

# 英语试卷

**注意事项:**

- 1、本试卷分试题卷和答题卡两部分，试题卷共 10 页，六个大题，76 小题，满分 120 分，考试时间 100 分钟。
- 2、试题卷上不要答题，请用 0.5 毫米黑色签字水笔直接把答案写在答题卡相应位置上。答在试题卷上的答案无效。
- 3、答题前，考生务必将本人姓名、准考证号填在答题卡第一面的指定位置上。

题号	一	二	三	四	五	六	总分
得分							

得分	评卷人

**一、听力理解 (20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分)** 请将正确答案标号在答题卡相应位置上涂黑。

第一节 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

1. What size does the woman wear?  
A. Size M.                      B. Size L.                      C. Size XL.
2. Who made hot dogs for the food festival?  
A. Kate.                          B. Mary.                          C. Bill.
3. Why must the students wear school uniform on weekdays?  
A. In order to protect themselves.  
B. In order to show good discipline.  
C. In order to look more beautiful.
4. What time is it now?  
A. 6:50.                          B. 7:10.                          C. 7:30.
5. When will the woman go to Sydney?  
A. On June 7.                      B. On June 8.                      C. On June 9.

第二节 听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题；从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 至第 7 两个小题。

6. Where will the woman have dinner tomorrow evening?  
A. In the restaurant.                      B. At Chen Tao's home.                      C. In the supermarket.
7. How will the woman go to the destination(目的地)?

C. By bus.

A. By subway.

B. By car.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 至第 9 两个小题。

8. How will the weather be tomorrow?

A. Cloudy.

B. Rainy.

C. Windy.

9. What will the boy probably do tomorrow?

A. Read books.

B. Have a picnic.

C. Play the piano.

听下面一段独白，回答第 10 至第 12 三个小题。

10. What can we know about the speaker?

A. He used to be a good football player.

B. He will take part in the football match.

C. He is the coach of the volleyball game.

11. Why does the speaker give the speech to the students?

A. To explain the rules of the football.

B. To introduce the school football team.

C. To encourage the students to play football.

12. What can we learn by playing football?

A. We can learn teamwork.

B. We can learn hard work.

C. We can learn to be excited about football.

听下面一段对话，回答第 13 至第 15 三个小题。

13. What is Mary's favorite snack?

A. Fruit salad.

B. Pear pancake.

C. Ice cream.

14. How often does Mike eat vegetables?

A. Every day.

B. Twice a day.

C. Twice a week.

15. Who has a healthy eating habit?

A. Mike.

B. Mary.

C. Mary's brother.

第三节 听下面一篇短文。按照你所听内容的先后顺序将下列图片排序。短文读两遍。



A



B



C



D



E

16. \_\_\_\_\_

17. \_\_\_\_\_

18. \_\_\_\_\_

19. \_\_\_\_\_

20. \_\_\_\_\_

得分	评卷人

二、阅读理解 (20 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 40 分) 请将正确答案标号在答题卡相应位置上涂黑。

阅读下面四篇语言材料, 然后按文后要求做题。

A

Volunteering means that you help others without being paid. There are many places where you can be volunteers. Usually, you can take part in the activities after some training. Let's have a look.

**Hospital:**

Ask if you can go and visit people who are sick there. Sometimes, what patients really need is someone to talk to, or someone to give them hope.

**Old people's home:**

Talk to the elderly and organize activities to make them happy.

**Food shelter(救助站):**

Many food shelters need people to help give out food or water to those who need it.

**Community Center(社区中心):**

Some community centers run well, but some need help, especially with the cleaning and repairs.

As a student, you can also start a group at school to help your classmates. Here are some ideas of the group:

Help students who come from poor families.

Help new students get used to their school life.

Provide students with information on their future studies.

...

根据材料, 内容选择最佳答案。

21. Volunteers help others with many things for \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. money                      B. free                      C. advice                      D. gifts
22. What should people usually do before they work as volunteers?
- A. They should be over 18 years old.      B. They should get on well with others.
- C. They should get some training first.      D. They should have working experience.
23. What can volunteers do when they work in hospitals?
- A. Repair things there.                      B. Clean up the rooms.

C. Talk with patients:

D. Give out food and water.

24. What does the underlined word "run" probably mean in Chinese?

A. 运营

B. 行驶

C. 开设

D. 跑步

25. How many places did the writer talk about in the passage?

A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Four.

D. Five.

### B

There was a famous painter in the Song Dynasty. His name was Wen Tong. He was good at drawing bamboos. A lot of people called at his house every day. They all wanted one of his bamboo drawings.

Wen Tong loved bamboos so much that he grew bamboos everywhere around his house. In the spring, summer, autumn and winter, he always went to the bamboo forest to see how they grew. The bamboos looked different on sunny days and rainy days. Wen Tong saw different shapes of bamboo poles (竿). He also saw different shapes and colors of the leaves.

As time passed, Wen remembered the images of the bamboos deeply in his mind. Whenever he stood before the paper and picked up a painting brush, the rich forms (样子) of the bamboos would appear in his mind at once. So every time he was drawing bamboos, he became very confident, and all the bamboos he painted were beautiful and true to life.

A young man wanted to learn from Wen Tong. "Why can you paint bamboos so well?" he asked. Wen Tong answered with a smile, "I just paint the bamboos in my mind."

根据材料内容，选择最佳答案。

26. Wen Tong was a \_\_\_\_\_.

A. scientist

B. teacher

C. painter

D. doctor

27. Many people came to Wen Tong's house to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. look at his bamboos

B. get his bamboo drawings

C. learn how to draw bamboos

D. offer some advice on his drawings

28. Which is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Wen grew bamboos in his house.

B. Bamboos grew better on rainy days.

C. Wen often watched the bamboos.

D. Wen couldn't remember the leaves of the bamboos.

29. While drawing bamboos, Wen felt \_\_\_\_\_ most probably.  
A. relaxed                      B. lonely                      C. nervous                      D. surprised
30. What can we learn from the underlined(画线的) part?  
A. Wen didn't like painting on paper.      B. Wen was trying to tell a joke.  
C. Wen refused to share his real skills.      D. Wen had all forms of bamboos in mind.

C

When night falls, trunks(后备箱) of private cars are turned into mobile stalls(移动摊位) on the street. They sell everything from drinks to clothes at good prices. Lots of customers would like to buy something each time they pass by. This is the trunk market which has become popular in many cities.

Those who sell things at the stalls are mostly young people. Many young stall holders say they set up the stalls out of interest. They think they might be able to make some money after work. And they find the lively market brings them a feeling of satisfaction. "Every time I work at my stall, I get to talk with nice passers-by. It feels great to meet new friends," said a stallholder. "I really enjoy hearing people tell me how good my coffee is." Another stallholder said.

But young people can't expect to make a lot of money from the business because the number would fluctuate. For example, a coffee stall may sell 60 cups of coffee on a good day, but less than 10 cups on another day. And when the weather is bad, the stallholder couldn't even go out to the market.

While enjoying the fun of buying things at the trunk market, some people also worry about its development. As the food sold there is mostly fast food, no one knows for sure if the food is safe. And each time the market closes, rubbish can be seen everywhere on the street. Besides, people living nearby may find it noisy. Thankfully, some areas are already taking action to make the market go further.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

31. What can we learn about the trunk market?  
A. It opens all day long.                      B. Its stalls can be moved easily.  
C. Its stalls sell things at high prices.      D. It first appeared in the countryside.
32. Paragraph 2 is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. what young stallholders think of the trunk market

- B. when young stallholders come to the trunk market  
 C. what young people enjoy doing after work  
 D. how young people make new friends
33. The underlined word "fluctuate" probably means "\_\_\_\_\_".  
 A. fall heavily      B. grow slowly      C. increase fast      D. change a lot
34. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the last paragraph?  
 A. Safety of the food sold at the market.  
 B. The noise problem on the street.  
 C. Air pollution caused by driving.  
 D. Environmental problems caused by rubbish.
35. What is the best title for the passage?  
 A. Popular Trunk Markets      B. The Development of Night Markets  
 C. A New Way to Make Friends      D. China's Most Popular Market
- D

Do you know the *Cornell Notes System* (康奈尔笔记法)? The Cornell Notes System can help improve your study skills. There are five steps to do it.

36

Make sure your note paper has two columns (栏). The left-hand column should take up nearly 1/3 of your writing space. About 2/3 on the right is for writing down the important information you get from your teachers.

37

According to the key points (重点) in the right column, you can try to think about test questions, and write down those questions in the left-hand column.

38

Cover the notes in the right-hand column. With the help of the questions on the left, try to recite the key points you wrote down in class. If you have difficulty reciting the right key points, learn and recite again. You can also try to give answers to these questions later.

39

Write down the main ideas in your own words at the end of your notes. In this way, you will know how well you know about the key points.

40

A good way of learning is to review(复习) some times during the week. This is also known as "practice". It is important for you to practice and review as often as you can.

根据短文内容, 将方框中的句子回填到短文中, 使短文完整、通顺。其中有两项多余。

- A. Read your notes as often as possible.
- B. Fill the left-hand column with test questions.
- C. Write a summary (概要) of the key points.
- D. Test yourself with the help of the left-hand column.
- E. Make the paper have two parts for different uses.

36. \_\_\_\_\_ 37. \_\_\_\_\_ 38. \_\_\_\_\_ 39. \_\_\_\_\_ 40. \_\_\_\_\_

得 分	评卷人

三、完形填空 (15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分) 请将正确答案标号在答题卡相应位置上涂黑。

先通读短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

A friend wrote me a letter a few weeks ago. His life was full of problems. He felt hopeless at the time. He ended his 41 with this question: "We can't really change this crazy world we live in, can we?" I replied to him immediately and started my own letter with these words: "Yes, we most 42 can!"

I can still 43 someone who changed my world. She was the music teacher at my primary 44, like a friend. She was good at playing the guitar. I 45 to make her notice me. However, my singing was quite 46.

One day, she let me try playing her guitar. I did my best, 47 could only stumble along(断断续续地弹奏). When I finished, I put my head down. "I guess I am not very good," I told her. She looked at 48 with her kind eyes, smiled at me and said, "We are all good at something. You just need to 49 what you are good at. Then, you can share it with the world." Those simple(简单的) words 50 me. They planted a seed(种子) in my soul that continues to grow this day. They made me realize(意识到) that I had 51 to give others. I had something 52 inside of me that could change this world for the better. I just had to find it, bring it out and share it. And that is 53 I have tried to do all of the years since that day.

Can you change the world? Yes, you can! You can change it 54 one choice, one person or one kind act at a time. All you have to do is to 55 your kindness. So make your love great then!

41. A. paper            B. letter            C. note            D. diary
42. A. often            B. very            C. certainly            D. too
43. A. remember            B. forget            C. believe            D. expect
44. A. market            B. hospital            C. museum            D. school
45. A. refused            B. promised            C. wanted            D. learned
46. A. poor            B. fantastic            C. natural            D. funny
47. A. and            B. because            C. but            D. though
48. A. her            B. you            C. him            D. me
49. A. give up            B. find out            C. take away            D. depend on
50. A. changed            B. made            C. passed            D. followed
51. A. everything            B. anything            C. something            D. nothing
52. A. new            B. sad            C. strange            D. good
53. A. what            B. why            C. how            D. when
54. A. to            B. from            C. like            D. through
55. A. return            B. share            C. discover            D. understand

得 分	评卷人

四、语篇填空 (15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分) 请将正确答案填写在答题卡相应题号的位置上。

第一节 阅读短文, 从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空, 使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词, 每词限用一次。

lover	though	kind	show	enjoy	get	we	for	attention	ready
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Known as “kung fu granny”, Zhang Hexian has practiced martial arts(武术) for 94 years. These days she caught people’s 56 because of a video. In the video, she is 57 her kung fu moves at a martial arts competition. At the event, she also taught some foreign kung fu 58 how they could punch(出拳).

Zhang is the eighth-generation inheritor(第八代传人) of Zhang Martial Art. She has kept up her practice 59 over 90 years. “My father would teach me Kung fu skills even when in bed,” she says.

60 Zhang is very old, she is still in good health. Every day, she gets up at 5 a.m., practices kung fu, and has some porridge or noodles for breakfast.

“Kung fu granny” is always 61 to help others. Every afternoon, she goes around the village to see who needs help. “She is one of the 62 people in the village—she always helps 63 with everything, big or small.” say the villagers.

Kung fu is an important part of traditional Chinese culture. Zhang hopes more people will 64 kung fu and it will be passed on from generation to generation. “Kung fu spirit never 65 old!” even one of China’s Foreign Ministry spokesmen spoke highly of her.

## 第二节

阅读短文,根据语篇要求填空,使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

Dear me in 2035,

As I write to you in 2023, my feelings are mixed. When you receive this letter, I guess you might be feeling excited. I hope you can be 66 successful man in 2035.

67 get a good education, I hope you can get into a good high school and later a good college. You’ll learn biology (生物) and get a doctor’s degree. You will be really proud 68 yourself because your work helps society. I guess you will develop new medicine 69 can help patients with serious illnesses.

I also have many questions for you about life in 2035. Will things be cheaper by then? Will 70 be any private planes? I’m looking forward to your answers. I hope you will remember that you used to love playing the guitar. Please keep up this hobby, no matter how busy you are. See you in 2035.

Your friend,

You in 2023

66. \_\_\_\_\_ 67. \_\_\_\_\_ 68. \_\_\_\_\_ 69. \_\_\_\_\_ 70. \_\_\_\_\_

得 分	评卷人

五、补全对话 (5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分) 根据下面的对话情景, 请将正确答案填写在答题卡相应题号的位置上。

根据下面的对话情景, 在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子, 使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hi, Bella! Long time no see. 71. \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: Hi, Nancy! I’m going to watch our school fashion show this Sunday. Would you like

to go with me?

A: Yes, I'd like to. Why are you going to have the school fashion show?

B: To raise money for poor children.

A: 72. \_\_\_\_\_ . How can we go there?

B: It's not far from here. 73. \_\_\_\_\_ ?

A: Good idea! Remember to bring your camera.

B: OK.

A: 74. \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B: Let's meet at the school gate at 7:00 a.m. tomorrow .

A: Great! 75. \_\_\_\_\_ .

B: See you.

得 分	评卷人

### 六、作文 (20 分)

生活中我们有很多东西值得与朋友分享,对自己有益的东西,往往也会对他人有益,比如好书,好歌,好电影;旅行,美食,习惯,学法等等。请你以“**What I'd like to share with my friends**”为题,根据要点和要求,用英语写一篇短文。

要点:

1. 你想要分享什么;
2. 简单介绍你要分享的内容;
3. 你分享的原因是什么。

要求:

1. 文中不要出现所在学校的校名和师生姓名;
2. 词数 100 词左右。

### **What I'd like to share with my friends**

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