



九年级英语试题

温馨提示:

1. 本试卷分第 I 卷和第 II 卷两部分, 共 10 页。满分 120 分。考试用时 120 分钟。考试结束后, 将答题卡交回。
2. 答卷前, 考生务必用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、座号填写在试题卷和答题卡规定的位置上。
3. 第 I 卷每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑; 如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。答案不能答在试题卷上。
4. 第 II 卷必须用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔作答, 答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应的位置, 不能写在试题卷上; 如需改动, 先划掉原来的答案, 然后再写上新的答案; 不准使用涂改液、胶带纸、修正带。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。

第 I 卷 (选择题 共 80 分)

一、听力选择 (共 20 小题, 计 20 分)

(一) 录音中有五个句子, 听句子两遍后, 从每小题 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能对每个句子做出适当反应的答语。

- | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. A. Listen to music. | B. I feel happy. | C. In the evening. |
| 2. A. Last week. | B. By bus. | C. Twice a month. |
| 3. A. In the cinema. | B. With my friends. | C. Comedies. |
| 4. A. About 200 yuan. | B. My mother. | C. In the shopping mall. |
| 5. A. It is interesting. | B. To have a rest. | C. I don't know. |

(二) 录音中有五组对话和五个问题, 听对话和问题两遍后, 从每小题 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能回答所提问题的正确答案。

6. How does the girl learn English?
A. By reading aloud.
B. By watching English movies.
C. By working in groups.
7. Why is the boy so angry?
A. He had a fight with Sam.
B. His computer was broken by Sam.
C. He was laughed at by Sam.
8. What does the man borrow from Rose?



- | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| A. | B. | C. |
| 9. What happened to the girl yesterday?
A. She got lost. | B. Her wallet was stolen. | C. She lost her iPad. |

10. Which sport is Mike good at?



- | | | |
|----|----|----|
| A. | B. | C. |
|----|----|----|

(三) 录音中有一段对话和五个问题, 听对话和问题两遍后, 从每小题 A、B、C 中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

11. Where is the coat made?
A. In China. B. In England. C. In Korea.
12. What size does the man wear?
A. Size L. B. Size S. C. Size M.
13. What color does the man want?
A. White. B. Black. C. Brown.
14. How much will the man pay for the coat?
A. 500 yuan. B. 400 yuan. C. 300 yuan.
15. Where are the two speakers?
A. At a shop. B. At home. C. At a school.

(四) 录音中有一篇短文和五个问题, 听短文和问题两遍后, 然后从每小题 A、B、C 中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

16. When is the twins' birthday?
A. On July 26th. B. On July 27th. C. On June 26th.
17. What does Lucy look like?
A. She is tall and has brown hair.
B. She is short and has golden hair.
C. She is tall and has golden hair.
18. Why weren't they in the same school when they were young?
A. They lived far away from each other.
B. Their parents wanted them to be different.
C. They didn't like to be in the same school.
19. What color does Lily like?
A. Pink. B. Green. C. Blue.
20. What is Lucy like?
A. Active. B. Smart. C. Hard-working.

二、选择填空 (共 15 小题, 计 15 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

21. — Have you ever heard _____ song *Lonely Warrior* by *Chen Yixun*?
— Yes, it's _____ very popular song these days.
A. a; the B. the; a C. an; the D. a; a
22. — How did you put together the model plane so perfectly?
— It's easy. I just followed the _____.
A. instruments B. inventions C. interviews D. instructions

23. — Mary, who will send you to the train station, your mom or your dad?
— _____. I think I'm old enough to look after myself, I'll go there alone.
A. Both B. All C. neither D. none
24. — Please pay more attention to your homework. _____ you are, _____ mistakes you'll make.
— We know, Mr. Wang.
A. The careful; the few B. The carefully; the few
C. The more careful; the fewer D. The more carefully; the fewer
25. — Jane and Lucy are the same age, but their hobbies and thoughts are _____ different.
— You're right.
A. heavily B. carefully C. completely D. clearly
26. — We must study hard to get into a good high school.
— Exactly! Happiness is achieved _____ hard work.
A. with B. across C. along D. through
27. — Don't be so rude. You should _____ like a gentleman.
— Sorry. I will be more polite.
A. perform B. behave C. provide D. consider
28. — Tom, why are you late for the concert?
— At first, I want to take a taxi, but I _____ walking here because of the heavy traffic.
A. ended up B. gave up C. took up D. made up
29. — What's in the box? It's so heavy.
— I'm not sure. It _____ be a birthday present from my brother.
A. can't B. must C. might D. couldn't
30. Look, _____ excited the boy is on seeing these cute pandas!
A. How B. What C. How an D. What an
31. The opening of the sports meeting _____ this evening. So after our English exam, let's go and watch it to relax ourselves.
A. would be held B. is held C. will be held D. was held
32. — Maria, what do you think of Mountain Tai?
— Very cool! I _____ there once. I'd like to go there again.
A. went B. have been C. have gone D. am going
33. Is this the factory _____ you visited the other day?
A. that B. where C. in which D. the one
34. — Excuse me. Could you tell me _____?
— At Xinhua Bookstore on Beijing Road of Kaili.
A. where did you buy the magazine B. why you bought the magazine
C. how did you buy the magazine D. where you bought the magazine
35. — Would you mind turning down the music? I'm trying to solve the math problem.
— _____. I'll do it in a second.
A. Sure B. Of course not C. That sounds impossible D. Never mind

三、完形填空 (共10小题, 计10分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出一个能填入文中相应空白处的最佳答案。

Chen Dong, a great astronaut, has become the first Chinese to stay in space for more than 200

days. This is the 36 time that Chen has explored into space, following his first stay in Tiangong-2, in 2016. "Chen is always trying to 37 mistakes and does everything perfectly." said Jing Haipeng, one of his team members. Chen was born in 1978 in Henan Province. To be a qualified (合格的) astronaut, he had been trained 38 for years. And finally in May, 2010, he 39 China's astronaut team.

As the 40 of the group, Chen has led the team of Shenzhou-14 to complete many tasks over the past six months. For example, they had three spacewalks, did some experiments and even gave a science 41 like teachers to all the students. By the end of this year, the Chinese space station will be fully completed. All the Chinese have waited so long to see this 42 moment (时刻).

"Building China's space station is always the 43 of all Chinese people," Chen said, "We are so 44 to see that the space home will be completed in our hands. We will 45 our space station to carry out more sci-tech experiments, so as to get more achievements to serve the world."

36. A. first B. second C. third D. last
37. A. avoid B. hide C. make D. repeat
38. A. comfortably B. quietly C. strictly D. excitedly
39. A. built B. joined C. supported D. left
40. A. partner B. learner C. traveler D. leader
41. A. message B. magazine C. movie D. class
42. A. important B. difficult C. dangerous D. common
43. A. invention B. discovery C. dream D. experience
44. A. lucky B. nervous C. serious D. worried
45. A. keep away from B. make good use of C. come up with D. take off

四、阅读理解 (共20小题, 计30分)

阅读下面短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出能正确回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

A

An amazing theme park: Happy Valley

Location	Gift shop and snack bar
● In Overseas Chinese Town, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province.	● Lots of books, T-shirts and toys. ● You will love our ice cream and fresh fruit juice.
Tickets	How to get to the theme park
● All-day ticket of Happy Valley: ¥180/person. ● Night ticket of Happy Valley: ¥60/person. Valid(有效的)between 18:30 and 22:00 ● Ticket of Happy Train: ¥40/person. ● Tickets of Happy Valley + Happy Train: ¥200/person. ● Tickets are free to the people over 70 and under 3.	● By tourist bus No.1 running between Luohu Railway Station and Happy Valley. ● By bus No.20, 21, 26, 27, then get off at Window of the World Station and walk for about 3 minutes to Happy Valley. ● By subway Line 1 (running between 06:30-23:00), get off at the stop of Window of the World Station and leave from Exit A, then walk for about 3 minutes to Happy Valley.
Groups	

- School groups are welcome on Tuesdays and Wednesday.
- The theme park is also available to rent for birthday parties.
- The park is totally accessible (可到达的) to people with disabilities.
- Visit us on the website to place your order for a group in advance.

46. How many kinds of ways to get to the theme park are talked about in the passage?
A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6
47. Which of the following statements is true according to the passage?
A. On Tuesdays and Thursdays, school groups are welcome.
B. Birthday parties can be held in the theme park at 23:30.
C. You can get to the park by tourist bus No.21.
D. A person in a wheelchair can visit the park.
48. How much should a couple with a child under 3 pay for the All-day tickets?
A. ¥ 540 B. ¥ 360 C. ¥ 600 D. ¥ 120
49. What can't be bought in the gift shop and snack bar?
A. Books B. T-shirts C. Toys D. Fruit
50. Where can we possibly find this kind of information?
A. In a storybook. B. In a travel brochure.
C. In a language book. D. In a magazine.

B

① On January 4, the China National Traditional Orchestra (中央民族乐团) played some well-known traditional music in their concert. Audiences (观众) enjoyed the beautiful sounds *guzheng*, the powerful tunes of *suona*, the tearful notes of *erhu* and so on. Each traditional Chinese musical instrument tells its own story.

② "I've fallen in love with the sounds of traditional instruments, especially *pipa*, a four-stringed (弦) instrument with a history of more than 2,000 years. It can produce different sounds, such as the sounds of falling snow and raindrops. Every time I listen to a *pipa* tune, I have a strong feeling of peace," said Yang Tian, an audience of the concert.

③ However, a recent report shows ▲. To wake up people's love for traditional music, something creative has been done.

④ In some traditional music concerts, VR (虚拟现实) technology is used to bring the star sky or the beautiful sandy view of Dunhuang to the music hall. It makes the experience like watching a 3D movie.

⑤ Li Xiaobing, a music teacher from Beijing, mixes traditional folk (民间) singing, opera and Chinese instruments through technology. People are surprised at his works and they love them!

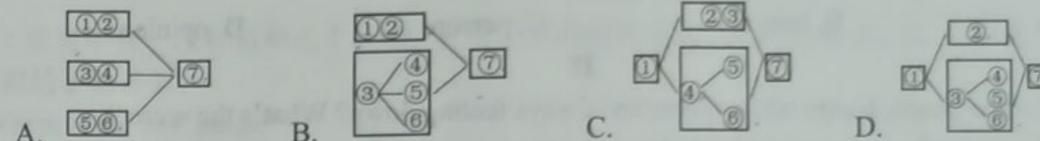
⑥ Some musicians try to add something new to traditional music. They bring modern music like pop and rap into traditional music. When the east meets the west, the new form of music wins the hearts of both the old and the young.

⑦ Traditional music shows the beauty of our culture, and with some creativity, great things happen.

51. Why do audiences like traditional instruments?
A. They are famous. B. They are played easily.
C. They have a long history. D. They tell their own stories.
52. Which of the following can be put in the ▲?
A. *pipa* can't produce the sound of falling snow

- B. traditional music is much better than modern music
- C. the number of traditional music listeners is dropping
- D. more young people are interested in traditional music

53. What does Li Xiaobing do to wake up people's love for traditional music?
A. He tells many tearful stories. B. He makes good 3D movies.
C. He mixes traditional music. D. He sings pop and rap songs.
54. The structure (结构) of the passage is .



55. According to the passage, the writer believes _____.
A. traditional music should only be played in concerts.
B. the ways to play traditional music must be changed.
C. traditional music must remain unchanged all the time.
D. traditional music with creativity will be more popular.

C

A group of young people often went fishing in a small deep lake. To their surprise, there was a fisherman always fishing in a part of the river not far from the small lake.

The young people thought the fisherman was silly. How could he catch fish in such big waves? It was wishful thinking (痴心妄想). They thought the old man would leave in a few days, but a month later, the old man was still fishing in the rapid river.

One day, one of the young men asked the fisherman, "It's impossible to catch fish in these rapid waters. Why are you still here?" The fisherman said nothing, but picked up his basket and put it upside down. Suddenly a number of fish fell off the basket. These fish that were jumping up and down on the ground were so big and fat.

The young man was very surprised. Why did the fisherman catch such big fish in such a turbulent (湍急的) water?

The fisherman smiled and said, "The low oxygen (氧气) in the lake is enough for small fish. But these big fish need to have more oxygen in water. They can only go somewhere with big waves. The bigger the waves, the more oxygen in the water, and the more big fish." Again the fisherman said, "Many people think that the places with big waves are not right for fish to live, so they choose to fish in a quiet deep lake. But they are just wrong. Strong winds and waves seem to be the suffering (折磨) for fish, but these sufferings are the natural oxygen feeder for fish. Only through these hardships can fish grow well."

56. What did the young men think of the fisherman at first?
A. Smart. B. Funny. C. Stupid. D. Kind.
57. What did the old man show to the young man?
A. An empty basket. B. Some fresh water.
C. A beautiful basket. D. Some big and fat fish.
58. Why are there more big fish in the rivers with waves according to the fisherman?
A. Because big fish like playing in the waves.

- B. Because big fish like the sound which the waves make.
- C. Because there is more food in these rivers for big fish to live.
- D. Because there is more oxygen in these rivers for big fish to live.

59. What can we learn from the text?

- A. Kindness makes one lucky.
- B. Pride makes one lag behind.
- C. Difficulties make a man stronger.
- D. Honesty makes a person beautiful.

60. The text is written in the order (顺序) of _____?

- A. space
- B. time
- C. persons
- D. opinions

D

Why are some people happy while others are always feeling down? What's the secret?

Happiness depends more on recognizing the things you have and appreciating (感激) them.

It's true that money can buy you many things you like. But the enjoyment is usually short-lived. Remember all those presents you got during the Spring Festival when you were little? You were over the moon when you opened them, but not for long.

It seems that deep, long-lasting happiness comes from intangible (无形的) things. One important factor is human relationships. People who have the support of family members and also have strong friendships are more likely to be happy. Feeling protected and respected and knowing you can trust in people around you are important. But **happiness means you have to give and take**. Performing acts of kindness often, for example, carrying a neighbor's shopping, will make you feel on top of the world.

It's not surprising that health is another key to happiness. Poor health will certainly make you feel down. But being healthy requires some efforts. A healthy diet is quite important and so is regular (常规的) exercise.

Talking of sleep, if you don't get enough of it, you will have a bad feeling easily and much pressure. Your tiredness will stop you from paying all your attention to something and may slow your growth. So if you want to be happy and do well at school, try to get at least eight hours a night.

61. The writer leads in the topic "happiness" by _____.

- A. listing facts
- B. telling stories
- C. raising questions
- D. giving example

62. Which of the following examples can best explain "**happiness means you have to give and take**."?

- A. You are trusted by everyone around you.
- B. You help your deskmate with his study.
- C. You take what your parents say seriously.
- D. You share your happiness with friends.

63. According to the passage, what will happen if you don't get enough sleep?

- ① You will fall ill easily.
- ② You will grow slowly.
- ③ You will feel stressed.
- ④ You can't be fully focused (注意力集中的).
- ⑤ You may feel bad easily.

- A. ②③④⑤
- B. ②④⑤
- C. ②③④
- D. ①②③④⑤

64. Which of the following is the writer's opinion?

- A. Happiness has much to do with health.
- B. Material objects provide long-lasting happiness.

C. Sleeping too much makes you unhappy.

D. The more friends you have, the happier you will be.

65. What does the passage mainly talk about?

- A. The reasons for exercising.
- B. The secrets of living happily.
- C. The ways to get long-term happiness.
- D. The importance of having a good sleep.

五、口语交际 (共 5 小题, 计 5 分)

根据对话内容, 从方框内选择恰当的句子填入对话相应的空白处, 使对话完整, 合乎情景 (有两个多余选项)。

W: Good morning! Roy. I haven't seen you for a long time. (66) _____

M: Good morning, Ms. Brown. I went to China last year.

W: (67) _____

M: My parents.

W: Why did your family go there?

M: (68) _____

W: In which city did you live when you were in China?

M: In Guangzhou. It's a big city and it's modern, too.

W: (69) _____

M: It's not too cold in winter but it's very hot in summer.

W: Do you like the weather there?

M: (70) _____ But I like the city very much.

W: Will you go there again?

M: Yes. We are now on a holiday. We will go back to China next month.

- A. No, I don't.
- B. Where have you been?
- C. We visited many places of interest.
- D. Who did you go there with?
- E. My parents went there to work.
- F. What's the weather like in Guangzhou?
- G. How do you feel about living in Guangzhou?

六、词汇应用 (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 用括号内所给词的适当形式填空, 必要时可加助动词或情态动词。

Some time ago, a fire (71) _____ (break) out in a building late at night. Nearly all the (72) _____ (family) were sleeping. The firemen rushed into the building and saved the people to safe places.

The crowds thought all the people were safe. But it was not so. Two little orphan (孤儿) girls were still asleep alone at the very top of the building, in a small room. Nobody thought of them. (73) _____ (luck), they lived with a dog.

The dog tried to wake them up, but failed. He ran to the window and barked loudly for (74) _____ (other) help. But no one noticed him. Then he climbed down the ladder and tried to pull a fireman to the ladder, asking the fireman (75) _____ (follow) him.

This fireman realized there must be someone in the little room, as the dog (76) _____ (act)

so strangely at that time. He followed the dog up the ladder and saw the two girls, so they (77) _____ (save).

Where was the dog? A brave fireman rushed into the room to look for him and saw him (78) _____ (lie) near the window, choked (窒息) with smoke. He brought the dog down with care, but the dog was already (79) _____ (die). He devoted (80) _____ (he) to his friend. What a faithful dog!

七、英汉互译(共5小题, 计5分)

将下列英语句子译成汉语, 汉语句子译成英语。

81. Many times I thought about giving up, but I fought on.

82. You are supposed to be thankful to all the people who have helped you.

83. 应该鼓励青少年学习和传播中国传统文化。(encourage)

84. 星期天我宁愿看书, 也不愿出去玩。(prefer ... rather than...)

85. 吃太多对我们的健康有伤害。(be bad for)

八、阅读表达(共5小题, 计5分)

阅读下面短文, 并根据短文内容回答问题。

Peking Opera has a history of more than 200 years. It was listed as a form of intangible cultural heritage (非物质文化遗产) in 2010.

Peking Opera mixes different art forms, including singing, dancing, acrobatics (杂技) and martial arts (武术). All these art forms are put into one performance. Facial painting (脸谱) is one of the most important signs of Peking Opera.

Peking Opera is a kind of ancient Chinese art. But few of today's young people know much about it. Famous Peking Opera artist Wang Peiyu, 40 years old, wants more young people to fall in love with the art.

Wang hosts (主持) a weekly talk show, called The Wang Peiyu Peking Opera Show. It started to show on iQiyi on March 27.

On the show, Wang explains Peking Opera through different subjects, such as how to prepare for a show, or something interesting about the art. She explains how to put on clothing and make up. Artists often spend much money on their clothing. It's said that a set of clothing worn by Peking Opera master Mei Lanfang once cost about 70,000 silver dollars. This would be 3.5 million yuan in today's money.

To make everything easy to understand, she uses simple language. She tries to use such as "freestyle" and zihui, or zichao. Wang's show has become popular. "It gives a simple starting point for all of us, whether you know Peking Opera or not." a fan wrote after watching the show.

86. When was Peking Opera listed as a form of intangible cultural heritage?

87. What's one of the most important signs of Peking Opera?

88. Do the young people today know Peking Opera very well?

89. How often does Wang Peiyu host her talk show?

90. Why does Wang Peiyu use simple language in her talk show?

九、书面表达(共1题, 计20分)

安娜考试前总是紧张, 导致考试成绩不理想。中考在即, 她更为焦虑, 因此在网上写了一份求助的帖子。请根据自己的经历和做法给她回一封信。下面是 Anna 的帖子:



Anna: I am a middle school student. I don't know how to deal with my test anxiety (考试焦虑). I listen to the teacher carefully in class. And I've done all of my homework and studied hard every day. But sometimes I can't focus on exams because of my anxiety. Senior high school entrance examination (中考) is coming, I feel more nervous. What would I do?

要求:

1. 表达清楚, 语法正确, 上下文连贯;
2. 词数在 100 词左右, 开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数;
3. 不得使用真实姓名、校名和地名等。

Dear Anna,

Test anxiety can be a real problem if you can't beat it. Try to do the following things and then you'll feel better.

Yours,
Frank

2022—2023 学年度第二学期教育集团期中质量监测

九年级英语试题参考答案及评分标准

第 I 卷 (选择题 共 80 分)

第一至五题(80 分)

(一) 答案:

1—5ABCBA	6—10BCACB	11—15BACBA	16—20ACBBA
21—25 BDCCC	26—30 DBACA	31—35 CBADB	36—40 BACBD
41—45 DACAB	46—50 ADBDB	51—55 DCCBD	56—60 CDDCB
61—65 CBAAB	66—70 BDEFA		

(二)评分说明:

1—45 题, 每小题 1 分; 46—65 题, 每小题 1.5 分; 66—70 题, 每小题 1 分。与答案不符不得分。

第 II 卷 (非选择题 共 40 分)

六、词汇应用(10 分)

(一)答案:

71. broke	72. families	73. Luckily	74. others'	75. to follow
76. was acting	77. were saved	78. lying	79. dead	80. himself

(二)评分说明:

1. 本题共 10 分, 每小题 1 分;
2. 未用所给词者不得分。与答案不符, 但只要形式正确, 符合题意也可得分。

七、英汉互译 (5 分)

(一)答案:

81. 许多次我都想放弃, 但我奋力坚持了下来。
82. 你应该感谢所有曾帮过你的人。
83. Teenagers should be encouraged to learn and spread Chinese traditional culture.
84. I prefer to read books rather than go out to play on Sundays.
85. Eating too much is bad for our health.

(二)评分说明:

1. 本题共 5 分, 每小题 1 分;
2. 虽然与答案表达方式不同, 但与参考答案意思一致, 无语言错误, 也可酌情给分。

八、阅读表达(5 分)

(一)答案:

86. In 2010.
87. Facial painting.
88. No, they don't.
89. Once a week.
90. To make everything easy to understand.

(二)评分说明:

1. 本题共 5 分, 每小题 1 分;
2. 虽然与答案表达方式不同, 但只要意义正确, 且符合题意要求, 也可酌情给分。

九、书面表达(20 分)

(一)One possible version:

Dear Anna,

Test anxiety can be a real problem if you can't beat it. Try to do the following things and then you'll feel better.

A few days before the test, the most important thing you should do is to go over your lessons carefully and correct your mistakes. When you have problems that you can't solve by yourself, you'd better ask your classmates or your teachers for help. Moreover, taking more exercise can be helpful to solve your problem. It not only helps you get relaxed but also builds up your body. On the night before the test, try to relax yourself by listening to some light music. What's more, it's a good idea to go to bed early. During the test, don't be nervous as you have prepared well for it. Besides, a deep breath can help you calm down quickly and thus better focus on the test.

Everything takes time and practice, and learning to beat test anxiety is the same.

Yours,

Frank

(二)评分说明:

要求考生用适当的时态、语态、句式和词语,完整准确地表达所提示的内容。本题共20分,分四档评分:

1. 短文通顺完整,表达清楚,语言基本无误,16—20分;
2. 短文较通顺完整,表达基本清楚,语言有少量错误,11—15分;
3. 能写明基本要点,短文不够通顺完整,语言有较多错误,但尚能达意,6—10分;
4. 仅能写明部分要点,短文不完整,语言错误多,影响意思表达,0—5分。

注意:

1. 内容要点可用不同的方式表达;
2. 对紧扣主题适当发挥的应予以鼓励;
3. 卷面整洁,书写美观,可适当加2—3分。

听力原文:

(一)录音中有五个句子,听句子两遍后,从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能对每个句子做出适当反应的答语。

1. What do you usually do when you are at home alone?
2. How can I get to the Science Museum?
3. What kind of movies will make you feel relaxed?
4. Who often chooses clothes for you, Neil?
5. What do you think of the movies?

(二)录音中有五组对话和五个问题,听对话和问题两遍后,从每小题A、B、C三个选项中选出能回答所提问题的正确答案。

6. M: I failed the English exam again. Can you tell me how to learn English?

W: I learn English by watching English movies.

M: That sounds interesting

Q: How does the girl learn English?

7. M: I am angry with Sam. He laughed at me just now.

W: I think he should apologize to you.

Q: Why is the boy so angry?

8. M: Excuse me! May I use your car, Rose?

W: Certainly. Here's the key. But you have to return it to me before 11:30 p.m.

Q: What does the man borrow from Rose?

9. M: May I borrow your iPad, June?

W: Sorry, Eric. I lost it yesterday.

Q: What happened to the girl yesterday?

10. M: Wow, he is so cool!

W: You mean Mike?

M: Yes. He is very good at playing baseball.

W: He has practiced playing baseball for many years.

Q: Which sport is Mike good at?

(三) 录音中有一段对话和五个问题, 听对话和问题两遍后, 从每小题 A、B、C 中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

W: Good morning, sir. What can I do for you?

M: I want to have a look at the coat over there.

W: Go ahead. This coat is made in England, and we have black, brown and white ones. It's very soft. Try it on, please.

M: OK. Give me a size L.

W: Here you are! How do you like it?

M: Well, the white one doesn't seem good.

W: Try the brown or black one.

M: I don't like black. Give me the brown one, please.

W: Wow, you look so cool. The color really suits you.

M: Yes, it looks good. How much is it?

W: It's 500 yuan, but we're giving 20% off this week.

M: OK. I'll take this one.

(四) 录音中有一篇短文和五个问题, 听短文和问题两遍后, 然后从每小题 A、B、C 中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

My name is Lily and I have a twin sister called Lucy. She is ten minutes younger than me. We were both born on July 26th. I think we have a lot in common. We have the same eyes and nose and smile... But Lucy is a little bit taller than me and she has golden hair. We weren't in the same school when we were young because my parents wanted us to be different. We used to wear the same style of clothes, but in different colors. I like green and she likes pink. And we used to have a birthday cake, that was always half green and half pink. We are different in some ways. She's really, really active, and just very different from me. She does a lot of sports but I don't.