jin immediately took the lead in a cleanup activity on the Sanya River.

In April, 2021, he used his own money to set up a volunteer service center which has 1,170 registered members who take part in activities without asking for payment. So far, he has spent about 3,800 hours on volunteer activities in over 550 events. More than 2,300 people have joined in with his encouragement. They've drawn the attention of both the adults (成年人) and the children to the importance of protecting the oceans and beaches. Since it was set up, his center has organized 51 beach-cleaning activities that have seen about 1,800 people join in. In 2021, because of Li's growing influence in environmental protection circles, the city government invited him to make a number of short videos, in which he uses simple words to explain how to protect the environment. Several of the videos have been watched millions of times.

"My volunteer work would be meaningless if I got paid. But the work itself is of great value. So I will continue doing the environmental protection work," he said.

56. What is Li Jin trying hard to protect?

- A. The beaches in Guangxi.
- B. The waters of Sanya.
- C. The wildlife on the Sanya River.
- D. The cities in Hainan.

57. How many people join Li Jin's volunteer service center?

- A. 550.
- B. 1,170.
- C. 1,800.
- D. 2,300.

58. What can we know from paragraph 3?

- A. Millions of people join in Li Jin's activities.
- B. Members in Li Jin's service center get paid.
- C. Most activities are organized for children.
- D. Some videos Li Jin made are a success.

59. Which of the following best describes Li Jin?

- A. Quiet and kind-hearted.
- B. Patient and humorous.
- C. Strong-minded and selfless.
- D. Honest and easygoing.

60. What is the text mainly about?

- A. A hero praised for volunteer work.
- B. The leader in a cleanup activity.
- C. The meaning of protecting water.
- D. A volunteer service center.

Scientists have developed a way to read minds, translating unspoken thoughts into written words. It's the first time it's been done without having to put anything into the brain. They used artificial intelligence (AI) (人工智能). It is the name given to a computer system that is able to “think” for itself and carry out tasks that usually require human intelligence.

Scientists used a special scanner (扫描器). The machine can see where blood runs, which shows the parts of the brain that are most active. People taking part in the experiment (实验) listened to the radio for 16 hours as their brains were scanned. The AI tool learned to connect certain brain activity with words they heard. After that, each person was asked to think of a story, and the AI tool managed to pick up these thoughts as they happened.

The results had about a 50% accuracy rate (准确率), although the AI found it hard to work out the meaning of pronouns, such as he or she, her or him. For example, it turned “I don't have my driver's license yet” into “She has not even started to learn to drive yet.” It could usually understand the meaning of what someone was thinking rather than the exact words. The AI was personalized, so when it had learnt from one person but it was tested on another, it couldn't understand their thoughts.

The scientists, who have been working on the technology for 15 years, say they understand the risks of it being used badly. Scientist Jerry Tang told a newspaper, “We want to make sure people only use these types of technologies when they want to, and that it helps them.” The scientists hope it will help people with certain medical conditions, who are still awake but have lost the ability to speak, to communicate once again.

61. What does the underlined word “It” in paragraph 1 refer to (指代)?

- A. A way. B. Anything. C. The brain. D. AI.

62. What is the main purpose of paragraph 2?

- A. To describe the process of the experiment.
B. To explain the results of the experiment.
C. To offer some opinions about the experiment.
D. To list the difficulties with the experiment.

63. What does the example in paragraph 3 show?
- A. The AI is much cleverer than people.
 - B. The AI didn't start the work as it was ordered.
 - C. The AI couldn't understand the exact words of what people thought.
 - D. The AI will be well developed according to people's special needs.

64. What can we learn from the text?
- A. It is not difficult to take AI under control.
 - B. AI will not be used in a proper way in the future.
 - C. AI is so wise that it can treat people with medical problems.
 - D. It's expected that AI will help those speechless exchange ideas.

65. What can be the best title for the text?
- A. High Risks of Using AI
 - B. Mind-Reading Development
 - C. Importance of Human Brain
 - D. Ways of Improving Technology

第二节 阅读下面短文,从短文后所给的五个选项中选出能填入短文空白处的最佳选项,使短文通顺、连贯,意思完整。(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

E

Sailing a boat is great exercise, which can be enjoyed with family or friends. Many people all over the world sail each year. With some lessons and practice, you could be one of them. 66



- Understand the basics(基础知识).

When you're starting out in sailing, learn the basics first. 67

It works like any sailboat — with sails to catch the wind and push the boat forward. The sailor, the person working the boat, has to be able to move the sails, as well as use a rudder(舵) in order to direct the boat where they want it to go.

- Find sailing near you.

The most important lesson you can learn in sailing is how to do it safely, with the help of experienced sailing coaches. 68 Then ask your parents to call them to find out what lessons or camps they have for kids in your age group.

- Prepare for your lesson.

As a beginner, your lesson will start on land. You'll learn skills, like how to raise

the sails by pulling on the lines. 69 It includes the boat and a life vest(救生衣). Ask what type of shoes you should wear, and dress in clothes that will dry easily.

● 70

Remember to always wear your life vest on or near water, even when you're on the dock(码头). Don't go near a boat or take one out unless your parents agree, and never sail or swim alone.

- A. Stay safe.

B. Here's how to get started.

C. You should begin on a small boat made for kids.

D. The lesson should also provide most of what you need to sail.

E. First, find sailing clubs and search for youth lessons near you.

V. 情景交际 (共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

根据情景提示,用英语完成下列各题。

71. 上课前老师对你说“Good afternoon.”时,你可以这样应答:
_____.
72. 你看到神舟十六号载人飞船发射成功时,会这样赞叹:
_____!
73. 你想询问对方的健康情况,可以这样问:
_____?
74. 朋友问你“Would you like tea or coffee?”时,你可以这样应答:
_____.
75. 你对自己所做的事情感到抱歉时,可以这样说:
_____ for what I did.

VI. 看图写话 (共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

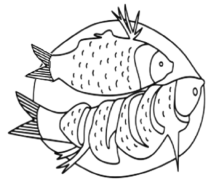
根据每小题所提供的图画情景和提示词,写出一个与图画情景相符的句子。



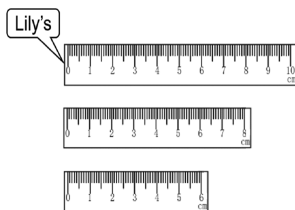
76. now



77. next Sunday



78. have, yesterday



79. long, of all



80. important

VII. 短文填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 根据语境或所给单词的提示, 在每个空格内填入一个恰当的
词, 要求所填的词意义准确、形式正确, 使短文意思完整、行文连贯。

Niejiazhuang Village in Weifang is famous for colored
clay sculpture handicraft (泥塑手工艺), which dates
back to the Ming Dynasty. The Weifang government has
81 (encourage) local people to learn traditional
handicraft and make more money to get rid of poverty (脱贫).



Nie Peng 82 (be) a young villager in Niejiazhuang. He is crazy about clay
sculpture handicraft. He began learning it from his father when he was 83 child.
He has led lots of young craftsmen (手艺人) in and near 84 (he) village to make
colored clay sculptures and the handicraft has become an important way for local people
to get 85 (rich) than before.

The tiger is a typical subject for colored clay sculptures. Nie 86 (start) to
learn to make clay tigers in 2010, the Year of the Tiger. Over these years, he has seen
the development of the art form. 87 first, the clay tigers were all of the same small
size. Now there are tigers of different 88 (size) and the largest can be over two
meters tall. The tigers used to be colored pink and green, but now have become more
colorful.

Today Nie cares for the future of clay sculpture handicraft 89 encourages
young craftsmen to create more works. He 90 (real) hopes that the sculpture
handicraft will be passed down to the next generation.

VIII. 书面表达 （满分 15 分）

91. 某地“美丽乡村(Beautiful Village)”项目吸引了不少外宾,暑假期间需要数名擅长英语的小导游。假定你是李华,希望成为其中的一员。请你结合以下表格提示,给该项目的外事负责人王先生写一封英文自荐信。词数 80 左右。

What kind of person you are	friendly, active. . .
What you are good at	speak English, tell stories. . .
What you can do	introduce local culture, help foreigners. . .

注意事项:

- 1. 必须包含所有提示信息,可适当发挥,开头已给出,不计入总词数;
- 2. 意思清楚,表达通顺,行文连贯,书写规范;
- 3. 请勿在文中使用真实的姓名、校名和地名。

Dear Mr. Wang,

I am Li Hua. I am glad to know that you are in need of some tour guides.

Yours,

Li Hua

英语试题参考答案

I. 听力:共三节,每小题 1.5 分,共 30 分。

第一节

1. A 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. B

第二节

6. C 7. C 8. B 9. C 10. A
11. C 12. A 13. B 14. A 15. B

第三节

16. March 17. four/4 18. telephone 19. free 20. face

II. 选择填空:每小题 1 分,共 15 分。

21. C 22. A 23. B 24. A 25. B
26. A 27. C 28. B 29. A 30. C
31. C 32. B 33. A 34. B 35. C

III. 完形填空:每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分。

36. C 37. B 38. B 39. A 40. C
41. A 42. B 43. C 44. A 45. B

IV. 阅读理解:共两节,共 45 分。

第一节(每小题 2 分,共 40 分)

46. A 47. B 48. A 49. C 50. D
51. D 52. C 53. B 54. C 55. A
56. B 57. B 58. D 59. C 60. A
61. D 62. A 63. C 64. D 65. B

第二节(每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

66. B 67. C 68. E 69. D 70. A

V. 情景交际:每小题 2 分,共 10 分。

71. Good afternoon.
72. How great China is!
73. How are you feeling?
74. I'd like tea/coffee.
75. I'm sorry for what I did.

说明:71-75 每小题仅提供一种答案作为参考。

VI. 看图写话:每小题 2 分,共 10 分。

76. The girl is cooking now.
77. The boy is going to fly a kite next Sunday.
78. We had fish yesterday.
79. Lily's ruler is the longest of all.
80. It's important to plant trees.

说明:76-80 每小题仅提供一种答案作为参考。

VII. 短文填空:每小题 1 分,共 10 分。

81. encouraged 82. is 83. a 84. his 85. richer
86. started 87. At 88. sizes 89. and 90. really

VIII. 书面表达:共 15 分。

91. 参考范文

Dear Mr. Wang,

I am Li Hua. I am glad to know that you are in need of some tour guides. I'd like to be one of them. I think I am suitable for the job.

First of all, I am friendly and patient. I am active in many activities. Besides, I speak English well and have won several prizes in English speaking competitions. I am also good at telling stories. So I can introduce local culture to foreigners in English. Most importantly, I have visited the beautiful village many times and I can help foreigners better understand the life of the village.

I would be thankful if I could be given the chance.

Yours,

Li Hua