**罗定市培献中学2022-2023学年度第二学期**

**八年级5月份素质检测英语科试题**

**（满分：100分 时间：90分钟）**

**全部题目在答题卡上作答。选择题每小题答案选出后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对照题目选项的信息点涂黑。非选择题必须用黑色字迹钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定的区域位置上。**

**一、听力理解。（本大题分为A、B、C三部分，共15小题，共10分）**

**A. 听对话。（本题共5小题，每小题0.5分，共2.5分）**

**回答每段对话后面的问题，在每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案。每段对话听两遍。**

听第一段对话，回答第1~2小题。

1. What is the relationship between the speakers?

A Husband and wife. B. Waiter and customer. C. Host and guest.

2. What's the man most likely to have for dinner?

A. French fries. B. Ham sandwiches. C. Fish and vegetables.

听第二段对话，回答第3-5小题。

3. Where does the woman want to go?

A. To Tianjin. B. To Tibet. C. To Hebei.

4. When does the train leave?

A. At 9:15. B. At 9:05. C. At 9:45.

5. How much should the woman pay for three people?

A. 488 yuan. B. 976 yuan. C. 1464 yuan.

**B. 听短文。（本题共5小题，每小题0.5分，共2.5分）**

请根据所听内容，在每小题给出的三个选项中，选出一个能完成句子的最佳答案。短文听两遍。

6. The bus ride takes them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to arrive at the hotel.

A. 50 minutes B. 30 minutes C. 15 minutes

7. The weather will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the coming days.

A. rainy B. sunny C. windy

8. They are going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this morning.

A. go hiking in the forest B. go shopping in the town C. take a bus tour around the island

9. They will visit the fruit farm \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. this morning B. tomorrow morning C. the third morning

10. If they need help, they should call \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. 68280970 B. 68280790 C. 68260790

**情景对话。（本题共5小题，每小题1分，共5分）**

请通读下面对话，根据对话内容，从下面的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余。

A: Hello, this is Mr. Smith Cake House. Can I help you?

B: \_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_ My member card number is 875142.

A: Could you tell me what food you’d like to order?

B: A cake and milk tea.

A: OK, we have all kinds of cakes with different fruits, like bananas, strawberries and mangos. \_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_

B: I’d like one small cake with strawberries.

A: All right. \_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_

B: Three.

A: OK. \_\_\_\_4\_\_\_\_

B: No, thanks.

A: Fine. That’s 20 dollars in total. You can pay either through WeChat or in cash (现金).

B: In cash.

A: All right Could you please tell me your address?

B: Sure. It’s No. 5 on Water Park Road.

A: OK. That’s it. We’ll send your food before 6 p.m.

B: No problem.

A: \_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_ See you.

A. What kind would you choose?

B. What else would you like?

C. Thanks for calling.

D. How many cups of milk tea do you want?

E. It doesn’t matter.

F. I’d like to order some food for dinner.

**二、语法选择。（本题有10小题，每小题1.5分，共15分）**

通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后按照句子结构的语法和上下文连贯的要求，从每题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

It is said that a new culture can always keep your eyes and your mind open Now I am studying in Russia as \_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_ Chinese student. I learn about it from my own experience.

One of \_\_\_\_7\_\_\_\_ differences is about people’s way of life. One day, a Russian friend invited me to a well-known restaurant in Moscow (莫斯科). I tried local food. After arriving there, I found nothing on the table but some small plates. To my greater surprise, on the plates there \_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_ only a few slices of tomatoes, nuts, and several piece of onions. \_\_\_\_9\_\_\_\_ the dishes were simple, we drank a lot and I felt the passion (热情) from the bottom of his heart. In China, when we invite our friends, we always provide \_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_ with a big dinner with all kinds of dishes.

Russian custom also surprises me greatly. As we know, it is very cold in winter there that it takes a lot of courage to just go outside. However, when winter comes, Russians enjoy \_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_. They even take their kids outside to swim. Like their parents, Russian kids rub (揉擦) their bodies \_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_ snow before jumping into the water. The water is freezing cold, but they all play \_\_\_\_13\_\_\_\_ in it! Sometimes they invite us to join them, however, we have to say no, because it is really difficult for us \_\_\_\_14\_\_\_\_ it just like them!

\_\_\_\_15\_\_\_\_ interesting the visit is!

6. A. a B. an C. the D. /

7. A. big B. bigger C. biggest D. the biggest

8. A. has B. had C. was D. were

9. A. Although B. But C. So D. And

10. A. they B. them C. their D. theirs

11. A. swim B. swam C. to swim D. swimming

12. A. with B. by C. in D. through

13. A. excited B. excitedly C. excite D. excitement

14. A. enjoy B. enjoyed C. to enjoy D. enjoying

15. A. How B. How an C. What D. What an

**三、完形填空。（本题有10小题，每小题1分，共10分）**

通读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后在各小题所给的四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案，并将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。

An important question about eating out is who pays for the meal. If a friend of yours asks you to have lunch with him, you may say \_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_ like this, “I’m afraid it’ll have to be someplace \_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_, as I have very little money.” The other person may say, “OK, I’ll meet you at McDonald’s.” This means that the two agree to go Dutch, that is, each person pays for himself. He may \_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_ say, “Oh, no. I want to \_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_ you to lunch at Johnson’s”, or “I want you to try the Chinese dumplings there. They’re great.” This means the person wants to pay for both of you. If you feel this person is \_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_, you can go with him and you \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_ pay for the meal. You may just say, “\_\_\_\_22\_\_\_\_. That would be very nice.”

American customs (习俗) about who pays for dates (约会) are much the same as in other parts of the world. In the old days, American women wanted men to pay for all the meals. But today, a woman in \_\_\_\_23\_\_\_\_ will usually pay her own way during the day. If a man asks her to dinner or a dance outside the working hours, it \_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_ “Come as my guest”. So as you can see, it is a \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_ thing to make the question clear at the very beginning.

16. A. something B. anything C. everything D. nothing

17. A. expensive B. cheap C. quiet D. wonderful

18. A. also B. neither C. too D. either

19. A. get B. bring C. meet D. take

20. A. angry B. friendly C. happy D. lucky

21. A. can’t B. needn’t C. mustn’t D. don’t

22. A. I’m sorry B. Excuse me C. Thank you D. Pardon

23. A. school B. China C. America D. business

24. A. goes B. says C. means D. tells

25. A. impolite B. polite C. easy D. careful

**四、阅读理解。（本题有10小题，每小题2分，共20分）**

**阅读A、B两篇短文，从每小题所给的四个选项中，选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案，并将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。**

**(A)**

|  |
| --- |
| **the MENU of a Restaurant**  **SOUPS**  Tofu soup ¥10.00 Bone soup ¥15.00 Chicken soup ¥20.00S  **STAPLE**  Fried rice ¥8.00 Fried noodles ¥10.00 Hot dog ¥4.00  Meat pie ¥1000 Sandwich ¥10.00 Hamburger ¥10.00  **MAIN COURSES**  Roast chicken ¥30.00 Italian pizza ¥9.00 Indian curry ¥15.00  Pork and cabbage ¥15. 00 Cheese pie ¥10.00 Beef ¥15.00  Beijing Roast Duck ¥198.00 Sausage ¥15. 00  **DESSERTS**  Fruit salad ¥8.00 Pear pancake ¥6.00 Apple pie ¥6.00 Ice cream ¥4.00  **DRINKS**  Coke ¥5.00 Coffee ¥5.00 Tea ¥3.00 Apple juice ¥3.00  Beer ¥10.00 Wine ¥30.00 Milk ¥3.00 Lemonade ¥4.00 |

26. Which soup can’t you have in this restaurant?

A. Tofu soup. B. Vegetable soup. C. Bone soup. D. Chicken soup.

27. How many kinds of main courses are there in this restaurant?

A. 7. B. 8. C. 9. D. 10.

28. If you have twelve yuan, what can you buy in this restaurant?

A. Four ice creams. B. A bottle of wine.

C. An apple pie and a pear pancake. D. A sandwich and a hot dog.

29. What’s the price of a pear pancake and a cup of tea?

A. ¥9.00. B. ¥10.00. C. ¥11.00. D. ¥12.00.

30. Here is Mr. Wang’s bill. How much does he need to pay?

|  |
| --- |
| RESTAURANT BILL  Beijing Roast Duck  Chicken soup  Two bottles of beer  A cup of tea  Fried rice  TOTAL: ¥\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Thank you for coming! |

A. 219 B. 229 C. 239 D. 249

**(B)**

Many kids do housework such as doing the dishes, making the bed, and folding the clothes. In exchange, they get some money or other computer time. Paying kids for housework is one of the most popular topics, especially at a time when everyone is more careful about money. Some parents think since adults are paid to do their jobs, we should pay kids for everyday housework.

But some people don’t think kids should get rewards(报酬) for doing housework. Susie Walton, an expert, believe that by rewarding kids, parents are sending a message that work isn’t worth doing unless you get something *in return*. “Running any kind of housework is a team effort,” Walton said. “A home is a living space for everyone in the family. It’s important for kids to see that we all have responsibilities in the house, and families decide how they want their home to look, and how they are going to keep it looking like what they want.”

Other people believe that getting a reward encourages kids to do housework, and it also teaches them real world lessons about how we need to work to get money. There are also apps(程序) that gives kids points and digital gifts that can be redeemed(兑现) either online or in the real world. “Our goal is to give kids lawful power so they can get rewards,” says Chris Bergman. “And kids need rewards to help encourage them. ”

31. Which of the following housework is NOT mentioned in Paragraph 1?

A. Washing the dishes. B. Cooking meals.

C. Folding the clothes. D. Making the bed.

32. The underlined phrase “in return” in Paragraph 3 has the same meaning as “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”.

A as a reward B. for punishment C. on sale D. under control

33. What’s Walton’s idea in the passage?

A. Running exercise is a kind o f team work.

B. People work to get some rewards.

C. Kids have responsibilities in the house.

D. Doing the housework in only the parents’ job.

34. According to Chris Bergman, kids should be encouraged to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. do housework without rewards B. do more housework

C. stay away from housework D. do housework be getting rewards

35. Which is the best title for the passage?

A. Kids Should Study as Well as Doing Housework

B. Let Children Do Some Housework

C. Should Kids Be Rewarded for Doing Housework

D. Doing Housework Is Good for Children’s Study

**五、短文填空。（本题有10小题，每小题1.5分，共15分）**

Sandwiches are popular in the world, but do you know where they come from? Sandwich was \_\_\_\_36\_\_\_\_ English man. He lived in England about two hundred years \_\_\_\_37\_\_\_\_. Sandwich had a lot of \_\_\_\_38\_\_\_\_. He was very rich and he liked to play cards. He often played all day and night and had no time to \_\_\_\_39\_\_\_\_ dinner. One day he played for 24 hours and felt very \_\_\_\_40\_\_\_\_. He asked his servant to get him some meat and bread. He put the meat \_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ the two slices of bread so that he could keep playing his cards. After that, people liked \_\_\_\_42\_\_\_\_ idea and called the food sandwiches.

Today there are many different \_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_ of sandwiches. You can make them at home or \_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_ them at shops easily. We love sandwiches \_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_ we can eat them everywhere, workplaces, schools or parks, and they’re not expensive.

**六、完成句子。（本题有5小题，每小题3分，共15分）**

46. 我想知道明天他会不会准时参加会议。

I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ come to the meeting on time tomorrow.

47. 总之，刘老师对他所有的学生都很友好。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Mr. Liu is very friendly to all his students.

48. 我不同意你的意见。

I don’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

49. 一些人杀死动物是为了赚钱。

Some people kill animals \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ make money.

50. 请就座用茶。

Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and drink a cup of tea.

**七、书面表达。（本大题共15分）**

51. 你的笔友Jack即将来中国游玩，请你写一封信告诉他中国的一些餐桌礼仪和如何吃得健康，不少于80词。

要点包括：

1. 在中国，我们经常使用筷子吃东西。

2. 吃饭或喝汤时不能发出太大的声音。

3. 当你祝酒时，应举起你的酒杯并喝光杯中的酒。

4. 多吃不同种类的食物是很重要的。

5. 要有规律地吃一日三餐。

6. 多吃健康食品，少吃垃圾食品。

信的开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Jack,

How is everything with you ? I know you are going to visit China this summer holiday.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Xiaoming

**罗定市培献中学2022-2023学年度第二学期**

**八年级5月份素质检测英语科试题**

**（满分：100分 时间：90分钟）**

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听第一段对话，回答第1~2小题。

1. What is the relationship between the speakers?

A. Husband and wife. B. Waiter and customer. C. Host and guest.

2. What's the man most likely to have for dinner?

A. French fries. B. Ham sandwiches. C. Fish and vegetables.

听第二段对话，回答第3-5小题。

3. Where does the woman want to go?

A. To Tianjin. B. To Tibet. C. To Hebei.

4. When does the train leave?

A. At 9:15. B. At 9:05. C. At 9:45.

5. How much should the woman pay for three people?

A. 488 yuan. B. 976 yuan. C. 1464 yuan.

**B. 听短文。（本题共5小题，每小题0.5分，共2.5分）**

请根据所听内容，在每小题给出的三个选项中，选出一个能完成句子的最佳答案。短文听两遍。

6. The bus ride takes them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to arrive at the hotel.

A. 50 minutes B. 30 minutes C. 15 minutes

7. The weather will be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the coming days.

A. rainy B. sunny C. windy

8. They are going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this morning.

A. go hiking in the forest B. go shopping in the town C. take a bus tour around the island

9. They will visit the fruit farm \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. this morning B. tomorrow morning C. the third morning

10. If they need help, they should call \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. 68280970 B. 68280790 C. 68260790

**情景对话。（本题共5小题，每小题1分，共5分）**

【1~5题答案】

【答案】1. F 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. C

**二、语法选择。（本题有10小题，每小题1.5分，共15分）**

【6~15题答案】

【答案】6. A 7. D 8. D 9. A 10. B 11. D 12. A 13. B 14. C 15. A

**三、完形填空。（本题有10小题，每小题1分，共10分）**

【16~25题答案】

【答案】16. A 17. B 18. A 19. D 20. B 21. B 22. C 23. D 24. C 25. B

**四、阅读理解。（本题有10小题，每小题2分，共20分）**

**阅读A、B两篇短文，从每小题所给的四个选项中，选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案，并将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。**

**(A)**

【26~30题答案】

【答案】26. B 27. B 28. C 29. A 30. D

**(B)**

【31~35题答案】

【答案】31. B 32. A 33. C 34. D 35. C

**五、短文填空。（本题有10小题，每小题1.5分，共15分）**

【36~45题答案】

【答案】36. an 37. ago

38. money 39. have##eat

40. hungry 41. in##into##between

42. the##his##this

43. kinds 44. buy

45. because##as

**六、完成句子。（本题有5小题，每小题3分，共15分）**

【46题答案】

【答案】 ①. wonder ②. whether##if ③. will

【47题答案】

【答案】 ①. All##In ②. in##a ③. all##word

【48题答案】

【答案】 ①. agree ②. with ③. you

【49题答案】

【答案】 ①. in ②. order ③. to

【50题答案】

【答案】 ①. take##have ②. a ③. seat

**七、书面表达。（本大题共15分）**

【51题答案】

【答案】例文：

Dear Jack,

How is everything with you? I know you are going to visit China this summer holiday. I write this letter to tell you something about Chinese table manners and how to eat healthily.

In China, we usually use chopsticks to eat. It’s impolite to make too much noise when we are eating or drinking. When you drink to someone, you’d better raise your glass and drink up the wine.

We should not only eat politely, but also eat healthily. First, it’s very important for us to have different kinds of foods. What’s more, we should have our meals regularly. Last but not least, we should eat more healthy food instead of junk food.

Best wishes.

Yours,

Xiaoming