

东乡二中 2023 年春季九年级第四次学业水平测试

英语试题卷

说明：1. 本卷分为试题卷和答题卷，答案请涂写在答题卷上，不要在试题卷上作答，否则不给分。
2. 本卷共有 6 大题、82 小题，全卷满分 120 分，考试时间为 120 分钟。

一、听力测试 (20 分)

现在是试听时间。请听一段对话，然后回答问题。

Which sport does Jim like best?

A. Volleyball.

B. Basketball.

C. Football.

答案是 C。

A) 请听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。听完每段对话后，你都将有 10 秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。(每小题 1 分)

1. What did the man's sister used to be?

A. A teacher.

B. A nurse.

C. An actress.

2. How old is the girl?

A. 19.

B. 20.

C. 21.

3. Where is Mrs. Green now?

A. She is in her office.

B. She is at breakfast.

C. She is at the hotel.

4. Why did the woman decide to go to Guangzhou?

A. Because it costs less money.

B. Because she likes Guangzhou best.

C. Because she lives near Hong Kong.

5. What does the girl mean?

A. She doesn't like watching movies.

B. She must look after her brother.

C. She will do the housework at home.

B) 请听下面 4 段对话。每段对话后有几个小题，从题中所给的 AB、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。(每小题 1 分)

请听第一段对话，回答第 6、7 小题

6. Which country did Lily visit with her uncle?

A. France.

B. England.

C. Canada.

7. How long did she stay there?

A. 7 days.

B. 12 days.

C. 14 days.

请听第二段对话，回答第 8、9 小题

8. Why will Miss Wu visit Jack's home?

A. Because he was late for school.

B. Because he slept in class.

C. Because he told lies to his mother.

9. What do we know about Jack?

A. He likes listening to stories.

B. He often goes to bed early.

C. He likes watching TV.



请听第三段对话，回答第 10 至第 12 小题

10. Who may sit by the window?

A. Jean.

B. Victor.

C. Jean's son.

11. Where does Jean come from?

A. France.

B. Canada.

C. Australia.

12. Why did the Jean change her seat?

A. Because she wanted to talk with the man.

B. Because a man next to her was drinking.

C. Because she liked the seat by the window.

请听第四段对话，回答第 13 至第 15 小题

13. What's Alice's good luck?

A. She saw an alien with her own eyes.

B. She watched a movie on aliens.

C. She read a book on science.

14. Why was Alice late for class?

A. Because she had a bad dream.

B. Because she was caught by aliens.

C. Because she missed the school bus.

15. What can we get from the conversation?

A. Alice hates watching movies on aliens.

B. Alice's teacher is strict with his students.

C. Alice is good at writing compositions.

C) 请听下面一段独白，根据独白内容完成下列句子，每个空格不超过 3 个单词。将答案填写到答题卡的相应位置。听独白前你将有 50 秒钟的时间阅读句子内容。独白读两遍。(每小题 1 分)

16. The two rooms _____ the Red Sea.

17. The price for each room is _____ dollars per night.

18. We offer _____ every morning.

19. Don't forget to bring your _____ with you when you are coming.

20. We are looking forward to welcoming you to our hotel on _____.

二、单项填空(8 分)

请阅读下面各小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卷上将该项涂黑。(每小题 1 分)

21. Watching *The Battle at Lake Changjin* is a good _____ to relax when you're tired.

A. rule

B. choice

C. question

D. skill

22. — Did you see Mike? He just came back from France.

— Yes. But he _____ with someone, so I nodded to him and went away.

A. talks

B. is talking

C. was talking

D. has talked

23. It's important for teenagers to learn to spend money _____.

A. easily

B. exactly

C. wisely

D. quickly

24. — What about going to the cinema this weekend?

— I'd like to, but the final exam is coming. I _____ to stay at home.

A. prefer

B. avoid

C. refuse

D. achieve

25. My parents won't let me go out alone _____ they are sure I'm safe.

A. since

B. if

C. unless

D. because



26.—I lost my watch in the library yesterday.

—Why not go to the Lost and Found? They _____ one.

A. find

B. have found

C. will find

D. had found

27. Betty, you dance _____ among all the dancers. Congratulations!

A. better

B. best

C. beautifully

D. most beautiful

28. —How delicious the salad is!

—It _____ by my sister.

A. makes

B. made

C. was made

D. will be made

三、完形填空(26分)

A)请先阅读下面短文，掌握其大意。然后从各小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。(每小题1分，共16分)

Tony is a warm-hearted repairman, who lost his job again a few months ago. He was really _____²⁹ applying for (申请) a new job.

One day, he brought together all his courage to go to a job interview. The interview was at 10 a.m. and it was already 8:30. While waiting for a bus, he saw a man _____³⁰ kicking one tyre (轮胎) of his car. Clearly, there was something wrong with the car. Tony _____³¹ to help.

An hour later, Tony finished repairing the car, getting his shirt dirty. The man thanked him and wanted to pay for the _____³². "I was just helping out," Tony _____³³. "I have to rush for an interview now," he added. "Well, I could take you there. It's the _____³⁴ I could do, please!" the man insisted (坚持). Then Tony agreed.

While waiting in the long line of the applicants (应聘者) _____³⁵ his dirty shirt, Tony felt embarrassed and nervous. One by one, the applicants left the interviewer's office with _____³⁶ looks on their faces. Finally his name was called.

The _____³⁷ was sitting on big chair with his back towards Tony. "Do you really need to be interviewed?" he asked. Tony's heart sank (下沉). "With the way I _____³⁸ now, how could I possibly _____³⁹ this interview?" he thought to himself.

Then the interviewer _____⁴⁰ his chair. To Tony's surprise, it was the man he helped earlier in the morning! "Sorry to keep you waiting, but I was pretty sure I had made the _____⁴¹ decision to have you in our company even _____⁴² you came into this office. I just know you'd be a good worker I can _____⁴³. Congratulations!"

29. A. afraid of

B. interested in

C. crazy about

D. care about

30. A. excitedly

B. slowly

C. hardly

D. angrily

31. A. provided

B. offered

C. asked

D. promised

32. A. car

B. tyre

C. work

D. time

33. A. refused

B. accepted

C. agreed

D. avoided

34. A. most

B. best

C. least

D. worst

35. A. on

B. for

C. with

D. of

36. A. satisfied

B. disappointed

C. worried

D. pleased

37. A. clerk

B. customer

C. applicant

D. interviewer

38. A. talk

B. stand

C. look

D. wait

39. A. fail

B. pass

C. lose

D. win

40. A. knocked

B. broke

C. shook

D. turned

41. A. wrong

B. right

C. silly

D. careful

42. A. until

B. after

C. before

D. since

43. A. trust

B. depend

C. meet

D. praise



B)请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后用方框中所给的词的适当形式填空, 并将答案填写到答题卡的相应位置。每个词限用一次。(每小题 1 分, 共 11 分)

helpful bring why winner angry cry join everyone if really loudly

Fights at school sometimes happen. But how can you keep away from a fight? Here's something you can do.

Be calm. Sometimes, you feel so angry that you 44 want to teach somebody a lesson. But being 45 can't solve problems. Neither can a fight. Instead, it may 46 you more problems. In the school, 47 involved(卷入) in a fight will be punished, no matter who started it. There are no 48 in a fight.

Shout loudly. If you know someone is coming up behind you to attack(攻击), turn toward the person with your hands up in front of your body and 49 say "stop" before walking away. Loud voice can usually make the attacker calm down. If the person doesn't stop, 50 for help by calling out the name of a teacher whose office is nearby.

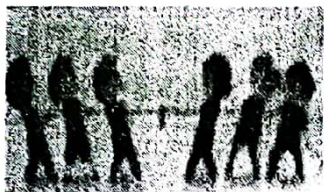


Learn to refuse. Your friend may ask you 51 in a fight. Learn to say no. Helping him fight is not really 52 to him. If you really want to give him a hand, try to ask him to give it up. Also, you can tell him 53 he gets involved in a fight, he may get hurt and be punished. Then, try to learn 54 he wants a fight and help him find a right way to deal with the problem.

四、阅读理解(46 分)

A)请阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项, 并在答题卷上将该项涂黑。(每小题 2 分, 共 36 分)

A

Basketball, running and swimming are popular events(项目) at the Olympics. But there are also some events that are not as popular. Some are even very strange. Let's see if you have any knowledge about the following events.

	<p>Tug-of-war</p> <p>This event started in 1900 and left the Olympics in 1920. The team wins if they pull the rope past a certain point first. Interestingly, more than one team from a country can enter in this event. This makes it possible for one country to win several medals.</p>
	<p>Rope climbing</p> <p>It first appeared as an Olympic sport in 1896. The climber who spends the shortest time reaching the top is the winner. The rope used to be 15 meters long. Years later, it was shortened to 8 meters for some reason. After 1932, there was no rope climbing in the Olympics.</p>
	<p>Race walking</p> <p>In race walking, walkers have to win the race by walking. To make sure that they do not run, race walkers must have one foot on the ground at all times. Race walking has been an Olympic sport since 1904. Men enter in 20 kilometer and 50 kilometer races; women only race 20 kilometers.</p>



55. Which of the following events left the Olympics in 1920?
 A. Rope climbing. B. Basketball. C. Tug-of-war D. Race walking.
56. How many metres long was the rope in rope climbing in 1896.
 A. 8. B. 15. C. 20. D. 50.
57. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
 A. One country can only enter one team in tug-of-war.
 B. Rope climbing first appeared in the 1932 Olympics.
 C. Women in race walking can enter in the 50 kilometer race.
 D. Race walking is still an event at the Olympic Games today.

B

"Amy! Milk!" Mama called.

Milk. It was Amy's turn to get it. Amy sighed and shut her first-aid(急救) book.

Amy tied the cow close to a tree. Somewhere down the mountain, some volunteer doctors were teaching medical skills to village nurses. Amy heard Betty dive off hours ago. "She should have taken me with her. She thinks I'm too young," Amy thought. "But she's wrong. I am already 15!"

Amy carried the milk back to Mama, then wandered up the road. Roy, a village boy, was trying to stand on a horse's back. "No wonder they don't trust kids with anything important," Amy thought.

She had just turned away when she heard a heavy fall and a few cries. Roy was on the ground. "Roy!" The kids nearby ran towards him. "Get Betty," one said. Amy shook her head. "Betty's gone to the city."

The kids didn't know what to do. Amy ran to Roy and saw one of his legs out of shape. A broken leg! She remembered what the first-aid book said about it.

"Victor!" Amy called to one of the boys. "Go, get Roy's mama, and find someone with a truck." She turned to the others. "Give me your shirts. We need something to tie his leg with."

Amy then found a strong, straight stick. She carefully wrapped the shirts around Roy's leg and the stick. Roy cried out in pain. "I know it hurts," Amy said softly. "But this will hold it still until you get to the hospital."

When Amy was done, she looked up and saw Roy's mama and a man watching beside a truck. "Thank you, Amy," Roy's mama said. Amy helped them lift Roy into the truck, then they drove down the hillside towards the hospital.

The next day, Betty came to Amy's home. "I heard what you did," Betty said. "You kept your head in an emergency. That's an important skill."

Amy's face turned red. "I was afraid ..."

Betty shook her head. "It's OK for a nurse to be afraid, as long as she has a clear head. The volunteer doctors are coming tomorrow with vaccines. We need some more hands. Can you help?"

"I'd love to," Amy replied at once.

"Come early, then. There is a lot to learn."

Amy smiled. "I'll bring my first-aid book."

58. Why didn't Betty take Amy with her to the medical training?
 A. Amy was busy reading. B. Amy had to milk the cow.
 C. Betty left too early in the morning. D. Betty thought Amy wasn't old enough.
59. What happened to Roy?
 A. He fell off the horseback. B. He was kicked by the horse.
 C. He successfully stood on the horseback. D. He was pulled off the horseback by the kids.
60. What is the correct order of Amy's first-aid actions?
 a. She found a proper stick. b. She helped lift Roy into the truck.
 c. She asked the boys for some shirts. d. She tied the shirts around the broken leg.
 e. She sent someone to get Roy's mum and a truck.
 A. c-e-a-b-d B. a-c-e-d-b C. e-c-a-d-b D. e-c-a-b-d



61. Why did Betty invite Amy to help the doctors in the end?

- A. Amy had similar experiences before.
- B. Amy was cool-headed when giving first-aid.
- C. Betty regretted not taking Amy to the training.
- D. Betty realized that Amy had become a good doctor.

62. Which sentence best describes a lesson from the story?

- A. Only trained doctors and nurses can provide first-aid.
- B. Knowledge from books can help solve real-life problems.
- C. Children need enough practice before they can be helpful.
- D. Helping with housework is important to children's health.

C

Many people may wonder what the three Chinese astronauts' life was like when working in space. In fact, they did many of the things as we do on Earth.

They brush their teeth, wash their hair and go to the bathroom. However, because of the microgravity (失重) environment, they take care of themselves in different ways. They wash their hair by using the no-rinse shampoo to get it clean because there are no real showers in the spaceship.

Astronauts eat three meals a day: breakfast, lunch and dinner. But how much they eat depends on the astronauts. A small woman astronaut often needs only about 1,900 calories (卡路里) a day, while a large man requires about 3,200 calories. So there are many kinds of foods ready, such as fruits, nuts, chicken, beef and seafood. They can also drink coffee, tea and orange juice.

Astronauts can have much fun, too. They look out of the window, enjoying the wonderful sunsets and sunrises which happen every 45 minutes. Very often, they play with their food or even jokes on their workmates. Believe it or not, astronauts can even spend weekends, when they can watch movies, play music, read books and talk to their families.

After a long day at work, ▲. Just like on Earth, an astronaut goes to bed at a certain time, then wakes up and prepares for work again. But there are a few differences. Astronauts have to sleep in sleeping bags in special cabins (柜子). Generally, astronauts are planned to have eight hours of sleep. Like on Earth, they may wake up in the middle of their sleep to use the toilet. And astronauts also have dreams.

As for Wang Yaping, she had another experience—preparing for lessons for the Chinese students far down on Earth.

63. What can we learn about astronauts from the passage?

- A. They have to take showers every two days
- B. They are not allowed to play jokes in space.
- C. They can have many kinds of foods for their meals.
- D. They seldom have dreams when they sleep in space.

64. What does the underlined word "it" refer to?

- A. The no-rinse shampoo.
- B. The spaceship.
- C. The astronauts' hair.
- D. The bathroom.

65. Choose the best sentence to fill in the blank "▲" in Paragraph 5.

- A. it is time to make a phone call
- B. reading is what an astronaut needs
- C. listening to music sounds like a good idea
- D. nothing is better than a good night's sleep

66. What was Wang Yaping's special experience in space?

- A. Making different kinds of foods.
- B. Taking care of the other astronauts.
- C. Writing a report about space travel.
- D. Giving a lesson to students on Earth.

67. What does the passage mainly talk about?

- A. How astronauts work in space.
- B. What it is like inside a spaceship.
- C. What kind of people can be astronauts.
- D. Astronauts' daily life in the spaceship.



D

Historically, most cars have run on gasoline (汽油), but that may change in the future: cars can also run on other liquid fuels (液体燃料) and electricity.

Gasoline is from oil. The energy in gasoline comes from hydrocarbons (碳氢化合物). Gasoline provides great power for cars. However, it causes environmental problems, like air pollution and temperature rise. So gasoline can't be the best fuel.

Another choice is electricity. Electricity cars can be as efficient (效能好的) as cars using gasoline. And they produce less pollution. But electric cars themselves are more expensive. Good news is that the cost has been lower and there are more and more places for the cars to get electricity ever since 2010.

The other choices are other liquid fuels. Many of these can be stored in the same places as gasoline, and used in the same cars. They can also be friendly to the environment.

One way to make such fuels is to get CO₂ from the air and put it in water. Through chemical reaction, hydrocarbons can be created. However, these fuels take up more space.

Another way is to make such fuels from plants which take in carbon from the air. These fuels are greener in use. But not all of them can be as efficient as gasoline.

For a fuel to be the best, people have to be able to afford it. Unluckily, almost every green technology is more sumptuous than that of using gasoline. Governments and car producers are doing everything they can to cut down the costs. In the end, the best fuel will be both affordable for car users and green for our planet.

68. What does Gasoline provide cars with?

- A. Great power. B. Fresh air. C. Clean water. D. Enough space.

69. According to Paragraph 3, what can we infer about electric cars?

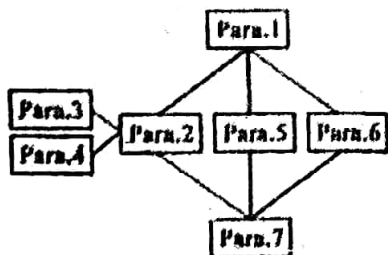
- A. They produce more pollution.
B. They will become more and more expensive.
C. They will become more popular.
D. They are more efficient than those using gasoline.

70. What does the underlined word "sumptuous" mean?

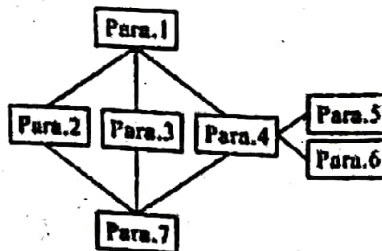
- A. Scientific. B. Expensive. C. Harmful. D. Convenient.

71. Which of following may be the structure of the passage?

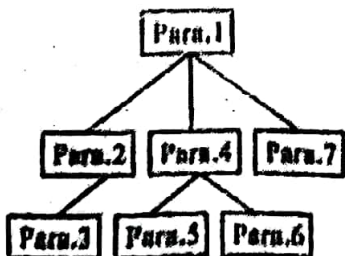
A.



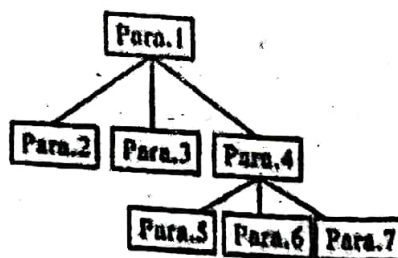
B.



C.



D.



72. What would be the best title for the passage?

A. How Do We Protect Our Planet?

B. What Are the Fuels' Differences?

C. What Is the Best Fuel for Cars?

D. How Do We Make Fuels for Cars?

B)请先阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后根据短文内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个还原到文中,使短文意思通顺,结构完整。(每小题2分)(2020 绥化中考)

Do you sleep well every night? Studies show if we have a good rest, we must have more energy to study.

73

The sleep environment is very important to us. The bedroom is the main place where we sleep at night, so its environment directly affects the quality of our sleep. 74 So we should advise our parents to pay attention to our bedroom environment.

75 The bedroom light should be neither too bright nor too dark. If the light is too dark, it will affect people's eyesight. If the light is too bright, it can affect the speed of falling asleep. So we should choose a kind of yellow light that gives feeling of warmth.

There shouldn't be too many flowers in our bedroom. Many old people like to put a lot of flowers in the bedroom. Of course these flowers can make us relaxed and feel well. But there are too many plants in the bedroom, which can really affect people's sleep quality. 76

Our bedroom should be ventilated(通风)often. 77 Otherwise, we may find it difficult to breathe, which can affect our sleep quality.

A · We should sleep at night with windows open.

B · Our bedroom should have proper light.

C · We should pay attention to our eyesight.

D · At the same time, we will be healthier.

E · And good sleep plays an important role in our health.

F · So don't put too many plants in our bedroom.

G · We should often open the window so that fresh air can come in.

五、补全对话(5分)

请阅读下面对话,根据对话内容,从方框中7个句子选择恰当的5个填入空白处,使对话通顺、合理,意思完整。并在答题卷上将其序号涂黑。(每空一句,每句1分)

A: Hello! This is West Lake Theater. 78

B: Yes, we want to use your theater to have an English party.

A: 79

B: This Saturday evening.

A: 80

B: About 2 hours.

A: 81 It's available from 19: 00 p. m. to 21: 00 p. m.

B: The time is OK. How much should I pay for this place?

A: 800 yuan per hour.

B: That's too expensive. Is it OK to pay you 700 yuan an hour?

A: 82

B: Thank you. We'll arrive at 18: 50 this Saturday evening.

A: You're welcome.

A. Why will you have the English party?

E. Can I help you?

B. Oh, let me see.

F. How long will your party last?

C. No problem.

G. That sounds reasonable.

D. When are you going to use it?

六、书面表达(15分)

见答题卷



书面表达 (15分)

A small kind act

