**随州市高新区2023春第一阶段测试**

**八年级英语试题**

**测试范围：Unit 1-Unit 4 (A)**

**试卷总分：120分 考试时间：120分钟**

第一部分：听力测试（25分）

一.听力测试(共三节，满分25分)

第一节、小对话(共5小题，每小题1分，满分5分)

听5段小对话，从每题所给的三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话仅读一遍。

( )1. A. Because she felt better. B. Because she had a fever. C. Because she liked it.

( )2. A. Jim. B. Frank. C. Jack.

( )3. A. Some bread. B. Some milk. C. Some tea.

( )4. A. A taxi. B. A bus. C. A car.

( )5. A. Once a day. B. Twice a day. C. Three times a day.

第二节、长对话和独白(共15小题，每小题1分，满分15分)

听3段长对话和一段独白，从每题所给的三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话和独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第6-8小题。

( )6. What 's the matter with the woman?

A. Her back hurts. B. She has a stomachache. C. She has a headache.

( )7. When did the woman start to feel that way?

A. The day before yesterday. B. Yesterday. C. This morning.

( )8. What's the man' s advice?

A. To buy a warm coat.

B. To have a good rest.

C. To eat some food she likes.

听下面一段对话，回答第9-11小题。

( )9. How often does Bill go to the old people's home?

A. Three times a week. B. Once a week. C. Twice a week.

( )10. What does Bill usually help do?

A. Read the newspapers. B. Look after their pets. C. Clean the houses.

( )11. How does Bill usually get to the old people ' s home?

A. By subway. B. By bus. C. By bike.

听下面一段对话,回答第12-15 小题。

( )12. What is Tina doing?

A. Doing her homework. B. Reading a book. C. Doing some chores.

( )13. What will Tina do? She will .

A. make the bed B. go shopping C. clean up the table

( )14. What does Tina want to do tonight?

A. To go shopping with her friends.

B. To go to the movies with her friends.

C. To go to the movies with her classmates.

( )15. When does Tina have to get home?

A. Before 10:00 p.m. B. Before 9:00 a.m. C. Before 9:00 p.m.

听下面一段独白,回答第16-20小题。

( )16. Where does Mr. Brown work?

A. In a restaurant. B. In a school. C. In a hospital.

( )17. What’s wrong with Alice?

A. She has a sore throat. B. She has a fever. C. She has a cold.

( )18. Tom needs to to have a good rest.

A. go to bed early B. lie on the bed C. drink more water

( )19. Bob needs to take medicine a day.

A. once . B. three times C. twice

( )20. Who has a sore throat?

A. Mary. B. Tom. C. Bob.

第三节、完成表格(共5小题，每小题1分，满分5分)

听一篇短文,然后完成表格,每空一词,短文读两遍。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Chores that Li Hua did last week | |
| When | What he did |
| On Monday evening | He swept the 21 . |
| On Wednesday morning | He took out the 22 . |
| On 23 morning | He did the 24 . |
| On Friday afternoon | He 25 the living room. |
| On Sunday evening | He folded his clothes. |

第二部分：笔记部分（95分）

二、完形填空（本题共15分，每小题1分）

阅读短文，掌握大意，然后从每小题所给的四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

|  |
| --- |
| Dear Dr. Ramsey,  I seem to get colds all the time. I wonder if (是否) there is 26 I can do to stop getting them. What should I do if I have a 27 ?  Shirley |

|  |
| --- |
| Dear Shirley,  Most people get colds by touching things that another person with a cold once touched. You can 28 catch a cold by shaking hands. 29 if someone you know has a cold, you should try not to use 30 cups, dishes or phones.  Many doctors 31 that vitamin C can help to stop colds. They 32 people to take some vitamin C when they start to get cold symptoms (症状). You can 33 have a try. But if it doesn't work, you should go to the 34 .  To fight a cold, the body 35 healthy food. If you have a cold, you should eat well, but not eat 36 . And you should drink lots of water. Also be sure to get enough 37 and stay warm. When you get a cold, having a good 38 is important and useful.  When you have a cold, you should also try to protect (保 护) other people. Cover your mouth and nose 39 a tissue (纸巾) when you cough. Wash all the things that you 40 with very hot water before anyone else uses them.  Dr. Ramsey |

( )26. A. anyone B. nothing C. everyone D. anything

( )27. A. stomachache B. cold C. headache D. cough

( )28. A. only B. already C. even D. never

( )29. A. Or B. But C. Until D.So

( )30. A. the same B. different C. the different D. same

( )31. A. forget B. believe C. refuse D. mind

( )32. A. advise B. wait C. send D. promise

( )33. A. too B. already C. either D. also

( )34. A. museum B. cinema C. restaurant D. hospital

( )35. A. gives B. loses C. needs D. shows

( )36. A. too many B. much too C. too much D. many too

( )37. A. money B. experience C. practice D. sleep

( )38. A. cook B. saying C. rest D. reason

( )39. A. with B. for C. of D. over

( )40. A. paint B. touch C. trust D. see.

三、阅读理解（本题共40分，每小题2分）

A）阅读A、B、C、D四篇短文，从短文后所给各题的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

**A**

Running is becoming popular these days. Many of us run for health. Doctors say many health problems come from these bad habits：eating and drinking too much，smoking and not taking enough exercise. Doctors tell us，“Eat and drink less，don't smoke，and exercise more. ”

Running is a good form of exercise because it helps build a strong heart. It also helps most people lose weight．One 68－year－old woman runs three times a week. “I love to eat，” she says. She runs to lose weight.

Running is good for health in other ways，too. Many runners say running keeps colds and other small health problems away. “Running is my doctor，” says one man.

Running can also help people to relax. So today men and women of all ages enjoy running.

(　　)41.Many people enjoy running because they want to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. keep healthy B. run fast C. waste time D. eat much

(　　)42.The underlined word means “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.

A. 速度 B. 健康 C. 疾病 D. 体重

(　　)43.The third paragraph shows \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. people who like running have many health problems

B. running helps build a strong heart

C. people who like running have fewer health problems

D. running helps people to relax

**B**

Calvin Gillian didn’t believe that Norway was the place for an adventurous (惊险的) holiday. However, his brother and some friends told him to go there and he enjoyed it.

“I’m an extreme sports (极限运动) lover. I have traveled to many different countries, but I didn’t expect Norway to be a good place for an adventurous holiday. People usually visit Norway to go fishing and boating to enjoy a relaxing holiday, or to go climbing to enjoy the beauty of nature. But I didn’t go for them; I wanted adventure.

“Skiing (滑雪) is the most unforgettable thing I did in Norway. I went skiing in Svartisen. I had to wear special clothes, because skiing there could be very dangerous. Svartisen is a very special and beautiful place. The ice there is not the usual white but blue, like the sea.

“I also visited the Holmenkollen Ski Jump in Oslo. It was fantastic to look from the top of the ski jump (滑雪跳台) and the ski museum was very interesting. I wanted to try a jump but unluckily, it didn’t open when I visited. Anyway, I was very tired and needed a break, so I went back to my hotel and got some sleep.

“Next year, I am going to take my sister to Norway, too. She is having her holiday with our parents in Australia now and she wants to have a different kind of adventure next year.”

(    )44. What can we learn from Paragraph 2?

A. Why Calvin likes extreme sports.

B. What visitors usually do in Norway.

C. What the first country Calvin visited was.

D. How beautiful Norway is.

(    )45. What did Calvin do in Norway?

A. He went boating.  B. He went fishing.

C. He went skiing. D. He went climbing.

(    )46.Calvin didn’t try a jump in Holmenkollen Ski Jump because \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it didn’t open that day B. it was too expensive

C. he was too tired D. he didn’t have enough time

**C**

|  |
| --- |
| Linda，14  My mother does most of the housework like cooking and folding the clothes. My father can only do the washing. He always watches TV and often sleep. He really needs to learn how to do the housework. |
| Celina，13  My mother and my father do 50% of the housework each. My mother does the washing and cleans the living room. My father makes the bed and drives me to school. |
| Paul，16  My father doesn't do a lot but he tries to help. He hangs up the clothes after my mother washes them and my mother is happy that he always gives her a hand. |
| Bill，15  My mother is a doctor. She is busy with her work every day，so she has little time to do the housework. In fact，she isn't good at doing it. So my father has to do most of it. Sometimes my grandmother comes to help. |

(　　)47.Linda's father doesn't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at home.

A. do the washing B. watch TV C. sleep D. fold the clothes

(　　)48.The underlined phrase “hangs up” means “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” in Chinese.

A. 闲逛 B. 晾晒 C. 熨烫 D. 清洗

(　　)49.Whose father does most of the housework?

A. Linda's. B. Celina's. C. Paul's. D. Bill's.

(　　)50.Which of the following is TRUE?

A. Linda is one year older than Celina but one year younger than Bill.

B. Celina's father needs to learn how to do the housework.

C. Paul's mother is angry with his father，because he never helps her with the housework.

D. Bill's grandmother helps Bill with his school work.

D

I have three children and I make them do housework. However, my mother-in-law( 婆婆) doesn’t agree with me. She thinks I' m too harsh. In her opinion, it is adults’ job to do housework.

Our family is made up of five family members. No one in the family is more important than another, so each member should help with chores. I don't ask my children to do the same chores, because their ages are different.

At the end of the day, after they finish playing with their toys, I ask them to put the toys away. If they don’t, they will have to say goodbye to their toys. I expect my children to set the table at night and help fold their own clothes. I don't think I' m asking too much.

I know they are tired after a long day’s study at school, but that’s life-harsh but real. I don't want to pay them for doing some chores. They live in the house, so they should help out with some things in the house. No one is going to pay them for cleaning up their rooms later in life and I' m not about to start doing it now.

Some parents protect their children from anything unpleasant(使人不愉快的) and make their children' s lives too good and safe, but I' m not interested in that way. I hope my children are able to look after themselves.

( )51. What can we learn about the writer ' s mother-in-law?

A. She doesn’t like doing housework.

B. She doesn’t want the children to do housework.

C. She doesn't want the writer to do housework.

D. She doesn’t get on well with the kids.

( )52. What does the underlined word “harsh” mean?

A.纵容的 B.嚣张的 C.幼稚的 D.严厉的

( )53. When the writer asks her children to do chores,

A. she always asks them to do the easy ones

B. she asks them to do different ones

C. she often asks them to do the hard ones

D. she asks her mother-in-law for advice

( )54. If the children don’t put away their toys, the writer .

A. won't give the children pocket money

B. will ask her mother- in-law to do it

C. will probably throw the toys away

D. will put the toys away by herself

( )55. Which of the following is NOT the writer's opinion?

A. Children shouldn't do housework for money.

B. Only parents should do housework.

C. Parents shouldn’t coddle(溺爱) their children.

D. Children should help with housework at home.

B)阅读一篇短文，从短文后的五个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，每个选项只能用一次。

It’s a must-eat fruit in Southeast Asia. People there call it “King of Fruits”. Many love it so much that they eat it at every meal. (56)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ It is the durian (榴莲).

The durian can only grow in hot places. Its name “durian” comes from the Malay word “duri”. (57)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

The durian is the most famous fruit in Southeast Asia. It looks big and dangerous and has a very strong smell (浓烈的气味). (58)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ They come in different sizes. A durian can grow up to 30cm long, and usually it can be as heavy as 1 to 3kg.

The greatest thing about the durian is inside. When you open it up, a very strong smell comes out. (59)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ In Singapore, people can’t bring a durian into a hotel room or onto a city train. And they can’t bring a durian onto some planes, either.

Although the durian has a strong smell, the fruit tastes quite good. (60)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Some animals living in the forest like it!

根据材料内容，从方框中选择合适的句子填入文中空缺处，使材料完整、通顺。

|  |
| --- |
| A. It means “thorn (刺)”.  B. “What’s it?” you may wonder.  C. It tastes soft and sweet (又软又甜).  D. There are many different kinds of durians.  E. Some people love this smell, but others don’t like it! |

四、单词拼写（本题5分，每小题1分）

根据句子意思和音标、首字母提示填词，每空一词。

61. For one week, she did not do any housework and [ˈnaɪðə] (或 [ˈniːðə])did I.

62.The girl could visit the sick in the hospital to [tʃɪə]  them up.

63. She talked to Animal Helpers about getting me a special t dog.

65. I get such a strong feeling of s when I see the animals get better and the look of joy on their owners’ faces.

64. The earlier kids learn to be i , the better it is for their future.

五、完成句子（本题共10分，每小题2分）

根据所给汉语提示完成句子，每空一词。

66. 在他失去手臂之后，他写了一本名为《生死两难》的书。

After his arm, he wrote a book Between a Rock and a Hard Place.

67. 他们给我讲过去的生活经历，讲过去是什么样子的。

They told me about the past and how things to be.

68. 在这里当志愿者对我来说是梦想成真。

here is a dream come for me.

69. 在家中给他们的孩子提供一个干净、舒适的环境是家长们的事情。

It’s the parents’ job to a clean and environment at home for their children.

70. 尽管她做得不对，但也没什么了不起的。

Although she’s , it’s not a big .

六、短文填空（本题10分，每小题1分）

从方框中选择适当的单词，并用其适当形式完成短文，每词只能用一次，每空一词。

shout, what, stop, lie, along, quick, onto, save, surprised, him

At 9:00 a.m. yesterday, bus No.26 was going 71 Zhonghua Road when the driver saw an old man 72 on the side of the road. A woman next to him was 73 for help.

The bus driver,24-year-old Wang Ping, 74 the bus without thinking twice. He got off and asked the woman 75 happened. She said that the man had a heart problem and should go to the hospital. Mr. Wang knew he had to act 76 . He told the passengers that he must take the man to the hospital. He expected most or all of the passengers to get off and wait for the next bus. But to his 77 , they all agreed to go with him. Some passengers helped Mr. Wang to move the man 78 the bus.

Thanks to Mr. Wang and the passengers, the man was 79 by doctors in time. “It’s sad that many people don’t want to help others because they don’t want any trouble, ”says one passenger. “But the driver didn’t think about 80 . He only thought about saving a life.”

七、书面表达（本题15分）

假设你班要举行一次有关“该不该做家务”的讨论会，请你写一篇短文，阐述自己的观点，并向全班做一个汇报。

要求：语句通顺，意思连贯，字迹清晰。词数约80。

提示：1.Do you often do chores?

2．What chores do you often do?

3．What do you think about doing chores?

**八年级英语试题答题纸**

试卷总分：120分 考试时间：120分钟

选择题答题表（共75分）

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 题号 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| 答案 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 题号 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 |
| 答案 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 题号 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 答案 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 题号 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 答案 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

听短文，完成表格。短文读两遍。（5分）

21. 22. 23. 24. 25.

四、单词拼写（本题5分，每小题1分）

61. 62. 63. 64. 65.

五、完成句子（本题共10分，每空1分）

66. 67.

68. 69.

70.

六、短文填空（本题10分，每小题1分）

71. 72. 73. 74. 75.

76. 77. 78. 79. 80.

七、书面表达（本题15分）

假设你班要举行一次有关“该不该做家务”的讨论会，请你写一篇短文，阐述自己的观点，并向全班做一个汇报。

要求：语句通顺，意思连贯，字迹清晰。词数约80。

提示：1.Do you often do chores?

2．What chores do you often do?

3．What do you think about doing chores?

