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**2022-2023学年下学期第一次月考卷**

**九年级英语**

**Ⅰ.** 听句子，选出句子中所包含的信息（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

1. A. talk B. job C. plan

2. A. buy fruit B. cook rice C. drink tea

3. A. September 11 B. September 10 C. September 12

4. A. They’ll read a text B. They’ll take a break. . C. They’ll play a game.

5. A. Peter will call his uncle.

B. Peter will take his uncle to the airport.

C. Peter will go to the airport.

**Ⅱ.** 听句子，选出该句的最佳答语（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

6. A. Don’t worry. B.Thanks C. No problem.

7. A. Speaking. B. It’s for you. C. The line is busy.

8. A. I hope so. B. Glad to hear that. C.It doesn’t matter

9. A. Sure I do. B. You can do it. C. I’m at home.

10. A. Good idea! B. Good news! C. Good luck!

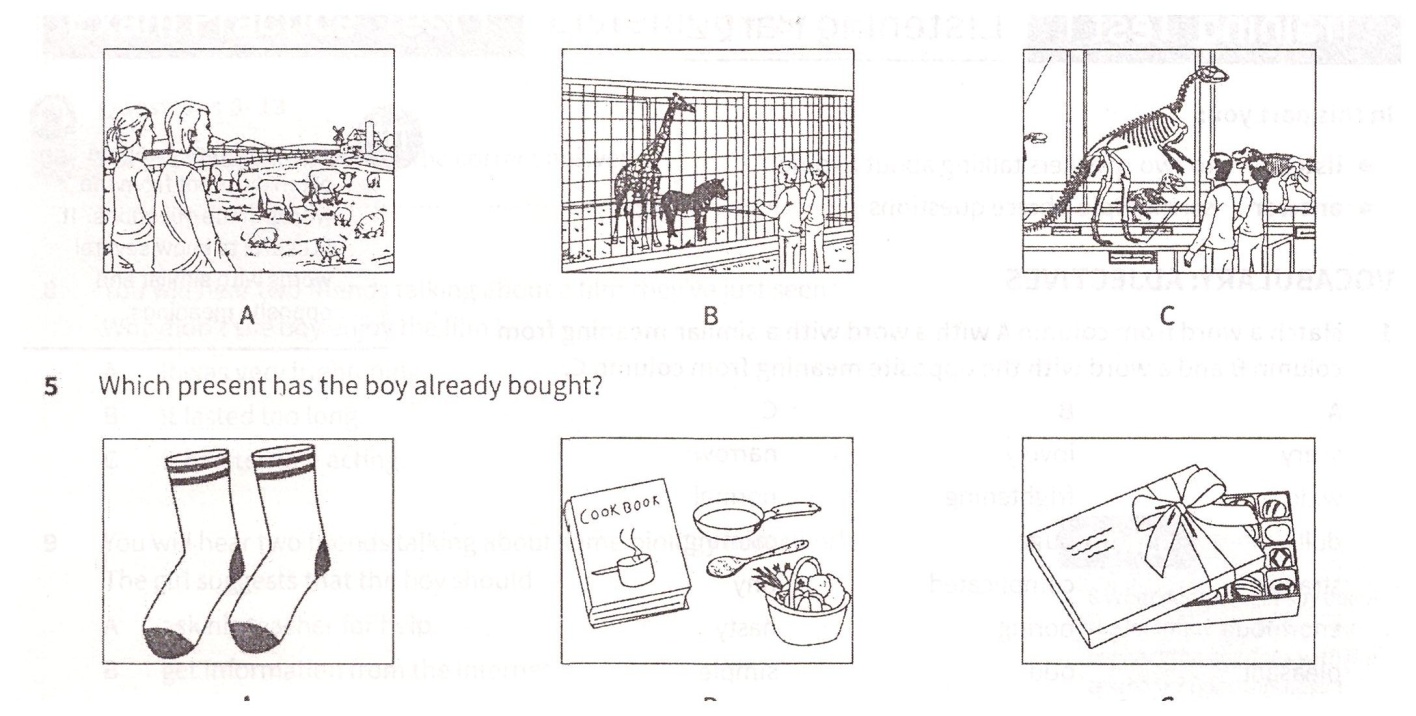
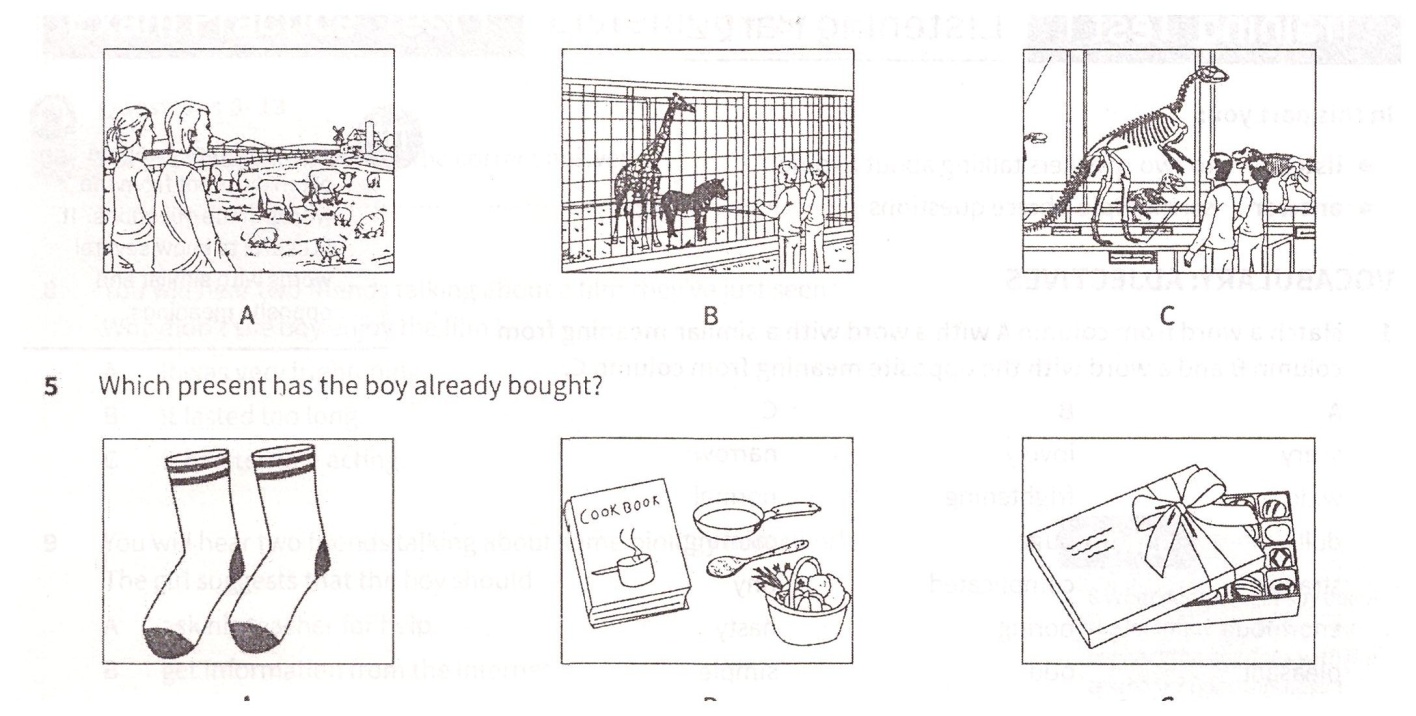
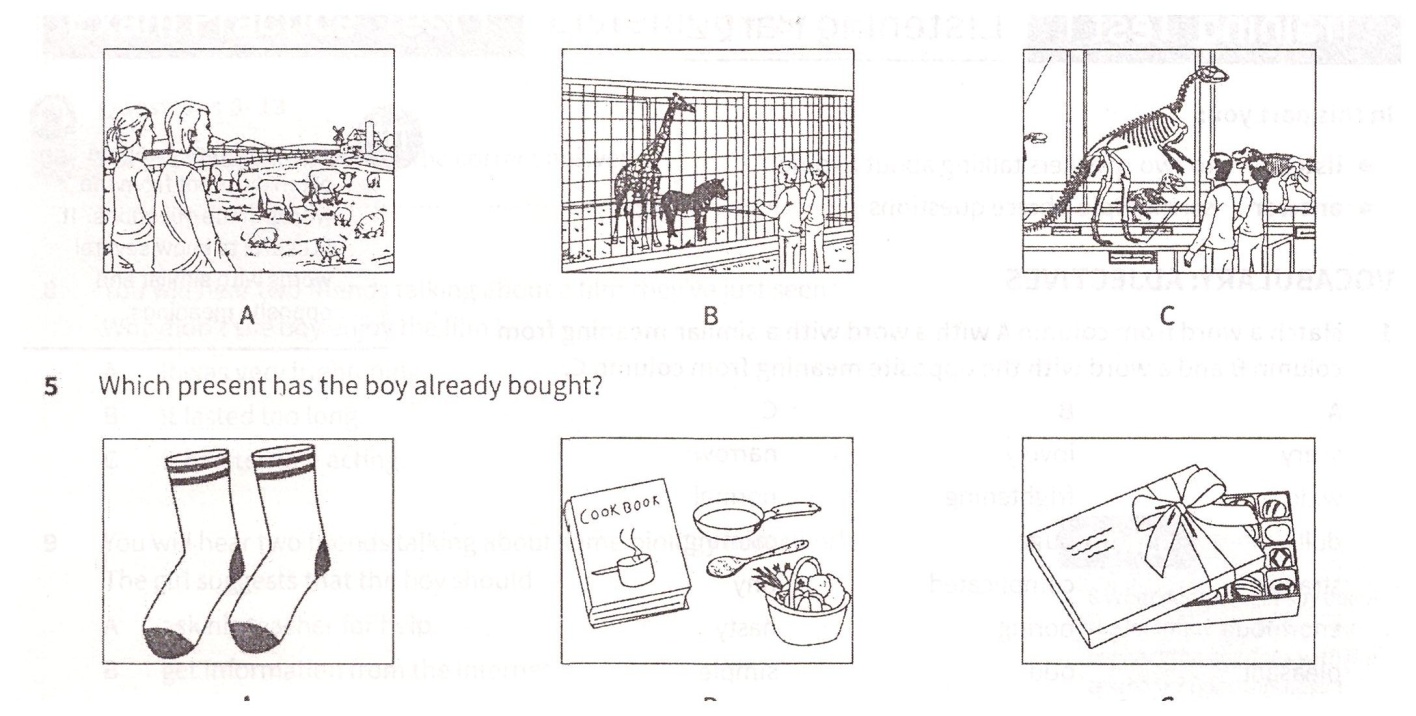
**Ⅲ.** 听对话和问题，选择正确答案（共8小题；每小题1分，满分8分）

11. What is Lily doing?

A. Drawing a picture B.Doing homework C. Watching TV

12. Where will they go?

A. B. C.



---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

13. What should the girl write on the card?

A. The date. B. Her address. C. Her name.

14. What books does she want to borrow?

A. Medicine books. B. History books. C. Arts books.

15. How many books does she borrow at a time?

A. One. B. Two. C. Three.

…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

16. Where is Tom’s mother walking?

A. On the street. B. On the grass. C. On the beach.

17. Who is buying bananas?

A. Tom. B. Tom’s father. C. Tom’s sister.

18. What are the family doing?

A. Flying a kite. B. Having a picnic. C. Taking a photo.

**Ⅳ.** 听短文和问题，选择正确答案（共7小题；每小题1分，满分7分）

19. What does Henry ask Ann to do?

A. Join the soccer team. B. Do some running. C. Buy some clothes.

20. What time will they meet tomorrow?

A. At 9:00. B. At 9:30. C. At 10:00.

…………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………………

21. Why should you listen to the other person carefully?

A. To know about movies. B. To understand examples. C. To ask him questions.

22. Which is the best answer to a “no” question?

A. No. B. Never. C. No, but…

23. How should you speak if your pronunciation is a little different?

A. Slowly. B. Loudly. C. Freely.

24. What should you do when you travel in English-speaking countries?

A. Get a map. B. Speak in English. C. Ask friends for help.

25. What is the speaker talking about?

A. How to make trips exciting.

B. How to practice your pronunciation.

C. How to keep an English conversation going.

**Ⅴ.** 听短文填空（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）

**Information Sheet**

**Name:** Linda

**Age:** 26. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years old

**Come from:** 27. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Hair:** 28. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and red

**Sport:**  29. play \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_often

**Come to China to learn:**30. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**笔试部分(90分)**

Ⅰ. 单项选择 (每小题1分，共10分)

( )31.\_\_\_\_is difficult to understand the speakers, they speak too fast.

A.That B. This C. One D. It

( )32.—Excuse me, could you tell me where I can buy some 　　　?

—Sure. There's a post office over there.

A.textbooks　　　　 B.stamps C.grapes　　　　 D.mooncakes

( )33.The teacher advised his parents to talk with him　　　person.

A. for　　　　　B. with　　　　　C. in　　　　　　 D. of

( )34.My neighbor asked me \_\_\_\_I heard the big noise or not.

A.whether B.if C.what D.that

( )35. —Why do you like English classes?

—Because Ms. White is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,we always have great fun.

A.honest　　　　B.humorous　　　　　C.proud　　　　　　D.correct

( )36. A good student can\_\_\_\_\_\_what he reads \_\_\_\_\_what he sees around him.

A.put ..on B.connect…with C.deal…with D.end,,,up

( )37. --What do you think of the movie?--It is \_\_\_\_\_\_one I’ve ever seen.

A.more touching B. more touched C. the most touched D. the most touching

( )38. The teacher warns us \_\_\_\_in the river.

A.to swim B. swim C. not to swim D. swimming

( )39. --Please look at these postcards. I \_\_\_them for five years. --Wow, they are fantastic

A.have B.had C. will have D.have had

( )40. He asked me\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. why I look unhappy then B. when did I go home last night.

C. how could I solve the problem. D. if I had got everything ready

Ⅱ完形填空（每小题1分，计10分）

Many Chinese students find it difficult to learn English, but not Chinese, because Chinese is their mother language. In fact, Chinese is much more difficult to \_\_41\_ than English.

Still some students in other countries can speak Chinese very \_\_\_42\_\_. If you don’t see them, you will think they are Chinese. What \_\_43\_\_\_ them successful?

“For me, conversation is the most helpful. I try to speak in \_\_44\_\_\_. If you only listen to what others speak, you will be good at \_\_4\_5\_\_ . But if you talk as \_\_46\_\_\_ as you can, you will find you can speak good Chinese,” says Jenny Brown, an English girl. Now she is \_\_\_47\_\_\_ Chinese at Peking University. She is interested in China and \_\_48\_\_ history. She thinks that to learn a language, one must try to know \_\_49\_\_\_ about the country.

Chinese is different from English, \_\_\_50\_\_\_ we can use the same way in learning it.

( )41.A. talk B. say C. learn D. know

( )42.A. well B. good C. bad D. badly

( )43.A. makes B. gives C. takes D. asks

( )44.A. English B. Japanese C. French D. Chinese

( )45.A.speaking B. writing C. listening D. talking

( )46.A. little B. much C. less D. more

( )47.A. telling B. writing C. studying D. teaching

( )48.A. it B. its C. it’s D. itself

( )49.A. something B. anything C. nothing D. everything

( )50.A. so B. and C. also D. but．

Ⅲ 阅读理解: （30分,每题2分）阅读材料，然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

|  |
| --- |
| **Welcome to Sunshine Hotel and we will do all we can to make your stay an enjoyable one. We hope you will find the following useful to you.** |
| Meal time  Tea, coffee, cakes and sandwiches can be brought to your rooms from 10:00 am to 11:00 pm except during the meal times. Cold drinks in your rooms can be used at any time. |
| Room cleaning  The waiters will clean the room if you leave the room at any time between 9:00 am and 4:00 pm. |
| Valuables  Please put your valuables in our safe (保险箱), or we can’t be responsible (负责的) for your loss. |
| Leaving  If you want to leave, please tell us before 6:30 pm of the day. Or you will have to pay for another day. |

( )51. The hotel serves (提供) the following foods in rooms EXCEPT 　　　　.

A. coffee B. cakes C. candy D. cold drinks

( )52. The underlined word “valuables” means “　　　　” in Chinese.



A. 贵重物品 B. 行李 C. 随身物品 D. 包裹

( )53. If you’re about to leave, you should tell the hotel before 　　　　 of the day so as not to pay for another day.

A. 10:00 am B. 4:00 pm C. 6:30 pm D. 11:00 pm

B

When I was a kid in Mimmesota, watermelon was expensive. One of my father's friends, Bernie, was a rich businessman, who had a large store in St. Paul.

Every summer, when the first watermelons arrived, Bernie would call. Dad and I would go to Bernie's place. We'd sit on the edge of the dock (码头)， and got ready for a big meal.

Bernie would take his knife, cut our first watermelon, hand us both a big piece and sit down next to us. Then we'd bury(埋在..) our faces in watermelon, eating only the heart——the reddest, juiciest, firmest, sweetest, most seed-free part and throw away the rest.

Bernie was my father's idea of a rich man. I always thought it was because he was such a successful businessman. Years later, I realized that it was not Bernie's wealth itself but his way of dealing with it that my father liked. Bernie knew how to stop working, get together with friends and eat only the heart of the watermelon. What I learned from Bernie is that being rich is a state of mind. Some of us, no matter how much money we have, will never be free enough to eat only the heart of the watermelon. If you don't take the time to enjoy life's small pleasure, your work is probably hurting your life.

For many years, I forgot that lesson I'd learned as a kid on the dock. I was too busy making all the money I could.

Well, I've relearned it. I hope I have time left to enjoy the success of others and to take pleasure in the day. That's the heart of the watermelon. I have learned again to throw the rest away.

( )54.We learned from the second paragraph that the writer and his father were feeling \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.relaxed B.worried C.hungry D.proud

( )55.The underlined part "the heart of the watermelon" in the last paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.the best part of the watermelon B.the writer's busy life

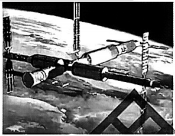
C.the writer's decision of making money D.the writer's hope of enjoying life

( )56.It can be learned from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A.one has to work hard to make money B.a friend is like a mirror

C.watermelon is the healthiest fruit D.one should keep work-life balance

**C**



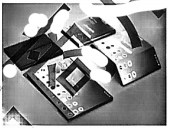
**A Space Hotel Will Open Soon**

A Californian company wants to build a hotel in orbit (天体等运行的轨道)．

The space hotel will open in 2027．It will be able to carry up to 400 people．The space hotel will be shaped like a large wheel，with 24 space pods (舱) around the outside of the 200-meter-wide structure．The pods will be used for restaurants，bars，gyms，rooms for tourists，laboratories for research and so on．

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Researchers at Fudan University in Shanghai have made a new type of cloth that can be used as a digital display (数字显示)．Professor Peng and his team have spent 10 years trying to make “digital cloth” with a silver-plated yarn (银镀纱) and a kind of thread(线)．The cloth could allow a driver to see a GPS map on their arm while driving．It could also help people communicate better if they have language barriers or disabilities．



**A Gift Box Made from Mycelium**(菌丝体)

A UK company Seedlip has reported a gift box that uses packaging (包装材料) made from mycelium．Seedlip is working with Magical Mushroom Company to make the packaging．Magical Mushroom adds mycelium to natural materials that farmers no longer need．As the mycelium tries to break the materials down，it grows threads that form(形成) a strong and light material that can be used as packaging．And after being used，it breaks down naturally in about 40 days in a garden．

( )57．In which part will you read the passage above？

A．History B．Technology C. Culture D．Advertisement

( )58．What would be a good heading for the second piece of news？

A．Digital Display B．A Kind of Thread

C．A Silver-Plated Yarn D．A New Type of Cloth

( )59．What does Magical Mushroom add to natural materials that farmers no longer need？

A．mycelium B．rope C．plastic D．threads

( )60．Who may use the digital cloth in their life according to the material？

A．Students in Fudan University． B．Professor Peng and his team．

C．People who can’t speak or communicate well． D．People without language barriers．

**D**

It is not always a good thing to praise children because “empty”words may make them unhappy. Words such as “well done” may make them doubt their own abilities, a psychologist(心理学家)Stephen Grosz has warned. He says that words such as “you’re so clever” and“you’re such an artist” could also hinder their future development at school. Children might be unhappy if they can’t live up to these expectations(期待). Mr. Grosz advises parents and teachers to praise children less and use words like “you’re trying really hard”.

People often pay no attention to children’s feelings and thoughts. Research shows that children who are heavily praised probably perform worse at school.

Some psychologists from Columbia University asked 128 pupils aged 10 and 11 to work out a number of math problems. Then, some were told, “You did really well—you’re so clever.”But the researchers told the other group, “You did really well—you must have tried really hard.” Both groups of children were later given more difficult questions. Those who had been told they were clever did not do as well as the others.

Mr. Grosz said that when picking up his daughter from a school near their home, he heard a teacher tell her, “You have drawn the most beautiful tree. Well done.”Later, after she had done another drawing, the same teacher said, “Wow, you are really an artist.”In his book, Mr. Grosz writes, “How could I explain to the teacher that I would prefer it if she did not praise my daughter?”

As a parent of two children, I strongly agree with Mr. Grosz. I want my children to know if I praise them, they have done something beyond my expectation, beyond what they are able to do.

61.Which of the following may Mr. Grosz agree?

A.There’s no need to praise clever children. B.Praising less can make children unhappy.

C.Praising a lot makes students work harder. D.We should praise children for their hard work.

( )62.From the research on 128 pupils, we can know　　　.

A.children’s interest in math grows

B.teaching children is a difficult job

C.children are becoming cleverer and cleverer

D.praising children too much does no good to their performance

( )63.What does the underlined word“hinder”in the passage mean in Chinese?

A.允许 B.阻碍 C.鼓励 D.控制

( )64.Hearing what that teacher said, Mr. Grosz　　　.

A.was not really satisfied B.didn’t know how to thank her

C.was very proud of his daughter D.realized the importance of praise

( )65.What’s the best title for the passage?

A.Remember to Praise Children More B.Live Up to Parents’ Expectation

C.Encourage Your Children Properly D.Praise Your Children with Empty Words

Ⅳ 任务型阅读（共10分）

Have you ever wondered what PE classes are like in other countries? In China, P E tests are required to graduate from both middle school and high school. To get good grades on the PE tests, Chinese students will need to practice running as well as doing sit- ups and pull- ups. However, the way that PE classes work in US high schools is different .

In my high school, we are required to take two terms of PE to graduate, we play real sports during PE classes such as basketball and volleyball, there are also some typical(典型的) American sports that we often play such as kickball and dodgeball.（躲避球）

I didn't know the rules of kickball and dodgeball when I first came to the US. The teacher allowed me to sit on the sidelines and watch how other students played them. In this way，I can find out the rules.

We can learn some life skills in PE classes as well. Last year, I learned how to do CPR（心肺复苏）, which is a life-saving skill. We were also taught how to provide first aid to someone who is badly hurt. These skills are a large part of the final grade for the PE class in my high school.

I prefer PE classes in the US to the **ones** in China. What do you think of them ?

66题为完成句子；67题为简略回答问题；68题为用英语表达文中画线单词“ones”所指代的内容;69题为找出并写下全文的主题句；70题为将文中画线句子译成汉语

66.In China, P E tests are required to graduate from both\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

67.What are the typical American sports that they often play?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

68.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

69.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

70.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Ⅵ. 词语运用: 根据下列句子的意思，写出空白处单词的正确形式(10分)

Wei Fen disliked her English class last year, because she couldn’t understand her teacher. And her poor 71.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (pronounce) made things even worse. She always kept 72.\_\_\_\_\_\_(silence)in class . Then one day, she 73.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (fall) in love with a movie called Toy Story. She tried to get the meaning by watching the characters’ body language and 74.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(expression) on their faces, by listening for key words and looking 75.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ new words in a dictionary. She learned many useful sentences as well. Now she enjoys learning English and wants to tell us something 76.\_\_\_\_\_ (help).

●Even if you learn something well ,you will forget it 77. \_\_\_\_you use it .

●Good learners know 78.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_best way they can study.

●Good learners often ask questions , they think that 79.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(know) comes from questioning.

●Learning is a lifelong journey, so learn 80.\_\_\_\_\_ (wise) and learn well

Wish everyone gets good scores in English.

Ⅶ. 基础写作：

A）连词成句（5分）

81. to, be, Paula, used, short （.）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

82.do, learn, how, you, physics （?）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

83.delicious, how, the, is,food （!.）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

84.along, road, go, the, east （.）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

85.it really, is, I, that, know, convenient （.）

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

B) 书面表达（15分)

假如你是辛迪，一个15岁的九年级学生，请根据表格内容，向大家介绍你两年前和现在的变化，同时作为一名九年级学生，请你就自己的学习心得与大家分享你的学习方法。

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | Two years ago | Now |
| Appearance(外貌) | short and thin ；  didn’t wear glasses | tall and strong  wear glasses |
| Personality(性格) | quiet and shy | outgoing and friendly |
| Studies | didn’t do well in studies | always get good grades |
| Learning methods (方法) | …(适当发挥) | |

要求： 1.根据表格提示进行写作；书写规范，语句通顺。

2．词数：80-100，开头已给出，不计入总词数。

注意：内容必须包含表格中信息，并适当发挥

Hello everyone,

I’m Cindy, a 15-year-old student from Grade Nine. During three years in the middle school , I have changed a lot.

I used to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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